

Which brings returns is proof that it is in the right place. The WEST SIDE brings a war.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected from the Telegraph Columns.

Many prostrations from heat in New York city.

Two more British warships have been ordered to China.

A Franco-American alliance is proposed by an enthusiastic Frenchman.

Fire in the business section of Pittsburgh caused the death of four persons and injury to six others.

Fire in the Cramp's shipbuilding yard near Philadelphia destroyed property to the value of \$200,000.

Nine deaths in one day in Chicago from extreme heat. The record for that week is 37 deaths and 60 prostrations.

The total number of bodies recovered from the recent Hoboken fire now number 143, and 140 persons are reported missing.

A cyclone, accompanied by a cloud burst and hail storm, swept over Kalamazoo, Mich., resulting in damage to property of \$100,000.

On June 17, the Chicago & North-western railway opened for traffic their new line from Belle Plaine, Ill., to Mason City, also their new Fox Lake branch. The length of this new line is 195 miles, which added to their mileage gives them a total of 8,462.5 miles, the largest mileage of any railway in the world.

The dock laborers' strike at Rotterdam, Germany, is assuming threatening proportions. The custom house is now joined in the strike, and the police and marines are guarding the streets in order to check disturbances. The strikers have picketed all the approaches to the town, so as to prevent non-unionists from entering. The laborers of Rotterdam will hold a mass meeting to discuss the best means of aiding the strikers.

The orders recently issued for the removal of a large number of troops from Cuba have been gladly welcomed by the Cubans, and General Wood is in receipt of many letters from various municipalities offering thanks for what they call his disposition to trust the Cubans, and declaring that the entire island is in a state of absolute tranquillity. The Tenth infantry, it is believed, will leave the island shortly after the departure of the regiment now under orders to proceed home.

President Kruger is reported to have moved to Natal.

Eight deaths from extreme heat are reported from Chicago.

In a wild plunge of a street-car into a gulch at Tacoma, 36 people were killed and 60 injured.

Elizabeth Chapman, a Salem pioneer of 1848, died at that city in her 81st year, of a complication of diseases.

An explosion of fireworks in Philadelphia caused the death of four children and the fatal injury of three others.

By the explosion of an oil tank in Parkersburg, W. Va., six men were blown to atoms and three others fatally injured.

Three men were killed; one wounded in a wreck on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western road at Durkin's Cut, near Henryville, Pa.

Southern provinces of China are drifting away from the empire. Li Hung Chang and the friendly viceroys are engineering the movement.

The foreigners in Pekin will be left to their fate. The allies cannot rescue them on account of the overwhelming force of Chinese that oppose them.

The United States battleship Oregon, which ran ashore off the island of How Ke, in the Mitan group, 35 miles northeast of Chefoo, on June 25, has been floated.

The steamer Dirigo arrived at Seattle from Skagway, bringing 10 boxes of gold dust, valued at nearly \$800,000. The Dirigo carried 72 passengers, mostly from Dawson.

Rear-Admiral Bess, now commander of the Norfolk navy yard, has been selected to succeed Rear-Admiral Philip, deceased, as commander of the New York navy yard.

Charles W. Dickinson, inventor of the geometry C lathe, which made a successful counterfeiting of bank notes impossible, is dead at his home in Belleville, N. J., aged 77 years.

June 30 the grand staff of the Russian army estimated the Chinese army to number 1,720,000 men. He also said that about 900,000 Mausers have been imported within the last three years.

A dispatch from Bombay says that in all except three districts cholera is raging in Bombay presidency, the cases reported for the week ending June 26 numbering 20,659, and the deaths, 12,333.

During the last 15 years the population of Germany has increased 14 per cent, but the number of doctors in the German empire has increased no less than 56 per cent. If this ratio is kept up, any statistician can foresee the time when every German will be a doctor, and the whole German population, having no patients on whom to practice, will have to migrate to Belts where physicians are a shade less common.

Rear-Admiral Louis Kempff, who landed the United States marines at Peking, graduated from the naval academy in 1861, and went immediately to the steam frigate Wabash, assisting in the blockade of the South Atlantic coast. It was decided in December, 1899, to make him the commander of the naval station in Guam, but before he left the most urgent work was found for him in the Orient, and now he is the commanding naval officer at Peking.

Always make it a point to tell every secret told you, and your friends will finally stop bothering you by telling you any.

LATER NEWS.

Rossers have retired from Senegal. British stormed and took the town of Beilhem, Dewet retreating.

The express dowager again holds the reins of government in China.

Three men were killed by the explosion of a boiler at an oil works in Astoria, Oregon.

The total casualties of the British, as a result of the Boer war, up to date are 48,188 officers and men.

St. Louis street car strikers again have their buses running in opposition to the Transit Company.

The French ship L'Acquaine has sailed from Toulon with 850 infantry and artillery for China.

New York tailors are again planning a big strike. Contractors are violating agreements made several years ago.

Dr. Charles F. McDonald, the organizer of our postal money order system, died at Hamilton, Ontario, aged 71 years.

Southern negroes may go to Hawaii. Plantation owners of the island will make them good offers with a view to disposing of the troublesome Jap laborers.

A plot to assassinate President McKinley has been frustrated. It was concocted by a group of Spanish and Cuban conspirators who had headquarters in New York.

George A. Morse, an aged and absolutely helpless patient in the Agnew's insane asylum, at San Jose, Cal., was slowly boiled to death in a bath in the men's ward of that institution. He was placed in a bath tub, and after the boiler was turned on the attendant left the room for a towel, forgot his patient, and did not return until the imbecile was fearfully burned.

A serious fire is raging on Bull Mountain, Railroad creek and Pompey's Pillar, on the north side of the Yellowstone river, Montana. It is extending east to the Mussel Shell river, and is sweeping the range like tinder, as everything is dry. A late report says that 20 head of horses belonging to Ramsey, of Billings, were burned. Vast flocks of sheep are in great danger.

In Chicago, the presentation of a petition signed by 21,000 people, asking the passage of an ordinance granting the right to operate overhead trolley cars on North Side thoroughfares and the extension of the present lines to a projected exhibition building on the lake front, gave the members of the city council an opportunity for horse play. For five minutes the petition, composed of five rolls of paper, each over 100 feet long, were thrown, baited and kicked around the council chamber and then torn to bits and used as badges with which the playful aldermen blindfolded each other.

Tien Tsin is hard pressed by 80,000 Chinese.

Cubans are pleased at the withdrawal of American troops.

St. Louis street car employees have renewed their strike.

Chinese imperial troops are defending the foreigners in Pekin.

Chinese do not want religion and no amount of war can make them accept it.

Battleship Oregon will not be sent to Taku again unless absolutely necessary.

It is said America is to have 11,000 men in the force of 100,000 to be used in China.

The steamer Rosalie arrived at Seattle from Lynn canal, with \$600,000 in Klondike gold.

American trade will be injured if the powers decide to make war on the Chinese empire.

The Oregon must remain in dry dock 90 days. She has arrived at Chefoo and will go to Japan at once.

Li Hung Chang is again urging the powers to intervene and establish a strong government in the Chinese empire.

George Horlick, is held at North Yakima on a charge of killing a squaw on his reservation. He claims self-defense.

Rumor is current that the Chicago & Alton, Kansas City Southern and Union Pacific railways will be amalgamated.

Dr. Henry D. Cogswell, a well-known philanthropist and prohibitionist, is dead at San Francisco, aged 80 years.

Commissioner of Patents Duell is said to be out for the nomination for governor of New York on the Republican ticket.

Japanese laborers in Hawaii are discontented. Plantation managers had conceded everything asked for and still they are not satisfied.

The converter and billet mill of the Illinois Steel Company at Joliet, Ill., resumed operations and nearly 1,000 men were put to work.

Russian, French and German admirals at Tien Tsin are said to have expressed themselves as unfavorable to Japan's being given a free hand.

Roy O. Gage, of Company C, Third regiment, O. N. G., in their annual report at Salem, was drowned in the Willamette river while bathing.

Robert Fitzsimmons will meet both Sharkey and Rubin next month.

Gold hunters in Russia are governed by arbitrary laws, one of which compels them to turn over all gold they may find to the imperial treasury, which pays the miner at a standard rate. This law may seem tyrannical, but it has one inestimable advantage—no gold digger in Russia can tell extraordinary romances about the richness of his claim when the official figures are there to stop him.

Two paintings, valued at \$3,000, were delivered to the Adams Express Company in Boston for transportation. They were lost and their owner brought suit to recover \$3,000. The supreme judicial court of Massachusetts sustains a verdict for the defendant on the ground that there was a clause in the receipt limiting the liability to \$50 and that the receipt bore the stamp: "Value asked and not given."

It is one indication that people are getting into it when they advocate that all young people should "be taken down a peg."

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Bryan Unanimously Nominated for President.

ON FREE COINAGE PLATFORM

Webster Davis Severely Arraigned the Republican Party for Lack of Sympathy for the Boer.

Kansas City, July 6.—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, was tonight unanimously placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for president of the United States, on a platform opposing imperialism, militarism and trusts, and specifically declaring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The nomination came as the culmination of a frenzied demonstration in honor of the party leader, lasting 27 minutes, and giving utterance to all the pent-up emotions of the vast multitude. It followed also a fierce struggle throughout the last 36 hours concerning the platform declaration on silver and on the relative position which the silver question is to maintain to the other great issues of the day.

It was late this afternoon when the convention was at last face to face with the presidential nomination. Early in the day there had been tedious delays, due to the inability of the platform committee to reconcile their differences.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Street Railwaymen's Union held Monday, a batch of affidavits was presented to the effect that men had been employed by the company since July 2 in violation of the terms of the agreement of that date. At a session lasting several hours, the committee called a mass meeting of the men for this morning to recommence at that meeting that the strike be declared on again. The Central Trades and Labor Union met later and endorsed the action of the executive committee.

The company, through President Whitaker, addressed a letter to the men, denying that the company had intentionally violated the agreement of July 2, and declaring its intention to live up to every condition of the agreement, both in letter and spirit. Fred W. Lehman, attorney for the company, appeared at the meeting and offered to submit the question as to whether the company has broken faith to Joseph W. Folk, counsel for the men, and bound the company to abide by Mr. Folk's judgment in the premises. The proposition was ignored, and by a unanimous vote the strike was renewed.

Member of the executive committee today said that this was the second time the company had broken faith with its employees, and no agreement would be accepted in the future that did not provide for the reinstatement of all old employees in 24 hours after the execution of the agreement.

"There will be no lawlessness or wantonly violence this time," he continued. "By means of a vigorous enforcement of the boycott we have absolutely to destroy the earning capacity of the company."

The whole trouble seems to hang upon a few of the men violating the agreement, while the company, on the other hand, emphatically denies that it is the case. The men claimed yesterday that a verbal agreement was entered into concurrently with the written agreement and under the agreement the company had agreed to re-employ all the men in 90 days, unless the state could determine the priority of re-employment. It was claimed that the Rev. Dr. W. J. Boise instructed the men that such an agreement existed. The officers of the company declare that there was no such agreement made by them, and the only agreement made by them was the written agreement, which was published at the time.

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DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Imperialism Announced as the Paramount Issue.

Kansas City, July 6.—Following is the official text of the platform as agreed upon by the committee on resolutions and presented to the convention:

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the United States, assembled in national convention on the anniversary of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, do hereby reaffirm our faith in the principles of 1776, and our allegiance to the constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the republic.

We hold with the United States supreme court that the Declaration of Independence is the basis of our government and that the constitution is the form and letter. We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is illegitimate; and that no government has the right to impose upon any people a government of force to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of the republic.

Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Puerto Rican law enacted by a Republican congress, against the protest and opposition of the Democratic majority, as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the national good faith.

We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the present administration. It has embroiled the republic in an unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of our noblest sons and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom, in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government.

We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions.

We pledge the Democratic party to an unceasing warfare in peace, state and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce, and a bimetallic price level, and as part of such system the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

We favor an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct legislation wherever practicable.

We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employees.

We favor the immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaragua canal by the United States.

We favor an intelligent system of improving the aid lands of the West, storing the waters for purposes of irrigation and the holding of such lands for actual settlers.

We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese exclusion laws, and its application to the same class of all Asiatic races.

Speaking as we believe, for the entire American nation, except its Republican office holders, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathies to the heroic Boers in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.

Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional republic is at stake, and that the declaration of independence rendered will determine whether or not our children will enjoy these blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing declaration of principles the hearty support of liberty-loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.

The Ticket Placed.

Kansas City, July 7.—The Democratic national ticket was completed today by the nomination of Adlai E. Stevenson for vice-president. The nomination was made on the first ballot, after state joining in the wild scramble to record their support of the winning candidate. It was not accompanied by any such frantic demonstration of approval as had marked the proceedings at previous stages.

Spildo, Would-be Assassin.

Brussels, July 9.—The assassin caught returned a verdict of guilty of attempt to kill the Prince of Wales against Jean Baptiste Spildo, who fired at the prince in this city, April 24. The court considered that Spildo acted in a moment of insanity, and sentenced him to a reformatory until he shall have attained his majority. Meert, Penchot, and Meire, the instigators of the attack upon the prince, were acquitted on the ground that they considered the plot a joke.

The Utah Construction Company, of Ogden, which was awarded the grading contract for the extension of the Sumpter valley line to Clifford, have begun operations. The company has about 80 teams and a large force of men at work, and in the next 10 days the contractors expect to place an additional force of 200 men and 100 teams along the grade.

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STRIKE HAS BEEN RENEWED

Street Car Men of St. Louis Go Out Again.

SAY COMPANY BROKE FAITH

The Boycott Will Be Resumed, But There Will Be No Lawlessness Nor Demonstrations of Violence.

St. Louis, July 11.—The strike against the St. Louis Transit Company by its former employees, which was declared July 2, was ordered recalled today at a meeting of the Street Railwaymen's Union, at the West End coliseum. Tomorrow morning at 6 o'clock was the time fixed for the recall of the boycott on all 17 company's lines.

When the strike was called July 2, the men were told that the company had agreed to meet on all 17 company's lines, and so it is the dissatisfaction of the men that has renewed the strike. The men maintain that the company has failed to keep the agreement and a dozen or more instances were cited tending to prove that there had been a breach of faith. Meetings were held at several places in the course of the week, and committees were appointed to procure proof of infidelity on the part of the company.

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MORE TROOPS FOR CHINA.

MacArthur Advises War Department That Will Send Troops to Taku.

Washington, July 12.—In reply to instructions of the secretary of war of July 7, General MacArthur cabled the adjutant-general the following, under date of July 9, 10:40 P. M.:

"Daggett's regiment (Fourteenth United States Infantry), Reilly's battery (Sixth artillery), will leave on the 15th for Taku on the transports Indiana, Flintshire and Wyndell. Taylor is in Samar, not available. For other infantry regiments for Chinese service I recommend the first one leaving Manila in Manila on the 15th, and the second one on the 20th, without drawing on Anderson, Bullard or Sargent, which is now impracticable.

"In addition to one month's subsistence supplies with the troops, I send with Daggett to establish a depot, three months' subsistence for 5,000 men, and 100 tons of supplies. Send three months' forage, 350 animals and partial supply of winter clothing for the Ninth infantry. Shall keep Indiana and Flintshire in Chinese waters for local service therein. Order all large transports home to expedite transfer troops here. The foregoing arrangements can easily be changed if the department's wishes are cabled quickly.

"Seven companies of Hardin's regiment, Taylor's battery, have been sent to Samar, replacing Hughes' troops here, which have been concentrated in Leyte. I request authority to permit monthly transfers of the same department to Southern Luzon. MACARTHUR."

CHICAGO CHINESE

Look For a Bloody Conflict in the Flowering Kingdom.

Chicago, June 12.—Chicago Chinese are beginning to receive letters and papers, the first news from home of the trouble now existing in the northern provinces of their native land. One of the most intelligent Celestials in Chicago is in receipt of a letter from his brother, who is an officer in the Chinese navy. Although the letter was written several weeks ago, at the first outbreak of the trouble, much that was written as to what would probably take place has transpired.

In regard to the contents of the letter he said:

"That the bloodiest war known in its history is now breaking in China, I have no doubt. The man who is now in charge of the military affairs in the region where the Boxers abound is well versed in the arts of modern war."

"The Boxers are a sect, and I would not be surprised if 1,000,000 Chinese were killed. How many foreigners will meet death I cannot conjecture, but the number will be great. Ever since the Chinese learned a lesson from Japan, they have been training themselves in the arts of war, and they are now using it as a government, and well trained men behind them.

"My brother writes me that the great majority of Chinese in the Southern provinces are against the ruling powers and the Boxers. There is a large class in China called positioners, who will fight for the government, and as they are well trained soldiers, they will surely do terrible execution.

"I would like to see the trouble settled without war, but if it must come it will be a good thing for the future of China. The ignorant Chinaman is of the belief that the missionaries are the cause of the trouble, and he is consequently, this war will be for the home. The Chinaman has seen, where Russia, France and Germany have taken parts of the country, the taxes greatly increased under European rule. He is going to fight for his home and his life and he will not fight with knives or swords, as so many people suppose. The Chinaman is slow to anger, but when once aroused nothing can stop him.