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# West Side.

THE WEST SIDE

TAKES THE LEAD IN POLK COUNTY

VOL. XIII. $2.00 Per Year INDEPENDENCE, POLK COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1895. Five Cents Per Copy. No. 8.



BANKS.

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Seventh and Washington Sts.,
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Go to the G Street

BLACKSMITH SHOP

And see how

CHEAP

You can get your

Work Done.

Wagon Repairing of All Kinds,

H. A. FULLER, Proprietor

If you want a Good Square Meal for

25 Cents

—Go to the—

CITY RESTAURANT

MRS. L. CAMPBELL. Prop

Ice Cream every day during the season. Chicken Dinner every Sunday. Meals served at all hours. Main St., Independence.


## POLITICAL EXPEDIENCY

### Endangers the Currency Measure.

### Sensible Speech of Bourke Cochran.

A Canvass of the House Fails to Find Enough Votes to Pass the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—In the debate on the currency bill today Bourke Cochran (N. Y.) deplored the tendency to treat the measure as a party one, which was likely to wreck it on the shores of political expediency. The vote of confidence in the democratic party in 1892 had been reversed, he said, and he did not think the constitutional provisions which allowed the party to retain power until March was granted for passing such acts.

An agitation without result which would ruffle commercial business tranquility had better be stopped. If this house succeeds in establishing a monetary system based on human reason and the experience of experts its last days will not be without profit or devoid of humor. There were, in his opinion, questions on which legislators could divide across party lines with advantage, but this was not one of them.

He opposed the bill and declared in favor of the Fowler plan. When Cochran alluded sarcastically to the free silver tactics of Bland and what he termed the change of attitude of Congressman Bland interrupted with a question regarding Cochran's prediction that the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act would restore prosperity and Cochran challenged him to produce a word of his to that effect.

"I am not," Cochran resumed, "who pretends that prosperity can be forged in the chamber or by the law of the land. I believe all law and gospel on the subject of political economy was revealed to the first man when a just God told him that 'by the sweat of his brow he must earn his bread.'"

"Prosperity is in the earth and the charlatans who said they had it in their clothes, their brains, and who had cured the country for twenty-five years, it was my chief object to oppose."

NOT VOTES ENOUGH.

Washington, Jan. 5.—A rough preliminary canvass of the house on the pending currency bill has been made. One of the democratic members of the committee who favors the bill is authority for the statement that the canvass shows a total of 124 votes for the bill, decidedly short of the number necessary to pass it. Congressman Springer says that such canvasses are informal and inexact. He will give figures, as he says his purpose has been to learn who will vote for the bill, but who are against it, in order that the objections may be met and overcome. It is undoubtedly true, he says, that a close count has been made with the result stated.

THE GENERAL DISCUSSION.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Debate on the currency bill in the house today was begun by Meyer, dem., of Louisiana, who caused surprise at the opposition to the measure on the democratic side of the house. He paid a tribute to the abilities of Secretary Carlisle and dwelt upon the duty of supporting him, which he said rested upon democrats.

In course of Meyer's speech Bland asked several questions to show that the administration had adopted a goldbug policy, and finally declared that its final platform was a fraud and that it was not intended to carry it out, asserting that a platform should mean something. Meyer asked if Bland had not been a supporter of President Cleveland in the last campaign, whereupon Bland responded that he had supported the platform and had voted for the candidate of the party had gone down in ignominious defeat for its treachery and fraud.

Meyer brought up Secretary Carlisle's advocacy of silver while a member of the house in supporting Matthews' resolution, and asked if soon after accepting the treasury portfolio he not announced his intention of using some of the government's obligations in silver, and if he had not been called down." Meyer replied that it was useless to revive free silver as a factor of the currency question and retorted: "You can't run a democratic party on republican lines and no mugwump can change its cry."

CUMBERSOME AFFAIR.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Representative Bailey of Pennsylvania has prepared and is urging a labor commission. He proposes in his bill that a commission of experts shall consider the many plans of reforms proposed, sifting the wheat from the bad and ascertaining the most feasible legislation to be recommended to congress. The commission is to be non-partisan, is to consider legislation to meet the problem of labor, agriculture and capital. The bill authorizes the appointment by the president of five commissioners representing labor, five representatives of agriculture and five business men. The group of five is to choose two more members, making seven in each group and twenty-one in all. The commission is to meet in Washington and elect its own officers.

CAUGHT THE WRONG MAN.

Los Angeles, Jan. 5.—The two men arrested, Steadman and Conley, were released this morning brought before Cashier Dodd B. Stamm, who was held up yesterday morning at the Ontario state bank, and Mr. Stamm says that while they resemble the men in some particulars, such as height, build, etc., they are not the ones who did the robbery. Steadman said to Chief Glass: "You have sized me up all right as regards my record. I have seven years time to serve in Joliet and five years at San Quentin, but you are fooling away time trying to connect me with the Ontario robbery. I was not there." Conley has been identified as a burglar who is wanted here by the police for work done in the last thirty days. Mr. Stamm says that Sibley, who was also slugged by the robbers at the time of the robbery, is in a very serious condition. He was pounded over the head and shoulders, and his hands are badly bruised.

## A PACIFIC LEXOW.

Spare Us a Repetition of the Nastiness at Least.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.—That San Francisco will have an investigation of corruption and crime similar to the Lexow committee is now almost assured. The civic federation is quietly gathering strength. It is proposed by the ministers who started the ball rolling and by laymen who have already identified themselves with the movement, that the federation shall embrace every secular society in the interests of the public welfare along particular lines, from the good government club and merchant's association to the society for the prevention of cruelty to children and all churches and individual citizens who are willing to co-operate.

WILL OF EUGENE KELLY.

New York, Jan. 5.—The will of Eugene Kelly, the millionaire, was filed for probate today. It bequeaths his entire estate to members of his family, except $110,000 to be distributed among the Catholic orphan asylums and other institutions. The deceased left five children. To his widow is left the family residence, together with $200,000 and an annuity of $25,000. The estate is valued at about $20,000,000.

DRIVING ON MUDDY ROADS.

A writer in the Providence Telegram undertakes to show how a wagon may be kept comparatively clean when driving over a muddy road. According to him the result depends upon maintaining just the right speed, the golden mean, as it were.

If the horse is driven at a walk, say about three miles an hour, the mud which adheres to the rim of the wheel will be carried up by it as it revolves. As it gets to the top its weight will cause it to fall, spattering the spokes and the hub.

If the horse is going six or seven miles an hour, the rapid revolution of the wheels will send the mud flying, and all parts of the vehicle will receive a copious plastering.

But, now, if a gait of four and a half or five miles an hour be taken, the mud carried up from the ground will neither drop nor be thrown off, and the consequence will be that with the exception of the rims of the wheels the carriage will come to the end of the journey comparatively clean.

Everything depends upon striking the right gait and maintaining it.

OREGON THOUGHT.

Salem is suffering from the depredations of burglars. Country members of the legislature will do well to leave their valuables at home. An extra pair of socks, another boiled shirt and two bandana handkerchiefs ought to be a sufficient change for a country member, by following his wife's advice to wash his neck and ears once per two days. —H. G. Guild, the Bill Nye of the Oregon Press, member of the house of representatives and editor of the Sheridan Sun.

## XENOPHEN IS GUILTY

### OF MANSLAUGHTER, ACCORDING TO THE JURY'S VERDICT.

The Verdict a Surprise—Acquitted Expected by Some—General Satisfaction, However.

PORTLAND, Jan. 5.—Xenophon N. Steeves is guilty of manslaughter. So declares the jury that found a verdict at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, after a debate lasting about fourteen hours.

At 1:30 o'clock the jury, which had been locked up since last night, notified Bailiff Church that they had agreed upon a verdict. Within ten minutes Judge Stephens, the defendant, Steeves, and his counsel had been called to the court room, and at 1:40 the jury brought in their verdict. Comparatively few persons were present, as an agreement was secretly expected.

Mr. Steeves took the decree quietly. He appeared cool and collected when he came into the court room, but during the few moments of death-like silence that intervened between the time the jury handed up its report and the reading of the document he turned very pale. His hands trembled slightly when he stood up to hear the decree. Plainly, the verdict was a surprise to him.

The verdict of manslaughter is received as a surprise. The defendant's lawyers confidently expected an acquittal, or a disagreement upon the hypothesis that the state's evidence of conspiracy was insufficient to convict.

The public are somewhat surprised, because, in some inexplicable manner, it felt that the conspiracy had not been clearly enough established. There is, however, general satisfaction expressed at the justness of the jury's sentence.

Eight jurors believed so strongly in Steeves' guilt that they were in favor of hanging. The remaining four, while believing him guilty, contended over the degree of punishment. This, it is stated, prolonged the jury's sitting.

Steeves' bonds were fixed at $11,000 and he obtained bondsmen, but it was ascertained that the case was not bailable, so he was again sent to jail.

COXEYITES BOUNCED.

Sacramento Citizens Determined to Be Rid of the Lazy Rascals.

Sacramento, Jan. 7.—General Kelly and his army were bounced tonight in the most effective manner by the citizens' committee of safety. The lease of the basement where they had been holding their meetings expired today and the citizens rented the place. The army, numbering some seventy or eighty men, refused to leave it, so tonight the citizens' committee went there and drove them out. Then the committee took all their stuff, blankets, benches, lamps, banners, etc., out and deposited them on the sidewalk. Kelly and his followers made no resistance except with their jaws. The people of this city are determined that Kelly and his crowd shall have no foothold here.

DISABLED BARK.

Port Townsend, Jan. 5.—The Nicaraguan bark Dominion, thirty-one days from San Francisco, was towed into port tonight in a partly disabled condition. She encountered heavy storms and lost a full set of sails. The men were on short rations for several days.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Xenia, O., Jan. 5.—Corning mill No. 2, of the Miami Powder works exploded last night, completely demolishing the building and killing Adolph Krebie, Arthur Harris and Clifford Horney.

## OUR TARIFF IN EUROPE

### Strong Fight for Free Sugar

### By Germany, Belgium, and Austria.

Emperor William Meets the U. S. Ambassador with a Cordial New Year's Greeting.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The protest of Austria against the American discriminating duty on sugar; supplementing as it does the similar action by Germany, is giving the administration grave concern. Evidence of this was a conference today lasting about an hour between Secretary Gresham, Secretary Carlisle and Attorney-General Olney. Gresham is concerned in the subject from a diplomatic standpoint. Carlisle is interested in the effect of a possible retaliation upon the revenues of the government, and upon Attorney-General Olney devolves the duty of giving an opinion of the legality of the proposed movement of the government. The Austrian minister undertakes to prove that the differential duty of one-tenth of one cent per pound on Austrian sugar is in violation of article 8 of the treaty of 1829 between the United States and Austria-Hungary. It is asserted that an exchange of notes preceding a reciprocity agreement under the McKinley act has established a basis of commercial relations and that Austria-Hungary conceded to the United States to name the reduction of duties that it granted to other countries under what is known as the most favored nation clause.

The figures collected by the treasury department bearing upon this subject show that during the past fiscal year the imports of beet root sugar into the United States from Europe amounted in value to $15,791,000. Germany stands first with $11,063,000; Belgium $2,377,000; Austria $1,412,795; France $422,000; and the Netherlands $338,700. All this sugar came into the United States this year duty free and it is contended that the effect of the differential of one-tenth of 1 per cent per pound in addition to the duty of 4 per cent levied on all sugar will be to prohibit the traffic. The conference did not result in adopting any line of policy and it is believed the president will feel obliged to lay the matter before congress in a special message to supplement the efforts of the administration in congress to pass the sugar repeal bill now pending.

In some quarters there is an abiding belief that the real object of the European combine is to break down the entire sugar schedule and secure free sugar as the price for the admission of American food products.

Berlin, Jan. 5.—The cordial manner in which Emperor William greeted United States Embassador Runyon at the reception of the diplomatic corps New Year's day was generally remarked. The emperor warmly shook hands with Mr. Runyon and returned the felicitations of the day in the purest English on behalf of himself and the whole country, coupling these expressions with wishes for a continuance of the welfare of the great trans-Atlantic republic.

AN OLD-TIME FABLE.

Which Proves That the Liars Are Not All Dead Yet.

J. F. Johnson, who has been in the Willamette valley for several days, is at home again and has laid aside his Paul Boynton rubber boat-suit with which he swam about the streets of Portland and Salem. There has been but one rain down there during the past three months and he witnessed the shower while he was in Portland. This particular shower began on September 18th. It is raining yet, at least the logical supposition is that it is still raining, for when "it" has nothing else to do down in the Willamette valley "it" just rains. Mr. Johnson was away from Pendleton on business in Salem and rode from the river steamship up to the hotel in an elegant gondola steered by a Venetian. He has become expert in using a rubber boat-suit and paid numerous calls in the strange craft.

He says the custom in the valley cities is to float up to the window of a residence, hand in a card, visit for a few moments and then move on to the next place. Paul Boynton has done much for Salem by inventing the rubber boat-suit, for before it was brought out by the great adventurer, the people there were accustomed to float about on planks and the population was constantly kept down by numerous cases of drowning. Since these contrivances came into use the webs have disappeared from the feet of Salem people.

The next legislature will be asked to appropriate money to buy each of the members a Boynton suit to be given back to the state at the expiration of their terms. Certain United States senatorial candidates will fight this, in the hope that the defeat of the bill will cause several Eastern Oregon representatives to be drowned and thus be enabled to vote against them in the caucus.—East Oregonian.

RECEIVERSHIP CONTEST.

Omaha, Jan. 7.—From outside sources it is learned that all is not serene with the receivers of the Union Pacific relative to the fight to be made in resisting the application to consolidate with the mortgage trustee for separate receivers for the Oregon Short Line and the Utah Northern. A. P. Boissevain, it is understood, has expressed himself as being in sympathy with the movement of the Loan and Trust company on the ground that he would like to see the earning capacity of the Short Line and the Utah Northern separate from the Union Pacific. Just what action the receivers will take is not known, although it is definitely decided to fight the application, but the grounds to be taken are the subject of considerable discussion.

THE RIGHT OF PETITION.

Pendleton, Jan. 7.—Many republicans are signing a petition to the Umatilla county legislative delegation urging the election of Stephen A. Lowell of Pendleton, for United States senator.

WALKED TO HER DEATH.

A Lady Passenger on the Overland Found Badly Mangled.

Ashland, Or., Jan. 5.—Northbound passenger train No. 15, arrived here about 3:20 a. m., eleven hours late. When the train was about nine miles from here, a lady, Mary J. Jasons was missed from one of the sleepers. The lady was sick and she was supposed to have walked from the car while delerious. An engine left here with the lady's husband about 3:30 a. m. to search for her, and her body was found about twenty miles south, near Coles, badly mangled by the train.

MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

San Francisco, Jan. 5.—Wheat 87½c for standard shipping quality, 88¾c for choice. Milling wheat shows strength at 92½c @ 95c; Walla Walla wheat 76¼c @ 77½c for fair average quality, 81¼c @ 83¾c for blue stem, and 71½c @ 73¼c for damp stock.

Liverpool, Jan. 5.—Wheat, spot, quiet but steady; demand poor; No. 2 red winter, 4s 9½d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 5d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s 5d; No. 1 california, 5s 2d.

Hops—At London, Pacific coast, £2 15s.

New York, Jan. 5.—Hops steady; state, common to choice, old, 5c @ 7c; new, Pennsylvania, 12c. Pacific coast, old 3½c @ 7c; new, 8c @ 12c.

PEOPLE AND EVENTS.

Gladstone's sight is now so far restored that he can read ten or twelve hours daily.

Mrs. Burton Harrison received 7½ cents per word for her "Bachelor Maid." The 60,000 words thus yielded her $4,500.

Justin McCarthy, the Irish parliamentarian, whose novels have been so widely read in this country, is in his 62d year, but even at this age it is no unusual thing for him to sit up all night over his typewriter.

It is rumored about the senate that Senator Manderson will be a candidate for the position of secretary of the senate when the fifty-fourth congress meets and the reorganization of the senate is directed by the republicans of that body.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Jan. 5.—The weekly bank statement is as follows: Reserve, increase $593,200; loans, increase $743,000; specie, increase $2,106,400; legal tenders, decrease $624,100; deposits, increase $3566,400; circulation, increase $110,400. The banks now hold $35,862,050 in excess of the requirements.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

London, Jan. 7.—The Royal Yacht squadron held a meeting today and decided to send a yacht to the United States to contest for the America's cup.

## ROYAL MARRIAGES

TWO COUPLES OF BRITISH BLUE-BLOODS UNITED.

Lords and Ladies of High Degree Present—Mrs. Jno. W. Mackay Among Them.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Two fashionable marriages occurred this evening. Fred. Carr Glynn, fourth Baron Wolverton, lord in waiting upon the queen and a member of the syndicate represented by Lord Dunraven, was married to Lady Edith Ward, sister of the second Earl of Dudley. Lord Wolverton is a son of the famous banker and was born in 1872.

The second wedding was that of Sir Horace Farquhar, bart., partner in the house of Sir Samuel Scott, bart. At this ceremony the Prince of Wales, Duke of Cambridge and other members of the British aristocracy were present. Mrs. John W. Mackay was also present.

THE BULGARIAN AGITATOR.

Sofia, Jan. 5.—Zankoff, the notorious agitator and leader of the Russophile emigrants, arrived here today. In Slivnitze he was warmly received. In a public speech he said that a reconciliation between Russia and Bulgaria could be effected now, but the first condition would be an orthodox Bulgarian dynasty.

MME. NAVARRO IMPROVING.

London, Jan. 5.—Mme. Navarro, formerly Mary Anderson, has communicated to the press her thanks for the many inquiries as to her condition during her recent illness. She is convalescent.

FOR RECIPROCITY.

Rome, Jan. 5.—Italy and Russia have opened negotiations for a reciprocity treaty. Russia has offered noteworthy concessions to Italian wine growers.

CATHOLICS TO VOTE.

Rome, Jan. 5.—It is reported that the Vatican has authorized Catholics to take part in the next parliamentary elections.

THY NEIGHBOR IS THY SISTER.

In small towns and rural neighborhoods life could be made much more interesting and enjoyable if there were more real sociability. More frequently than otherwise it is not the cost of entertaining that restrains the housewife from indulging in a generous hospitality, but her mistaken ideas of the elaboration which will be expected of her, and the great difficulty, often, in remote places, of obtaining the necessary assistance to do the work involved.

Here and there, fortunately, there is a brave woman who sets at naught the traditions of the community, and being a law unto herself, has the courage of her convictions and inaugurates new and simple ways of receiving her friends. Such a woman is doing real missionary work, humanizing people and drawing them out of themselves, and nearer together. And the seed she sows always falls in good ground; for there are always many timid souls ready and eager to tread a new path opened and made smooth for them. For every pioneer born, you see, there are a hundred followers waiting.

Women's clubs, which are spreading a vast network over the country, are doing a great work in this direction, aside from their ostensible purpose, be it culture, charity, mission, village improvement, or what not. The mere fact that from five to forty or more women meet at a given time to discuss a given topic and exchange ideas upon it, implies that as many women are drawn out of the rut of daily routine, have devoted time and thought to a certain subject, and will receive the benefit and stimulus of the friction with other minds in discussing it.—From "The Interchange of Hospitality," in Demorest's.

## MURDEROUS MEXICANS

### Kill Father and Son in Arizona.

### Rich Farmer's Suicide at Pendleton.

Proper Pardon Granted by the Governor of Colorado—Other Notes Regarding Crime.

TUCSON, Ariz., Jan. 5.—The stage which arrived this evening brings meagre details of a double murder on Friday night at Alma, a small settlement 60 miles from Tucson. Two Mexicans entered the store of F. M. Doll, postmaster, and deliberately shot dead him and his son George, aged 23, and fatally wounded Mrs. Doll. They would probably have killed her too had not the noise of an approaching wagon scared the murderers away. The motive of the deed is believed to have been robbery. Indignant ranchers are in pursuit and will hang the Mexicans to the nearest tree if they capture them.

A SAD SUICIDE.

Pendleton, Jan. 5.—A report reached here this afternoon that W. O. Warren, living six miles from Pendleton, shot himself as officers were arresting him for embezzlement. Warren was clerk of the school district at Warren station and was short $50. He had been sued to recover the money and then a criminal action was instituted. The showing on his own books left no hope for acquittal. He is a wheat buyer and a well-to-do farmer and was a delegate to the last state republican convention. This is the third suicide here in the last ten days.

KILLED IN A QUARREL.

Visalia, Cal., Jan. 5.—Frank Storer was shot and killed this afternoon by Frank Gribble. They quarreled over a debt.

VERY PROPER PARDON.

Denver, Jan. 5.—Governor Waite has granted a pardon to Jacob M. Ferber, who was sentenced to the penitentiary in this state in 1874 for murder but escaped from custody before being taken to the pen. Ferber shot and killed a Mexican who was one of a party that broke into his cabin in the mines. He was convicted and sentenced to seven years. The sentenced was considered unjust by Ferber's friends and one night the jail door was purposely left open. The prisoner walked out and fled to Mexico where he prospered. He has been mayor of Magdalena and financial agent of the Mexican government, one of the highest offices that can be conferred by the president of the republic. Ferber again wishes to live in the United States.

AN OREGON COUNTERFEITER.

Albany, Jan. 5.—A special from Lebanon says:

Last night Deputy United States Marshal George Humphrey, assisted by Joseph Smith and D. D. Shaw, arrested "Doc" Davenport at his residence eight miles from here, on a charge of counterfeiting one dollar silver coins. The defendant has served a term in the Oregon penitentiary for the same offense. Several plaster of paris moulds were found on his premises and considerable money of his manufacture is now in possession of the officers.

Portland, Jan. 5.—Several weeks ago N. R. Harris of the United States secret service came to Portland and consulted with United States Marshal Grady and United States District Attorney Murphy concerning a band of counterfeiters who were manufacturing both gold and silver coins at Lebanon and shipping them all over the Union. Ten-dollar pieces were made out of solid silver and then plated with gold. This gave the coin a perfect ring and made it difficult of detection. It is reported some of the banks in Portland were caught. There are four men in the gang.

THE CALL AND BULLETIN.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Chas. M. Shortridge made final payment of $342,000 for the Morning Call today and the paper passed into his possession. It was developed that the fifty carriers' routes on the paper are worth nearly as much as the paper itself, one route having sold for $7,000 a few weeks ago. Shortridge gave in payment a check on the Nevada bank.

The sale of the Evening Bulletin will take place tomorrow. Shortridge has already offered $50,000 for it.

ONE CAUSE OF LAMENESS.

A curious mistake, common among blacksmiths, was pointed out recently by a practicing veterinary surgeon. He drew attention to the fact that most farriers, being right-handed, unintentionally lower the left side of the foot more than the right side. As a result the pastern does not sit evenly on the coffin bone, or the bone suspended inside the wall of the hoof, and in time the concussion of the foot on the street produces soreness in the joint which could not exist if the feet were level.

A trifle out of joint, so to speak, the foot cannot repair the injury received or the fatigue of the day; it gradually gets feverish and then tender, and the horse is suddenly seen to limp. I have noticed this in hundreds of cases. The lameness disappears in a few days if the cause be removed by leveling up the foot carefully. A person will experience the same difficulty in his ankle if he wears for a few days a boot that has run over at the heel. Neither man nor horse is permanently injured unless the faulty conditions continue. How such an error, almost unnoticeable, should be so frequently committed is easily understood when it is seen how much faster the knife removes the horn while being drawn than pushed. The shoer lifts the foot and draws the knife towards himself, on the bottom of what is then the bottom of the right side, but which is really the left of the hoof, as his back is toward the horse's head. To pare the left (right) side of the hoof is more difficult or unhandy, and it is, as a consequence, left thicker.

The horse's feet are so constructed that if they must turn over, to turn out is less hurtful than to turn in; hence, the first indication of lameness from this cause is usually noticeable in the right foot, the left side of that foot being the lower, thus inclining to roll in. The lesson is, hire competent farriers and be sure to keep the horse's feet level from side to side as well as front and rear.—Clark's Horse Review.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE


THE MEXICAN MURDERERS.

If Caught the Cowboys Will Make Short Work of Them.

Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 7.—Tonight the stage from Mammoth brought full particulars of the double murder at a small town near there, the victims being F. M. Doll and his son, who ran a store there. The family were at supper when a knock was heard at the door and Mrs. Doll answered it. When she opened the door two Mexicans shot at her and she fell to the floor. Mr. Doll jumped to his feet and was shot through the heart. The son ran out the back door and was brought down. When the murderers left the room to kill her son, Mrs. Doll extinguished the lights and concealed herself in the brush near the building. The Mexicans searched an hour for her and were scared off by an approaching wagon. Mrs. Doll walked several miles to the nearest ranch and gave the alarm. The throats of the murdered men were cut from ear to ear and their bodies hacked terribly. At least fifty cowboys are on the trail of the fiends.

MARKET REPORT.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Wheat, No. 1 shipping 87½, with 88 3-4 for choice; milling grades steady, 92½@97½; Walla Walla wheat, 75½@77½ for fair average quality, 80@85 for blue stem, and 70@73 3-4 for damp stock.

Liverpool—Wheat, spot, firm; demand moderate; No. 2 red winter, 4s 10d; No. 2 red spring, 5s 5d; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 5s; No. 1 California, 5s 2½d.

Hops at London.—Pacific coast £2 15s.

IN OREGON.

Horace Mann runs a paper at Stayton.

Bill Nye is a resident of Salem.

George Washington's estate was being settled in probate in Marion county a few days ago.

There are six Smiths in the Oregon legislature this time.

The Oregon legislature which convenes next week has one Butler, and a Carter to convey the members over Bridges and via an Alley to a King. There is one Baker to roast a Coon Dunn for the feast for which one will Schlibrede and Cole.

## MOVEMENT OF TRAINS

SOUTHERN PACIFIC OVERLAND CANCELED BECAUSE OF SNOW.

The O. R. & N. Trains on Time, but Have Heavy Snow between Portland and Dalles.

SISSONS, Cal., Jan. 5.—Today's northbound Oregon express No. 15 has been cancelled on this divison on account of a big snow slide near the eighteenth crossing, seven miles south of Sissons. The rotary snow plow is hemmed in between this place and Dunsmuir. One hundred and fifteen shovelers were sent to the scene from this place this afternoon. Today's southbound train is reported ten hours late out of Ashland. It has commenced to snow heavily again this evening.

TRAINS NOW ON TIME.

Portland, Jan. 5.—The blockade on the O. R. & N. was raised tonight and a train from the East with three day's mail arrived. Officials of the road report snow from six to thirty feet deep between Troutdale and The Dalles. The road is now clear, two rotary plows being in service and no further difficulty is anticipated. All trains will run on time beginning tonight.

SAN FRANCISCO RACES.

San Francisco, Jan. 8.—Five furlongs, maiden—My Chum won in 1:10½.

Five furlongs, selling—Adolph won in 1:09½.

Five furlongs, selling—Three Forks won in 1:08.

Six furlongs—Zobair won in 1:22¼.

About six furlongs—Charmer won in 1:24.

## WAS ROASTED TO DEATH

### Fireman Pinned on His Engine.

### Dangerous Flood in the Alleghany.

"Grip Again Makes Its Appearance in New York—Calamities in General.

MASSILLON, O., Jan. 7.—In a collision this morning on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad east of here, Fireman Ryan of Norwalk was pinned in the cab and slowly roasted to death. Ewing Langsdorf, of Smithville, a passenger, had his neck broken. Conductor J. B. Romus, of Norwalk, jumped, breaking one arm and fracturing three ribs. He will die. G. P. Parsh and Jack Berkhart, of Massillon, were seriously injured and will probably die.

SAME AS IN SALEM.

New York, Jan. 7.—The "Grip" is again giving New York doctors insomnia. Dr. Gardner, who has made a study of grip, said: "Yes, it is certainly back again, as many of my patients can testify, but it is not nearly so serious as it was the first year it came. The doctors have decided that it is caused by a germ, but the germ is not yet identified."

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

Portland, Jan. 7.—Mail advices from Silver Lake state that the coroner's jury has returned a verdict finding that the forty people who were burned in Chrisman's hall met death accidentally.

DANGEROUS FLOOD.

Pittsburg, Jan. 7.—There is a possibility of a flood if the river continues to rise any length of time at the present rate. A large amount of ice is coming out of the Youghiogheny, and at McKeesport the little steamer Tillie was sunk. The ice is also coming down the Allegheny and the cofferdam at Harris island is in danger. A twenty-five foot stage on the Ohio river is expected here, and river men fear it will reach thirty feet. Twenty-five feet will flood the mills along the river and cause damage to property. Thirty feet is considered the danger line. It has been rising all night.

The Allegheny is full of ice and is running like a torrent. A great amount of wreckage is coming down indicating damage at points above. Several coal barges, a house boat and a swinging ferry boat broke from their moorings and went down with the current. The most serious damage in Allegheny will be done to the government work at Harris island, where the new dam is now in course of construction. The water is now over the cofferdam and it is likely all the work will be destroyed.

FLOODS GALORE.

Bellaire, O., Jan. 7.—The indications today are the great flood of 1884 will be repeated. The river is rising rapidly. The ice in the Ohio river and tributaries broke up and ran out last night. Several barges were lost. Two bridges on the Cleveland, Loraine & Wheeling railway were washed away. Traffic on the road is completely blocked. All the snow has melted and is gone. The lowlands will be flooded by tomorrow morning. The people are moving to higher ground.

Cincinnati, Jan. 7.—The unprecedented rainfall of 3.47 inches in 24 hours ended at 7 a. m., and of 3.81 inches in 48 hours, has had the effect of carrying off the ice from the river without any damage whatever. River men say they never saw a safer break-up. The river here is expected to go above forty feet, but no disastrous flood is expected.

Indianapolis, Jan. 7.—Advices from Southern Indiana to the News report disastrous floods resulting from the heavy rains.


From

High Government Authority.

No authority of greater experience on food products exists than Dr. Henry A. Mott, of New York. Dr. Mott's wide experience as Government Chemist for the Indian Department, gave him exceptional opportunities to acquaint himself with the qualities and constituent parts of baking powders. He understands thoroughly the comparative value of every brand in the market, and has from time to time expressed his opinion thereof. On a recent careful re-examination and analysis he finds

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

superior to all others in strength, purity, and efficiency. Dr. Mott writes:—

"New York, March 20th, 1894.

I find Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder to be superior to all others, for the following reasons:—

1st. It liberates the greatest amount of leavening gas and is consequently more efficient.

2nd. The ingredients used in its preparation are of the purest character.

3rd. Its keeping qualities are excellent.

4th. On account of the purity of the materials and their relative proportions, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder must be considered the *acme of perfection* as regards wholesomeness and efficiency, and I say this having in mind certificates I have given several years ago respecting two other baking powders.

The reasons for the change in my opinion are based on the above facts and the new method adopted to prevent your baking powder from caking and deteriorating in strength.

HENRY A. MOTT, Ph. D., L. L. D."