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THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected From the Telegraph Columns.

The American troops have orders to get ready to leave Pekin.

Li Hung Chang will be permitted to go to Pekin for a conference.

France agrees unwillingly to Russia's proposal to evacuate the imperial city.

Seven vessels were wrecked or stranded on the Florida coast by the storm.

Two persons were killed and one seriously wounded in a riot in Capetown at Repa, Nevada.

Commandant Theron, a noted Boer scout, has been found dead on the field near Krugersport, a small town about 20 miles northeast of Lydenburg.

The census bureau announces that the population of Portland, Ore., is 90,428, as against 48,385 in 1890, an increase of 44,041, or 94.95 per cent.

Germany's reason for rejecting the Russo-American proposals of withdrawal from Pekin is that the time is inopportune and calculated to prolong the war.

The American ship May Flute, collided with a bark in the bay of San Francisco, then drifted onto the battleship Iowa, where she was split open and sank to the bottom.

Ex-President Cleveland has declined the president's appointment as a member of the International Board of Arbitration, under the Hague treaty.

Ex-President Harrison has accepted the appointment.

The staff surgeon of the German legation at Pekin announces that an examination shows the cause of Baron von Ketteler's death to have been a bullet through the neck, which must have been instantaneously fatal.

Francis Edward Hinkley, one of the incorporators of the Chicago University, and prominently identified with many important railroad and commercial enterprises, is dead at his home at West New Brighton, Staten Island, aged 66.

Ulysses Kellogg, aged 12 years, and George Ogleby, were killed by fire in an abandoned shaft at Newcastle, Wash. The former descended into the hole to look for a chicken which he had thrown through, and was followed by Ogleby. Both were overcome by the vapor and fell to the bottom of the shaft.

The siege of Ladysbrand has been failed.

Natives of Alaska require government aid.

Ex-Secretary of State Olney will support Bryan.

The yellow fever situation in Havana is improving.

The allies marched through the forbidden city of Pekin.

New York Republicans nominated B. B. Odell for governor.

Connecticut Republicans nominated George P. McLean for governor.

The body of a Pocatello, Idaho, fireman was found in the Willamette river near Champoux.

An Eastern hop man says the present strength of hop prices is due to a speculative flurry.

The National party nominated Senator Caffery for president and A. M. Howe for vice-president.

Arthur Sewall, Democratic candidate for vice-president in 1896, died at his summer home at Bath, Me.

Montana Republicans nominated David E. Folsom for governor and S. G. Murray for congressman.

A man with \$2,000 in his pocket was sent to jail at The Dalles, Ore., for stealing 25 cents' worth of wood.

The victory of India, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, calls that the total number of persons receiving relief is 4,810,000.

The population of Salt Lake City, Utah, according to the United States census of 1900, is 53,531; 1890, 44,842.

The population of Albany, N. Y., according to the United States census of 1900, is 94,151; 1890, 81,121, a decrease of 72, or 81 per cent.

Morgan Robbins, agent of the Armour-Haviland Company, of Chicago, said that he, with his associates, had just closed the first part of a deal involving \$20,000,000 that is to be invested in Colorado gold mines by the packers and London men. Mr. Robbins says contracts were closed for properties in Gilpin county calling for the payment of \$2,000,000, but he refused to divulge the names of the properties until he had succeeded in transferring all the mines on which he has an option.

Chicago police have recovered a \$1,000,000 portfolio that was abducted the other day, but there are a number of \$1,500 children quite helplessly missing, to say nothing of a \$25 parrot.

Earl Calvin Titus, of Iowa, and of the Fourteenth United States infantry, was the first soldier to plant the American flag on the walls of Pekin. It will be remembered that a certain Titus battered down the walls of Jerusalem. After all, what may be something in a man.

In a Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) newspaper the following marriage notice appeared: Holder—Close—At Jersey City, by Rev. Charles J. Allen, Charles E. Holder to Lillie W. Close, both of Poughkeepsie.

A sailor named Wilson, who was on the Oregon when she grounded on the rocks recently, is authority for the statement that after she had stuck there three days a big modern Chinese cruiser hove in sight, chased by the Russians. As she approached the Oregon she ran up an American flag. Her officers claimed the protection of Capt. Wild and got it.

LATER NEWS.

The three silver parties in Colorado will fuse.

France will accept Prince Ching as a peace envoy.

Americans and French nearly clashed in Pekin.

Lord Roberts is pushing operations in Eastern Transvaal.

American soldiers took no part in the looting of Tin Tin.

Many rail coast towns in Texas suffered severely from the storm.

The state department is not ready to begin negotiations with Li Hung Chang.

New Hampshire Republicans nominated Chester B. Gordon for governor.

Colonel W. R. Shaw, of Illinois, will make Republican speeches in Oregon.

The steamship San Pedro arrived at Seattle from the north with 300 passengers and \$80,000 inNome gold.

American on their way to hunt gold attempted by Russians, and seven Yankees took 30 Russians.

The controller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business September 1, 1900.

The population of Detroit, Mich., as officially announced by the census bureau, is 552,544, an increase in population of 19,284, or 3.9 per cent from 1890 to 1900.

At Reno, Nevada, a wreck on the Nevada, California & Oregon extension derailed 14 cars of beef cattle, reducing the cars to kindling wood and killing 20 head of fat steers.

The destruction of shipping at Galveston may reduce the volume of early cotton shiveries at Lanesboro, England. Reports from there show that 20,000 bales had stopped and that 24,000 operators were idle.

The postmaster general has received a communication from F. W. Valle, director of posts in the Philippines, showing that there will be a surplus of receipts over expenditures up to June 30 of \$19,447. This does not include fees for money orders of \$8,500, and there is one department, that of Baco, yet to hear from.

The government transport Lawton sailed from San Francisco on her errand of duty to the far north. With all available space below decks devoted to berths, provided with bedding for nearly a thousand persons, besides the regular complement of officers and crew, the big transport will proceed to Cape Nome, stopping at Seattle for supplies.

General Joseph Wheeler has retired. Japanese troops will not withdraw from Pekin.

The American troops will winter in the Philippines.

Republicans carried Maine by 31,000 to 25,000 majority.

An appeal is issued by Texans in behalf of the Galveston sufferers.

Germany and England are said to have agreed to remain in Pekin.

Rumor is denied that stock grazing on forest reserves is to be restricted.

Galveston's death list numbers fully 1,000. Some estimates place it higher.

Texas City and many smaller towns near the gulf were partially wrecked.

Oregon has been asked to erect a building at the Buffalo Pan-American exposition.

Oregon grape prices have been lowered by the California Fruit Association.

Thirty-three missionaries are known to have been killed and 170 are missing from the recent uprising in China.

Henry Watson died at his home near Albany, Ore., aged 70 years. He was a pioneer of 1847, and an Indian war veteran.

The Korea shingle mill at Harrison, Idaho, was burned recently. The loss will amount to about \$15,000, of which only \$5,000 is covered by insurance.

Chang Li, military commander of Pekin, who is responsible for the murder of the German minister, has been arrested and is confined under German jurisdiction.

At Kook Creek, in Park county, Mont., Frank Forrest, a ranch hand, aged 20, shot and killed Willis Hoard, a well-to-do rancher, aged 30; fatally wounded Miss Laura Linn, aged 16, and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

Henry A. Chittenden, a journalist of note and the man who secured for Oakland, Cal., the \$250,000 Carnegie free public library, is dead at that city of a throat affliction, aged 54 years. He served as reporter and editor on the "Oregonian" for 15 years he was employed by James Gordon Bennett, working on the Herald and Telegraph.

At Seattle, the large steamer Inverness, 3,313 tons, was formally turned over to the United States officials for use for transport service in the Philippines. The vessel is large and commodious, and will at once be placed in commission. Two other ships have been secured by the government from the British-American line for a like service. They will all be used for carrying army and other supplies.

Tears are the diamonds of the fairies. The "missing link" has again been found, this time in Java, where Dr. Dubois has unearthed certain fossil remains of such an interesting character that Prof. Haeckel, the celebrated German biologist, has determined to do for himself and investigate. Dr. Dubois is firmly of the opinion that the bones belong to a species intermediate between the highest ape and prehistoric man.

The Dutch war in Java is one of the most extended on record. It has now been running for two centuries and there are more Javanese and more Dutchmen than ever.

Prof. Herman V. Hilprecht, of the University of Pennsylvania, has added another of his many discoveries in the archeology of Babylon. He has dug up a library of 17,000 tablets which belonged to the great temple of Nipur. Not one of these tablets is of a date later than 2380 B. C. Prof. Hilprecht says that five years will be consumed in unearthing the remaining treasures of the temple.

TORNADO'S TERRIBLE WORK

Texas Cyclone Spreads Death and Desolation.

THREE THOUSAND CASUALTIES

Coast Stream With Vessels—Destruction Extends 100 Miles Inland—4,000 Buildings Wrecked in Galveston.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 11.—The West Indian storm, which reached the gulf coast yesterday morning, has wrought awful havoc in Texas. Reports are conflicting, but it is known that an appalling disaster has befallen the city of Galveston, where it is reported, a thousand or more lives have been blotted out and a tremendous property damage inflicted. Steamer reports from Sabine Pass and Port Arthur indicate a heavy loss of life, but the reports cannot be confirmed at this hour.

The first news to reach this city from the stricken city of Galveston was received tonight. James C. Timmins, of Houston, superintendent of the National Congress Company, arrived here at 8 o'clock from Galveston. After remaining through the hurricane on Saturday, he departed from Galveston on an schooner and came across the bay to Morgan's point, where he caught a train for Houston. The hurricane, Mr. Timmins said, was the worst ever known.

The estimates made by citizens of Galveston was that 4,000 houses, most of them residences, have been destroyed, and that at least 1,000 people have been drowned. A great extent in the publication of the captured correspondence and documents found in possession of persons in sympathy with the insurgents.

General Ots says he desires to correct an erroneous impression that the war with the insurgents was initiated by the United States. After explaining the conditions that existed at the breaking out of hostilities, he says:

"War with the insurgents was forced on us and was inevitable."

He asserts that this is shown in Filipino correspondence captured by the Americans, which, he says, proves that the war was planned by Aguinaldo. He says another erroneous impression prevails that the Filipinos endeavored to stop hostilities after the first outbreak, but were rebuffed by the United States.

STAMPEDE FROM NOME.

New Digging Reported Further Up the Coast.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 12.—The steamship Elba Thomson arrived from Cape Nome this evening, bringing 200 passengers, most of whom are practically "blows." While the vessel was in the stream being inspected by the quarantine officer, a boat pulled alongside with a crew of about 20 men, who could be made a collection was taken up and enough raised to purchase two or three boxes of apples.

The Thomson sailed from Nome Aug. 28, and her officers report conditions both little changed. About 15,000 people are at the mines, and the circumstances, and as winter approaches most unpropitious prevail among the unfortunates, as they can see no prospect of getting away and nothing ahead but suffering and perhaps death.

Before the Thomson sailed from Nome the diggings had reached there that rich diggings had been struck on Hinesport creek, this side of Cape York, and men who came down from Bluestone and reported the find had plenty of dirt. This caused a stampede, and all the small steamers and schooners at Nome hurried to the scene, and a strike, loaded with passengers, while many started out in small boats, and it is said that by the time the stampede is over and the last steamer sails south Nome will be almost depopulated.

The captain of the Thomson reports that several other of the earlier claims were broken, but that the diggings were not so rich as those reported by the Thomson. He says that he has taken the entire season to place them in working order, and practically free from sickness, smallpox and other diseases having disappeared except among Indians at the village south of Nome. A number of them are down with the cholera, and with the method of handling the disease the village stands a good chance of being wiped out.

Akron Rioters Arrested.

Akron, O., Sept. 10.—Andrew Haller, brother of the police chief, was arrested today on the charge of having participated in the recent riot. He was bound over in \$1,000 bail, having waived examination. W. A. Hunt, a well-known contractor, was also arrested in the same connection, being accused of using dynamite which blew up the city building. He was bound over in \$2,500.

Big Railroad Gang.

Weiser, Idaho, Sept. 10.—The railroad enterprise here is resuming construction at about 1,000 to 1,500 men will be put to work shortly. This will mean great improvements for business in and around Weiser. Building operations here this summer have amounted to over \$20,000.

Damaged Railroad Tracks.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 12.—The heavy rain storm known in several years here occurred north, south and west of El Paso during the past few days. The Mexican Central tracks are washed away in several places this side of Chihuahua and trains are running very irregularly. The Southern Pacific tracks are gone in several places in New Mexico, and no through trains have arrived here from the west since Friday night.

Line Will Be Built.

Salt Lake, Sept. 12.—Referring to the new proposed Los Angeles & Salt Lake Railroad, Thomas Kearns, who is to be a Utah director in the company, said in an interview today: "The matter has been satisfactorily arranged by Senator W. A. Clark, R. C. Kerns and others, and the line will be built. The terminal will be at Salt Lake, provided the city grants to the company the necessary depot grounds and right of way."

Jeannette Texas, Sept. 12.—The Southwest Louisiana rice crop has suffered heavy loss from the storm. Rice men estimate the damage at 10 to 15 per cent of the crop as a whole.

Virginia Point Destroyed.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 12.—Helagoes from Virginia Point say everything there was swept away and that the beach was strewn with pianos and household effects from Galveston. All kinds of wild rumors are in circulation.

Seligman's Liberty.

New York, Sept. 12.—Jefferson Seligman, of Seligman & Co., of this city, has subscribed \$1,000 for the benefit of the sufferers by the Galveston floods. The firm will also act as an agent in receiving and forwarding contributions.

ROADS FOR PHILIPPINES.

Large Appropriation for Such Improvements in View.

Manila, Sept. 12.—The Philippine commission, at its first public session to be held in the near future, will discuss the appropriation of one-third of the treasury's \$5,000,000 for the construction and repair of roads and bridges throughout the archipelago. The people profess to be much gratified at the prospect of this work of development.

The revenue authorities of Manila collect under the Spanish laws a tax of 5 per cent upon the salaries of American civilians earning \$300 per annum and upwards. The tax is unpopular and provokes protests among them. The Filipinos and foreigners who are said to do not accept the levy.

The reports of military operations show that of late these have been trivial. Manila is now experiencing the heaviest typhoon for years.

Operations in Philippines.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The war department has made a report on the Major-General Ots, giving details of the operations of the United States army in the Philippines from September 1, 1899, to May 5, 1900. The report covers the operations of the army and commands of General Lawton, MacArthur, Wheaton, Schwan, James M. and J. F. Bell, Hughes, Bates and Young, as well as different detachments and separate independent commands during that time. Nearly all the facts contained in the report and all important matters were published during the campaign. Besides containing an account of the movements of the United States forces, there is considerable space devoted to the political and social conditions of the islands in the publication of the captured correspondence and documents found in possession of persons in sympathy with the insurgents.

General Ots says he desires to correct an erroneous impression that the war with the insurgents was initiated by the United States. After explaining the conditions that existed at the breaking out of hostilities, he says:

"War with the insurgents was forced on us and was inevitable."

He asserts that this is shown in Filipino correspondence captured by the Americans, which, he says, proves that the war was planned by Aguinaldo. He says another erroneous impression prevails that the Filipinos endeavored to stop hostilities after the first outbreak, but were rebuffed by the United States.

On the Main Land.

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 12.—The first train from Houston arrived at Dallas last night after the Houston & Dallas Central. It left Houston yesterday at 8:30 A. M., and arrived here practically 10 hours later.

When it left, Texas City was desolate and devastated. Buildings had been wrecked, roofs had been torn off and buried hundreds of feet through the air. The electric light plant had been demolished and all night long the city had been in darkness.

Along the road north of Houston several days' devastation and distress were witnessed. Buildings had been torn down and the material which had been built scattered over the ground for miles. Trees had been pulled up by their roots and denuded of their branches. Fields were all the great fertility of this record-breaking year were here, the plants having been grasped by the hurricane and scattered far and wide. Hundreds of heads of cattle had been killed. At least 400 of the structures in the towns of Hockley, Cuyler and Waller have been totally destroyed. Twenty per cent of Homestead is in ruins. Horno was damaged somewhat, but the situation there is not regarded as serious.

Sabine Pass and Port Arthur.

Beaumont, Texas, Sept. 12.—The city of Sabine Pass and Port Arthur passed through the terrible storm of Saturday virtually unscathed. Everywhere the water spread over the town, but it did not reach a depth sufficient to destroy buildings. The main pleasure pier was washed away completely, and the boats were scattered to the Gages and Elwood homes. The dredge Florida, property of the New York Dredging Company, which cut the Port Arthur channel, was sunk at the mouth of Taylor Bayou.

Damage in Houston Light.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 12.—The damage in Houston from wind and water is comparatively light. One life was lost here from falling wires. At Bayshore resorts, about 25 miles from Houston, the houses were mostly blown away and five or six deaths are known, while 13 or 20 people, supposed to be drowned, are still missing.

West and Southwest of Houston for 50 Miles the Country has been Swept and Littered as Heavy, but few deaths are reported. Cotton has been widely injured.

The losses on the mainland in an area of more than 50 miles square are more than \$1,000,000, with probably a score of deaths.

East Bernard Blown Away.

Eagle Lake, Texas, Sept. 12.—Three churches, together with many houses, were completely blown to pieces. The rice and pecan crops are ruined. The cotton crop is "heavily ruined," and the cane crop is considerably damaged. The loss to this community from the storm is estimated at \$250,000. No lives were lost here but the town of East Bernard has been blown away and three persons were killed.

Two Thousand Dollars Listed.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 12.—At a meeting tonight, called by Mayor Robinson, a draft for \$2,000 was ordered sent to Governor Sayers, of Texas, to be used to relieve the storm sufferers.

Louisiana Rice Crop Damaged.

Jeannette, Texas, Sept. 12.—The Southwest Louisiana rice crop has suffered heavy loss from the storm. Rice men estimate the damage at 10 to 15 per cent of the crop as a whole.

Sympathy From France.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The French government has decided to send to the government of the United States a message expressing sympathy with the people of the United States on account of the Galveston disaster.

Alabama Negro Lynched.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 13.—Zek Floyd, a negro, was taken from jail at Wetumpka last night and hanged. Floyd had entered the sleeping room of two young women and when discovered jumped from the window.

DESTRUCTION IS APPALLING

People of Galveston Wore Caught Like Rats.

THE ENTIRE CITY IN RUINS

Dead Will Number Fully 1,000—Nearly All the Soldiers at the Fort Were Impressed—A Night of Awful Agony.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 12.—The first report of the appalling disaster which has befallen the city of Galveston do not seem to have been magnified. Communication was had with the city by boats and reports tonight indicate that the deaths will exceed 600, while the property loss cannot be estimated, although it will reach several million dollars.

The whole of the city has already been swept by a partial or complete inundation, and who perished in the water will never be known.

The many "stragglers" near San Antonio report is current that more than 100 United States soldiers lost their lives in Galveston. The report, however, lacks confirmation.

Today a mass meeting was held, and liberal contributions were made for the immediate relief of the destitute, and for the relief of the families of the McKimley, for aid. This appeal was met by a prompt response from the president, who stated that 10,000 tents and 50,000 rations had been ordered to Galveston. Governor Sayers also addressed an appeal to each municipality in the state, asking for prompt assistance in caring for the sufferers.

Telegrams of inquiry and help have been pouring in throughout the day and night from every state in the Union, and in almost every instance substantial relief has been offered.

The stricken city is in imminent danger of water, for reports from the public works department show a decrease of more than \$5,000,000. There were required \$5,000,000 less to support the navy this year than last and expenditures on account of Galveston were nearly \$2,000,000 to \$3,250,000 less than 1899.

The only two items of increase in the public expenses of 1900 over 1899 are for pensions and interest on the public debt. For 1899 we expended for pensions \$139,394,929 and for the fiscal year 1900 our payments on this account amounted to \$140,877,316.

Regarding the Philippines.

Regarding the Philippines the president says "civil rule gradually makes military rule unnecessary."

He says that "no alliance of any kind was entered into with Aguinaldo, nor was any promise of independence made to him at any time."

The president says we must not withdraw from the Philippines, must let China alone except as necessary to protect our citizens and their property.

AN APPEAL FOR HELP.

Suffering Galveston in Need of Assistance—Offer From Many Cities.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 12.—Governor Sayers is in receipt of the following telegram, coming from a prominent Galveston citizen, who made his way from Galveston to Houston over the submarine cable:

"I have been deputized by the mayor and citizens' committee of Galveston to inform you that the city of Galveston is in ruins, and certainly many hundreds if not a thousand people are dead. I am terribly sorry for the most frightful calamity in the history of the world. It is given by the state and nation or the suffering will be appalling. Food, clothing and money will be needed over the whole south side of the city, for three blocks in from the gulf is swept clear of everything. The whole of the city is a wreck, and but few houses in the city are habitable. The water supply is cut off, and the food stock damaged by salt water. All bridges are washed away and stranded steamers litter the bay. When I left this morning the search for bodies had begun. The corpses are everywhere. The tempest blew 85 miles an hour, and the government instruments were carried away. At the same time the waters of the gulf were over the whole city, having risen 12 feet. The water has now subsided, and survivors are left helpless among the wreckage, cut off from the world except by boat."

Says Will Receive Contributions.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 12.—Governor Sayers has issued a proclamation to the mayors of all cities, stating that he will receive and forward all contributions, clothing, etc., that may be sent for the relief of storm-swept Galveston and other southeastern Texas cities.

Resisted to Death.

Corvallis, Ore., Sept. 13.—James McLane, aged 55, was roasted at a pun-drier on the farm of Samuel McLane, near Philomath, yesterday. He was alone at the drier, which he was attending. Smoke from the drier brought his brother to the scene, when the victim was found lying in the month of the furnace, in which there was a very hot fire. He was lying on his back, and was dead. The flesh on his neck, shoulders, right breast and right side, as far as the spine, and as low as the hip, was literally cooked. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death, with indications that the cause might have been an epileptic fit.

Dispatch to the Chicago Chronicle

from Hermosillo, Mexico, says: Nine of the dozen members of the Wells expedition, which left Guaymas last June to explore Tortuga Island, in the Gulf of California, have been slain by cannibals on the island. Three men who escaped did so only after a fierce fight to reach one of their boats.

Patience in its highest sense is spiritual endurance. It means the readiness to wait God's time without doubting God's truth.

M'KINLEY ACCEPTS.

Discusses the Issues of the Present Campaign.

Washington, Sept. 10.—President McKinley's letter of acceptance covers fully the following subjects:

Approves platform adopted by the Philadelphia convention.

Asserts confidence in gold standard and its value to the country.

Expresses fear of danger to the country from silver agitation at 16 to 17 cent