[Copyright, 1965, by R. B. McClure.] TUGH COVINGTON sat on the bank steps and watched the rockets and bombs rise above the trees from Powers grove and thought miserably of what a diferent Fourth of July he had anticl-

It was to have been one of the old ishloned Greenvale celebrations. The re company would parade in the sorning, and by noon they would all e at the grove. Squire Kinsman rould have made the opening address ad would have introduced Hugh as our rising young attorney," and he ad liked to think how a little whisper would run through the crowd as ose to read the Declaration of Inde endence, for it was known that he ras soon to become the old squire's on-in-law, and this linking of names n the platform would have set ongues clacking.

Then there would have been the ple aic dinner, the boating on the lake, the stroll through the woods with I orothy,



SUTTON HELD THEIR HANDS UP WHILE

a little supper, and all would have come trooping back to town to see a few dozen pinwheels set off in front of the fountain in Courthouse square. Hipple had changed all that, even

the engagement, for in the quarrel over his refusal to further the changed arrangements Dorothy had given him back his ring, he had told her to marry Hipple If she wanted to, and both had been utterly miserable ever since.

Hippie-Gregory Hippie-had opened a clothing store in the bank building about six weeks before, and already there was talk of making him town clerk in the fall, so popular had be become and so great an interest did he show in local affairs.

It was he who had ridiculed the idea of old fashioned Fourths. It was he who had circulated the subscription paper for the fireworks, and the "Anonymous, \$100," that topped the list was more conspicuously his than if he had aigned his own name.

The speechmaking and the reading of the Declaration had been set aside as time worn. Instead there were to be races for prizes, a greased pig and all sorts of sports on land and lake in the afternoon, while in the evening \$400 worth of fireworks were to be set off from a float anchored in the lake, and there would be a concert by the cornet

It seemed to Hugh as if he, of all the town, had remained at home. Across the square Harvey Dwight was mak ing up the mail in the tiny postoffice and Rem Vincent was walting to take the single bag up to the station. Of course Turner, the station agent, was at his post, but the rest were at the grove and had been most of the day. Rem Vincent came over and sat down

on the steps beside him. "Goin' out to the grove?" he asked enviously "Dwight's goin' as soon as he gets the mall made up." "Not me," said Hugh, "I like an old

fashloned Fourth."

A gleam of hope sprang into Vincent's eyes, "Say," he begged "will you take the bag to the station? It ain't beavy, just a few letters, and I can get out to the grove with Dwight.

DIED-SUDDENLY

OF HEART DISEASE.

How frequently does a head line simifar to the above greet us in the news-papers. The rush, push and stremous-ness of the American people has a strong tendency to lead up to valvular and other affections of the heart, attended by ir-regular action, palpitation, dizinces, regular action, palpitation, dirriness, smothered sensations and other distress

regular action, palpitation, dirrinous, smothered sensations and other distressing symptoms.

Three of the prominent ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made are recommended by some of the leading writers on Materia Medical for the cure of just such cases. Golden Seal root, for instance, is said by the UNITEO STATES DISPENSATORY, a stand and authority, "to impart tone and increased power to the heart's action." Numerous other leading authorities represent Golden Seal as an unsurpussed tonic for the muscular system in general, and as the heart is almost wholly composed of muscular tissue, it naturally follows that it must be greatly strengthened by this superby general tonic. But probably the most important ingredient of "Golden Medical Discovery," so far as its marvelous cures of valvular and other affections of the heart are concerned, is Stone root, or Collinsonio Com, Prof. Wm. Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, says of it:

"I not long since, had a patient who was so much oppressed with valvular disease of the heart that his friends were obliged to carry him unpersions. He, however, radually recovered under the infinence of Collinsonia ferretocher physicans knew of no remedy for the removal of so discressing and so discregence a mainly. With them it was all genes work, and it heartfully warned the afflicated that death was near at hand. Collinsonia unquestionably affords rejlect in such cases, and it most instances effects a factor."

Some cases, and is most instances effects a cone."

Stone root is also recommended by Drs. Sale and Edingwood, of Chicago, for valvedra and other diseases of the heart. The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of direct and personnent influence."

'Golden Medical Discovery," not only sures serious leart affections, but is a most efficient general tonic and invigorator, strongthening the stonach, invigorating the liver, regulating the bowels and curring catarrhal affections in all parts of the system.

De Unrock Pallett care Constitution.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipution.

All the good stuff is on the float. Them rockets just tempt you out. Hipple

the grove, and he's done it." "Go ahead," said Hugh, "I'll tell Dwight." And he watched Rem make off down the street. Somehow his words kept ringing through his head Why should Hipple want to get the whole town to the grove? Was it pride or was there some other reason?

As if in answer there came a muffied explosion, and the step on which be was sitting shook slightly. That must have been a big bomb, Hugh looked up, but the sky at that moment was lighted only by the stars.

Suddenly he understood. The store was next the bank. Could the whole celebration have been arranged to get the people out of town so that a raid might be made at the bank? Hipple had announced that the best thing of the day would be the set piece. This was to be fired at 11 o'clock. The train went through at 11. He had read of such schemes.

There was no way of getting into the bank, and no watchman was employed. The solitary police officer parading the square was thought sufficient, and tonight even he was out at the grove.

There was one tiny window at the rear, and to this Hugh made his way. He almost betrayed himself by a cry

as he glanced in. The vaults of the bank were in the cellar to save the expense of building a pier to raise the structure to the street level. In the wall on the store side was a breach, and on the floor lay the doors to the vault, blown off with dynamite. Three men were working over the contents of the safe, storing suit cases with the spotl, and from the leisurely fashion in which they worked Hugh was satisfied that they intended to take the train.

If anything were done it must be done without much assistance, for the end of a slender and hanging branch, people were all out of town. Dwight and between these leaves she builds would be of little use. He might get help at the station. He brushed the dirt from his knees and strolled over to the postoffice. Dwight was standing in the doorway.

"Drat that Rem Vincent," he scolded. Seen blm. Hugh?"

"Gone to the grove," explained Hugh. "I told him I'd take the bag up to the station and see that it got on board all right."

"Jump in, and I'll drive you round that way," offered the postmaster. Hugh shook his head. "I want to use the phone a moment,"

he said. "You hurry up. They've been at it almost an hour now." Dwight unlocked the door and jumped into the buggy. "It's a spring lock," he explained. "Be sure and shut it when you're through. Giddap!" the buggy sped off down the road Vin-

cent had taken. Hugh called up the station and chatted for a moment, then he hung up the receiver and flattened his face against the front window.

It was an hour before the three men emerged from the store and carefully locked it after them. They set out up the street, and Hugh, shouldering the mail bag, started after them.

They turned at the sound of steps, but the sight of the mail bag reassured them, and they went on. The bag was an excuse for Hugh to take it easy, and he kept them in sight until they entered the station. He set the mail bag on the baggage truck and went inside after the men. Turner nodded to him as he entered, and with a sigh of relief Hugh sank into a seat in the corner.

Presently Button, the baggagemaster, came in and approached Hugh. Apparently he had been drinking, and they were soon in wordy warfare that commodities were stored. - Brisson's presently passed to blows. Button "Work and Workers." drew a platol, and Turner came out of his office with another weapon. Button, suddenly recovering, faced the three men with Turner and held their hands up while Hugh bound them.

It was all over in a moment, and the three were locked in the baggage room while Hugh and Button set off for the grove to capture Hipple.

Hippie had promised the sensational close of the evening for 11 o'clock and had meant it to be a set piece showing Squire Kinsman, as president of the village, surrounded by flags. The real sensation was his own arrest and the tale of the wrecked bank, but to Hugh the best part of the evening was when Dorothy slipped her hand in his and begged forgiveness so prettily that he could not even make pretense of debate. That kiss atoned for his not reading the Declaration. His celebration came last, but it was by far the more sensational and satisfactory.

THE AMERICAN REPUBLIC.

A Fourth of July Oration by Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver.

The truth is that the great and admirable epochs in the history of the United States are not to be found in the remote past. They are in the present, just behind us and all around us. It is an inexcusable disparagement of our own times to attribute to other generations what does not belong to them and to take away from our own its just claim upon the confidence and gratitude of mankind.

The history of a nation is only a statement of its preparation for its part in the progress of the world, and, while the Revolutionary era must always be cherished and the men and women who wrought its great achievements commemorated with honor and applause, it ought not to be forgotten that their work required infinite sacrifices before it grew into permanent strength and became a part of the fixed order of things, a permanent factor in the course of human events.

Our fathers began the work of building the American republic; they left it to their children to finish it. It is at least as important to live as it is to be born, and this patriotic nuniversary ought to be put to a better use than to spread the gaspel of discouragement and fear in the public mind, as the people participate in this historic memorial of the life and times of their ancestors.-Senator Jonathan P. Dolli-

Cheerfully Recommended for Rheu-

suffering from tike affliction, 25c, 50c and 5.00. Soid by Chas. Strang, Medford; Central Point Phar-

Making Bread With Sen Water At one time sea water was used ! some English seaside places when mail ing bread. Even now villages along the coast line of France utilize it. Free rain or spring water is only used for the leaven, pure sen water being exclusively employed for the making and mixing of the dough. By this method no mineral or table salt requires to be added, the natural salt water giving the bread the necessary degree of salinity. But, though sea water does admirably for breadmaking, when applied to other culinary purposes the result is a disagreeable failure. The wheaten bread produced by it, however, is excellent and of great hygienic | plete his deadly work. value. The chloride of magnesium, which imparts the acrid taste to sea water, is decomposed in the heating and therefore does not convey its original disagreeable taste to the bread, while the common sait, of course, per-

regulating medicines.-London Mail,

manently retains all its characteristic

saline properties. The mineral sub-

stances left in the baked bread are con-

sidered to be of the nature of very mild

The brilliantly plumed birds of the tropical forests are exposed to many dangers, and if they were not gifted with peculiar yet useful instincts they would full ready victims to their encmies. Chattering monkeys and big snakes steal and eat their eggs, while their offspring are preyed upon by foes on every side. But it takes a sly monkey or snake to get ahead of the tailor bird, a small East Indian singing bird. She hides her nest so skillfully that her enemies cannot find it, no matter how hard they try. This she does by using her long, slender bill as a needle. With the tough fiber of a parasitic plant abundant in the tropics, as a thread she sews a dead leaf taken from the her nests, where neither monkey nor snake can approach, because the branch will not bear its weight.

A Miniature Inland Ocean. One of the queerest sheets of water in New England or within the limits of the United States, or the world for that matter, is the celebrated "Snow's ocean" in the state of Maine. When calm it is to all appearances an ordinary pond of no great dimensions, but observations and investigations made more than a century ago prove that the little body of water is a veritable ocean. It is located in Orrington, near Bangor, and its peculiarity is that, although situated among some high hills some distance from ocean or river, it has tides which rise and fall as regularly as do those of the great Atlantic. Many so called scientific examinations of this miniature ocean's bed and surrounding banks have been made, but so far no tenable explanation of the phenomenon has ever been given to the

Labor In Old Times. Twelve hours in winter and fourteen in summer was a fair average day's work, but in Lyons in 1571 the printers worked from 2 o'clock in the morning till 8 or 0 in the evening. In other trades the working hours were often from 4 in the morning till 9 at night or from 5 to 10. Workers in the same metier generally lived together in the same street, but the maitre artisan had his own malson. The ground floor was his shop or workshop; above was his bedroom, which was also the sitting and eating room; a small room adjoining accommodated his children, and "Work and Workers,"

The capsicum plant, from which the Bits. different varieties of pepper are produced, is indigenous to the tropical regions of Europe, Asia, Africa and for the stomach in tropical countries.

Mermaids. woman of their southern seas. Man-kind is taught on the most excellent Nineteenth Century. evidence that a mermaid was captured at Bangor, on the shores of the Bel-fast lough, in the sixth century, while another caught at Edam in 1403 was is considered in many majarial counmany years.

Wanted All That Was In It. Father (whose wife has presented him with twins - Tommy, you may stay home from school today and tomorrow tell the teacher that you have two new brothers. Tommy-Wouldn't it be better to say that I have only one new brother? Then I can stay home a day next week for the other one .-Fliegende Blatter.

Health Crazes.

The pursuit of health, like the morphia habit or drunkenness, grows on people till it really becomes a vice. Continuous thought and anxiety about one's health is extremely bad for the constitution and undermines it quicker than port wine -London Queen.

Teacher-A miracle is going against the natural order of things. Are miracles performed today? Bright Boy-Teacher-Name one. Bright Boy-Well, mamma says that papa is always turning night into day.-Life.

None can tell where the diamond goes te in combustion. When burned it leaves no ash and not a trace of the once brilliant stone.

INDIGESTION

flatulence, torpidity of the liver, con-stipation, palpitation of the heart, poor blood, headache and other ner-

DeWitt's Witch Salve For Piles, Burns, Seres.

THE TIDY TADPOLE. How This Cheerful Little Cannibal

to pervade the tadpole world. They always ent whatever has become use of companions. Even those who are only weakly are cleared out of the way and the victims take it all as a matter of accurse. I have disturbed a strong member of the community just as he had begun to dine off the tail of a weaker brother, but the sufferer has not troubled to escape—he simply walted till the fratricide returned to complete his deadly work.

For some time there is no grave change in the tadpoles. They simply grow and become so far transparent that their internal mechanism, which consists of one coil of intestines, is plainly visible. When, however, they Eats and Develops.

plainly visible. When, however, they observer can distinguish a tiny foot observer can distinguish a tiny foot on either side of the base of the tall. Geary, Irving Geary, and Jefferson D. TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3 These grow slowly, but seem unable Pierce, of Trail. Oregon, and Frances to move independently until shortly M. Ash, of Persist, Oregon. before the border land is passed which leads to perfect froghood. The hind legs have reached their full size before the front ones appear, and, while the feet grow slowly, the hands are ready made and can be used at once. For a day or two they can be seen under the skin before they venture forth, and their possessor is very restless and excited. He rushes madly about, jostling his comrades, and no doubt being voted a bore; then a more vigorous effort breaks the skin and the tiny hand and arm appear.

There seems some rule about the tadpoles, almost without exception, by act of August 4, 1892, had their right hands some hours before the left, while on previous occasions I have had an entirely left handed crew.--Chambers' Journal.

MUSIC AT SEA.

Conditions Under Which Ships' Sails Sometimes Sing.

Some curious facts have been noted with regard to the sound conducting missioner, at his office in Medford, Orequalities of ships' sails. When rendered concave by a gentle breeze, the widespread sails of a ship are said to be excellent conductors of sound.

A ship was once sailing along the coast of Brazil, far out of sight of land. Suddenly several of the crew. while walking along the deck, noticed that when passing and repassing a particular spot they always heard with great distinctness the sound of bells chiming sweet music, as though being rung but a short distance away.

Dumfounded by this phenomenon, they quickly communicated the discovery to their shipmates, but none of them was able to solve the enigma as to the origin of these seemingly mysterious sounds which came to them across the water.

Months afterward, upon returning to Brazil, the crew determined to satisfy their curiosity. Accordingly they mentioned the circumstance to their friends and were informed that at the time when the sounds were heard the bells in the cathedral of San Salvador, on the coast, had been ringing to celebrate a feast held in honor of one of

Their sound, wonderful to relate, favored by a gentle, steady breeze, had traveled a distance of upward of 100 miles over the smooth water and had been brought to a focus by the sails at the particular locality in which the missioner, at his office at Medford, Ore sweet sounds were first heard. This is but one of several instances

circumstances and especially in a moisture laden atmosphere.-London Tit-

English Regard For Teaching. If there is one occupation which America. It grows wild almost as Englishmen are unanimous in conwell as under cultivation in all these demning as degraded and degrading it countries, and in each is used by the is that most fascinating, most difficult, natives as a seasoning for food. Its delicate and important work, the trainextensive employment has suggested to ing of the mind. In what are humormedical theorists the thought that it ously called "the higher walks" of must be considered as a natural tonic teaching there are respectable salaries to be earned and agreeable rooms or houses for occupation. Here, purged of the dross of utility, a man may once All the world over there are legends more take rank as a gentleman, and states of California, Oregon, Nevada about mermaids. The Chinese tell if he becomes head of a house the sustories not unlike others about the sea preme uselessness of his position com-

carried to Haariem and kept there for tries a remedy against intermittent fever. Especially is this the case in Corsics, in that section of the Island near the town of Aleria, which is infested with malaris. The Inhabitants recently protested violently against the intro-duction of quinine on the part of the nesday, the 12th day of September, 1908. ly protested violently against the intromedical authorities, declaring that they would not abandon the remedy which had been used among them for centuries, the gentian root, either powdered or simply masticated.

> Quite the Contrary. "After all, my friend." began the solemn stranger, "life is but a dream.

"Not much, it ain't," snorted the bard headed man. "In nearly every dream I ever had I was gettin' more mor than I knowed what to do with."-Philadelphia Press.

Frenchmen and Spanish. Prench people find it difficult to speak Spanish properly. Victor Hugo. boasted that he was the only French man who could really speak Spanish something of Spain being mingled in

But for some trouble and sorrow we should never know half the good there ts about us.-Dickens.

A sweet breath adds to the joy of a INDIGESTION kits. You wouldn't want to kiss your It may prove valuable information ... With its companions, heart burn, wife, mother or sweetheart with a bad to know that alcohol is the antidote of breath. You can't have a sweet breath perfect digestion. There is only one remedy that digests what you eat and gue, offensive breath and a legion of other ailments, is at once the most by SPEPSIV. It is a relief for sour shald up for four months' with among the American people. The thermatism. I tried Ballard's Snow Liniment; one bottle cured me.

I can cheerfully recommend it to all strang, Medford; Central Point Pharsular, and that remedy is KODOL FOR DYSPEPSIV. It is a relief for sour stomach, pullitation of the heart, and other ailments arising from disorder of the stomach and digestion. Take a troubes. See bottle. Sold by Chas.

Strang, Medford; Central Point Pharsular in the affliction. yous symptoms, sallow skin, foul ton- makes the breath as sweet as a rosc-

Subscribe for THE MAIL

United States Land Office

plainly visible. When, however, they are about three months old a careful the 7th day of September, 1906.

Any and all persons claiming ad-versely the above-described land- are requested to file their claims in this of ice on or before said 7th day of Sent-BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3 1878. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office Roseburg, Oregon, June 15, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in comof Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in order of precedence here, as there is when the whiskers go, for last year my extended to all the Public Land states

> *worn statement No 6913, for the pur-chase of the S i S i, Section No. 12, Township No. 36 South, Rauge No. 3 E and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber and stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before A. S. Bliton, U. S. Com gon, on Saturday, the 8th day of Sept ember, 1906.

> He names as witnesses: Bert H Harris and John McAllister, of Medford, Oregon. Robinson Wright and Emanuel Pool, of Big Butte oregon. Any and all persons claiming ad-cer-ely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of Sept

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office Roseburg, Oregon, June 16, 1906. Notice is bereby given that in con pliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1872, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California Oregon Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

HAROLD U. LUMSDEN. of Medford, county of Jackson, state of Oregon, has filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6923, for the purchase of the E + NW 1, SW 1 NW 1 of Section No 24, and the se i sw i of Section No. Township No. 34 South, Range No. 3 E and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its tim-ber and stone than for agricultural purposes, or to establish his claim to said land before A. S. Bliton, U. S. Comgon, on Wednesday the 12th day of September' 1906.

above was a garret where various of a similar kind, trustworthy authori- King and Clarence I. Hutchison, of He names as witnesses: George F. ties claiming that this same music is offen heard under somewhat the same ker and Zach Maxcy of Big Butte, Ore-

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land are revuested to file their claims in this offire on or before said 12th day of September, 1906.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND AGT, JUNE 3, 1878 NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office Roseburg, Oregon, June 16, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in com pliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An

agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said laud before A. S. Bli-ton, U. S. Commissioner, at his office. He names as witnesses: Harold U. Lumsden Bessie F. Lumsden and George F. King, all of Medford, Oregon, and Benjamin Fredenburg of Big Butte.

Any and all persons claiming adverse-ly the above-described lands are re-quested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of Septem ber, 1906,

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

For the Land's Sake. The farmer was fertilizing his soil. A lady from the city stopped to gaze

"What on earth is that?" she asked "A new fertilizer, ma'am." "For the land sake!" she cried. "Yes, ma'am." said the farmer.

Not Worth While, "Perhaps if I were to boil it down," suggested the space writer. fouldn't do may good," said the obdurate editor. "Take a gallon of water and boil it down to a pint, and it would still be nothing but water."

Antidote For Carbolie Acid. It may prove valuable information earbolic soid and how to use it. If the burn is external pour alcohol over it; if internal, swallow whisky.

a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878. TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878.—NOTICE FOR PUB-LICATION.

day of August, 1906.
BENJANIN L. EDUV, Register.

1878-NOTICE FOR PUBLI-CATION

United States Land Office United States Land Office.
Roseburg, Oregon, May 4, 1916.
Notice it hereby given that in complian a with the provisions of the act of Congres of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Newada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1822.
ELIZA J. WOOLSONCROFT, of Ashland, county of Jack on State of Oregon has this day tiled in this office his sworn, state.

FLIZAJ. WOOLSONCROFT, of Ashland, county of Jack on State of Oregon has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 632, for the purchase of the S. 18, of Section No. 2 is Township No. 38 S., Range No. 1 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more wilcohe for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and in establish his claim to said land before in Medford, Oregon, on Saturday, the 4th day August, 1966.

August, 1906 He names as witnesses: Tharles W. De Tarloy vada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land states by act of August 4, 1892,
FELIX J. DESPECHER, of Omaha, county of Douglas, state of Nebraska, has filed in this office his sworm statement No 6913, for the pur-

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 8 1878-NOTICE FOR PUBLI-CATION.

United States Land Office.
Roseburg, Oregon, May 4, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," sextended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.
WILLIAM E. STEVENS,
of Jacksonyille, county of Jackson, state of

WILLIAM E. STEVENS, of Jackson ville, county of Jackson ville, county of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6721, for the purchare of the W 14, NE 14, SE 14, NE 14, NE 14, SE 15, of Section No. 32 in Township No. 37 South, Range Ne 3 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its limber or stone than for agricultural outposes, and to establish his claim to said land before A. S. Bliton, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Medford, Oregon, on Saturday, the 4th day of August, 1966.

in Medford, Oregon, on Saturday, the sta day of August, 1955.

He names as witnesses: Daniel E. Green, of Medford, Oregon, and Andrew J. Stevens, Arthur A Stevens, and Vance Woigamott, of Jacksonville. Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely, the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said. 4th day of August, 1996.

BENDAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878. -NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office.
Roseburg, Grozon, May 4, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled 'An act for the Sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Gregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892. META M. PRITON.

META M. PRITON.

of Sams Valley, County of Jackson. State of Gregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No 6721, for the purchase of the NW14 (being Lots 1, 2 and El/2 NW14) of section No 18, in township No. 38 south, range No. 2 east, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before at Medford, Oregon, on Saturday the 4th day of August 1966.

She names as witnesses: Horace I Pelton of She names as witnesses: Horace I Pelton of Sams Valley, Oregon: Samuel Gears, James

E. Geary, both of Ulvstad Oregon; Samuel W. McClendon of Gold Hill, Oregon. McClendon of Gold Hill. Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of Augus; 1906.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, June 14 1968
Notice is hereby given that in compliance
with the provisions of the act of Congress of
June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of
timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as
extended to all the Public Land States by act
of August 4, 1892,

congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An set for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

EUNICE M. LUMSDEN,

of Medford county of Jackson state of Oregon, has filed in this office his sworn statement No. 6924, for the purchase of the SW ½ NW ½, N ÷ SW ½, of Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for the SW ½ NW ½, N ÷ SW ½, NW ½ SE ½ of Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for the SW ½ NW ½, N ÷ SW ½, NW ½ SE ½ of Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for valuable for its timber or stone than for Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for valuable for its timber or stone than for Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for Section No. 2, in Township No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for Section No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for Section No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for No. 35 S., Range No. 2 East, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for No. 35 S., Range No. 35 S., Range No FRANCES M ASH,

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Courses of June 3, 1878, entitled "Ab act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California. Uncountries and washington Territory, as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

CHRISTINE ERICKSON. CHRISTINE ERICKSON,
of St. James, county of Watonwan, State of
Minnesota, has this day filed in this office his
sworn statement So. 628, for the purchase of
the NW 5, being lota I and h set 5, NW 5, of
section So. 6, in towaship No. 69 south, raine?
west, and will offer proof to show that the
land sought is more valuntle for its timber or
stone than for agricultural purposes, and to
establish her claim to said land before A a.
bilton, U.S. Commissioner, at his office at
Medford, Oregon, on Friday, the 14th day of
September, 1956.
His names as witnesses: Gustaf Lindquist,
of Echolis, Minnesota: Mathida E Hauren,
Hans Marston, both of St. James; Minnesota,
Daniel D. Duff, of Medford, Gregon.
Apy and all persons claiming adversely the
above-desurfised lands are requested to file
their claims in this office on or before said
14th day of September, 1956.

HENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

Tie the Thumbs on Little Willie. The the thumbs on little Willie
As he wanders forth to play.
It may look a trife silly,
But he'll need the thumbs some day.
He may chair at the restriction
And protest against the plan,
But you'll have his benealfellon.

When he gets to be a man.

Sugar-coated, easy to take,

Subscribe for The Mail.

mild in action. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headsche. 1800 Ma Want your moustache or board BUCKINGHAM'S

Societies of Medford

I. O. O. F.—Lodge No 88, meets in I. O. O. F-hall every Monon-y at 7:50 p. m. Visiting broth-ers always welcome. J. L. DEMMEN, Rec. Sec.

I. O. O. F.—Rogue River Encampment, No. 90, meets in I. O. O. F. hall the second and tourth Wednesdays of each menth at S. p. m. Mark Baker, C. P.

H. H. HARVEY, Scribe. I D. R.'M.—Medford Weatonka No. 30, meets every Thursday in Redmen's Hall, Augle bik. O. M. SELSEY, Sachem. LEE JACOBS, Chief of Reserces.

Modern Woodmen - Meets first and third fridays of every month, in Reomen's hall, J. P. AGLONY, Council, B. GREGORY, Secretary. Olive Rebeitah Lodge No 28, m.ets in I. O. 5, F. hall first and third Tuesdays of each nonth. Visiting sisters intree to attend Example Hall, N. G.

BELLE BOYDEN, Rec. Sec.

A. F. aun A. M.— Meets first Friday on or the ore full moon at 8 p. m., in Masonic hall.

J. W. Lawron, Rec. Sec. F. ISAASS, W. M. . E. a. -Reamies Chapter, No. 85, meets second as a fourth Wedlers at 's of each month at Masonic Hall Medfors, recon. Visiting Sisters and Brothers always whoon e. Mrs. NELLE MCGWAN, W. M. LILLIAN BARE Secretary.

K. of F-Talisman lodge No 31, meets Mon.
lay evening at 8 p. m. Visiting trethers always welcome. W. W. Eifert, C. C.
Maricos Purdin, K. of R. and S.

Knights of the Maccabees.—Trium.phTent No. 14, meets in regular review on the 1st and all Fridays of each month in A. O. U. W. Hall a 7.30 p. m. Visiting Str Knights cordinly in-vited to attend C. A. Haman, Commander, W. T. YORK, R. K.

A. O. U. W.—Longe No. 85, meet every first an third Wendesday is the mo. 1 at 8 p. m. in their half in the Opera block. Visiting brothers invited to attend.

ASHARL HUDBARD, Recorder, M. W. of A.—Medford Lodge No. 421, meets ne second and fourth fuesday evenings in ach month in the Redactis hall. Virting Fraters invited to attend. FRANCIS JOADAN, F. M. L. A. JORDAN, Sec.

Woodmen of the World-Camp No. 90, meets very Thursday evening in Smith's hall, edford Oregon. W. B. JACKSON, Clerk.

Chrysunthemum Circle No. 84, Women of Woodcraft—Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. in Emith's hall. Visiting sisters invited. ELLA M. CARNEY, G. N. PRUE ANGLE, Clerk

F. O. E. —Meets every Thursday Evening, at sp. m., in Redmen's Hall. J. E. ENYART, President JAMES STEWART, Secretary. G. A. R.—Chester A. Arthur Post No. 47, meets in Woodman's hall every first and third Sunday in each month at 2:15 P. M. Visiting Comrades cordinally invited to attend W. H. MOORE, COMMANDER.
G. W. PUGH Adjutant.

W. C. T. U.—Meets everyother Thursday at the Presbyterian church.

MRS. Buck. President. MRS. J. MORGAN, Secretary

Fraternal Brotherhood—Meets first and third.
Priday evenings at 7:50 p. m., in their hall in
smith's building, Mcoford, Oregon. Visiting,
Sisters and Brothers cordially invited.
O. W. MURPHY Pres.
W. J. HOCKENYOS Secretary. A.O.F.—Court Medford, No. 885, meets every Monday night at 7:30 p.m. in A.O. C. W. Hall, Angle block, Medford, Oregon. Visiting Foresters cordially welcomed. C. R. McChistock, C. R. James Stewart, Roc. Sc.

CHURCHES OF MEDFORD. Methodist Episcopai Churen—Chas. T. Mc
Pherson pastor. Preaching every Sabbath II a
m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at I0 a. m., D. T
Lawton, supt. Class meeting follows
preaching service Sunday morning, Julius
Meeker, leader. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.,
May Phipps, president. Regular prayer meetings every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m.
Ladies Ald Seciety every Tuesday afternoon
at 2:30 Mrs. D. T. Lawton, president. W. F.M. S,
meets first Friday in each month. Mrs. Mary
Fielder, president.

Presbyterian Churon-Rev. W. F. Shields partor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m and 7380 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m., Jasa, Martin, Supt. Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m. Junior Christian Endeavor, 3 p. m. Every Thursday prayer meeting, 8 p. m. First Tuesday evening of every month church social. day evening of every month church social, second Tuessay every month, 2:30 p. m., Mis-sion society. First and third Tuesdays every mouth, 2:30 p. m., Aid society. Rev. W. F. Shields, Pastor; Miss Boulah Warner, Supt S. S.; Miss Edith Van Dyke Superintenden T. C. E.; David M. Duy, Pres. S. C. E. Mrs. J G. Van Dyke, Pres. Aid society; Mrs. J W. Cox, Pres. Mission Society.

Christian church—Corner of Sixth and I streets. Services on the first and third Sundays of each month. Sunday school and Christian Endeavor at usual hours every Sunday. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening The people welcome. Rev Jones, Pastr.

Methodist Episcopat Church South—H. B. Yacoubl, pastor. Preaching every Sunday a 11 s. m. and 7 to p. m. Sunday achool at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 2 % p. m. Woman's Home Mission Society meets first Wednesday in each month at 2:30 p. m. Every one is cordially invited to all our services

TIMBER LAND, ACT JUNE 3, 1878-NOTICE FOR PUBLI-CATION.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, May 5, 1996.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance
with the provisions of the act of Congress of
June 2, 878 entitled "An act for the sale of
timber leads in the States of California, Ore
gon, Newada, and Washington Territory," asextended to all the Public Land States by act
of August 4 1892.

RiMER E. SCUDDER,
of Medford, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his swornstatement No. 6708, for the surchase of the
Est 34 of Section No. Z, in Township No. 32
South, Range No. 1 East, and will offer proof
to show that the land sought is more valuable
for its timber or stone than for agricultural
ourposes, and to establish his claim to said
land nefore A. S. Bittom, U. S. Commissioner, at
his office at Medford, Oregon, on Tucsday, the
7th day of August 1996.

He names as witnesses: John J. Winning,
hem. John V. Duncan, and Harry Campbell,
of Trail, Oregon, and James Lyons, of Medford, Oregon
Att and all persons claiming adversely the
acove-described lamids are requested to file
their claims in this office on or before said 7thday of August 1996.

BENLAMIN L. EDLY, Register.

day of August. 1806. BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior.

Land Office at Roseburz, Ore. May 14, 1926.
Notice in hereby given that the followingcamed settler has filed notice of her intention
to make final proof in support of her claim,
and that said proof will be made before A. H.
Hilton, U. B. Commissioner, at his office at
Medford, Oregen, on July 31, 1926, viz.
FRANCES R. HASKINS,
on H. R. Jo 1909, for the 5½ NW ½ and W ½
EW b., of Section 4, Township 44 S., Kange 3 E.
She names the following witnesses to prove
her continuous restrience upon and cultivation
of said land, viz. Helen L. Haskins, et Medtord, Oregon; Othe A. Hubbard, John Hugginbotham and John Cobleigh, all of Derby, Oregon.

BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.



