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THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected From the Telegraph Columns.

Li Hung Chang is in Pekin. Southern rebels defeated General Ho's army near San Chou.

The submarine boat Holland has been placed in commission.

Russia urges that the Chinese indemnity question be arbitrated.

Coal miners in the state of Kansas have won a strike and gone to work.

The members of the Chinese cabinet have resigned, owing to a political cause.

The National League baseball season came to a close with Brooklyn the pennant winner.

Charles Fargo, second vice-president of the American Express Company, is dead at Chicago.

The Loraine, O., plant of the Federal Steel Company has been closed, shutting out 3,000 men.

The queen regent of Spain will arbitrate the differences at present existing between Peru and Chili.

A clergyman of Blair, Neb., convicted of bigamy, was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

Dysentery is raging among the troops at Tien Tsin and the German contingent will transfer its headquarters to Pekin.

The steel plants of the Illinois Steel Works, at South Chicago, were closed down, 2,500 men being thrown out of employment.

Striking coal miners will accept the 10 per cent increase in wages offered by the operators if it lasts all winter. However, the men will not resume work until officially ordered by union officers.

In northern Panay, October 12, Company D, Twenty-sixth United States volunteer infantry, was attacked by a force of Tagals. The enemy lost 20 men killed and 40 wounded, while the Americans had two men wounded. Twenty-two prisoners and 12 rifles and a quantity of ammunition were captured.

A colony of 500 Sicilians from New Orleans is to leave for Hawaii early in January, under the leadership of Father Nasca, an Italian priest. The colony will be in the employ of an American company, which has large sugar interests in the Hawaiian islands. The company will build a church, school and homes for the Sicilians.

The United States has answered the French note.

Roosevelt denounced the Democratic issue of militarism.

British ministerials hold 357 seats and the opposition 205.

Horse buyers for German government are in Eastern Oregon.

A general uprising is expected in the southern provinces of China.

Mrs. Chapelle argues for retention of church property in the Philippines.

An eight-year-old boy of Roseburg, Or., was killed accidentally while playing with a rifle.

Thomas Sheridan, 59 years old, a laborer employed in a single mill at Fairhaven, Wash., was run over by a train and killed.

The American marines from Pekin have arrived at Taku, where they will be joined by the Tien Tsin battalion, and sail on the Indiana for Cavite.

The wife of a minister at Atchison, Kan., jumped into a cistern with her 3-year-old child and both were drowned. The woman was insane.

A cablegram received from Commissioner-General Peck, at Paris, contains an announcement of final results obtained at the exposition by the countries in the way of awards. The United States received 2,475 awards; Germany, 1,929; Great Britain, 1,117; Russia, 1,413. The United States leads not only in the grand total, but also in all grades of awards, from grand prizes to merely honorable mention.

Referring to the mooted purchase of the Danish West Indies by the United States, the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "The renewed negotiations will result, I believe, in the purchase. The opposition party in the Danish parliament favors the transaction, but urges the government to obtain a larger price than the United States has previously offered. It is understood that America wishes to use St. Croix as a naval coaling station."

In Jersey City, N. J., a daughter was born to the wife of Bresi, the assassin of King Humbert.

Five Minneapolis churches have paid the debts hanging over them during the year, the total incumbrances raised amounting to \$38,675.

The curator of the Field Columbian museum at Chicago claims to have found geological proof that the advent of life on this globe was more than 10,000,000 years ago.

Fifty New York manufacturers who resorted to the use of soft coal as a result of the strike have been arrested for violating the smoke ordinance.

It is proposed to establish in the heart of the handsome residence section in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., a home for old men who have had and lost for

LATER NEWS.

Russia abandons the concert of the powers.

Captain Shields was wounded in the fighting in Marinduque.

Series of earthquakes did great damage to property in Alaska.

Fourteen people were injured in a street car collision near Seattle.

Signal corps men were surprised by Tagals in Nueva Ecija province.

Lord Balfour, of Burleigh, may be the new British minister of war.

Treasury Department may station a Chinese interpreter on Puget sound.

Bryan spoke to a packed house in Madison Square garden, New York.

Queen Wilhelmina announces her betrothal to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

Andrew Carnegie has presented \$10,000 to the town of Hawick, Roxburgh county, Scotland, for a public library.

It is reported a small band of Creek Indians in Indian territory, are getting ready to make trouble and resist paying the tribal taxes. The Indian agent is preparing for any emergency.

Two men were killed and one fatally injured by the derailment of a freight train on the Chicago & Alton, at Lawdale, Ill. The wreck was caused by the removal of a rail by a section gang making repairs.

Fire in the lumber district of Oakland, Wis., destroyed 18,000,000 feet of lumber and part of the Hollister-Ames Company's mills and the plant of Chalmers's Sons Company. The total loss amounts to \$300,000.

The United States transport Grant has sailed from San Francisco for Manila. On the vessel are 507 canals and recruits representing every regiment of the regular service in China and the Philippines. A large number of hospital corps men accompanied the soldiers.

An explosion of rubber cement in the basement of a four-story building in Detroit, Mich., resulted in a fire which cost the lives of two men and injured eight persons, four of whom were girls. The fire spread with such rapidity that the employees were compelled to jump from the upper stories.

The Oregon Short Lines' fast mail was wrecked at Topas, 30 miles east of Tossilville, Idaho, by running into the rear end of a freight train standing on the main line. The engine of the passenger train rolled down the embankment, and Engineer Beckmann and Fireman George were badly injured. An unknown tramp was killed and another had his leg crushed.

Buller will return to England.

Germany accepts France's proposal.

Immense field of coal has been discovered in Alaska.

Reformers defeated the imperial army on East river.

The Boers are very active in the Kromstad district.

Russians take the first step on the right bank of the Amur.

Lord Alverstone will be the new lord chief justice of England.

Mexican troops are having a hard campaign against Indians.

Captain Shields and his 51 men were rescued from the Philippines.

A milk combine has been formed by milkmen of Vancouver, B. C.

Roosevelt concluded his Kentucky tour with a speech in Covington.

The rebellion in Southern China is anti-foreign rather than anti-foreign.

Yellow fever is expected to increase in Havana while sewers are being dug.

Fire at Herrick, Ill., destroyed 100 business houses, causing a loss of \$50,000.

John F. Adams, a patient at the Oregon insane asylum, hanged himself.

Li Hung Chang expresses regret for recent occurrences and thanks Americans.

Dewet proclaims that burghers who refuse to fight will be made prisoners of war.

A case of illness, suspected to be bubonic plague, is reported at Steney, a parish suburb of London.

Records that fell into the hands of correspondents show that Chinese authorities supported the Boxer movement.

A dispatch from Port Limon, Colombia, says that a serious fire broke out and that several prominent commercial buildings were destroyed.

The sultan of Turkey has leased to Germany for 30 years the island of Uroan, in the Red sea, 40 miles north of Kamaran, for a coaling station.

Full returns as to the wine harvest throughout Germany for the year show that it is more abundant and of more excellent quality than for several years previous.

Miss Amanda Fairman, a prominent young lady of Philadelphia, Mont., was found dead in her room, having been shot with a shotgun. A shotgun was lying on the table. The suicide theory is denied, and it is believed she was murdered.

The work of building a women road fence along the Pennsylvania railroad right of way is nearly completed.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad will shortly unite into one system all its branch and leased lines in Iowa and Missouri.

The natives of Hawaii, as they ever so poor, never steal or beg. These offenses are confined almost exclusively to the Portuguese residents of the island.

The United States raises 56 per cent of the world's supply of hogs.

Women will vote for president in Idaho for the first time this year.

MINEROWNERS CANNOT AGREE

Therefore They Are Unable to Meet Strikers.

THE END IS EXPECTED SOON

Statement From the Standpoint of the Owners and Operators—Say Miners' Union Must Not be Too Far.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 15.—In response to a request for a statement as to his views on the answer of the United Mineowners to the operators' proposition, T. H. Watkins, president of the Temple Iron Company, which company is largely interested in coal mining, tonight gave out a somewhat lengthy statement, in which he says in part:

"We will give our men reasonable time to return to work, trusting they will see the mistake of being misled and influenced by men who, however honest and sincere they may be in their efforts to benefit the miners of the anthracite region, are unable to advise them intelligently and for their best good."

"Mr. Mitchell apparently thinks that the control of the mining operations rests in the hands of one or two persons, notably Mr. Morgan, and that there is a trust of some sort which can dictate the whole question, when, as a matter of fact, there are only three or four of the transportation companies in which any one concerned has any interest, and they do not represent 30 per cent of the whole anthracite tonnage. More than 100 different companies and individuals are interested in mining the total tonnage, and no one man can control or have the slightest influence over their action."

"One thing the companies are apparently agreed upon is that they will not agree. Efforts have been made in years to get some plan to which all could agree to control the tonnage, so that fair prices could be secured for a product which requires so large an investment of money with such great risk to the labor employed, as well as the capital employed, but effort after effort has failed through failure to agree on a plan that would not violate the laws and to which all could agree."

"Hot Mr. Mitchell comes here and says in effect that no mineowners shall go to work until every operator does just exactly what the other does and that the Lehigh and Schuylkill men in the Lackawanna and Wyoming regions can go to work."

"The United Mineowners will lay themselves open if they have not already done so to the charge of being the largest and most dangerous trust to the public welfare that has ever existed and the organization which makes the mistake of all others—that of going too far and using its power to hurt the public, as well as those directly interested."

"Our company will be glad to discuss the matter with our employees when they are ready to meet us with a view of going back to work, without regard to what Schuylkill operators may do. The strike has already cost us a great deal of money, and the men much more, as well as loss of trade, which we may not recover in years. In the meantime soft coal mines are working night and day filling the place of anthracite coal."

STORMY AT ST. LAWRENCE.

Thirty Vessels Between Ashore—Nova Scotia Swept.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 16.—Additional disasters to shipping on this coast are reported. The known list of vessels driven ashore now numbers 30, mostly owned in the province and Newfoundland. The loss all over the country and in the neighboring provinces through terrific rainfalls and without damage to orchards and buildings by heavy winds will be very many thousands of dollars.

The Canadian Pacific wires connecting Cape Breton with the rest of Nova Scotia are completely broken at the straits of Canso, where the cable was fouled by a schooner dragging her anchor in the recent gale.

Heavy rain is falling again today throughout Nova Scotia. Rivers and lakes everywhere are overflowing and destroying property. There has been no Canadian Pacific train from Montreal in four days and a serious wreck without is reported at Cape Breton.

The Gloucester schooner Mystery, at Canso, reports one man lost at sea.

Mantis, Oct. 16.—Captain Devereux Shields, who, with 51 men of Company F, Twenty-ninth regiment, United States volunteer infantry, was captured by the insurgents last month in the island of Marinduque, was rescued yesterday by the American rescue force with all the members of his party.

The naval board to examine the old frigate Constitution has reported to the navy department that it will cost about \$400,000 to place that vessel in condition, such as is contemplated by the Boston Patriotic Society, which is raising a fund for the rehabilitation of "Old Ironsides."

New Zealand Mail Service.

Wellington, N. Z., Oct. 16.—The house of representatives today approved the postmaster-general's agreement with Messrs. Sprackles to continue for a year the San Francisco mail service. The vessels will run every three weeks instead of monthly, beginning November 1. The time from San Francisco to Auckland will not exceed 16 days. An amendment favoring a Vancouver service was carried without a division.

Natural Gas at St. Joseph, Mo.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 16.—Coal and gas in paying quantities were found east of this city today at a depth of a little more than 1,000 feet. The gas will be piped to the city at once. A vein of coal that may reach two feet in thickness was found.

New York, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to the Herald from Santo Domingo, says: A conspiracy against the government by many political prisoners has been discovered. The revolution is considered to have failed. There are rumors that Lavega is in arms.

GOVERNMENT SURVEYS.

Hard Work Is Necessary to Secure Congressional Recognition.

Washington, Oct. 16.—All the great appropriations of the government are based upon the estimates of the various departments.

At this time of the year the various offices are preparing their plans and estimates for the operations of the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 1901, and ending June 30, 1902. These estimates will be transmitted to congress and embodied in an appropriation bill, most of which will be considered and passed during the February, as congress adjourns on March 4, it being the short session.

The estimates which have peculiar importance to the arid regions are those for the continuance of the measurements of rivers, the examination of underground waters, and especially the survey of reservoir sites, and reports upon the cost and value of reclamation of large areas of fertile arid lands.

For surveys.

At the last session of congress the National Irrigation Association energetically endeavored to have the appropriation for the survey for the purpose increased from the almost absurdly sum of \$50,000 to the amount of \$250,000, this being more in accordance with the needs of the country. The increase was made in the senate, but in conference with the house of representatives a compromise of \$100,000 was reached, the concession being made that at the next session the sum of \$250,000 would be favorably considered.

Organized Effective Work.

A lesson that can be learned from the attitude of many of the Eastern states as regards river and harbor improvements is not to be content with indifference, but the claims of each locality are made known and systematically pushed by organized effort, such as boards of trade or merchants' associations. Eastern interests are organized for work, and when an Eastern locality wants a river and harbor appropriation it goes after it in a thorough, systematic manner, and sooner or later gets it. This is what the West can and should do. Every Western board of trade, chamber of commerce and commercial organization should testify individually, bringing all the influences it can bear upon the senators and congressmen of its state, and actively co-operate with the National Irrigation Association to not only insure favorable congressional action on these surveys, but to otherwise advance the interests of the arid region through national channels.

Irrigation Congress Meeting.

The ninth annual session of the National Irrigation Congress will meet at Chicago Illinois, November 20-23, 1900.

PANAMA CANAL GOING AHEAD.

Will Be Built Even if United States Later Negotiates Interests.

New York, Oct. 17.—M. H. Hutin, director-general and president of the board of directors of the Panama Canal Company; General Abbott, chief engineer, and W. N. Cromwell, counsel for the canal company, were passengers on the steamship La Loraine from Havre to New York, Oct. 17.—M. H. Hutin, director-general and president of the board of directors of the Panama Canal Company; General Abbott, chief engineer, and W. N. Cromwell, counsel for the canal company, were passengers on the steamship La Loraine from Havre to New York, Oct. 17.—M. H. Hutin, director-general and president of the board of directors of the Panama Canal Company; General Abbott, chief engineer, and W. N. Cromwell, counsel for the canal company, were passengers on the steamship La Loraine from Havre to New York, Oct. 17.—M. H. Hutin, director-general and president of the board of directors of the Panama Canal Company; General Abbott, chief engineer, and W. N. 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