

THE MEDFORD MAIL

Published Every Friday Morning.

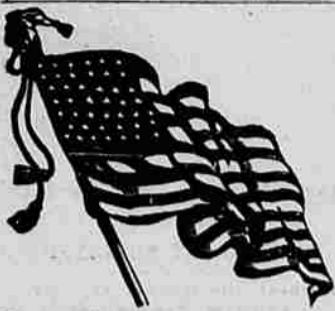
A. S. BLITON.

MEDFORD, FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1900.

MAN WAS BORN TO HUSTLE.
He is of few days; but quite a plenty.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 PER YEAR

Entered in the Postoffice at Medford, Oregon
as Second-Class Mail Matter.



Republican National Ticket

For President,
W. M. McKINLEY,
Of Ohio.

For Vice-President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
Of New York.

For Presidential Electors.

TILMAN FORD.....Marion County
J. C. FULLERTON.....Douglas County
W. J. FURNISH.....Umatilla County
O. F. PAXTON.....Multnomah County

The democratic farmers of Texas have formed a trust and are holding back 2,000,000 pounds of wool from market. That is a contingency the Kansas City platform had not provided for.

The astute figurers who are trying to secure partisan gain by exaggerating the cost of the Philippines, should also try to ascertain how much that cost was augmented by the reasonable encouragement extended to bandit Aguinaldo.

ELECTION bets in New York are said to be almost three to one in favor of McKinley, and even then few men of good judgment are found who desire to risk any coin of the realm on Bryan's success. He is a voluble talker, but the people will not make a president of him.—Portland Telegram.

THE Hon. James M. Beck, of Philadelphia, one of the leading lawyers of that city, announces that "I am no longer a Democrat. I don't believe in free silver, nor do I believe in hauling down the flag in the Philippines." It must be conceded that Mr. Beck has executed a very intelligent and business-like exit from the party of Bryan and Aguinaldo.

IF THE Democratic party succeeds in persuading the business man that free silver will help business, and persuade the laboring man that free trade will help wages, and persuade the colored man that he is better off without the ballot than with it, and convince the soldiers that their blood and bravery has been spent in vain, then the party may have some chance of winning next November.

WHAT Lincoln did for the black man we believe this government will do for the Porto Rican and the Filipino. Every liberty commensurate with their ability will be given them. Already schools are being established, and an earnest endeavor being put forth to battle down the customs and traditions of centuries of misrule, and replace them with Western ideas of civilization. The American government has never, is not, and we submit with great confidence, never will be an oppressor of the weak.—Independence Enterprise.

BRYAN would give absolute independence to the Philippines. This of course means that the flag shall be furled and the army recalled. Will he explain how this can be done? Is there any constitutional provision for alienating American territory? If there is one constitutional argument against acquiring territory there are a dozen against abandoning territory. The Rebellion settled that question once and for all. As well talk about abandoning Texas, Alaska, Kentucky, or Ohio. Methods of administration are legitimate questions for party

differences, but to deny a fact solemnized by treaty and ratified by Congress is to betray unpardonable ignorance of the powers and functions of government.

A REVIEW of the past platform of the Democratic party will reveal the fact that the party is short on promises fulfilled and long on false prophecies. It declared that the war was a failure; it wasn't. It declared that free trade would bring prosperity; it didn't. It said that the gold standard would cause a panic; it didn't. It promised to reduce taxation; it didn't. It promised to benefit the laboring man; it didn't. Having failed in all its promises, it now comes up with a new stock declared to be better than the old and asks for indorsement.

SENATOR STEWART TELLS WHY HE WILL VOTE FOR MCKINLEY.

Senator Wm. M. Stewart, of Nevada, gives the following as some of his reasons for deciding to vote for President McKinley:

"The United States went to war with Spain, urged on by the Democratic party. The popularity of that war was such that Mr. Bryan joined the army. The war was successful, a treaty of peace was entered into whereby the United States agreed to pay \$20,000,000 and accept the sovereignty and public property of Spain in the Philippine Archipelago. There was opposition to the ratification of the treaty. Mr. Bryan came to Washington and persuaded his Democratic friends to vote for the treaty and it was through his influence that the treaty was finally ratified. It then became the duty of the United States to maintain law and order and protect the lives and property of all residents in the islands, whether native or foreign born.

"The United States at the time of the ratification of the treaty held military possession of Manila and immediately after such ratification assumed the sovereignty of the islands. The people of the United States, especially of the Pacific coast, became entitled to the vast commerce of the Pacific ocean, of which the Philippines furnish the key.

"One Aguinaldo had raised a rebellion in Luzon against Spain before the commencement of the Spanish war with the United States. This adventurer had sold out or settled his rebellion with Spain for \$400,000 before Dewey set sail for Manila, and as a part of the bargain with Spain Aguinaldo agreed to leave the islands and never return.

"Dewey took the wily Aguinaldo back to the islands, supposing, as a matter of course, that Aguinaldo would naturally be an enemy of Spain and a friend of the United States. In this Admiral Dewey was mistaken. Aguinaldo, as soon as he landed, organized a rebellion against the United States, which would have been of little consequence if he had not been able to obtain comfort and aid in this country. An organization was formed in the United States called the Anti-Imperialist League, which has for the last two years cooperated with Aguinaldo's Tagal juntas, with headquarters at Hong Kong, to supply literature and materials of war for Aguinaldo.

"President McKinley had no authority to buy out Aguinaldo's rebellion against the United States, but was bound by the treaty (which was the supreme life of the land) to maintain law and order and protect life and property in the islands. It required a large army and the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars to put down Aguinaldo's rebellion. The assistance and the encouragement he received from the Anti-Imperialist League and the enemies of the United States, both at home and abroad, made his barbarous and irregular war bloody and expensive. Congress, however, made all necessary appropriations, providing for the executive men and money to maintain the authority of the United States in the Philippines. The so-called anti-imperialists declared that the policy pursued by the government to put down the rebellion and maintain law and order in all territories of the United States, without regard to the time when such territories were acquired, was 'imperialism,' and that any use of the army to maintain law and order, however necessary, was 'militarism' and that giving aid and comfort to rebels in arms against the United States was 'maintaining the principles of the Declaration of Independence.'"

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

An All-Round Crook Caught.

Marshal Murray has plumed himself with more honors for his detective work. Sam has had several little detective deals worked up during the past few months, but it was not until last week that he put up to his credit the detection of a real dyed-in-the-wool criminal. For several days prior to the capture Sheriff C. H. Behrens, of Shasta County, California, has been in quest of an all-round crook named W. E. Winegard, who was wanted for divers devilment in various parts of that state. He was wanted upon a charge of embezzlement while acting as an agent for an eastern concern and is also charged with victimizing a multiple or more of women. He was located and arrested in Redding and broke jail there. During his escapades in that state he became engaged to a San Francisco woman, robbed her of her diamonds and \$275 in money and then flew. A young woman in Amador County was another of his engagement girls and this one supplied him means of escape into Oregon. He reached Ashland early last week but finding that the authorities were in warm pursuit, he came to Medford and while here tried to palm himself off on Rev. Moore as a poor boy being persecuted, and endeavored to get that gentleman to help him out by telegraphing to his girl friend for funds, but Mr. Moore concluded something was wrong and refused him aid. From here he went to Central Point, where he poured his tale of woe into the ears of Rev. Gregory, and the reverend gentleman, thinking no harm would come by giving the young man the asked for assistance, sent a telegram to his friend for money, to be sent to him (Gregory) through a Medford bank. Inquiry was made a couple of times at the banks here for the expected money, and it was by these inquiries that Marshal Murray was able to locate the criminal, he having been apprised of the sending of the telegram by the sheriff, who had intercepted it in transit. As soon as it was learned that Mr. Gregory was expecting a remittance, Sheriff Behrens was sent for and upon going to Mr. Gregory's house, disguised as a tramp, he found his man, whom he arrested and took back to Redding, where he was turned over to the authorities of other counties further south. Winegard had several different names he traveled under, among them being J. D. Carson, J. Gordon, N. J. Rutherford and R. S. Gillespie. The Redding Searchlight gave the sheriff a hard round up for allowing him to escape, but that gentleman's energy and money spent in recapturing the man gave the Searchlight the direct hit when it intimated that it was a put up job. Rev. Gregory ought in no way to be censured for the part he took in the matter as he acted only in the capacity of one who was endeavoring to assist a fellow man whose word of mouth the gentleman believed.

Gold Hill Robbery.

At Gold Hill last Saturday night the building occupied by Reames Bros. store, and also used by W. T. Reames as a postoffice, was entered by burglars, who opened the safe and removed therefrom a considerable amount of money. An entrance was effected by breaking out a panel of the door at the rear of the building. After gaining an entrance they proceeded to drill a one-fourth inch hole in the top of the large fire-proof safe. It is thought they used nitro-glycerine in their operations, although a few grains of powder were found, but they were accounted for by the probable use of powder in setting of the fuse. The front door of the safe was thrown about eight feet by the explosion, and the inside door was also blown out by explosives, everything indicating that a heavy charge had been used. The robbery was not discovered until early Sunday morning, when the office was opened for business. The private papers of the firm were nearly all destroyed by the explosion. A sack containing \$250 in gold dust was undisturbed, as was also \$600 worth of postage stamps. The box containing the money order business was broken open and the contents removed, with the exception of a small amount of change, while the box containing stamps and money was rifled and left in the back yard. The drawer containing the firm's money was not found. It is estimated that the burglars took about \$337 of the postoffice funds and at least \$50 belonging to Reames Bros. Sheriff Orme has been following all probable clues but has not been able to locate the robbers.

The Storks' Visit to the White House.

The only child born in the White House to a President of the United States during his term of office is Esther Cleveland, who was born September 9, 1893. Nine other children have been born in the White House: Julia Dent Grant, born in the closing days of her grandfather's second term; two grandchildren of President Tyler; four children of Colonel Andrew Jackson Donelson, born during the Jackson administration; Mary Louise Adams, granddaughter of John Quincy Adams, born in 1829; James Madison R. Dolph, born during the second term of his maternal grandfather.—September Ladies' Home Journal.

A Free Trip to Paris!

Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive mind desiring a trip to the Paris Exposition, with salary and expenses paid, should write to the PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Among the Churches.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Services will be held in St. Marks Episcopal Church, on Sunday, Sept. 2d, at 8 o'clock p. m. Rev. Booth officiating.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Services at the Baptist Church next Sunday. Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching 11 a. m., B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.
There will be services both morning and evening next Sunday at the Christian Church. Hours of service: 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject of morning sermon—"A Friend of the King." Evening subject—"Meeting Angels by the Way."

O. J. GIST, Pastor.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
The usual Sunday services will be held next Sunday morning and evening—at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The morning sermon will be on the subject—"True Liberty in Christ." In the evening the pastor will begin a series of evangelistic services, to continue every Sunday evening for several months. An earnest and special invitation is extended to those who are not in connection with any church and who do not make any profession of faith. Remember these services will continue every Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

An Ode to the Siskiyous.

Oh, our dear Siskiyous,
Tis of thee I would sing—
Yes, to thee all choicest
Of gifts I would bring.
For the weeks you have held us
So close to your heart,
And have given us each
Of your riches a part.
We have drank from your fountains,
And climbed to your crest—
In your cradles of green
We've been rocked to our rest.
We have heard the sweet songs
From your chorus of pines,
We have wrested the wealth
From your health yielding mines.
All your art rooms are opened
Each time to our knock.
Where the rarest of pictures
Are traced on the rock.
And your landscapes are wonderful,
Each, to behold,
With their sunrise of roses,
Their sunset of gold.
You have lifted us up,
In your great arms of love,
Very near to your Maker,
Our Father above.
—Ella Gay Hull,
Hornbrook, Calif.
(Written at Coe's, Ore., August 21, 1900.)

White House Weddings.

"The first wedding at the White House was that of Miss Maria Monroe, the President's daughter, in 1820. She married Samuel L. Gouverneur," writes Reno Bache, in the September Ladies' Home Journal. "During the Hayes regime Miss Lucy Platt, a niece of Mrs. Hayes, was married at the Executive Mansion to General Russell Hastings. The most notable wedding celebrated at the White House was that of Nellie Grant, who was married May 21, 1874, to a young Englishman, Algernon Charles Frederic Sartoris. The only White House wedding in which the Chief Executive has taken the bridegroom's part was celebrated June 2, 1886, when President Grover Cleveland married Frances Folsom, the daughter of his former law partner. President Tyler married during his incumbency, but in New York."

Wagons, Harness and Stock for Sale.

I have for sale the following property:
One 3 1/2 inch wagon.
One 3 inch wagon.
Four sets heavy harness.
Two second hand surreys.
Several head farm horses and brood mares.
One registered Jersey cow.
Farming implements of all descriptions.
400 acres of farming land for rent for a term of years.
Call upon me at the Union livery stables, Medford, Oregon.
E. B. JENNINGS.

For Sale—

A span of light driving horses, light wagon and harness, wagon as good as new; horses perfectly gentle for women and children to ride or drive. For particulars address, C. C. Gilchrist, Central Point, Oregon.

Cord Wood Wanted.

Fire cord wood wanted at the Medford water works. J. W. Lawton, Recorder.

D. L. DAY

House, Sign & Carriage Painter.

Grainer, Paper-Hanger and Calcimine

GET ..

my prices before making your contract.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A postal card receives prompt attention

Knob Hill - - - EAST MEDFORD

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, administrator of the estate of Lucy M. Hamlin, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned at my office in Medford, Jackson County, Oregon, within six months after the date of the first publication of this notice.
Dated August 8, 1900.

W. T. YORK,
Administrator of the Estate of Lucy M. Hamlin,
Deceased.

County Treasurer's Third Notice.

OFFICE OF COUNTY TREASURER
OF JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON, August 31, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the county treasury for the redemption of all outstanding county warrants protested from October 9, 1899, to November 30, 1899, both dates inclusive. Interest on the same will cease after the above date.
MAX MULLER,
County Treasurer.

A BIG CUT IN PRICES...

All OXFORD TIES cut down 50c a pair

Now is the time to get a good low shoe at cost. Call soon and get your fit. Some odds and ends much below cost. In order to make room for fall goods we offer for the next few weeks shoes that cost us \$2.50 at \$1.00. Don't forget the place—at Kame's Store. If you are hunting a shoemaker call in and have your work done in good shape.

A Shoemaker always at Kame's Store.
W. T. KAME

Coleman Creek Lime

Absolutely the best Lime for all purposes ever burned in the Rogue River Valley.

Kept in Stock at Medford...

D. R. ANDRUS

Handled in Medford by J. R. HARDIN.



Everyone who has Stock, or keeps a Cow, needs

GALLOWAY'S

Waste-Proof Feed Boxes

For feeding stock hay or grain

BECAUSE It is a FOOD SAVER. As the food is all consumed within the box, there is practically NO WASTE. Each box will feed four head of cattle at a time, and costs about ONE CENT for each cubic foot of space contained within it. The boxes are strong, durable, self-supporting and easily moved. The stock run to them at will. Every box used will SAVE four times its cost in one season; count your cattle and see how much you could save by using these boxes. A section of the box should be in front of every cow when stabled. It is BETTER, CHEAPER, and MORE CONVENIENT to use than any other feeding device. If there is no agent in your locality, send Two Dollars to the patentee and get a RIGHT to make and use, good for a life time. A cut, with full directions for making, accompanies each right. Requires no skill—anyone can make them.

FRANK GALLOWAY, Patentee,
Central Point, Oregon, U. S. A.

Infringers will be prosecuted.

Stop at the PHIPPS BARN, and feed your horses...

FREE CAMPING GROUND Horses for Sale or Exchange and EREE WOOD.

One horse to hay, 25c per day.

P. H. GRAY, Prop.

Smoke the La Flor de Alfonso,

A new Cigar, long and slim, with Havana filler, Mr. Kurtz's own make. It is a gratifying smoke, and is proving a very popular 5c cigar.

Have You Ever Tried ...

KURTZ'S BOUQUET,

The popular 10c cigar? It is hand made, with clear Havana filler.

LEADING BRANDS OF KEY WEST AND IMPORTED GOODS.

PRICES HAVE ADVANCED

On nearly all kinds of Harness Material, Leather and Furnishings, but ...

My Prices Remain Unchanged,

And are the VERY LOWEST, consistent with first-class material and workmanship.

J. G. TAYLOR,

MEDFORD, OREGON.

Southern Oregon State Normal School

ASHLAND, OREGON.

A Strictly First-Class Normal School. Thorough academic instruction and the highest professional training. Each teacher a specialist. Beautiful and healthful location, and homelike surroundings. Boarding Hall will be conducted on the cooperative plan. Fall Term begins September 10th. Write for catalogue and further information.

I. E. VINING, Secretary. W. M. CLAYTON, President.