

An Advertisement

Oregon Historical Society

Which brings returns is proof that it is in the right place. The WEST SIDE brings no wrecks.

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THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Cutted From the Telegraph Column.

The powers are planning to evacuate Pekin.

Railroaders may join the striking coal miners.

Spokane, Wash., is visited by a terrible wind storm.

Anglo-American troops defeated the Boxers at Pei Ta Chu.

The British troops occupy Koomati-poot without opposition.

Boxers and other anti-foreign Chinese are in imperial favor.

English and Germans express dissatisfaction at American attitude.

Further violence in the Shenandoah, Pa., coal district prevented by the arrival of troops.

The Astoria, Or., coal bunkers, valued at \$30,000, were completely destroyed by fire.

A stevedore in Portland, Or., drowned from a falling scaffold. Ten others narrowly escaped.

By settlement of the wage scale, 60,000 iron and steel workers will resume work in Ohio.

Four masked men held up an express car on the Burlington route, near Lincoln, Neb., and a very large sum was secured.

E. J. Clough, of Arlington, Or., estimates the wheat crop of Gilliam county at 1,000,000 bushels. Some think the output will reach 1,500,000 bushels.

The United States transport Port Albany sailed from Seattle for the Philippines with 509 cavalry horses and a cargo of forage and commissary supplies.

Fire destroyed the large granitework and elevators on the Atlantic dock, Brooklyn, causing a loss of \$100,000 to buildings and contents. Forty thousand bushels of oats were destroyed.

The United States transport Grant arrived at San Francisco from the Philippines and China, bringing home over 500 discharged soldiers, including 200 sick and wounded and 30 dead bodies. There were 11 deaths during the voyage.

Methuen completely routed a Boer convoy at Hart river, west of Klerksdorp and recaptured a 15-pounder lost at Colenso. He also captured 26 wagons, 8,000 cattle, 4,000 sheep, 20,000 rounds of ammunition and 28 prisoners.

The state of Oregon has contributed more than \$2,000 to the Galveston relief fund.

Belle Archer, the actress, died at the Emergency hospital at Warren, Pa., of apoplexy.

Three men robbed the First National bank at Winneconne, N.Y., and secured about \$5,000.

General John A. McClelland died as a result of old age at his home in Springfield, Ill., aged 88 years.

In an engagement with Filipinos near Solomon, near the end of Laguna de Bay, the Americans lost 12 killed and 26 wounded.

At a meeting at Lebanon, Pa., of about three-quarters of the 1,200 men employed by the American Iron & Steel Company, who struck August 1 against a reduction of wages from \$4 to \$3 a ton for puddlers, it was agreed to go back to work at the rate offered, \$3 a ton.

General Viljoen, who succeeded Louis Botha in the supreme command of the Transvaal forces, is reported to be moving northward in the direction of Heidelberg, with 3,000 men and 30 guns. He is known as "the firebrand," and will endeavor to protract the war.

In the North China Daily News, Li Hua Chang is reported as having said that as China could not possibly pay indemnity which will be no alternative, to give to victory instead of money, in which case Japan would get Shun King, Russia would be given Shun Kiang, and Tibet would go to England.

Lyon Griscom, United States chargé d'affaires, at Constantinople, Turkey, has made verbal representations to the porte, demanding the release of an Armenian, who, it is claimed, is a naturalized American citizen, and who was arrested upon the charge of belonging to the Armenian revolutionary committee. An investigation has been ordered and if the prisoner is found to be an American citizen he will be released.

The great world's fair that was announced for Brussels in 1905, has been abandoned because of the failure of the Paris exposition.

New West Point began with 434 cadets on the rolls, the largest number by 60 that was ever at the academy.

British capitalists have acquired options on more than 1,000,000 acres of oil fields in northern Wyoming and oil fields in the Great Lakes to the Pacific coast with a branch line to Dawson.

Captain Tuttle, of the revenue cutter Bear, reports that fever and famine threaten to exterminate Alaska natives.

The month of August was the hottest August on record, according to the weather authorities in the East.

Of all the line and staff presents only two, Ludlow and J. M. Wilson, are graduates of West Point.

Lincoln, Neb., made the boast that it has the largest creamery in the world. The institution turns out 30,000 pounds of butter every day.

LATER NEWS.

Germany is about to declare war on China.

General John M. Palmer, of Illinois, is dead.

Galveston appeals for help to rebuild the city.

Four persons were killed by a tornado in an Iowa town.

Epitaph of smallpox at Nome has been stamped out.

Von Waldersee will demand the surrender of leaders of the American force.

American troops, except a legion guard, are ordered from China to Manila.

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The Austrian press bitterly condemns the attitude of the United States towards China, attributing to the course of the Washington government "the arrogant defiance with which China is treating the allies."

Dispatches announced that among the missionaries killed by Chinese rebels in Yunnan province were Bishop Fanouselli and Father Quirine, the Roman Catholic church. It was said that the bishop died after the most awful torture.

The Isthmian canal commission stated that it would be able to submit a report to Congress sufficiently comprehensive to serve as a basis for the action of that body at the approaching session, if that should be desirable to act.

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Trouble between the union plumbers and the Seattle plumbing companies who do not belong to the Master Plumbers' Association of that city. As a result of this trouble the union plumbers have "walked out" from the shops of all such plumbing companies. The walk-out of union men in this instance is not owing to any difference with their employers as regards wages or hours of labor, but wholly because of the Master Plumbers' Association and the union plumbers which prevents the latter from working for any plumbing firm or individual not a member of such association.

Floods have washed away several towns in Texas.

Eight persons were killed by a tornado in Michigan.

Bryan will make a determined effort to capture New York.

The latest list of Galveston's dead numbers 3,595 names.

The navy department is hurrying vessels to the Asiatic station.

The expected clash in the strike region in Pennsylvania did not occur.

Eight persons were drowned at Brownwood, Texas, by a flood. The Rio Grande railway is badly crippled.

Anti-foreign leaders are said to have been appointed to positions of responsibility and honor in China, in defiance to the allies.

The Merchants' Nail & Wire Works, of Charleston, W. Va., which have been closed for two months, opened again. About 250 men are affected.

Anta Lutz, age 18, shot and fatally wounded her father, John Lutz, near Lansing, Kansas, because her father had sent her brother away to school.

Direct advice from Cartagena, Colombia, say the rebels are active in that department. September 3 they attacked the town, but government troops from Colon arrived just in time to prevent their success. The rebels, who are under General Commandante, will join hands with the forces of General Uribe. Plans are proceeding for another revolution for the new but unrecognized government.

Phil A. Julian, coroner of Silver Bow county, Mont., and one of the best known of the old-time newspaper men of the country, died suddenly at Butte of heart disease. He was a native of Washington, D. C., and was 56 years of age. He worked on the Washington Republican in the early days of that paper, and on other papers at the capital. He had been on newspapers in Montana for about 12 years.

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PEKIN IS BEING DESERTED

VOLCANO UNDER THE SEA.

Strange sight at the Southern Mouth of the Gulf of Mexico.

New York, Sept. 26.—Captain Lyddie, of the British steamship King Bleddy, which arrived here today brought a tale of the discovery of a submarine volcano on the northeastern edge of the Campeche bank, at the mouth of the Gulf of Mexico. The location was 102 miles north of Cap Tocoo, the nearest point of land. The captain said that late in the afternoon of September 16 he saw a great volume of vapor one mile away. It seemed to cover a space of at least 100 feet square. The air was clear and the sun shone at the time. The vapor rose like cloud of steam 60 to 75 feet in the air. The water around seemed to be perfectly clear.

"Occasionally the vapor would change," said the captain, "and when we saw the water break as if over a shoal, we knew the submarine was there." The chart shows 41 fathoms of water near this point, and just offshore of the bank it deepens to 30 fathoms.

We watched the vapor and the occasional boiling of the water to nearly an hour, and the disturbance was still going on as lively as ever. It certainly looked like a volcanic disturbance to me."

Captain Lyddie took an observation, and marks the spot as being latitude 23.14 and longitude 87.7.

WORSE THAN ALASKA.

Hardships of Gold Mining in British Guiana.

New York, Sept. 26.—George H. Moulton, of Colorado, United States consul to Demarara, in British Guiana, has arrived in New York, being of the storm.

The dash of the wind and the storm.

"The rush to the gold fields of British Guiana and Venezuela, which was

expected to follow the settlement of the Venezuelan boundary dispute, failed to materialize. The new boundary fixed by the arbitration court is quietly accepted by the people of Venezuela and no further dispute is likely to arise.

Gold mining is still being pursued in the British Guiana gold fields, and a few Americans are there, trying to make their fortunes. The yield of those gold fields is about \$2,000,000 a year. All the gold is secured by placer mining.

"Mining in British Guiana is attended by the greatest difficulties and hardships, and there is also some danger to life. The gold fields are all at some distance in the interior. To reach them the miners have to travel through swamp lands and dense brush, which are infested by alligators, enormous reptiles and wild beasts. Everything the miners carry along has to be packed by men. British Guiana is no place for American miners. They can be had for \$10 a day.

Efforts at pacification have resulted in the return of a small number of people to business. The jealous guarding of the forbidden city by the allies makes the Chinese believe that the foreign leaders are afraid to descend to it.

The American authorities here intend to urge the severe punishment of the persons guilty of the Pao Ting Fu murders. Summary vengeance will, if they can effect it, be exacted for the slaughter of the Simcoxes and the Hodges and Pitkin party.

MUCH PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Sacramento, Texas, Sept. 25.—A cloud burst in the valley of the Neches river Saturday night did much damage to property, and also, according to reports, buried here, resulted in loss of life on ranches in that vicinity. The Neches at Udvalde rose 25 feet in two hours and broke the bridge. The water is now 10 feet above the road.

Thornton F. Jard and 15 of his crew were lost, while six escaped.

James Campbell, together with some Mexican sheepherders, are said to have lost their lives on a ranch in the mountains near Brackett. Reports from a colony of nomadic Indians say that two lost their lives.

WROTE HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

New York, Sept. 25.—A special to the Chieftain from Texas Creek, Colo., where Orman & Crook are making the grade for the Rio Grande branch to Silver Cliff, says:

"At 4:50 P. M. one of the largest shots ever used in railway construction was fired in the Texas Creek canyon.

There were 640 kegs of blasting powder used, besides a quantity of gunpowder, which altogether weighed nearly 20,000 cubic yards of rock.

The blast was pronounced a thorough success. All trains on the main line were stopped by signal several miles each side of the canyon, and all the livestock in the camp was removed to a safe distance. Contrary to expectations, the report was not heavy, although the shock was felt plainly on surrounding mountain sides. Quite a party from Pueblo and other points had arrived to view the spectacle, which was magnificent. No injuries resulted, though a shower of small stones, which followed the explosion covered a radius of a half mile.

SHOT HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

New York, Sept. 25.—A drunkard quarrel at Blaine last night, Thomas Betrand shot his brother-in-law, Frank Adams, with a revolver, the ball entering between the sixth and seventh ribs, passing through the left lung and lodging near the heart. Adams will die. Betrand had been drinking during the day. Going out on the street he met Adams and commenced to abuse him, following it up by drawing his revolver and shooting him three times, only one bullet taking effect. Betrand is in jail. He was born at Beloit, Wis., and was 35 years old.