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THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected from the Telegraph Columns.

The Boers are active in Orange River Colony.

Reverend spoke to two big meetings in Chicago.

Japanese troops are withdrawing from China.

Bourke Cochrane discussed the issues in Topeka, Kansas.

The battleship Texas may be permanently stricken from service.

A tornado struck the town of Bivabik, in Northern Minnesota, killing nine persons, injuring several others and doing damage to the amount of \$500,000.

The secretary of the interior has decided to dispose of the Indian lands ceded to the Chippewas in Minnesota, amounting to 74,125 acres. They consist of pine and agricultural lands.

Fire on the docks of the Atlantic Transport Line, in the North river, New York, destroyed one of the piers of the company, with all the merchandise on it, entailing a loss of \$175,000.

The population of the city of Tacoma, Wash., according to the United States census for 1900, is officially announced as 37,104, against 35,001 in 1890, an increase of 1,103, or 4.84 per cent.

It is officially announced by the census bureau that the population of the state of New Hampshire is 411,388. In 1890, the population was 378,530, the increase being 32,858, or 8.69 per cent.

Li Hung Chang has ordered the release and safe escort to Peking of five Belgian engineers and 15 missionaries, who have been kept prisoners many weeks at Pao Ting Fu. Li Hung Chang is apparently doing his utmost to please the powers.

At Trenton, N. J., Eddie McBride, 10 years old, died from burns received while playing "Indian" with companions. McBride was tied to a stake and his clothing saturated with gasoline and then ignited. The boy broke loose and ran screaming to his home, where he died.

The war department has approved an exhaustive opinion by Judge Adams-Campbell, in the effect that absentees from a volunteer regiment, save prisoners of war, are discharged from the service on the same date upon which their organization is mustered out. The decision was important as affecting the pay and status of many officers serving on detached duty.

Fighting has broken out again in Ashante.

Shan Hai Kwan forts surrendered to the British.

A plot to assassinate President McKinley has been discovered.

In a train hold-up near Council Bluffs, one robber was killed.

Passengers on Nome steamer were vaccinated on account of new outbreak of smallpox in Alaska.

Evidence claimed to have been found which proves that Mount Baker is not an American territory.

In an explosion at the Cornish Powder Works at Santa Cruz, Cal., C. Merier, an employee, was killed, and J. Vainch was fatally injured.

Portuguese officials at Lourenco Marques have warned President Kruger to make no more speeches and forbid his wearing insignia of office.

The latest report of cotton damage to the state of Texas by the recent frosts places the estimates at 400,000 bales. The value is estimated at not less than \$20,000,000.

Boers captured a British convoy and wrecked a train. Of the convoy's escort of 60 men only 12 escaped and in the train wreck, five Britons were killed and 19 injured.

The population of Arkansas, as officially announced by the United States census bureau, is 1,311,654, an increase over the population of 1890 of 183,355, or 16.25 per cent.

General Wood, commanding the United States forces in Cuba, has made his annual report to the war department. It contains his recommendation that all troops in Cuba be mustered, together with an account of the withdrawal of the troops during the past year. The health of the troops, he says, has been good, and their conduct is commended.

C. E. Gallaway, aged 89, died at Denver, Colo., from injuries received by being struck by a trolley car. He was believed to be the oldest newspaper editor in the United States. He was born in Portage county, O., February 13, 1812, learned the printing trade in Lawrenceville, Ind., and published and edited newspapers in Ohio, Illinois, Missouri and Utah.

White berries and green roses have been propagated in Louisiana this year.

Seventy-two new coal mines have been opened in Prussia this year, increasing the output for 1900 by 2,500,000 tons.

What promises to be the best apple crop in the history of Canada—not merely the quantity, but quality—is now fast approaching the harvest season.

During the last two years Andrew Carnegie has given \$4,500,450 to libraries.

Rev. George Willard, a noted divine of the Reformed church, died in Dayton, O., age 82 years.

Admiral Watson, who recently was in command of the fleet at Manila, will make his home at Louisville, Ky.

Florida, according to local papers, is becoming one of the greatest tobacco-growing states, and the product has been pronounced in some respects equal to that of Cuba.

LATER NEWS.

Bryan concluded his tour of Illinois. Cecil Rhodes will re-enter politics. The empress dowager is said to be ill. Roberts will name his own successor. Colville Indian reservation is opened for settlement. Roosevelt spoke to an immense audience in St. Louis. Canada will sell crown mining claims in Klondike. General Brooke urges reorganization of the army on modern lines. Conger has prepared a list of Chinese officials that should be punished. Idaho Soldiers' Home was destroyed by fire. One inmate was suffocated. The American Bible Society furnishes a list of missionaries killed by Boxers. John Q. Packard, a wealthy mine owner of Salt Lake, made a donation of a site and \$75,000 for a public library in that city. General MacArthur reported to the war department that the transport Rosecrans and the transport Artye, which sailed at Manila with Light Batteries C and M, Seventh artillery, Major G. G. Greenough. P. H. Gilboese, counsel for the Elizabethport, N. J., Banking Company, announced that William Schreiber, a missing clerk of the bank, was a defaulter to the amount of \$50,000, and that the bank directors had made good the amount of the shortage. Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, has received the following from Lord Curzon: "The general condition of crops is excellent, and except in a part of Bombay famine conditions are disappearing. The total number on the relief list has fallen to 2,746,000." The American Bridge Company closed a contract to furnish all of the structural steel to be used in the erection of a big arsenal at Kure, Japan. The money value of the contract is between \$250,000 and \$300,000. It will require six months to furnish the material, and it must be delivered at Kure within a year. Officials of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company at New York City have awarded a contract for a monument to be erected in a plot owned by the company in a cemetery in North Hudson, in memory of the persons who lost their lives in the great fire that destroyed the piers and steamers of the company at Hoboken, on June 30 last. Bryan made 14 speeches in Southern Illinois. The Chinese court refuses to return to Peking. France is anxious to annex Yunnan province. Russian troops may withdraw from Manchuria. Chamberlain is mentioned as a possible successor of Salisbury. The ministerial majority in the British parliament will be from 150 to 160. Trades Council orders strike on Seattle's buildings. Over 1,000 men are idle. The Boers now occupy Weipner, as well as Rouxville and Ficksburg, in Orange River colony, and the British are attempting to surround them. Five persons were killed and 75 injured in a railway collision at Karlsruhe, Germany. The accident was due to an error in signaling. One official has been arrested. Andrew C. Armstrong, one of the founders of Scribner's Magazine, and one of the oldest publishers in New York city, died at his country home at Stamford, Conn., aged 71. Five thousand pilgrims assembled at the St. Nikandri monastery, in the Pskov district, St. Petersburg, for a religious festival. During the night one of the upper floors collapsed and many of those sleeping there fell upon those below. A panic was caused by a false alarm of fire, and four men and 36 women were crushed to death, many others being seriously injured. Arrangements for building 3,000 freight cars for the Baltimore & Ohio railroad by the Pullman Company, at Fallston, Ill., has been completed. The contract calls for 2,500 box cars, each with a capacity of 60,000 pounds, and 500 flat cars. The total cost of the rolling stock will be \$1,865,000. This is the second large order for freight equipment given by the Baltimore & Ohio management within the last week. The first order was for 6,000 steel cars, to cost \$6,000,000. Having freed the natives of Tutuila to serve as policemen and maintain peace and order, Commander E. F. Tilly believes they would make excellent soldiers to man the fortifications of Pango Pango harbor. In private letters to officers on duty he has indicated that they would make effective riflemen. To enlist a regiment of natives, it would be necessary to obtain special authority from congress. The natives who are acting as policemen were enlisted by Commander Tilly as landmen. It is likely, however, that a force of marines will be permanently stationed at Pango Pango.

BAD TORNADO IN MINNESOTA

At Least Nine Lives Lost and Many Injured.

PROPERTY LOSS IS \$100,000

Locomotives Were Shifted From the Tracks and Pounded Into Scrapiron—Nines Disabled.

Bivabik, Minn., Oct. 9.—The tornado that raged in this vicinity last evening was most violent. The storm cut a pathway 150 feet in width through the northwestern corner of the town, completely wrecking several buildings. The property loss is estimated at \$100,000, and the known fatalities number nine, with a score or more injured, some severely.

The storm swept in a northerly direction after leaving here and struck a little Finnish settlement near Pike lake, where a number of buildings were wrecked, in one of which an entire family, consisting of husband, wife and four children, were instantly killed. So far their names have not been obtained. It is believed when the more remote districts are heard from further casualties may be reported.

The house in which the Marowitz family lived was completely wrecked, and the body of Mrs. Marowitz was found 400 feet away, every bone in her body being broken and her clothing completely stripped off. The body of her husband was found amid the debris of their home nearby.

William Hiltrom was struck on the head by a falling tree and his skull crushed. He afterward died at the hospital.

The engine house of the Duluth, Mississippi and Northern railway was completely wrecked and a number of locomotives and cars were shifted from the tracks and pounded into scrapiron. The engine on which Murray and Anderson were when the storm broke was blown from the track and the men were pinned beneath it and horribly burned by the escaping steam.

Several cars were blown from the Duluth, Mississippi and Northern tracks and were found in the Duluth mine pit, hundreds of feet away. Many of the buildings destroyed were owned by the mining companies, and tenanted by their employees. The shanties and buildings of three miners were reduced to kindling wood.

The tornado which lasted less than five minutes, was preceded by an unusually severe thunder and rain storm. The rain had flooded many of the open pit mines, and they cannot be operated for some time.

Explosion of 7,500 Pounds of Dynamite.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 9.—A special from Eveleville, Minn., tonight, reports a disastrous explosion. Seven thousand five hundred pounds of dynamite in the powder magazine at the Pruce mine, situated a half mile from town, blew up about 5:30 o'clock this afternoon. A hole 100 feet square and 25 feet deep marked the spot where the magazine stood. The explosion was so great that it smashed every pane of glass within a radius of two miles. The mine laboratory and warehouses were totally wrecked.

At least 200 people were hurt more or less from being thrown down by the shock or hit by shattered glass.

The explosion was plainly felt at Bivabik, 12 miles distant. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Boers Short of Ammunition.

London, Oct. 9.—It is estimated, according to the Pictorialist correspondent of the Daily Mail, that 5,000 Boers have retreated from Pilgrim's Rest, northeast of Lydenburg, with four long toms and 22 other guns. The correspondent understands that their long tom ammunition is almost exhausted.

Lord Roberts, the Daily Mail announces, will leave South Africa during the last week of October. The authorities have decided to limit the number of colonial troops who are to be the queen's guests in London to 500.

Come as an Inmate Mother.

New York, Oct. 9.—Mrs. Lillian Smith, of Inwood, borough of Manhattan, while insane this afternoon shot and killed two of her children, wounded a third and committed suicide. The tragedy took place in the old Frank Leslie mansion. Mrs. Smith was the wife of Walter N. Smith, who has been connected with a large grocery house in this city for 21 years. Mrs. Smith had been married 13 years. Mrs. Smith had been in poor health of late, and long brooding over the prospect of death is believed to have unsettled her reason.

American Collier Floated.

Suez, Oct. 9.—The American steam collier Emir, which recently sank in the Suez canal while en route to Manila with coal for the American fleet, but was successfully floated yesterday, has arrived at Suez roads. She is unable, however, to enter the port, as she draws too much water. Her cargo is being discharged, and divers will examine her bottom to ascertain the extent of her injuries.

Peary Not Yet Coming Home.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 9.—The failure of the Peary exploring steamer Windward to return from the north leads local observers to believe that the explorer will not attempt to get back this autumn. Probably the season just passed was an open one in the far north. Should that have been the case, Lieutenant Peary is likely to have taken the Windward into some high latitude, hoping to use her in a further expedition next season.

Chinaman Killed By Assault.

Salt Lake, Oct. 9.—About 3 o'clock this morning three boys going from the city to their homes in the suburbs began throwing rocks at the house of Chin Poy, a Chinaman. Poy fired at the trio, killing Charles Holmes. Poy is under arrest.

The 20 plants of the American Tinplate Company have resumed operations. The mills, which employ 15,000 men, were closed for more than three months, pending a settlement of the wage scale.

OPERATIONS IN PHILIPPINES.

Strengthening Weak Garrison—Steps Taken to Help Our Trade.

MAJORITY OF THE ARMY

Manila, Oct. 10.—Four troops of cavalry and two companies of infantry have recently reinforced General Young in Northern Luzon, where the insurgents are concentrating in the mountains of Negros and South Iloilo, the ex-communited priest and renegade. General Tio and General Villanueva, who had been quiet for some time, are now showing signs of becoming active as the end of the rainy season approaches.

Of late there has been considerable scouting and skirmishing in the provinces of Abra and North Iloilo, though without decisive results. It is obvious, however, that the maneuvers of the Philippines are more skillful than formerly. The military tactics of the Americans are being followed by them. Senator Mateo, the founder of the so-called Filipino government, who was captured by the Americans last December and lodged in jail in Manila, has been liberated. As he had always professed to be a patriot, the former has allegiance to the United States government. He had maintained his reputation among the Filipinos as a resolute patriot. They now believe that he has reached a private understanding with the American authorities which has secured his release, and consequently he has lost some of his popularity, although he is still considered the leader of the dormant revolutionary element. This week the commission will begin the work of revising the tariff, making use of the results on the investigation carried out by the commission. It is the intention of the commission to give American trade a better chance than it has heretofore enjoyed owing to the high duties.

The transports Sumner and Venus have sailed for the island of Marinduque, off the west coast of Luzon, carrying relief supplies. The former has already arrived there. The transport Logan will reinforce the Twentieth United States infantry now in Marinduque.

Galveston Needs More.

People Require Material to Build Them.

Galveston, Texas, Oct. 10.—Miss Clara Barton, president of the National Red Cross Society, today issued a statement to the manufacturers and business men of the country in which she appeals to them for aid in the way of material to be used in the building of the hospital for the wounded soldiers in the recent storm. It is addressed "To the manufacturers and dealers in lumber, hardware, builder's materials and household goods and to the business men in general of the United States," and says:

"We believe it is reliably stated that there is not one house in the area of the storm undamaged by it. A large proportion of those persons formerly occupying them are strictly destitute without homes or even shelter, save such as persons nearly as destitute as themselves are able to provide for their own great inconvenience and cost.

"The number of this homeless class is estimated at 8,000 or more. Winter is less than two months away. Although a mild climate, still snow and ice are feared, and the winter would protect, which they will not. They would not hold them down. Some substantial shelter must be had at once for these people.

"The havoc wrought by the storm in Galveston at once was much larger in loss of life and property than at Johnston, but the donations of material have aggregated one-third less for both the city and mainland than was given at Johnston.

"While the heartfelt outpouring of the people's generosity has enabled the general relief committee and the Red Cross to begin the work of relieving the need and render the streets of Galveston partially passable, nothing has as yet been done toward reinstating the impoverished survivors in houses where they can escape disease and enjoy a slight measure of the comforts of which the storm deprived them.

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"The number of this homeless class is estimated at 8,000 or more. Winter is less than two months away. Although a mild climate, still snow and ice are feared, and the winter would protect, which they will not. They would not hold them down. Some substantial shelter must be had at once for these people.

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