

THE WEST SIDE

JOS. A. C. BRANT, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: (IN ADVANCE) Twelve months \$1.00 Three months .35

SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1900.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Supreme Judge, CHAS. E. WOLVERTON. District Attorney, JULIUS N. HART. Joint Representative, W. L. WELLS.

Congressman First District, THOMAS H. TONGUE. Food and Dairy Commissioner, J. W. BAILEY.

Presidential Electors, TILMON FORD. J. C. FULLERTON. O. F. PAXTON. W. J. FURNISH.

Senator, B. F. MULKEY. Representative, G. L. HAWKINS. County Judge, J. H. HAWLEY.

Clerk, U. S. LAUGHARY. Sheriff, R. S. CONNER.

Treasurer, J. W. CALDWELL. School Superintendent, LEONARD STARR.

Assessor, L. R. GREEN. Coroner, DR. L. N. WOODS.

County Commissioner, J. B. TEAL.

Election June 4.

THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

The people of Oregon at the coming election will be called upon to vote on five proposed amendments to the constitution of the state.

The second amendment is to increase the number of supreme court justices from three to five. The supreme court is about two years behind in its work and while it may not be losing ground it is gaining but little.

The third is of interest especially to the arid regions, and declares that the use of lands for reservoirs, storage basins, pipe lines, ditches etc., shall be a public use and subject to control of the state.

The fourth amendment repeals the section relating to the exclusion of mulattoes and negroes and the right of free mulattoes to hold property. This section is a dead letter because it is contrary to the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments to the constitution of the United States and ought no longer to be allowed to cumber the record.

The fifth amendment proposes to bestow the right of suffrage upon the women. In regard to the woman suffrage amendment, wouldn't it be a good idea to vote the way your wife suggests? Perhaps this would more nearly represent the opinion of those most interested as to whether the woman want to vote.

"Tongue is going to be elected by an increased majority," says Hon. C. W. Fulton, of Astoria. He had just dropped into Portland from a campaigning tour of Western Oregon, having visited and spoken in Lane, Douglas, Linn, Benton, Marion and Clackamas counties.

This will be the last chance the West Side will have to say anything about the county and state election this year, as only a few days remain until the time when Oregon will set the pace for other states to follow.

Since the last election new questions have come up and Oregon will be the first to approve the acts of the new administration on its manner of handling these new questions.

The parties in this county are supposed to be somewhat equally divided, but the gold standard Democrats and the trade expansionists will vote with the Republicans; as will also those in favor of retaining the Philippines on which islands the brave Second Oregon regiment fought and suffered to maintain the honor and glory of our flag.

Therefore, vote the Republican ticket straight on June 4. See what the Washington (D. C.) Post says editorially as to the significance of this election:

"In Presidential campaign years the Oregon election, occurring on the eve of the National conventions of the two great parties, is always a matter of much more than local interest and is generally charged with National significance. This year will be no exception, unless the interest be greater and the significance more marked than heretofore.

The largest vote in the history of the state is indicated by the registration. The Democrats, Populists and Silver-Republicans are fused and are fighting for 16-to-1 as earnestly as if that mummy were a living and robust reality.

After giving the election figures of four years ago, the editorial continues: "That fight was won on a gold-standard platform and Oregon is regarded as firmly planted on that side of the coinage question of any campaign which threatens the stability of the standard. Expansion, or as the Democrats and their allies call it, 'imperialism,' is the most interesting of the issues on which the Oregon voters will pass."

The Post then quotes from the Oregonian which, it says, is "an independent Republican paper," relative to the issues involved, and "if under existing conditions, fusion should make material gains such would be regarded as extremely significant, but the friends of expansion are not anticipating such a backset."

Look out for the campaign liar! At the last moment he will spring a yarn about his opponent when it is too late to refute. Many a good and worthy man is often beaten for election in no other way. Therefore look out for all sorts of yarns about candidates.

And now some interested parties say that "Bob" Conner, our candidate for sheriff, has promised to appoint certain ones his deputy. Don't you believe it. Bob is going to wait until he is elected before he makes any appointments. This campaign yarn is made from whole cloth and intended to set Bob's friends against him for apparent duplicity. But it won't work.

Through the personal efforts of Senator Simon and McBride and Representative Moody, the Secretary of the Navy has directed that the cruiser Philadelphia go to Astoria to participate in the Fourth of July celebration. The Iowa, the only other available vessel, will be in dock on that date, and cannot, therefore, participate.

WHAT THE RECORD SHOWS.

Polk county should pause and carefully consider the step taken in electing a state senator. A vote for Noah Gregg is a vote for a man that lacks every element of a successful legislator. He was a house member of the last legislature and that house was the most extravagant one ever assembled in Oregon.

It passed a bill appropriating \$242,000 for artesian wells in Eastern Oregon; it passed a bill appropriating \$2 a ton bonus for sugar beet raisers in Union county calling for at least \$50,000 of the state's money; it passed a wool bounty bill taxing Willamette valley counties in the interests of Eastern Oregon stock raising.

It passed a bill appropriating \$53,000 for the propagation of salmon on the Columbia notwithstanding the fact that \$12,000 had already been appropriated for a fish commission and deputies and boats to patrol the river, a total of \$47,000 for the salmon canneries on the Columbia.

The House was wantonly extravagant in carrying on its own business. It had twice as many clerks as the senate and paid them much larger salaries. It allowed \$7 per day each for a committee of three to go entirely over the Secretary of State's books notwithstanding the fact that the work had been half completed at the special session of the legislature a few weeks before; then after the committee worked forty days on the books the house gave them ten days more making it cost Oregon \$1475 to examine these records and Mr. Gregg voted for this grant.

The House had printed a calendar for the members—a useless thing—for which the state paid \$1065. (This was in the interest of the state printers office.) Mr. Gregg voted for this calendar. The Senate refused to consider, much less allow, this grant.

The House allowed \$9 to each member in postage stamps and Mr. Gregg voted for these resolutions. The town of Falls City wanted amendments to its city charter. The senate passed a bill making these amendments but Polk county's members were so occupied with their heavy correspondence that they allowed the bill for the relief of Falls City to go default.

The house after much hesitation did nobly in passing the Text Book Commission bill that the American Book Company tried so hard to defeat. This bill was intended to break down the school book monopoly in this state. It was necessary to keep constant watch over Mr. Gregg to keep him in line with this measure although at the last moment he screwed up courage to support it.

The Senate was the conservative body of the last two sessions of the legislature. It deserves credit for killing the sugar beet bill, the artesian well bill, the wagon road bill, and the salmon bill appropriation to \$15000 after a hard fight and the bill had but one vote to spare.

Senator Mulkey was one of the leaders of this good work. He drew the original draft of the text-book bill and its passage in both houses was largely due to his efforts.

He secured the passage of an equalization board bill which, had it become a law, would have protected Polk county tax payers from the dishonest assessment of Multnomah county. He made a persistent fight to correct the extravagance of the state printers office and reduced the appropriation for \$9 to \$1000.

Mr. Mulkey labored for the enactment of an assessment law that would secure the equal assessment and collection of taxes and would have brought large classes of property, heretofore untouched, under tribute to help bear the burdens of government. His bill was a safe but radical correction of present abuses and it had the endorsement and support of the legislative committee of the state grange although there were 47 bills introduced on this subject.

Senator Mulkey has received the credit for leadership in lowering the rate of interest in this state to 6 per cent. It was Senator Mulkey's efforts unaided and alone that secured the amendment to senate bill No. 90 by which the rights of small tide land holders on the Columbia were protected against this land grabbing enactment in favor of syndicates owning canneries on the river.

Senator Mulkey is a man of whom Polk county may well feel proud when he takes his seat in the higher branch of the Oregon legislature. His heart is with the common people he has the courage of his convictions and he is a man of power. Comparisons are invidious; the opposition began them in the public prints last week. We write the above with the record open before us.

For state senator it is a choice between these two. Which will you choose? The man who was elected governor of Kentucky has been thrown out, as was intended by the Goebel law. It remains for Kentuckians to remove the blot from their corrupted statute books.

The County Judge.

By voting for J. H. Hawley you will be casting your ballot for a man who has been for 42 years a tax payer of Polk county. If you cast your vote for J. H. Hawley you will be voting for a man who is thoroughly identified with you, fellow citizens.

If you vote for J. H. Hawley you will be voting for a man who is public spirited and withal conservative. If you vote for J. H. Hawley for judge you will be voting for a man that will do all he can to broaden the basis of taxable property and thus lower taxes. If you vote for J. H. Hawley you will make no mistake as he is a broad minded business man.

If you vote for J. H. Hawley you will vote for a man who does not believe in overburdening the tax payers. Anent the proposed railroad between Falls City and Salem, via Dallas, we fail to see the particular benefit to Dallas. Much of the county trade would go to Salem unless a prohibitive fare was made and then travel would be slack.

In selecting a man to do your clerical work you generally pick out the most experienced one of the several you have to choose from; one who has met all sorts of people is generally preferred for the reason that in dealing with them he is more apt to be cautious.

This is the sort of man Scott Laughary is. He has clerked and kept books pretty much of his business life. He is ten years older than his opponent, therefore more experienced. He is competent, honest and trustworthy. He has lived in this county long enough for everybody to know him. He has made his own way in life ever since he was a boy, depending on no one for aid and support. Voters, when you cast your ballots, be sure that you honor Scott Laughary; he is worthy of your support and will do credit to the office of County Clerk.

The election of state senators and representatives at this time is of National importance. Republican principles are at stake and all true Republicans will vote the ticket regularly nominated without regard to their personal feelings. A U. S. senator is to be elected by the legislature and Republicans must see to it that they have the necessary majority to do this.

RECORD OF JEFFREY He Made a Miserable Failure in Josephine County.

The Statesman has been furnished from Southern Oregon, Mr. Jeffrey's record in Josephine county while he was trying to fill the position of district attorney there. It reads as follows: Indictments 'not true bills' 6 Indictments plea of guilty 5 Indictments sent back to grand jury 9 Indictments dismissed 2 Convictions on trial by jury 2

This shows that nine of his indictments were so defective that the court had to order them sent back to the grand jury at a heavy expense to the tax payers, so that Mr. Jeffrey might have another opportunity to get them right.

The Statesman is also reliably informed, by a Southern Oregon populist, that in many instances the persons interested in the prosecutions employed extra counsel to assist Mr. Jeffrey in prosecuting the criminals before a conviction could be obtained. It is also true that many of the worst blunders of Mr. Jeffrey occurred during the last half of the last year that he tried to serve the people as district attorney.

Mr. Jeffrey evidently thought when he shook the dust of Southern Oregon from his feet after being snubbed under by the voters in June 1898, that he would find greener pastures in this district and that his record would not follow him, but in this he was mistaken as his record published in the Statesman discloses.

A Southern Oregon Democratic paper says, that Jeffrey delivered his Populist speech about twenty-five times in one season, out there. He has repeated the same speech about fifteen times more in this district and yet, when he met his opponent, Mr. Hart in joint debate for the first time at Jefferson, the other evening, he found that he was up against a man who knew something about the duties of the district attorney's office and how to discharge them. This seem to take Mr. Jeffrey completely by surprise, and he has not been blowing as much, since then, about his own great abilities.—Salem Statesman.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES should always be kept in the house for the following reasons: FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it. SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well. THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength. FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections. No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter. Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York.

Evidence of the most remarkable nature, from the best known people, as to the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. No liver can run without feeling hopeful, no sleep can be had without being unconvinced. Every disease of the blood and nerves is represented from a common rash to scrofula; from neuralgia to nervous prostration; from hemorrhagic dysmenstruation to ordinary weakness to partial paralysis. Liver and stomach, by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I suffered for five or six years with the trouble that comes to the liver. I was weak, nervous, and unable to do much of the time to do my own work, and suffered beyond my power to describe. I was always drowsy and unsteady. I took many different medicines, but nothing seemed to do me any good. I was recommended to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and some of my friends recommended them to me. I made up my mind to try them. I bought the first box in March, 1897, and was benefited from the start. A box and a half cured me completely, and I am now rugged and strong. I have not been bothered with my troubles since I began taking the pills. I have recommended them to many women who are suffering as I suffered. They are the only thing that helped me in the first that comes to so many women as my case. Mrs. J. H. Weaver, Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of October, A. D. 1897. G. C. Hicks, Notary Public.

Notice for Publication. First pub. April 21. Last pub. June 23. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, April 17, 1899. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,' as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edward Bell, of McCoy, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 326, for the purchase of the S. E. 1/4 of section No. 36 in Township No. 35, Range No. 3, W. 4, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900. He names as witnesses: Oliver Bell, of McCoy, Oregon; H. H. Mosberry, of Dallas, Oregon; C. H. Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon; William Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1900. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 18. Last pub. July 28. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 12, 1899. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,' as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Edward Bell, of McCoy, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 326, for the purchase of the S. E. 1/4 of section No. 36 in Township No. 35, Range No. 3, W. 4, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900. He names as witnesses: Oliver Bell, of McCoy, Oregon; H. H. Mosberry, of Dallas, Oregon; C. H. Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon; William Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1900. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice for Publication. First pub. March 31. Last pub. June 2. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, March 21, 1900. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,' as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Joseph A. Sawyer, of Marion, County of Marion, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 379, for the purchase of the S. E. 1/4 of section No. 36 in Township No. 35, Range No. 3, W. 4, and will offer to show proof that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900. He names as witnesses: Riley Smith, of Portland, Oregon; Abraham Jones, of Portland, Oregon; J. A. Britts, of Portland, Oregon; Frank Sawyer, of Portland, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1900. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 12. Last pub. July 14. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 1, 1899. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,' as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Oliver Bell, of McCoy, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 326, for the purchase of the S. E. 1/4 of section No. 36 in Township No. 35, Range No. 3, W. 4, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900. He names as witnesses: Oliver Bell, of McCoy, Oregon; H. H. Mosberry, of Dallas, Oregon; C. H. Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon; William Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1900. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

Notice for Publication. First pub. May 12. Last pub. July 14. TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. U. S. Land Office, Oregon City, Oregon, May 1, 1899. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,' as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Oliver Bell, of McCoy, County of Polk, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 326, for the purchase of the S. E. 1/4 of section No. 36 in Township No. 35, Range No. 3, W. 4, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Oregon City, Oregon, on Monday, the 30th day of July, 1900. He names as witnesses: Oliver Bell, of McCoy, Oregon; H. H. Mosberry, of Dallas, Oregon; C. H. Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon; William Mosberry, of Sugar Land, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 30th day of July, 1900. CHAS. B. MOORES, Register.

YOUR FACE IS A MIRROR REFLECTING HEALTH OR DISEASE. Karl's Clover Root Tea. Benefits the Circulation, Purifies the Blood, gives a Fresh, Clear Skin, Cures Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Migraine, an agreeable Laxative, Nervous, and Debility, and is sold by all druggists at 25c, 50c, and \$1.00. S. C. WELLS & CO., LEROY, N.Y. Sole Importers.

MR. JEFFRIES CALLED DOWN. The correspondent to the Salem Statesman from Jefferson in giving the account of the political speaking there Wednesday night says: At Jefferson, last night, the large hall was filled to the very doors, and the debate was fast and furious. Jack Jeffries, the populist lawyer from Jackson county who is running for district attorney on the fusion ticket, repeated his threadbare statement (made at Marion and Turner earlier in the day) that he had invited Mr. Hart, his opponent, to meet him in a joint canvass, but that Mr. Hart had declined to do so, and in his egotistical manner he proceeded to tell of his own abilities as a prosecutor, and belittling Mr. Hart, telling his auditors, with a brazen effrontery worthy of a better cause, that his election for district attorney was really necessary for good order and the prevention of crime. A surprise was in store for this "able" advocate however, when, at the close of his peroration, Mr. Hart suddenly appeared in the hall, mounted the platform as the first republican speaker, flatly denied the assertions of Jeffrey, regarding propositions for a joint debate, asserted that he had never received such proposals from Jeffrey, and then delivered one of the best addresses yet made on the canvass by either party. Mr. Hart showed himself a ready and pleasant speaker, a deep student and an adroit debater, and in five minutes time convinced the large audience by his address, that he was by far the ablest man of the two, and that the republicans had made no mistake in nominating him to oppose that man who left Jackson county for Jackson county's good.

C. D. Calbreath DEALER IN Staple and Fancy Groceries. Opera House block, Main Street, Independence. Our Motto is: "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS." Good goods at Right Prices Make Easy Selling. Our goods are first-class, our prices as low as the lowest—quality of goods considered. All kinds of country produce bought at the Highest Market Price. A Share of Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

HOME INDUSTRY. The attention of those who wish to encourage home industry is called to the fact that suits of OREGON MANUFACTURED GOOD Can now be had made to order from \$15 to \$18. CALL ON W. G. SHARMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR, MAIN ST., Independence Oregon.

FARM MACHINERY. Deering Mowers, Binders, and Rakes. Hay Tools, and Hay Tedders. For sale by R. M. WADE & CO., A. J. Goodman, Mgr. MAIN STREET - INDEPENDENCE

TRACINE BUGGIES -AND- Bain Wagons. Full line carried in stock.... F. E. CHAMBERS, Independence Oregon.

For Malaria, Chills and Fever THE BEST PRESCRIPTION IS Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle—hence you know just what you are taking when you take Grove's. Imitators do not advertise their formula knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew what it contained. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions and is in a Tasteless form. The Iron acts as a tonic while the Quinine drives the malaria out of the system. Any reliable druggist will tell you that Grove's is the Original and that all other so-called Tasteless Chill Tonics are imitations. An analysis of other chill tonics shows that Grove's is superior to all others in every respect. You are not experimenting when you take Grove's—its superiority and excellence having long been established. Grove's is the only Chill Cure sold throughout the entire malarial sections of the United States. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 50c.