

THE WEST SIDE

JOB, A. C. BRANT, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. (IN ADVANCE) Twelve months \$1.00 Three months .35 SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1900.

It was British tricks against Boer treks, and the former won.

The Boxers have given the powers the opportunity of their lives, and there is a well defined suspicion that Germany had a good deal to do with driving the Boxers to do so.

Of course, there are some Republican hotel keepers in Kansas City, but they will still stifle their prejudices and charge the Democrats 16 prices for one drink.

The Cuban postal frauds are being thoroughly investigated by the administration. Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow is now in charge, and the criminals will be punished as quickly as the law permits.

Brig. Gen. Theo Schwan's report to the War Department shows that most of the large towns in the Philippines are garrisoned by American troops. More trouble is caused there by the Filipino brigands than from any other cause.

Samoa's trade last year amounted to about a million dollars, more than half being imports. The bulk of it was transacted with the Australasian colonies. The share of the United States amounted only to \$127,000, but will now rapidly increase.

Chairman Kerr, of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, says that he has sent out practically no 16 to 1 speeches this year. There is no demand for silver literature, the subject being a dead one.

In going to Japan as consul-general, Hon E. C. Bellows, lately appointed from Vancouver, Wash., will likely be called upon to dispose of some momentous questions. The impending trouble between Russia and Japan will cause neutral countries to show more or less diplomacy and in this respect our fellow townsman is well fixed.

Some parties driving piles for a fish trap near the mouth of the Columbia river last week, were stopped by an officer of the government and the piling ordered removed. Now if steps were taken to do away with the salmon-extirminating fish wheel the problem of a supply of fish for future generations would not be so serious a one. Fish wheels catch everything, even to a one-pound trout.

On May 18, 1898, Aguinaldo arrived at Manila and was permitted to land by Admiral Dewey. Early in June the Tagal leader secretary asked the Spanish general to combine with him against the Americans, and on October 28 of the same year submitted a similar proposition to the Spanish commander at Iloilo. In the following February he crowded his troops upon Manila and forced the war. The extent to which he considered himself in alliance with the American army may be judged from these facts.—Globe Democrat.

A dispatch from Baker City says that an important step has been taken by the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce of Baker City in the appointment of a committee for the purpose of framing a bill to be presented at the next session of the Oregon Legislature, providing for a definite basis for equalizing the assessment of taxes, including road and poll, throughout the state of Oregon, the object being that each individual shall pay his share of the public burden in accordance with the value of his property. It was resolved to ask the co-operation of all the commercial bodies in the state in the movement for the passage of the proposed measure.

This is a step in the right direction. Polk county taxpayers will be glad to see a revision of the law which now permits such counties as Multnomah to shirk their share of the burden of government, putting it on the shoulders of the smaller and weaker counties.

What legal or moral right has a prosecuting officer of the state to dismiss a criminal charge on condition that the accused leave the state? Very often we see items similar to the following from Hillsboro: "The criminal case against Dr. De Jong, of Cornelius, who was charged with practicing medicine without a license, was dismissed on motion of District Attorney, the doctor having promised to leave the state. Prominent physicians recommended this action, and it was considered the cheaper and better way in which to dispose of the case." We say to the criminal "you cannot break our laws, but you can go elsewhere and do so if you want to." Why not punish lawbreakers without favor? Why compound a felony?

Election Returns of Polk County June 4, 1900.

Table with columns for Candidates, Votes, and various districts. Includes names like For Congress, For Sheriff, For Treasurer, etc.

Who the "Boxers" Are.

Such confusion as exists as to precisely who and what the Chinese "Boxers" are is probably due to the rapidity and frequency with which the native secret societies of China change their names when they desire to continue their organizations and purposes free from the surveillance of the government.

When at last an edict of suppression is issued the society simply takes a new title and goes on as if nothing had happened.

The society of Boxers is supposed to number eleven millions of men. It was originally a sort of law and order league, organized for protection against the "bandits" with the province of Shan-ung was infested. Its name was then Ta Tao Hwei, which means "The Society of the Great Sword."

It is a law and order league gone wrong. As this society became more powerful many dishonest and designing persons entered it, and in numerous cases directed its efforts against personal enemies whom they represented to be bandits and lawless persons. Some of these victims, looking for help from the persecutions of the Great Sword Society, turned to the Christian missionaries, especially, it is said, the German Catholics. They professed conversion and the missionaries sought to protect them.

A series of outrages on Christians followed until, in last October, the Christian nations forced the government to send a force against the Great Swords. There was a battle, followed by the report of the governor of Shan Tung that the so-called rebels were honest country folk.

The Great Sword Society disappeared, by edict, and in its place sprang ready-made the "Universal Society of Boxers," with the old organization and purposes and with the added idea of fighting all foreign influence—missionary or otherwise—and of having the government help it. The operations of the society and the outrages committed by it have since continued, and have constantly become bolder.

The Chinese name for the society is I-Ho-Tuon, the I meaning righteousness, the Ho standing for peace and Tuon meaning first.

As the increased influence of Russia at Peking the professor explained it by pointing out that Russia declined to join the other powers in making representations to the Peking government with respect to the Boxer movement, basing her refusal on the fact that she is an Asiatic power.

Merits of the Cow Pea.

From all the bulletins we have read on cow peas, besides the mass of matter on the subject published in agricultural publications, we summarize as follows, giving the merits of this restorative crop:

1. The pea will thrive upon every variety of soil and will grow upon land too poor to grow clover. 2. It will produce a heavy and rich crop to be returned to the soil in a shorter period than any other green manuring crop.

3. On the same land in one year two crops can be grown, but it requires two years for clover to produce a hay crop, so it will be seen that four crops of peas may be grown in the same time as one crop of clover.

4. The pea crop feeds lightly upon the soil, but largely upon the atmosphere, appropriating nitrogen through the agency of bacteria that infect its roots.

5. It is one of the best preparatory crops for wheat, as it leaves the soil in excellent condition which is an essential element in the growing of wheat.

6. The rapidity of its growth makes it the only crop in the South that may be used as a manure crop between the harvesting of grain and the sowing of it on the same land.

7. It grows as vigorously as clover and in connection with that plant makes the land particularly rich in those vegetable agents that improve the soil.

8. It may be grown in connection with the corn crop, furnishing almost nutriment as the corn crop itself, with a positive benefit to the land.

9. It is a substantial factor in the production of cheap beef, pork, milk and butter.

10. It doubles the capacity of the land for wintering stock and gives double the material for making manure heaps.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., June 4, 1900. All aboard for adjournment! Congress has completed its work except the few ends consisting of disagreements between the house and senate on the several items in the two appropriation bills which are in course of settlement, and adjournment this week is a certainty.

While there are several measures unacted upon which many republicans would like to have passed at this session, taken as a whole, the work of the session has been satisfactory to the republicans, and the record made is one upon which they will be proud to stand during the campaign.

The senate by unanimous consent agreed that the Nicaragua canal bill should be taken up December 10, and remain the unfinished business until disposed of. That shows how far out of the way are those who have been saying that the republican leaders in the senate did not intend to allow that bill to pass.

The bill would have been passed before adjournment, would have dragged the session into mid-summer. It was discovered sometime ago that was an agreement among democratic senators opposed to the Nicaragua canal, who are numerous and is generally known, to prolong the session indefinitely, if an attempt was made to bring it to a vote.

And other good reasons made the republicans willing to allow the bill to go over.

In the equity branch of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, Justice Barnard imposed a fine of \$100, and costs upon Mr. E. G. Siggers, for contempt, in failing to obey an order of court forbidding him to advertise himself as successor to or in any way connected with C. A. Snow & Co., patent lawyers, of Washington D. C.

Senator Hanna surprised both his enemies and his friends when he jumped into a running debate on the naval appropriation bill and tackled senators Wellington, Tillman, Allen, Pettigrew and Teller, and got the best of each of them, and proved that he could take care of himself in the most dangerous of all senatorial fights, a running debate.

The senate added an amendment to the military academy appropriation bill that will make Gen. Miles, a Lieut. General and Gen. Corbin a Major General, if agreed to by the house and it probably will be.

In leaving the settlement of the senatorial dispute to the voters in Montana, who will this year elect the legislature, which will next January meet to fill the seat now claimed by Mr. Clark and Mr. Maginnis, which is the practical effect of the postponement of consideration of the credentials, of the claimants by the senate committee on elections, the senators took the easiest way out of the mess.

District Attorney's Deputies. District Attorney-elect J. N. Hart announced that he will appoint John H. McNary, of Salem, deputy for Marion county, and R. L. Conner, of McMinnville, deputy for Yamhill county. He has not yet decided upon deputies for Tillamook and Linn counties. Mr. Hart resides at Dallas, and will have no deputy for Polk county. He will be assisted in criminal prosecutions by his law partner, Mr. Townsend.

Critical Times for Girls.

The first critical period in a woman's life comes at the passing of her girlhood. In nine cases out of ten where disease fastens itself upon her it does so at the line of demarcation between girlhood and womanhood. How to preserve the daughter's health—how to ward off disease at this crisis is the problem that confronts every mother of girls.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

are the best remedy to use at this critical period. Read this sworn statement of Mrs. J. M. Riggs, of Cartersville, Mo.

"My daughter Jessie during the winter of 1897-8 suffered a complete breakdown in health. She was thin and pale, had no appetite—in fact, some days barely taking her food. Those who knew her condition said she was going into a coffin.

"On the advice of a neighbor, we began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The effect on her condition was marvellous. Before she had taken half a box her condition was improved and she began to eat, and her strength and flesh until she was entirely well. She took three boxes of the pills and to-day there is not a healthier, more robust looking girl in Cartersville. She is fatter and healthier than ever before in her life."

Registered and sworn to before me a Notary Public, this 15th day of October, 1898. WILLIAM W. GILBERT, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness, in either male or female.

A fraud order has been issued against Dorges Frigyebankhazy, of Budapest, Hungary, who has been running a lottery and advertising in this country. His exact scheme is not explained, but he probably offered a prize to any man who could spell his name right.

Notice for Publication. First pub. April 21. Last pub. June 21. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, April 21, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1891, Hiram Woodbury, of Liberty, County of Marion, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 12, for the purchase of the E. 1/2 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 8 S., Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City on Monday, the 15th day of July, 1900.

Notice for Publication. First pub. March 31. Last pub. June 2. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, March 31, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1891, Joseph A. Sower, of Marion, County of Marion, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 12, for the purchase of the E. 1/2 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 8 S., Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City on Monday, the 15th day of July, 1900.

Notice for Publication. First pub. March 12. Last pub. July 12. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, March 12, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1891, Carl Hilber, of Multnomah County, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 12, for the purchase of the E. 1/2 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 8 S., Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 19. Last pub. July 23. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 19, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1891, Carl Hilber, of Multnomah County, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 12, for the purchase of the E. 1/2 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 8 S., Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 12. Last pub. July 12. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 12, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1891, Carl Hilber, of Multnomah County, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 12, for the purchase of the E. 1/2 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 8 S., Range No. 7 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 12. Last pub. July 12. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 12, 1900.

C. D. Calbreath. Dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries. Opera House block, Main Street, Independence. Our Motto is: "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

HOME INDUSTRY. The attention of those who wish to encourage home industry is called to the fact that suits of OREGON MANUFACTURED GOOD Can now be had made to order from \$15 to \$18. CALL ON W. G. SHARMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR, MAIN ST., Independence, Oregon.

Cream Separators. The United States Cream Separator is a first-class machine in every respect. Parties wishing to buy a Cream Separator are referred to Mr. C. K. Eldridge, who is establishing the Creamery here. He is a practical man and not interested in the sale of any particular machine.

R. M. WADE & CO., A. J. Goodman, Mgr. MAIN STREET - INDEPENDENCE

THE SHARPLESS CREAM SEPARATOR. It is the simplest separator made, consequently the best. They will all separate the cream from the milk best. Many other separators have so many parts and are so complicated that it takes a long time to clean them after being used. One man who bought a separator said it took an hour and a half to clean it. THE SHARPLESS Can be thoroughly washed in ten minutes. We carry the SHARPLESS in stock. Be sure and examine it before buying. F. E. CHAMBERS, Independence, Oregon.

YOUR FACE IS A MIRROR. REFLECTING HEALTH OR DISEASE. KARL'S CLOVER ROOT TEA

Karl's Clover Root Tea. Economize in the Use of Ice. A piece of ice weighing 10 pounds put daily into the ice box or refrigerator is of little or no use, says the Ladies' Home Journal.

CONSUMPTION never stops because the weather is warm. When why stop taking SOOTT'S EMULSION simply because it's summer? Keep taking it. It will heal your lungs, and make them strong for another winter.

For Malaria, Chills and Fever. THE BEST PRESCRIPTION IS Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle—hence you know just what you are taking when you take Grove's. Imitators do not advertise their formula knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew what it contained. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions and is in a Tasteless form. The Iron acts as a tonic while the Quinine drives the malaria out of the system. Any reliable druggist will tell you that Grove's is the Original and that all other so-called Tasteless Chill Tonics are imitations. An analysis of other chill tonics shows that Grove's is superior to all others in every respect. You are not experimenting when you take Grove's—its superiority and excellence having long been established. Grove's is the only Chill Cure sold throughout the entire malarial sections of the United States. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 50c.