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THAW DISPUTES WIFE'S STORY

NEW YORK, July 24.—Harry K. Thaw, who is fighting to be liberated from the State Asylum for Criminal Insane, yesterday, for the first time, discussed publication of the events leading up to his shooting of Stanford White. He did this because of statements made lately by his wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, who has turned against him.

One declaration by her was that "Thaw stole me from White at the point of a gun and kept me for three years."

Evelyn feared White. She said Thaw hated White through jealousy. Thaw replies that he never carried a pistol until long after Evelyn had become his companion, and then only because he heard White threatened to have him killed. He says he had no jealousy of White, but that Evelyn feared White and the very sight of him made her ill.

He tells of an incident at Martin's restaurant on the night of June 25, 1906, when Truxton Beale and Thomas McCaleb were dining with Evelyn and himself. She happened to see White, and immediately looked terrified, shivering and seemed to be sick.

Thaw says he was not jealous of Jack Barrymore.

"Mr. Barrymore was young then, and decent and proposed marriage," said Thaw.

Contempt for Pistols.

As to his use of a pistol, Thaw remarked: "No one has more contempt for a man that carries a pistol than I had and now have. I was ashamed to carry a pistol, even though it seemed necessary, after I had got reports about a plot on my life and from the Pinkertons I had employed, and after I had been advised by Roger O'Mara.

"When Evelyn and I went to Yosemite valley I carried no pistol, although I knew bandits had previously held up the stage upon which we rode. When Evelyn on that ride saw a rattlesnake with five rattlers, I have kept these rattlers. I had to please her by jumping down and killing it.

"I attacked it with my umbrella. I would not have used that weapon if I had a pistol. She got down, too, and went up to the snake rather recklessly and hit it with a stone. I finished it with another stone she handed me."

ASKS FOR NICKELS.

Rolls of 5-Cent Pieces Turn Out to Be 85 Cents.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Seaboard National bank had an experience a few days ago that left it belated in its infallibility gasping for breath. Also the experience cost it a couple of hundred dollars.

A man from the firm of Johnson & Nelson asked the paying teller for \$6 in nickels. The teller shoved over a paper roll of coin.

When the rolls were opened they were discovered to contain \$5 gold pieces—120 of 'em, totalling \$600. The customer nearly fainted. Then he asked the paying teller if he hadn't made a mistake.

The paying teller hadn't seen the contents of the package. Besides, it is the policy of every bank to inculcate the doctrine of its infallibility.

"We never make mistakes," was the calm reply.

The customer left scratching his head. Some hours later he was reached by a frantic telephone call. But by that time the customer thoroughly understood that the bank never made mistakes.

The bank got back all except \$200 of its extra money by the process of buying it back.

Life 100,000 Years Ago

Scientists have found in a cave in Switzerland bones of men, who lived 100,000 years ago, who live in constant danger from wild beasts. Today the danger, as shown by A. W. Brown of Alexander, Mo., is largely from deadly disease. "If it had not been for Dr. King's New Discovery, which cured me, I could not have lived," he writes, "suffering as I did from a severe lung trouble and stubborn cough." To cure Sore Throats, Colds, obstinate Coughs, and prevent Pneumonia, its the best medicine on earth. 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by Chas. Strang. Trial bottle free.

KILLED IN SHAM FIGHT

Contest Between Redmen and Militia Results in Fatality

SEATTLE, Wash., July 22.—During a sham battle in the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition grounds late today between 100 members of the Improved Order of Red Men and an equal number of the State Militia, Joseph Morningway of Everett, one of the Red Men, was shot and instantly killed.

According to the program, the Red Men made up as Indians, were to ambush and attack the stage coach which was to have brought the soldiers. The combatants in today's mimic struggle were under the command of Major Otto Case of Wash-

ington National Guard, who had cautioned them to take the utmost care in the matter of using only blank cartridges.

Firing Was Stopped.

In the height of the battle, Morningway, who was between the wheels of a waylaid coach, was seen to drop to the ground, bleeding from a wound in the abdomen. The firing was suspended and the injured man was taken to the hospital and four of the principal surgeons of the city called to attend him.

After an examination they said the wound was mortal and he would die in about two hours.

After a careful examination the physicians stated that Morningway has not been shot by a ball cartridge, but that a wax paper wad of blank cartridges had penetrated his abdomen and exploded after entering.

These wads are shaped like steel bullets and are filled with powder to explode them as soon as they leave the muzzle of the rifle to prevent their being carried too far. They are considered dangerous within ten feet.

Near the Muzzle.

From powder marks on Morningway's body, it is believed they must have been within three or four feet of the muzzle of the rifle when it was fired.

It is probable an investigation will be ordered to ascertain upon what authority the militiamen were ordered to participate in the mimic battle and use state weapons and ammunition.

WAVE OF PROSPERITY.

The Tariff Alone Is Acting as Block, Says Mr. Hill.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—"As soon as the tariff is out of the way," said James J. Hill, the railroad magnate, who yesterday was one of the president's callers, "this country will enjoy a prosperity which will at least equal, if it does not surpass, that it knew under the McKinley administration."

"Last month I traveled extensively through the West, and I never saw such activity among the farmers. Everywhere I made inquiry and learned and saw that the crops were abundant and the farmers were satisfied. Signs of the financial depression of 1907 are fast fading."

"Freight cars will be at a premium within a few weeks. We of the railroad world judge the prosperity of the nation as much by the number of idle cars as anything else. Throughout the last year there have been thousands idle, but they will soon be rolling about the country, filled with freight."

POISONED BY FLY PAPER.

Pendleton Child Drank Water, But Life Was Saved.

Little Purdy Cornelson, the 16-months-old son of Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Cornelson, came near meeting death yesterday from drinking fly-poison water. The little child was at the Presbyterian mission on the reservation, where Mr. Cornelson is in charge.

During the afternoon the parents chanced to catch the child drinking from a bowl in which a piece of fly poison paper had been soaked. Realizing the danger, the parents at once administered mustard water to the child and had him vomiting within a short time. Within an hour he was fully recovered from both the poison and treatment. However, both Mr. and Mrs. Cornelson were both made ill by the terrible experience—East Oregonian.

ORIENTALS' WHITE WIVES.

Fresno Citizens Protest Against Natives Being Employed.

FRESNO, Cal., July 22.—Considerable discussion is being caused in Fresno by the apparently increasing number of white women who are employed and live among the Chinese and Japanese in this city. The saleswomen in the Japanese moving picture shows are all white women, and a number of others are employed in Oriental restaurants. Investigation today has brought to light several women living in Chinatown as the wives of Mongolians. There is talk of public action to prevent growth of this intermingling of the races.

COINS NEW COPPERS SOON.

Lincoln Cents Will Begin to Flow From Frisco Mint Next Week.

Coinage of the new "Lincoln coppers" will begin at the San Francisco mint next week. Several millions of the new coins have been already made at the Philadelphia mint, but they will not be distributed until August, when the local mint will have coined its supply.

The first order at the San Francisco mint is for 1,200,000 pieces. All the cents needed west of the Mississippi river will be made at the San Francisco mint.

The new coppers are the same size as the ones now in use. On the obverse side is a bust of Lincoln. The reverse side is the same as on those now in use.

DENVER, Colo., July 24.—By a vote of 223 to 79 the Western Federation of Miners' convention yesterday endorsed the position of President Meyer in his controversy with P. J. Flynn of the Butte Miners' union.

A MEAL WITH A MOOR

The Repast Began With Green Tea Served in Glasses.

FOOD EATEN WITH FINGERS.

Table Manners in a Moorish Gentleman's House—A Particular Mark of Favor by the Host to His Guests That Is Not Always Appreciated.

During my stay in Fez I took every opportunity of gaining a closer insight into the domestic life of the inhabitants, and for that reason, writes Lawrence Harris in the London Graphic, I heartily accepted an invitation to dine with Abdullah el Fasi, the minister for foreign affairs.

On arriving at his home I was ushered into a large room in which were seated five or six guests of high rank. Abdullah took me by the hand and gravely introduced me to the company. A silver cushion was placed on the divan, upon which I seated myself.

The repast commenced with green tea served in small glasses. The custom of preparing this is peculiar to the country. To the principal native guest is given the honor of making the tea. In this case it was Raleuil, who, being under British protection, had been invited to dinner in my honor. He accepted the invitation to do the honors of the evening and ordered the negroes to place the native brass tray in front of where he sat cross legged on the divan. The methods of proceeding are not such as would recommend themselves to an English tea party.

Measuring out the tea in his hand, he dropped it in the pot. The negroes then poured boiling water over it. This was swilled around and the water poured off. The pot was then filled with huge lumps of loaf sugar, broken roughly from a sugar loaf, and a little mint was added. A small quantity of the concoction was poured into a glass, slipped and poured back again into the pot. This process was continued until the required delicacy of flavor was reached.

The company then drank the customary three glasses of this slippy mixture, drawing it through their teeth with a sound like a horse drinking. As each glass was finished and replaced in the tray it was refilled and handed back by the "keeper of the pot," who was supposed to remember to whom each glass belonged. At a sign from the host the tray was removed, and another slave approached each person with a brass bowl, soap and towel and a bronze kettle of warm water. The guests washed their right hands preparatory to the dinner.

We all sat around a small table about six inches high, upon which was placed the dish. The courses were many and varied. As says the Hadith, "The blessing of God rests on the food taken with the fingers," so all good Mohammedans follow the words of their prophet. No knife must be used on bread, and the small round loaves are broken up and handed around. The tajin, or stew, is not difficult to manipulate, although the olives floating in argon oil slip through your fingers. Miniature tins of oil occur with your vi-a-vis in the effort to dismember a fowl or divide tough meat.

As a particular mark of favor the host will from time to time place before you a little thibit which he has torn off with his greasy fingers. However your stomach rebels against it, you have to swallow the morsel. During the meal the national dish of couscous is invariably served. This dish is made from broken grains of wheat specially prepared by the women. It is served piled up like a huge cone, with the meat on top. Each person scoops out his own little hole in the side and must not trespass on his neighbor's portion.

To the inexperienced it is difficult to manage the couscous without making an awful mess of it. The small grains must be judiciously compressed into a loose ball and then shot into the mouth with the back of the thumb. The Moors take extreme delight in watching the ineffectual efforts of Europeans who are in difficulties with their couscous. Moors are very great eaters, and little conversation is carried on during the meal. A bowl of water is passed from hand to hand for those who require drink. The last course finished, the bowl and water are once more requisitioned and the hands and mouth washed.

The Poor Man's Gym.

"Would you mind telling me," asked Mrs. Bourdillot, glancing admiringly at the athletic shoulders of the prospective boarder, "how do you keep in such splendid physical condition?"

"I go through a few gymnastic exercises every morning," confessed the young man, flushing.

"Well, I'm sorry, but we can't board you. I've had the bathroom monopolized that way before."—Kansas City Times.

His Criticism.

Mrs. Goldblith (to eminent musical critic)—What do you think of the new opera, Mr. Crochet? Endless Musical Critic—Well, it wouldn't be bad if somebody would set it to music.—London Pict-Mag.

His Definition.

Teacher—Wilfred, a bee is something we get wax from. Now, tell me, what is a bee? Wilfred—Our teacher is a bee because he's something we get waxes from.—London Telegraph.

One "Take this" is better than ten "God bless you's."—German Proverb.

ENGINEER'S STILL BUSY

Obtaining Data for Proposed Irrigation System

Engineers are still working full force on the proposed Rogue River Valley irrigating system. At the present time one party of surveyors is at work relocating the ditch line above the Bradshaw drop. This is made necessary because of the fact that the field notes of the old survey were lost in the San Francisco fire.

Another party is continuing its plane table survey of the valley, and the past week they have been at work west of the Fish Lake ranch, north and east of Medford.

Messrs. Osgood & Cummings, the engineers in charge of this work, have eight parties in the field at the present time, and still they could work more men had they the instruments with which to equip them.

04387

CONTEST NOTICE

Department of the Interior

United States Land Office

Roseburg, Oregon, July 6, 1909

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Thomas Rolfe, contestant, against Homestead Entry No. 14716, made November 25, 1907, for SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Section 28, Township 33 S., Range 1 W., Willamette Meridian, by Harry L. Waste, contestee, in which it is alleged that said Harry L. Waste has abandoned his said homestead for more than one year last past; that he has built no house or cabin on his homestead, nor has he made any improvements thereon; and that said alleged absence was not due to employment in the Army or Navy of the United States in time of war; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond, and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on August 27, 1909, before W. H. Canon, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Medford, Oregon, (and that final hearing will be held at 11 o'clock a. m. on September 10, 1909, before) the Register and Receiver at the United States Land Office in Roseburg, Oregon.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed July 6, 1909, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

04829

NOTICE OF SCHOOL INDEMNITY SELECTION

United States Land Office

Roseburg, Oregon, June 22, 1909

NOTICE is hereby given that the State of Oregon, on April 1, 1909, applied for SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 32, and SW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 24, Tp. 33 S., R. 1 E., and SE 1/4, SE 1/4, and SW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 14, and NE 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 24, Tp. 34 S., R. 1 E. of W. M., and filed in this office a list of school indemnity selections in which it selected said land; and that said list is open to the public for inspection. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land or any legal subdivision thereof, or claiming the same under the mining laws, or desiring to show said land to be more valuable for agricultural purposes, or to object to said selection for any lawful reason, should file their claims of their affidavits of protest or contest in this office.

I hereby designate the Medford Mail, published at Medford, Oregon, as the newspaper in which the above notice is to be published.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Roseburg,

Oregon, June 25, 1909.

NOTICE is hereby given that Edgar E. Smith, of Butte Falls, Oregon, who, on June 20, 1903, made Homestead entry, No. 12856, S. R. 03523, for E 1/4 of NE 1/4, Sec. 19; N 1/2 of NW 1/4, Section 11, Township 34 South, Range 3 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. H. Canon, U. S. Commissioner, at Medford, Oregon, on the 6th day of August, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: W. W. Parker, of Butte Falls, Oregon; E. H. Watson of Butte Falls, Oregon; H. J. Doubleday, of Butte Falls, Oregon; A. J. Young, of Butte Falls, Oregon.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

05197

NOTICE OF SCHOOL INDEMNITY SELECTION

United States Land Office

Roseburg, Oregon, June 22, 1909

NOTICE is hereby given that the State of Oregon, on June 22, 1909, applied for N E 1/4, sec. 28, T 34 S., R. 1 E. the SW 1/4, SW 1/4, sec. 14 and NE 1/4, NE 1/4, and SW 1/4, NE 1/4, sec. 8, T. 35 S., R. 1 E., W. M. and NW 1/4, SE 1/4, sec. 28, T. 34 S., R. 1 E., W. M. and filed in this office a list of school indemnity selections in which it selected said land; and that said list is open to the public for inspection. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land or any legal subdivision thereof, or claiming the same under the mining laws, or desiring to show said land to be more valuable for mineral than for agricultural purposes, or to object to said selection for any lawful reason, should file their claims of their affidavits of protest or contest in this office on or before the 14th day of August 1909.

I hereby designate the Medford Mail, published at Medford, Oregon, as the newspaper in which the above notice is to be published.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior

U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Ore.,

May 26, 1909

NOTICE is hereby given that Emel-

ton, who, on October 19, 1908, made Sworn Statement, No. 01896, for N 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4 and Lot 1, Section 18, Township 33 South, Range 2 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver at Roseburg, Oregon, on the 18th day of August, 1909.

Claimant names as witnesses: Carlos L. Byron, of Seattle, Washington; Charles W. Armstrong, of Everett, Washington; Edward J. Wallace, Seattle, Washington; Warren Beatty, of Roseburg, Oregon.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

NOTICE OF SCHOOL INDEMNITY SELECTION.

05171

United States land office, Roseburg, Oregon, June 19, 1909.

Notice is hereby given that the state of Oregon, on June 11, 1909, applied for N. W. 1/4, N. W. 1/4 section 32, township 33 S., range 1 E.; S. W. 1/4, S. W. 1/4, S. E. 1/4, N. E. 1/4, section 2, and N. E. 1/4, N. E. 1/4, N. W. 1/4, N. E. 1/4 section 6, township 34 S., range 1 W., W. M., and filed in this office a list of school indemnity selections in which it selected said land; and that said list is open to the public for inspection. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land or any legal subdivision thereof, or claiming the same under the mining laws, or desiring to show said land to be more valuable for mineral than for agricultural purposes, or to object to said selection for any lawful reason, should file their claims or their affidavits of protest or contest in this office on or before the 7th day of August, 1909.

I hereby designate the Medford Mail, published at Medford, Oregon, as the newspaper in which the above notice is to be published.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

SUMMONS.

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon of the county of Jackson. Bertha S. Barnum, plaintiff, vs. Oregon and Transcontinental Company, an Oregon corporation, defendant.

To Oregon and Transcontinental Company, a corporation, and to its secretary, president and managing agent, the above named defendant.

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above plaintiff in the above entitled court, now on file with the clerk of said court within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons upon you, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the court for a decree, decreeing that plaintiff and her grantors and predecessors in interest have been and are in the open, adverse, hostile, exclusive actual and continuous possession of lots 14, 15 and 16, in block 23 of the city of Medford, Oregon, for more than 15 years last past, and that plaintiff is the owner of said premises and that said defendant has no right, title or interest or claim of title of any kind to said premises or any part thereof, and that defendant be enjoined and barred from asserting any claim in or to said premises adverse to the rights of plaintiff, and for such other relief as to the court may seem meet and equitable.

Under and by virtue of an order made by the Hon. H. K. Hanna, a judge of said court, dated the 16th day of June, 1909 this summons is served on the defendant by the publication thereof for six successive weeks in the Medford Mail, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Medford, Oregon, and the defendant by said order is required to appear and answer within six weeks from the date of the first publication hereon.

Date of first publication June 21 1909.

CHARLES PRIM,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST

Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 120 acres, within the Grater National Forest, Oregon, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat., 223), at the United States land office at Roseburg, Oregon, on July 31, 1909. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned said land, has a preference right to make homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were filed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to July 31, 1909, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The NE 1/4, of NW 1/4, Sec. 8, T. 40 S., R. 3 W., W. M., 40 acres, listed upon the application of William L. Coffman of Buncom, Oregon. Also the W 1/2 of SE 1/4, Sec. 20, T. 34 S., R. 2 E., 80 acres, application of John Higlatham, of Derby, Oregon.

Fred Donnell, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Approved May 14, 1909, Frank Pierce, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior.