

RAILROADS. TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for 'Leaves Independence' and 'Leaves Mouthville'. Includes routes for 'Independence and Mouthville Motor Line' and 'Roseburg Mail'.

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Second-Class Sleeping Cars attached to all through trains.

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Between Portland and Corvallis.

Mail train daily (except Sunday).

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EAST, NORTH AND WEST

Join Hands and Votes for Prosperity

No More Legislation for Great Britain.

Yesterday's Verdict Is for Protection to the American Home and Workman—Read It.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The republicans have carried New York state for governor by estimated pluralities ranging from 15,000 to 15,000.

The total vote for the two leading candidates is considerably in excess of that polled for Flower and Fassett for governor in 1891. In addition is the vote cast this year for Wheeler, independent-democratic, which will exceed 20,000.

The tremendous republican sweep in the city and state is estimated to have elected twenty-three republican congressmen, a gain of over eight. It was expressed in all democratic estimates on the eve of election, it was contended that the democratic plurality below Harrison would be at least 30,000.

The surprise are not confined to the change of vote, but an analysis shows that Senator Hill will be behind even the vote of Maynard, while in the state he fell below the vote cast for Governor Flower in 1891.

An analysis of such figures as are obtainable tonight shows that the republicans all along gained by the increased registration, for Maynard's vote in all the upper county districts shows large gains over the Fassett vote in 1891. In the cities the same increase in registration appears to have been detrimental to the democrats. The vote in Albany county was one of the many surprises of the election. In 1891 the Albany county vote in state or national issues has been looked upon as a reliable democratic stronghold, good for from 1,000 to 2,000 democratic majority. Democratic managers in view of this fact, and that it is almost the home of Hill, looked for a majority of not less than 2,500. They felt confident Hill would have given a handsome vote, as Judge Maynard carried the county by a normal majority, notwithstanding the republican trend in other portions of the state. In Monroe, with its republican county officers, a natural republican plurality was not doubted, but late figures give Morton 6,000, whereas in 1891 the same county gave to Fassett 3,800. Ransacker county held as closely to democratic normal vote as any county in the state.

The results of the sweeping victory are more far-reaching than simply the election of a republican state ticket. While the returns are very incomplete on the constitutional amendments, it is probable, according to first returns, that all of them are adopted. The new constitution will be put to a vote of the head of the ticket, is not nearly so large as it was supposed to be, and the result, therefore, is that the Legislature will consist of fifty senators and 150 assemblymen; that pool selling on races will be prohibited and that the new judicial system will be inaugurated.

The sweep also means that for the first time in many years the republicans will have control of the state legislature at same time with governor in the chair in political harmony with them.

NEW YORK STATE. Albany, Nov. 6.—A notable gathering of politicians met in the executive building tonight and read the returns furnished by the Associated Press. Senator Hill arrived at 7 p. m. He was the first to arrive. Col. Williams, the governor's private secretary, came next. Already a batch of bulletins were on Senator Hill's desk. New York county had been sending in returns that were not of a favorable nature. At 7:30 all hope of saving the state was given up by those who had thus far arrived. It was feared that New York City might go republican and it is conceded that Hill would only carry it by a few thousand. Governor Flower arrived at 7:45. He was shown dispatches and at once gave up all hope of saving the state with the aid of New York City. He said it seemed as if a great tidal wave was coming when he was in New York this morning. He had hoped that the up-to-date districts would go to Hill. All the time Hill said not a word but read the bulletins and consulted the manual of former years. The county returns came in from the state the senator shook his head and said: "Well they did pretty well by me." To the consoling remarks of friends he made no reply except to smile.

TAMMANY'S DEFEAT. New York, Nov. 6.—Grant a \$45 entered the race at police headquarters where Mr. Strong is receiving returns and congratulated him on his acknowledged victory. Mr. Strong thanked him, President Martin of the police board says that Tammany has abandoned all hope of carrying a single office.

New York, Nov. 6.—Ex-Mayor Grant at 8 p. m. conceded the loss of the city and state as regards the head of the ticket.

New York, Nov. 6.—The Press claims the election of Morton by 125,000 to 150,000, the election of Strong by from 35,000 to 40,000 and the election of Goff by at least 60,000.

Albany, Nov. 6.—Both Hill and Governor Flower concede that the democratic party is beaten.

New York, Nov. 6.—At 8 o'clock tonight Mayor Gilroy said: "The returns are more eloquent than anything I can say." He told of the probable defeat of Wilson in West Virginia, he said: "That is good."

New York, Nov. 6.—The Western Union and Postal Tel. Co.'s lines have been badly crippled by the havoc caused by their lines by the storm of last night in the Eastern states, particularly on the coast lines. At 5 p. m. the Postal had one wire working as far as Springfield, but they did not expect to go any farther east before tomorrow.

The Western Union lines are in trouble east of New Haven and it is not likely that communication over their lines will be established as far east as Boston tonight.

New York, Nov. 6.—The scene on newspaper row tonight when it was conceded by the democrats that Morton had won the governorship and Strong the majority, was one of the greatest enthusiasm. Ten thousand persons thronged the thoroughfares, blocking the cars and impeding them. One of the Tammany leaders said: "This will lead to a thorough reorganization of the democratic party in this city and it will bring about good results in two years from now."

Dr. Parkhurst said: "We have won a great victory which shows the people have their eyes opened at last. It is evident that the party which has at last been awakened. We have got the people, that the reform movement has been fighting, just where they had us."

A VERITABLE COLLAPSE. New York, Nov. 6.—The Advertiser will tomorrow say: "The battle is over. The enemy is routed and republicanism has triumphed. Protection will still protect and Tammany is overthrown. The victory means that the great American people has been aroused, and have shown themselves worthy of their glorious heritage. It means death beyond all possibility of resurrection of that party which for forty years never had power without showing increased capacity for blundering and ineptness. The democratic party is indeed dead."

Albany—Hill has carried Albany city by about 100 plurality; Flower carried it by 3,500.

MINNESOTA. St. Paul, Nov. 6.—The figures are slow coming in, only a few scattering reports having been received. There has been a great falling off in the democratic vote and gains by both republicans and populists, but the latter gained most. The republicans will win if they hold their own, as the other parties did not entirely join together. Therefore, it seems that Governor Nelson, rep., will be elected, by an increase over his plurality of 14,000 of two years ago.

VIRGINIA. Washington, Nov. 6.—The fifth congressional district of Virginia elects Swanson, democrat.

MARYLAND. Baltimore.—Late returns show that the republicans probably gained three congressmen in this state.

NEBRASKA. Omaha.—The vote of Omaha was very heavy, the A. P. A. did not figure to the extent anticipated, however, it has been a factor, but to what extent is not to be known for twenty-four hours. Majors, at the head of the republican state ticket, is an A. P. A. and received the full support of the order in Omaha.

Returns from the state are coming in exceedingly slow, and complete returns on the head of the ticket from some localities indicate the fusion candidate for governor, Holcomb, elected by 3,000 plurality. There is little doubt that the republican state ticket is elected with the exception of governor. This is the result of the fight made against Majors, the republican candidate for governor, by the anti-monopoly men. It is anticipated that the legislature will be exceedingly close with the chances in favor of the republicans. The only probable change in the state congressional delegation is in the first, Bryan's district, which will elect Strode, republican.

THE MORMON STATE. Salt Lake.—The election passed off quietly today and a large vote was polled. The counting of the vote is progressing very slowly and it will be midnight before anything definite is known. In the city vote the republicans estimate that Cannon, rep., for delegate to congress will have 1,100 majority in the city, but this is not conceded by democrats.

GEORGIA. Atlanta.—Ga.—Of Georgia's eleven districts, ten elected democrats. The seventh is probably democratic. Arguments.—There were several fights during the day in this city. John M. Goss, one of the populist workers, challenged a negro. In the difficulty Goss drew his gun and a general melee and a fusillade of shots followed.

Goss was killed instantly and a number were wounded.

The first congressional district elects Loalla, democrat.

The second congressional district elects Russell, democrat.

The third district elects Crisp, democrat.

The seventh district elects Turner, democrat.

LOUISIANA. New Orleans.—Returns so far show all to a certainty the re-election of the present congressional delegation by about 5,000 each in the first, third, fourth, fifth and sixth districts and one elects Chas. F. Beck in the second district by a large majority, all democrats.

Washington, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Gen. Sperry, secretary of the republican state central committee of Louisiana, says: "We will carry the second and third districts sure, and the first if the count is fair."

CONNECTICUT. New Haven.—Owing to the instant storm the returns from all the towns are slow and in many instances it is doubtful if the vote will be in till tomorrow. Returns thus far show a light vote and a large falling-off of the country vote. It is doubtful if there will be an election by returns.

New Haven.—The indications are the republican governor is elected. Three republican congressmen are also elected by the republicans.

TENNESSEE. Nashville.—Partial returns from fifteen counties show a decidedly diminished vote with republican gains, though not sufficient to defeat Turner, democrat, for governor.

MISSOURI. St. Louis.—At 8 o'clock it is generally conceded that the entire democratic state ticket is elected by some pluralities. Sam B. Cook, secretary of the state democratic executive committee, says that every democratic congressman is elected. The entire city ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 2,000 to 8,000.

SOUTH DAKOTA. Sioux City.—Returns from South Dakota are very slow. Shelby, rep., is elected governor.

WISCONSIN. Milwaukee.—Returns from the interior of the state show republican gains everywhere and indicate that the republican ticket is elected by 35,000 to 40,000 majority.

OHIO. Cleveland, Nov. 6.—All returns indicate that this county has gone republican by nearly 6,000, or almost as big a plurality as McKinley received a year ago. This insures the defeat of Tom L. Johnson, rep., for governor in the 21st district by at least 3,000. Returns from the Western Reserve show republican gains everywhere over their vote of a year ago.

WYOMING. Cheyenne.—Weather throughout Wyoming is fair and a full vote was polled. Indications at 9 p. m. are that the full republican ticket and majority of the republican legislative ticket is elected, insuring the election of two republican U. S. senators.

COLORADO. Denver.—Indications at 11:20 o'clock are that McKinley, rep., for governor, will have 15,000 to 20,000 majority over Waite, who has run behind his own ticket many thousand but has undoubtedly carried the ticket down to defeat with him. If the republicans have a 15,000 majority on the head of the state ticket they undoubtedly control the legislature and re-elect Ponce, populist, to congress in the fifth district.

Bell, populist, may defeat Bowen in the second district, his majority of 12,000 two years ago will be reduced. Dispatches from all parts of the state say a very full vote was polled, and in cities full as many voters voted as men. The polls did not close until 7 o'clock and it will be late before any definite figures are received. Denver and its suburbs about 85 per cent of the registered voters voted. The result worked seriously at the polls all day for the success of the republican ticket and the result is largely due to their effort.

Pueblo, Col., Nov. 6.—Under a clear sky and mild weather. The vote in Pueblo county is 85 per cent of the registration, the vote being very large. Thomas O. Bowen, rep., for congress will have a plurality of 1,800 to 2,000. The election of the entire republican ticket is claimed.

IDAHO. Boise.—The election passed off quietly in this state so far as heard. Returns are coming in slowly, but will be no figure tomorrow until after midnight, during the day both democrats and republicans claimed the governorship. The democrats concede the result of the state ticket, but the republicans have the congressional. It is the opinion of the most conservative that the state has gone republican on the state ticket, congressmen and legislature.

FLORIDA. Jacksonville.—At the congressional election in this state the republican ticket was polled. The election of Cooper and Sparkman, democrats, seems assured.

MASSACHUSETTS. Springfield.—From returns up to 11 o'clock the indications are that Massachusetts has given Greenhalge, republican, a majority of 45,000, a gain of 10,000 over last year. Massachusetts is likely to have a solid republican delegation in congress.

NORTH DAKOTA. Fargo.—Returns are coming in unusually slow. Allan, republican, for governor, is running ahead of the ticket. Allan's election by 5,000 plurality is claimed by the republicans. The democrats concede it by 1,000.

MICHIGAN. Detroit.—Michigan has gone republican by about 60,000 plurality. The democrats concede 50,000 plurality. The republicans also elected every one of the twelve congressmen from Michigan.

WEST VIRGINIA. Washington, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to republican headquarters from James Fox, at Charleston, W. Va., says: Wilson loses heavily; Dayton's election almost certain.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Senator Faulkner, democrat congressional committee chairman, received advices that in Martinsburg, W. Va., Wilson gains seven votes and that he is holding his own.

Pittsburg, I. a. m.—Specials to the Dispatch from Grant, West Virginia, indicate the election of Dayton over Wilson by one thousand.

Martinsburg, W. Va.—Wilson's count-

ty, Jefferson, gives him 1,440 majority, which is less than anticipated.

The election in the second district will be close and it will require the close count to determine the result.

The republicans are jubilant and claim Wilson's defeat, but the returns from back counties cannot be given for a day or two. The democrats are uneasy.

Washington.—A dispatch at midnight from Mr. Dayton, republican candidate in Wilson's district, claims his election by 1,900 plurality.

Pittsburg.—The Post will say that we concede Wilson's defeat and claim that he bulletins furnished have been for deceptive purposes. His defeat cannot become certain until the returns are all in.

NEW JERSEY. Jersey City, Nov. 6.—The vote in this state is light. Returns of the total vote polled show the heaviest voting in republican districts. The republicans claim eight congressmen. The democrats concede five congressmen.

New York.—Unofficial but seemingly accurate estimates at midnight indicate the New Jersey delegation carried by the republicans and four democrats, a republican gain of two.

Leavenworth, Kan.—The indications are that Morrill, rep., for governor, will have over 20,000 plurality in Leavenworth county. Leavelle carried the county by 448 in 1892. The republicans elect all six members of the legislature, gaining one member.

Kansas City, 12:30 a. m.—The returns thus far received indicate the election of Morrill, rep., and the entire republican state ticket. The republicans probably carry all but two congressional districts and the legislature is probably republican on joint ballot.

CALIFORNIA. San Francisco.—At 7 p. m. Burns, secretary of the state central committee, made the following statement to the Associated Press: "We claim the state by at least 20,000 majority. Estee is elected as well as the rest of the state ticket. Estee will carry San Francisco by 5,000 and the republicans will elect most of the municipal ticket. The legislature will be republican by a comfortable majority."

Chairman Gould of the democratic state central committee told an Associated Press reporter that he thought the republican ticket would be elected by a plurality of not less than 10,000.

San Francisco.—At 11 p. m. from incomplete returns from various sections of the state the indications are that the republican ticket is very close with the chances slightly in favor of Budd, democrat. The republicans have undoubtedly elected five congressmen and possibly six. Maguire, democrat, is probably elected from the fourth district. With the exception of governor, the republicans seem to be leading on the state ticket and will probably have a majority in the legislature. Estee is not getting as large a vote in the country districts as was expected, while Budd is running well in San Francisco, and the estimates of his plurality in this city are as high as 10,000.

San Francisco.—Nothing definite is known as to the result of the municipal fight. Adolph Stue, populist candidate for mayor claims he is elected.

ILLINOIS. Chicago.—The Times (democratic) says: "It is our opinion that the state has gone republican. Cook county yet in doubt."

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Congressman Shreve wires the Associated Press as follows: "Returns at 11 p. m. indicate my defeat."

MISSISSIPPI. Jackson.—All the democratic congressmen from this state are elected by safe majorities except the fourth, fifth and sixth districts.

ALABAMA. Birmingham.—The vote is light. The democrats carry the first, second, sixth and eighth districts for congress.

NEW MEXICO. Albuquerque.—Partial returns from the territory indicate that Antonio Joseph, democrat, is elected delegate to congress.

DELAWARE. Wilmington.—Returns are slow from Lower Delaware. The republican state ticket is probably elected, but the democrats have the legislature.

MONTANA. Helena.—Returns slow. Hartman, republican, is elected to congress and Punt, republican, is chosen for the supreme bench.

WASHINGTON. Tacoma.—The republican state committee at midnight claims the state by a plurality of 15,000. The legislature on joint ballot by 25. The democratic state committee admits defeat all along the line.

INDIANA. Indianapolis.—Indications point to overwhelming republican triumphs in the republican congressional committee claim for Owens from 30,000 to 50,000 majority over his opponent, Meyers, for secretary of state; thirteen congressmen and both branches of the legislature. The democrats concede 2,000 republican majority, but think they have four congressmen.

CONGRESSIONAL CLAIMS. Washington.—At midnight Secretary McKee, of the republican committee gave the following estimate of the republican congressmen elected: California 5, Colorado 1, Connecticut 4, Delaware 1, Idaho 1, Indiana 8, Illinois 10, Iowa 11, Kansas 8, Kentucky 3, Louisiana 2, Maine 4, Maryland 2, Massachusetts 13, Michigan 12, Minnesota 7, Missouri 4, Montana 1, Nebraska 5, Nevada 1, New Hampshire 20, New Jersey 5, New York 20, North Carolina 3, North Dakota 1, Ohio 17, Oregon 2, Pennsylvania 24, Rhode Island 2, South Carolina 1, South Dakota 1, Tennessee 3, Vermont 2, Virginia 3, perhaps 4, Wisconsin 8, and Wyoming 1.

The New York estimate does not include Brooklyn.

The total number claimed by the republicans is 218.

A GROUNDLESS REPORT. Washington, Nov. 5.—Senor Josequin Bernardo Calvo, charge d'affaires of Costa Rica, has received a special dispatch from Senor Heccho, minister of foreign affairs, saying there is no foundation for the report from British Columbia that an attack had been made on the British consulate at Punta.

WAITE'S WINDY WAIL

Over His Defeat in Colorado.

McKinley, Harrison and Stevenson Talk.

West Virginia All Right, Washington Ditto—Result in California—The Field in General.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—The returns indicate that the republican plurality for secretary of state will exceed 150,000. The present Ohio delegation in congress consists of seven democrats and ten republicans. The delegation newly elected consists of nineteen republicans and two democrats. F. F. Sarg and F. C. Layton, democrats, are elected by pluralities less than 100.

McKINLEY CAUTIOUS. Columbus, Nov. 7.—Governor McKinley was in his office early, considering that he was out of all last night. Being asked what he thought about the situation, he preferred not to talk.

"The sweeping republican victories indicated at this hour are impressive. They need no interpretation. They express better than words the revised and deliberate judgment of the people upon public questions involved in the political contest now closed."

HARRISON IN PARABLES. Indianapolis, Nov. 7.—In response to a request by the Associated Press for an expression of his views regarding the results of yesterday's election, President Harrison said: "It was the most extraordinary political revolution the country has ever witnessed. Wherever there was a free ballot the vote of confidence given in 1892 to the democratic party, if one was given, has been recalled and a vote of utter and final repudiation substituted. The independence of the democratic party was revealed the moment power was given it to deal with national affairs. The insincerity of its platform was exposed when 'he it enacted' took the place of 'he it resolved'."

"The vast majority of our people believe in the protective tariff—never so many and so strongly as now. They differ as to rates and schedules, but not as to principle. They believe in reciprocity as the first method of getting on with the world. They believe in a progressive and an American foreign policy. The workmen voted their prejudices in 1892; this year they voted their patriotism and their love of home."

ADOLF'S MAKESHIFT. Bloomington, Ill., Nov. 7.—Hon. A. E. Stevenson, vice-president when asked to state his opinion as to the causes leading up to the democratic defeat of yesterday, said: "My opinion can be briefly stated. The result in part due to the delay of congress in passing the tariff bill. Had the bill been a law ninety days earlier than it did, it is likely that the business conditions of the country would have adjusted themselves to the political result would have been different."

COLORADO. Denver, Nov. 7.—Gov. Waite conceded the defeat of his party early today. "To my mind," said he, "it proves conclusively that the money power has dominated this election from beginning to end, and the demagogue in part is responsible for the fact that they voted the republican ticket instead of their own. I made up my mind several years ago that there was only one way to rescue the country from the conditions now existing and for which the money power is responsible, and that was to fight with tooth and nail. I believe that the business of Wall street must be removed from congress."

"The cause in Colorado can be accounted for from the fact that the democrats have, almost to a man, voted for the republican. It proves to me that there absolutely no difference in the financial policy of the democratic and republican parties. Colorado democrats undoubtedly voted the republican ticket on a count of orders received from Washington."

When asked if he thought the populist party would ever again regain power, the governor said: "I believe it will but not for a time."

The governor said that the women's influence in cities where it is greatest was exerted against him. "The women," said he, "must be educated to think for themselves and not be controlled by the money power as men are."

CALIFORNIA. San Francisco, Nov. 7.—About one-half the entire vote of California has been counted and the result indicates that J. H. Budd, democrat, for governor, has a plurality of between 6,000 and 7,000. The republicans have elected one supreme court justice, Honshaw, and the democrats the other two, Temple and Bridgford. Colgan, the republican nominee for comptroller, is also elected by perhaps 9,000 plurality. The returns now indicate that the republicans have elected six of the seven congressmen. Maguire, democrat, in the fourth district, is elected.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from 308 precincts out of 327 in the second railroad district give Earl, republican, 18,147; Stanton, democrat, 20,723; Johnson, populist, 5,183. Complete returns from 582 precincts out of 1,075 in the third railroad district give Clark, republican, 30,237; Phillips, democrat, 23,115; Bretz, populist, 17,450. Complete returns from 133 out of 200 precincts in the fifth congressional district give Loug, republican, 11,207; Kelly, democrat, 7,469; Rogers, populist, 6,625; Denman, independent, 6,000.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from 243 out of 470 precincts in the seventh congressional district give Bowers, republican, 11,370; Alford, democrat; Gilbert, populist, 5,574.

Complete returns from 190 out of 433 precincts in the first congressional district give Barham, rep., 7,981; Geary, dem., 6,922; Grigsby 3,481. Complete returns from 217 out of 292 precincts in the sixth congressional district give McLaughlin, rep., 15,008,

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.