

An Advertisement

Which brings returns to prove that it is in the right place. The WEST SIDE brings as well.

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NO. 920.

The Best Newspaper

Is the one that gives the most and freshest news. Compare the WEST SIDE with any paper in Polk county.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected From the Telegraph Columns.

American athletes were successful at the Paris tournament.

An all day fight between the Boers and British at Platkop resulted indecisively.

The Russian minister at Pekin is said to have been killed to death by boxers.

Nine houses were entirely consumed and many others damaged by fire at Danmar, Cal.

A German paper says the seizure of Kiao Choo has caused the present trouble with China.

Fire at Durant, I. T., wiped out the greater portion of the town, causing a loss of \$100,000.

All foreigners have been removed from the town of Wa Choo, China, and are safe at Shanghai.

United States Senator John H. Gear, of Iowa, died at Washington City of heart disease, aged 75 years.

A large part of the business district of Prescott, Arizona, were burned, causing a loss of \$1,000,000.

The steamer City of Topaka arrived at Seattle from Lynn canal in gold dust worth \$750,000 and \$1,000,000 in gold dust from Klondike.

Twenty square miles of forests were burned by a fire started by a freckler near Grub Gulch, Cal. The loss will be hundreds of thousands.

General rain has fallen over nearly all India during the past few days and the prospects are that crops have immensely improved. The famine area has generally been benefited.

Night-hour shifts for all underground men in the United Verde mine and an increase of 15 per cent in wages for miners in certain portions of the mine were announced at Jerome, Ariz.

Advices were received from Spitzer that a trial was being held at the Solomon group. There has been a fierce battle between the Maria (Boys) and Malata tribes. The losses on each side were heavy.

Dynamite exploded under a Transit car in North St. Louis, and four passengers were injured. A suburban car, the only one in the city, accidentally ran into a strikers' bus wagon and injured 12 occupants, two seriously.

Rich gold strikes have been made on the Koyukuk, some claims staked out yielding \$4 to the pan.

Robbers held up an Illinois Central train near Paducah, Ky., blew up the express car and secured \$100,000.

The express dowager has ordered the apprehension of the boxers and the protection of the legations at Pekin.

A Pullman car was turned upside down near Redding, Cal., the nine occupants were all more or less injured, but none fatally.

Thirty-six bodies, horribly disfigured, have been recovered from the hull of the steamship Sasia, recently burned at Hoboken, N. J.

County Commissioner Campbell, of Spokane county, Wash., was killed by an O. R. & N. passenger train near Latah, Idaho. He was crossing the track in a buggy.

A flood of gold is pouring in from Alaska. The receipts of the government assay office at Seattle in the fiscal year were \$13,500,326. This month's receipts may exceed \$6,000,000.

The Chinese government is sorry for the recent outbreaks, but holds the powers blameable. The express dowager says the attacks on Tien Tsin were the result of the bombardment of Tien Tsin.

Savages of the Caroline islands attacked a shipwrecked British crew, seriously wounding two of the British, and were only driven off when an American cattle dealer came to the rescue of the British.

On the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, a deliberate attempt to wreck the Washington express, bearing \$3,000,000 in gold to the treasury in New York, came very near being successful at Folom, a short distance outside of Philadelphia.

The general freight agents of leading Western roads have formed an arrangement for the pooling of business. Joint agencies are to be established at Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul, A. S. P., and Chicago. The pooling will be in charge of the traffic at each of these cities.

Colombian revolutionists, under General Juan B. Gonzalez and Simon Chaux, have captured the city of Popayan, a capital of the department of Cauca. On the march to Popayan the revolutionists took all the cities near the Ecuadorian frontier, including the Pástor Tunicos.

Chinch bugs are doing great damage to Kansas crops.

American trade with China is chiefly in the region where the disturbance is greatest.

A steam automobile was built in England in 1834. It was regarded as a curiosity.

An Oklahoma woman wants a divorce because her husband had killed 27 men. After the 26th she drew the line.

A music typewriter has been patented by a Worcester, Mass., man.

The porch at Wichita, Kan., has been abolished by the county commissioners, there being no more paupers in the county.

James H. Eckles says business conditions are better than admitted, farmers are prosperous, and trade will continue good.

Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., the new rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, New Haven, Conn., is the richest clergyman in America, counting \$30,000 above his expenses.

LATER NEWS.

Llano, Tex., was demolished by a cyclone.

St. Louis Transit Company refuse to arbitrate with the strikers.

Chicago Chinese, having just learned of the trouble in China, are greatly excited.

Twenty persons were prosecuted by heat at New York. Temperature 100 degrees.

Foreign warships have their guns trained on the Foo, in anticipation of an outbreak.

Fleet of the revolutionists has been captured by government forces in Colombian rebellion.

The big steel plant of the Federal Steel Company, at Lorain, Pa., has been closed down, throwing 4,000 men out of work.

Two transports, with 1,200 officers and men, sailed from Manila for Taku. The hospital ship Relief has also been sent to Taku.

Mr. Elizabeth C. Tolman, wife of General J. C. Tolman, and a pioneer of 1849, died at her home in Ashland, Or., aged 71 years.

At New York city, Terry McGovern, feather weight champion of the world, defeated in three rounds, Frank Erne, light weight champion of the world.

Sealing claims are to be arbitrated. Russia, United States and England have finally agreed on a method of disposing of long pending Behring sea trouble.

In Bombay, India, for the week ending July 7, there were 9,928 cases of cholera in the district, of which 6,471 were fatal, and in the native states 9,336 cases, of which 5,892 were fatal.

Joe Barton, a wealthy sheepman of Westfall, Malheur county, Or., was accidentally killed while stacking hay on his ranch, being struck by a derrick fork, one prong of which pierced his neck.

Pearis, 60 miles southwest of Dallas, Texas, was swept by a cyclone, killing three persons. Two churches, several dwelling houses and an immense amount of farm property was destroyed.

The first suit for damages growing out of the Fourth of July street car accident at Tacoma, in which 43 lives were lost, has been filed by Harry Gail, for the death of his son Harry, for \$5,000. Many other suits are expected.

Five Chinese regiments have been ordered from Pekin to Ching Han Fo, on the Grand canal, the objective point of the southern extension of the Boxer movement. Shanghai and Chefoo are threatened, and an attack on New Chang is imminent.

Ten thousand Boers are massing near Pretoria.

Demand for harvest hands in Eastern Oregon is enormous.

More soldiers are needed for garrison duty in the Philippines.

Chinese reformers are using every endeavor to save the foreigners.

A mountain of gold bearing quartz is said to have been found in the Blue river district.

A daughter of Theodore Havemeyer, the sugar king, shot and accidentally killed herself.

Manila is now the counterfeiters' paradise. Big snip in making American dollars out of Mexican dollars.

Andy Smith, 70 years old, was struck with paralysis at Kalama, Wash., and when found had been four days without food or water.

Heavy rain storms are raging in Northern Wisconsin. All railroads are closed and a number losing both their business places and their residences. An army of carpenters have been busy all day putting up temporary structures, many of which have been completed and will open for business tomorrow.

Of the three printing offices in town all that was saved was about 30 cases of type by the Courier. The destruction of the others was complete. J. C. Martin, proprietor of the Journal-Miner, saved only his books. Included in his loss was a Mergenthaler Linotype, installed in the office only a few days ago. The two papers have already begun arrangements for continuing publication, although but little insurance was carried by either. Most of the heaviest losses will rebuild at once.

The origin of the fire was unknown until this evening, when it was learned that a man rooming over the hotel was lying in bed reading a paper on the wall caught fire. He ran out to give the alarm, and before others reached the place the fire was beyond control.

More Hains in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., July 17.—Northern Texas has been deluged by rains for more than 12 hours, and the indications are that the storm has only begun. The downpour at Dallas was terrific. Streams are swollen and trains are delayed because of washouts.

Youngstown, O., July 14.—The severe storm last night caused a sudden rise in Mill creek, sweeping away a bridge and washing out railroad tracks, causing damage amounting to \$50,000.

\$100,000 Fruit Fire in California.

Newcastle, Cal., July 17.—Fire today destroyed all the fruit houses and leading business houses of the town. The loss will exceed \$100,000. Over 100,000 boxes of fruit were burned. The Southern Pacific Company was the heaviest loser. Their loss in fruit and rolling stock is estimated at \$35,000.

Some women amount to nothing outside of their foreheads.

All Foreigners Killed.

Shanghai, July 17.—An official telegram was received tonight from the governor of Shan Tsin stating that a breach was made in the wall of the British legation at Pekin after a gallant defense, and when all the ammunition had given out. All foreigners were killed.

Tornado Struck Llano, Tex.

Austin, Tex., July 17.—A tornado struck Llano, a town of 2,000 inhabitants, demolishing the depot and several houses. Many persons received injuries.

A MILLION DOLLAR FIRE

Entire Business District of Prescott, Ariz., Burned.

FEW BUSINESS HOUSES LEFT

Many Who Were Comfortably Fixed Now Face—Territory's Official Census Statistician Had a Close Call.

Prescott, Ariz., July 17.—A scene of great desolation and a feeling of deep gloom pervades this town today. All that remains of the principal business portion of the town is tottering walls and piles of charred and burning debris.

The fire, which started at 10:40 o'clock last night, was not under control until 3 o'clock this morning, when the flames had reached a considerable distance in advance of the flames and blew up the buildings on the south side of Goodwin street, preventing the fire from crossing that street. The most conservative estimates of the total losses are from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000.

The burned district embraces five blocks, in which were located the principal mercantile houses, both banks, both telegraph offices, the three news papers, coffee, four hotels, and every saloon or restaurant except one in the town, besides scores of private residences. To add to the prevailing gloom, a high wind has prevailed all day, sending smoke, dust and burning embers in every direction, requiring the greatest vigilance to prevent any other calamity of the flames. Owing to the chaotic condition existing today, it is impossible to obtain an accurate account of the loss or individual insurance. From interviews with insurance agents, the total insurance does not exceed \$350,000.

At daylight this morning teams were at work hauling lumber to the public places, and this evening it is covered with tents and temporary frame buildings. The occupants will be ready for business tomorrow. Both banks have secured temporary quarters and will open tomorrow. The telegraph office will open for business tomorrow in their warehouse, two blocks from the plaza.

Hon. W. A. Clark, of the United Verde Copper Company, who was visiting the works at Jerome, wired a draft for \$500. All the sufferers from the fire are provided with food, shelter and clothing, and it is not thought any outside assistance will be required.

The only business houses remaining in the town are Goldwater Bros., A. Blumberg and Mrs. R. B. Blaine, dry goods; Joseph Dougherty, T. W. Ois and J. I. Gardner, grocers, and W. W. Ross and W. P. Cowland, drug stores, both west of the fire limits, but the latter had a close call. All the mail and effects were ready to move at a moment's notice.

The office of the superior of census for the territory was located in the Prescott National Bank building, and contained all the official statistics of the census of the territory, but they were removed to a place of safety.

The Western Union opened its office this morning in a grocery store, and the Postal has opened an office at the railroad depot.

The electric light poles and wires were in the burned district, and the town will be in darkness until they can be replaced. The company also owns the telephone system, and loses more than half its instruments.

Many citizens who yesterday were comfortably fixed as they are today homeless and penniless, a number losing both their business places and their residences. An army of carpenters have been busy all day putting up temporary structures, many of which have been completed and will open for business tomorrow.

Of the three printing offices in town all that was saved was about 30 cases of type by the Courier. The destruction of the others was complete. J. C. Martin, proprietor of the Journal-Miner, saved only his books. Included in his loss was a Mergenthaler Linotype, installed in the office only a few days ago. The two papers have already begun arrangements for continuing publication, although but little insurance was carried by either. Most of the heaviest losses will rebuild at once.

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MORE MEN ARE NEEDED.

The Demand From All Parts of the Philippine Islands.

Manila, July 18.—"More soldiers" is the demand which is coming to General MacArthur from every department of the islands. Recent events have worked to vindicate General Lawton's judgment that 100,000 troops would be needed to establish American sovereignty in the Philippines. Until they attempted to hold provinces of 200,000 or 300,000 hostile people with a regiment or two, the American commanders hardly realized the size of the Philippine islands. The present force is not large enough to garrison more than half the important towns, and in some of the most important islands, among them Cebu, Panay, Samar and Leyte and the great Mohammedan empire of Mindanao, only the commercial parts are occupied.

The Moros are a cloud on the horizon. The officers here are not without their doubts as to the expediency of the present situation. It is feared that the Moros are scattered in small parties, some of them hundreds of men, and that they are being trained in the use of arms as large as London, may have serious work. The Moros are fighters by nature, do not fear death, have many guns, though of antiquated make, but do the best execution by lying in the thick jungles and cutting down soldiers as they march through their terrible trails and spears.

GREAT WAR HAS OPENED.

Will Kill Only With Breaking and Parting of Chinese Empire.

New York, July 18.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: A great war has opened in China, and it is followed by outside opinion that it will continue indefinitely until the government now in power is overthrown and the empire broken up into a series of European and Japanese provinces and protectorates. The reason for this is that the Chinese government is unable to hold the provinces, and the foreigners are all the provinces. They are compelled to hold where they are and to hold their ground by hard fighting, and a campaign begun with no other motive power than that of securing vengeance and reparation for the massacre of the legations will involve sacrifices and expenditures for which territorial concessions are indispensable.

This is not the American view, but the Russian, Japanese, German, Italian and French, who already have their eyes fixed upon future provinces and conquests, and the English will find an India in Central Asia.

A Crisis of Despair.

Baltimore, July 17.—A lawyer and lobbyist, Louis Fisen, a shoemaker, today to kill himself, his wife and 13-month-old child with a razor and to wound his 13-year-old son. The tragedy occurred in East Lexington street. The corpse of Fisen was found lying in the middle of the floor with the head almost severed from the body. The body of Mrs. Fisen lay across a mattress in the corner of the room, her throat cut from ear to ear, and the infant's body was in a baby carriage behind the counter. A most pitiable and distressing sight was the little boy, Harry, standing near the body of his dead mother, with his hands clasped in his throat. The boy was sent to a hospital, where the physicians hope to save his life.

From Manila to China.

Manila, July 18.—Two battalions of the Fourteenth infantry and Daggett's battery of the Fifth artillery, will leave for China tomorrow by the transports Indiana, Filinsire and Wyedell. The expedition, which will join the Ninth infantry, will carry 500 rounds of ammunition, 100,000 rounds of small arms, together with medical supplies, stores and clothing for 500 men for three months. It will take also seven inch mortars and two six inch howitzers, with ammunition. The hospital ship Relief is going to China.

Assault on Kansas City Chinaman.

Kansas City, Mo., July 18.—Injured, one fatally, by falling walls in a fire caused by lightning tonight at Michigan street and Dearborn avenue. Fireman Robert Meany will die. The total damage amounts to nearly \$200,000. Hour P. Yehemeyer & Co., proprietors of the iron cur factory, estimates their loss at \$150,000, and J. Dreyfus & Co., furriers, at \$30,000.

Attempt to Wreck Fast Train.

Junction City, Kan., July 17.—An attempt was made to wreck and probably to rob the Union Pacific "Flyer" about four miles this side of Manhattan this evening. The switch was turned but the engineer succeeded in stopping the train before it had gone but a short distance in the siding. A high speed dynamite and a bottle, supposed to contain nitroglycerine, were found hidden under a pile of oil ties.

Cloudburst in Texas.

Coleman, Tex., July 18.—Fifteen lives are known to have been lost in a cloudburst here today. Ten bodies have been recovered, but only two were identified. It is feared that many more lives were lost in the valley below Coleman. The cloudburst, which followed three days' unprecedented rainfall, caused Ford's creek to burst its banks and rush through Coleman, a village of less than 1,000 inhabitants.

The War in Colombia.

Washington, July 18.—Dr. Louis Curvo-Marques, chargé d'affaires of the Colombian legation, today received a cablegram from the Colombian consul at Caracas, informing him that ships of the revolutionists had been captured by the Colombian government. In the opinion of Dr. Curvo-Marques, this reverse destroys the last hope of the revolutionary party.

New York Prostrations.

New York, July 18.—About 20 persons were prostrated by heat, which today registered 100 deg. in the sun.

REPORT OF ADMIRAL REMEY

News of Repulse of Allies Confirmed.

AMERICANS LOST OVER THIRTY

Three Thousand Friendly Chinese Opposed. One Hundred Killed by Prince Tuan—Minister Wu's Situation.

Washington, July 18.—The navy department this morning received official confirmation from Admiral Remey of the repulse of the allied forces of Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. The dispatch is dated Chefoo, July 16, and says:

Reported that the allied forces attacked the native city the morning of the 13th. Remey on the night, with 500 Chinese and 100 British troops. The loss of the allied forces is: Spanish, 100, including artillery; American, over 30; British, over 40; Japanese, 25, including colonel; French, 25.

Colonel Lecornu, Ninth infantry, killed; also Captain Davis, marine corps; Captain Lemley, Lieutenant Butler and Leonard wounded.

"At 7 in the evening an allied attack on the native city was repulsed, with great loss. Returns yet incomplete; details not yet confirmed."

"BRIMEY." Consul-General Goodnow called to the state department from Shanghai under today's date that there is nothing more to report since his cablegram of the 13th inst. The dispatch reported the attack on the legations at Pekin as about to begin. Mr. Goodnow's statement is in direct contradiction of the Shanghai story that all foreign consuls were informed Saturday by Sheng that the legations had fallen and the ministers were killed.

Without exception today the foreign representatives in Washington accepted as practically certain that the foreign legations and ministers at Pekin had been wiped out. The opinion is based on the accumulating official data that the slaughter occurred about July 6 or 7. Even among the high Chinese officials hope has been given up, but they maintain that there is no official information, and that they are as much in the dark as others.

The situation as a telling effect on the Chinese minister, who is under a nervous tension and agitation more severe than that of the American officials. He is seeking to show in the present acute crisis that no matter how bad the news is in China, he is not a man to be taken for granted by the American people and government, for he has taken great pride in the kindly personal relations between him and the people here. Minister Wu declares unreservedly of belief the cable report that Sheng, director of telegraphs and post at Shanghai, knew the killing of the legations at the time he made a special suggestion that foreigners be evacuated out of Pekin if the allied forces would not advance. As a matter of fact, Minister Wu states that the Chinese officials have no other means of learning the truth of affairs in Pekin, and that the foreigners, as all the means of communication are suspended. But he points out that Sheng could not have known of the death of the foreigners, else he would not have made a proposal that the foreigners be evacuated out of the city. This latter statement is considered preposterous by Mr. Wu, who Sheng considered the foreigners alive.

Business Interrupted by Strife.

St. Louis, July 18.—The St. Louis Transit Company today advised the city of its office its returns of trips for the quarter ending in the city up to last, as required by law. These reports are particularly interesting as showing the decrease in the company's business, caused by the strike. During the first three months of this year, before the strike, the company's business amounted to \$2,708,585 passengers, its cars making 1,367,525 trips in so doing. According to its returns for the three months ending June 30, its cars made only 447,049 trips and carried 13,733,021 passengers.

Hurt by Falling Walls.

Chicago, July 18.—Nine persons were injured, one fatally, by falling walls in a fire caused by lightning tonight at Michigan street and Dearborn avenue. Fireman Robert Meany will die. The total damage amounts to nearly \$200,000. Hour P. Yehemeyer & Co., proprietors of the iron cur factory, estimates their loss at \$150,000, and J. Dreyfus & Co., furriers, at \$30,000.

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LIGHT FROM PEKIN.

Administration Arranges to Get Word Through.

Washington, July 19.—A decidedly more hopeful feeling with regard to the Chinese situation is apparent in all Chinese situation circles this evening. The tide of sentiment, which had been markedly pessimistic, turned with the announcement of the victory of the allies at Tien Tsin, and the capture of the forts and native city, and gathered further strength from Minister Wu's cablegram declaring that the foreign ministers at Pekin were safe July 9. Aside from these dispatches, the arrival of the president and the special cabinet meeting called to consider the situation were the features of the day. The cabinet met at 2:30 this afternoon, and less than an hour after the president returned to the White House. Over 100 newspaper men thronged the corridors while the cabinet was sitting behind closed doors. The scene resembled the hottest days of the Spanish war. There were great crowds of people, and the atmosphere was one of intense excitement. At the conclusion of the session, which lasted two and a half hours, Secretary Root gave out the following formal statement of the action of the cabinet:

"The president has determined that the facts known to us do not require or justify a declaration of extra session of congress. Should future developments indicate it is unable to do what is required when the means now at his command, and the action of congress is necessary to furnish either men or money or authority, he will not hesitate to call it together."

The opinion that an extra session of congress was not demanded by existing conditions was the outcome of the showing which both Secretary Root and Secretary Long made to the press before the cabinet was held in the White House. Secretary Root was the first to be asked for his opinion, and he declared that he was not in favor of an extra session of congress. Secretary Long followed, and he also declared that he was not in favor of an extra session of congress. The cabinet then adjourned at 5:30 p. m.

Plenty of Russians.

London, July 19.—The news of the Manchuria disturbances is not regarded as justifying the serious view attributed by the Daily Mail's advice. Amur is a boundary territory between Eastern Siberia and Manchuria. The district has been the scene of local disturbances for a long time, owing to provocative conduct of the Cosaks toward the 25,000 Chinese employed in the construction of the Russo-Manchurian railway.

Several collisions have occurred between the Cosaks and the Chinese troops. One happened several weeks ago, when two Russian officers and 16 men were killed. The extension of the Boxer movement to Manchuria is widely feared, compelling the Russians to withdraw their troops. The Chinese tried to stop the Russian steamer Michael, carrying ammunition, and the steamer belongs, with the Russian frontier commission on board, for passing on the Amur at Igou. They fired on the steamer, wounding an officer and a few men, but the steamer reached Blagoveshensk. The Chinese tried to stop the Russian steamer Michael, carrying ammunition, and the steamer belongs, with the Russian frontier commission on board, for passing on the Amur at Igou. They fired on the steamer, wounding an officer and a few men, but the steamer reached Blagoveshensk. The Chinese tried to stop the Russian steamer Michael, carrying ammunition, and the steamer belongs, with the Russian frontier commission on board, for passing on the Amur at Igou. They fired on the steamer, wounding an officer and a few men, but the steamer reached Blagoveshensk.

The Chinese, according to the Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent, have thrown up fortifications and placed 40 guns at a point 18 miles from Arigton, to dispute the passage of the Russian a sort of ultimatum to quiet Manchuria.

The Amur military district