

THE MEDFORD MAIL

Published Every Friday Morning.

A. S. BLITON.

MAN WAS BORN TO HUSTLE. He is of few days; but quite a plenty.

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Our Clubbing List.

Table listing clubbing members: THE MAIL and Weekly S. F. Call \$2.00, Examiner 2.35, Chronicle 2.25, Oregonian 2.00, Cosmopolitan 2.00, Sunday Bulletin 2.00, N. Y. Tribune 1.65, Weekly Cincinnati Enquirer 1.75.

Oregon's Beet Sugar Factory.

The factory at La Grande, which is one of the most complete in the United States, has been in successful operation for two years. The factory began operations upon the guarantee that 3800 acres of beets would be grown annually. While this acreage was planted the first year, nearly half of the growers abandoned their crops before harvest time, by reason of the large amount of work involved, and as a result only 8150 tons of beets were delivered at the factory. The acreage this year is about 2300 and the yield about seven or eight tons to the acre. The sugar output will not be less than 3000 tons for the year. The factory is considerable of an institution, and represents an annual expenditure of \$500,000. The buildings and feed yards occupy 80 acres of land. The nominal capacity of the factory is 350 tons of beets per day, but it actually ground 450 tons in 24 hours and turned out 54 tons of dry, white granulated sugar. The operation of the sugar plant requires the labor of 100 skilled men, in addition to which there are employed in the fields in cultivating and harvesting the beet crop from 1000 to 1500 people. Each running season the factory consumes 8000 cords of wood and 3500 tons of lime.

The Future of Cattle Industry.

From the Klamath Falls Express. Louis Gerber, who is feeding a good many mutt n sheep and beef cattle on Lost river for the California market, informs us that the price of cattle had reached the limit. He says: "Beef is not as high as it was during the summer and autumn months, and feeders will find the profits on the wrong side of the ledger. "The heavy fall of rain in California during the fall months have started vegetation of all kinds and from all advices received from Southern California there will be an abundance of grass beef cattle by the latter part of February. "A great many cattle have been shipped in the southern counties from Arizona and Mexico during the last two months. "While I don't look for cattle to take a big tumble, there will be a general decline in prices for the next five years. "I look for two-year-olds to bring about \$25 next year. That is a very good price and it is a good business at that figure. "The local consumption of beef in San Francisco, Oakland and Sacramento markets has fallen off fully 25 per cent for the present season compared to previous years. "It is true that there were fully as many cattle slaughtered in San Francisco during 1899 and probably more, but this was caused by the immense amount of both fresh and canned meats which the government sent on the transports to the Philippines.

"When beef is as high as it has been during the past year, the working people who are really the consumers buy other articles of food as a substitute. "I don't want to leave the impression, however, that cattle will be down to any low figure for some time, but one who has observed conditions for over 30 years and has

seen these same ups and downs in the live stock business, it does not take long to figure out the problem. "We have a population on this whole coast of two million people, not as many inhabitants as there are in the city of New York, and with the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Arizona to draw from and everybody anxious to get into the business, it takes but a short time to have a surplus. "Whenever the eastern market does not justify the buying of cattle from eastern Nevada it takes but a short time to be overstocked. However, we will compare notes in three years and see how much I missed my calculations."

Their Business Booming. Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at Chas. Strang's drug store as his giving away to his many customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. His trade is simply enormous in this very valuable remedy, from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, croup, and all throat and lung diseases are quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free. Large size 50 cents and \$1.00. Every bottle warranted.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

The Albany weather report shows the amount of rainfall for the past year to have been 48.63 inches. Marion County has reduced its indebtedness \$28,595 during the past year. The county debt is now only \$57,811. Thirty-six marriage licenses were issued in Morrow County in 1899. September is the only month in which none got married there. The bondsmen of W. H. Donaca, the Sweet Home postmaster, have been notified that the amount of his shortage which they will have to pay is \$11066.11. Brown Bros., of Corvallis, purchased from local holders a bunch of fine mutt n sheep, containing about 300 head. The price paid was 4 cents per pound on foot, and the sheep averaged above 100 pounds each. Astoria is a wet town and no mistake. The annual report of Weather Observer Johnson, shows the precipitation during 1899 to have been 101.40 inches, the heaviest by far since the records have been kept. The average for the previous 15 years was 73 inches. Monroe now has a chance to secure many cases of smallpox, as a case has developed just a few miles north of town. The place is rigidly quarantined, but it is quite probable that several persons were exposed before it was made certain that the trouble was smallpox. Salem's smallpox scare cost the taxpayers \$2296.43. That figure includes every bill that was allowed by the city on the smallpox account since the first case was discovered in September. The Statesman says there has not been a case of smallpox in Salem since the 8th inst., and at the present time there is not a single case in the county. W. Z. Moss and J. C. Dodson, stockmen of Lake County, have purchased 60 mules, with which they will leave for the south next week. They have 40 more mules at Silver Lake, where they will keep them, and gather others until February 1, when they will take another drive south. The mule market in Lake County is climbing rapidly. H. H. French lost a 2-year-old Devon heifer last Thursday from wild parsnip poison, says the Cove Ledger. He now thinks the cow he lost before that was poisoned on parsnips, which at this season of the year is quite tempting to stock. Several years ago he lost 27 head of cattle all at one time in this pasture by wild parsnip poisoning. There is so much of it in the pasture along the creeks that it is practically impossible to exterminate it owing to the great expense required.

The bureau of internal revenue at New York has decided that insurance companies doing a call loan business are liable to the bankers' tax imposed by the war revenue law. The Cheyenne flyer on the Union Pacific railroad crashed into the Bowlder Valley trail at Brighton, Col., recently. One man, Winfield Randleman an express messenger, was killed and 14 persons injured. According to commercial reports the year just closed was the most prosperous the United States has ever experienced. The building and contents of the Bilklin-Wisner wholesale grocery at Burlington, Ia., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$150,000 with insurance of \$95,000. The intense cold prevented the firemen from doing effective work. Several large American manufacturing establishments will not be represented at the coming Paris exposition, being too busy filling orders to attempt preparation of appropriate display. A bill for laying a cable to Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines is before congress, in which the cost is limited to \$8,000,000, and a preliminary appropriation of \$500,000 is made to begin the work. The postmaster-general calls for bids for furnishing improved mail service between San Francisco and Sydney, N. S. W., for an optional term of either five or ten years, beginning November 1, 1900. This year the dead letter office at Washington received over 1000 letters addressed to Santa Claus. The letters came from children all over the country. French coal miners in St. Etienne are on a strike for higher wages. Fifty thousand workers may be affected.



Farmers and Furrows.

A farmer is known by his furrow as "the carpenter is known by his chips." It takes a firm hand and a true eye to turn a straight furrow. No wonder the farmer wears out, spite of exercise and fresh air. One day's work on the farm would tire many a trained athlete. And the farmer works hardest of all. The first up and the last to bed, feeding his team before he feeds himself, his work is practically never done. Why does not the farmer treat his own body as he treats the land he cultivates? He puts back in phosphate what he takes out in crops, or the land would grow poor. The farmer should put back into his body the vital elements exhausted by labor. If he does not, he will soon complain of "poor health." The great value of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is in its vitalizing power. It gives strength to the stomach, life to the lungs, purity to the blood. It supplies Nature with the substances by which she builds up the body, just as the farmer supplies Nature with the substances that build up the crops. "I write to tell you of the great benefit I received from the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mr. G. B. Bird, of Bryn Mawr, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I cured me of a very bad case of indigestion associated with torpid liver. Before I began the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery' I had no appetite, could not sleep nor work but very little. The little that I ate did not agree with me, bowels constipated, and I was a misery to me. I wrote to Dr. Pierce for help. The symptoms, and asked for advice. He advised me to try the 'Golden Medical Discovery' so I began the use of it and after taking four bottles I felt so well that I went to work, but soon got worse, so I again began the use of it and used it about eight weeks longer, when I was permanently cured."

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

HAPPENINGS OF THE PAST FEW DAYS FROM ALL QUARTERS.

Remains of the Victims of the Maine Placed at Rest at Arlington—Coal Miners of Pennsylvania Threaten to Strike. The revolution in Colombia has broken out again. Emily Hilda Blake, a domestic, was hanged at Brandon, Manitoba, a few days ago for the murder of her mistress, Mrs. Robert Lane. The torpedo boat Stockton was launched at Richmond, Va., a few days ago. The vessel is 175 feet long and is expected to make 26 knots. The Union Pacific railroad will open another coal mine at Rook Springs, Wyo. The Standard Oil company is trying to lease 180,000 acres of oil land in Indian territory for \$37,000 per year. The Indians protest. The congressional industrial commission will investigate manufacturing business and labor conditions on the Pacific coast next February. British Columbia engineers have accurately surveyed, determined and marked the Atlin boundary line between British Columbia and the Yukon territory. The average cost in foreign countries of all sugar imported into the United States in the fiscal year 1893 was 5.37 cents per pound; in 1899, 2.39 cents per pound. The remains of the sailors who were killed by the blowing up of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor and last week brought to the United States, were laid to rest in the Arlington cemetery, near Washington, Thursday. The ceremonies at the cemetery were simple but impressive, and attended by President McKinley and cabinet, besides the heads of the army and naval circles. Many of the important shipping ports of the Philippines which have been closed since the war have been opened lately, and others are to be. Two seven-story buildings in New York occupied by the wall paper factory of William Campbell & company were destroyed by fire a few days ago. The loss is fully \$500,000. Alfred Morrison, a professor of languages, mistook his wife for a burglar during the night and shot her at their home in Mount Vernon, N. Y. Mrs. Morrison exonerates her husband from all blame. He is almost insane from grief. Mrs. Morrison may die. Lavish living and a penchant for playing the races resulted in the arrest at Chicago of Clyde H. Wallace, a clerk in the United States sub-treasury, on charges of jurloning a sack containing \$5000 in gold coin. The prisoner is 26 years of age, excellent appearance and good address and the son of John C. Wallace, a prominent merchant. During the past year Andrew Carnegie, the steel manufacturer, gave upwards of \$7,000,000 to benefit humanity in some form or other. The Jones Scow works of Binghamton, N. Y., was recently badly damaged by fire and water. The loss will probably reach \$50,000. The extensive mills of Joseph Flings & Sons, manufactures of cotton in Germantown, Pa., was almost destroyed by fire recently. The loss is estimated at \$80,000. An unknown ship and her crew of 15 men were wrecked during a recent storm on the Atlantic coast near Norfolk. Representatives of 35,000 miners in the bituminous district of Pennsylvania met recently at various points to consider the feasibility of a strike for a general increase of 30 per cent in wages. The sessions were secret. The miners say unless the operators consent to the demand a general strike is certain. The operators informed the miners that they regard the demands as preposterous. The bureau of internal revenue at New York has decided that insurance companies doing a call loan business are liable to the bankers' tax imposed by the war revenue law. The Cheyenne flyer on the Union Pacific railroad crashed into the Bowlder Valley trail at Brighton, Col., recently. One man, Winfield Randleman an express messenger, was killed and 14 persons injured. According to commercial reports the year just closed was the most prosperous the United States has ever experienced. The building and contents of the Bilklin-Wisner wholesale grocery at Burlington, Ia., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$150,000 with insurance of \$95,000. The intense cold prevented the firemen from doing effective work. Several large American manufacturing establishments will not be represented at the coming Paris exposition, being too busy filling orders to attempt preparation of appropriate display. A bill for laying a cable to Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines is before congress, in which the cost is limited to \$8,000,000, and a preliminary appropriation of \$500,000 is made to begin the work. The postmaster-general calls for bids for furnishing improved mail service between San Francisco and Sydney, N. S. W., for an optional term of either five or ten years, beginning November 1, 1900. This year the dead letter office at Washington received over 1000 letters addressed to Santa Claus. The letters came from children all over the country. French coal miners in St. Etienne are on a strike for higher wages. Fifty thousand workers may be affected.

A WARM RECEPTION.

He Arrived Home Too Soon and Did Not Make a Good Impression. This resident of Alfred street came home at the end of one week instead of three, as he intended when he started on his business trip. He had his valise in his hand and rang the doorbell with a vim. "Why you couldn't bring a gown with you," snapped the sour faced maid who answered the call. "What's the sense of makin' such a racket? We don't want anything today." And she slammed the door in a way that showed she didn't mind noise if she made it. "Open that door!" shouted the angry owner. "Go on, now. We don't buy nothing of peddlers, we don't. I has my orders. Quit kickin' that door, or I'll telephone for the police. Don't you think you kin skeer me. Git a chase on yourself." "Let me in at once. I'm the proprietor of this place, the husband of your mistress." "That's a likely story, steh a lookin' ole frump as you are. Make yourself scarce now fur a baldheaded ole fraud." He was ten times madder, because he is 15 years older than his pretty wife, and jumped up and down on the veranda while he shouted, waved his valise and vowed all kinds of vengeance. Before he was placid enough to see straight the virago was upon him with a flatiron, and there was nothing for him but ignominious flight. He was just well under way when his wife appeared from down town and called a halt. Of course he sailed into her for having such a girl, gave the maid five minutes' notice, went through the house like a storm and could only smile the sickliest smile when he saw the new servant scudding through the back gate.—Detroit Free Press.

FULTON'S STEAM WARSHIP.

The Recommendation to the Government Signed by Noted Men. It is interesting in the light of the achievements of our navy in recent years, especially those of the splendid fighting machines propelled at the rate of 20 miles an hour, to read the following report made during the war of 1812 on a proposition made by Robert Fulton to build a steam vessel for the protection of our harbors and seaboard cities: We, the undersigned, have this day examined the model and plans of a vessel of war, submitted by Robert Fulton, to carry 24 guns, 24 and 32 pounders, and use red-hot shot, to be propelled by steam at the speed of four to five miles per hour, without the aid of wind or tide. The properties of which vessel are: That, without masts or sails, she can move with sufficient speed; that her machinery being guarded she cannot be crippled; that her sides are so thick as to be impenetrable to every kind of shot, and in a calm or light breeze she can take choice of position or distance from an enemy. Considering the speed which the application of steam has already given heavy floating bodies, we have full confidence that, should such a vessel, under favorable circumstances, which may always be gained over enemies' vessels in our ports, harbors, bays and sounds, be rendered more formidable to any enemy than any kind of engine hitherto invented. And in such case she would be equal to the destruction of one or more seventy-four's or of compelling her to depart from our waters. We, therefore, give our decided opinion that it is among the best interests of the United States to carry this plan into immediate execution. BREWER DECATUR, J. JONES, J. BROWN.

On this report is the concurrence of S. Evans, O. H. Porry, L. Warrington and J. Lewis.—Washington Star.

Peel's Advice to Young Men. Mental discipline, the exercise of the faculties of the mind, the quickening of your apprehension, the strengthening of your memory, the forming of a sound, rapid and discriminating judgment, are of even more importance than the store of learning. Establish control over your own minds, practice the economy of time, exercise an unrelenting vigilance over the acquirement of habit. These are the arts, this is the patient and laborious process, by which, in all times and in all professions, the foundations of excellence and of fame have been laid.—Extract from Sir Robert Peel's Address to the Students of the University of Glasgow; from Charles Stuart Parker's "Life of Sir Robert Peel."

Advertiser. A new and verdant postmaster in a small rural town had received instructions to advertise all letters uncalled for at the end of a certain length of time. He obeyed orders by inserting the following advertisement in the village weekly paper at the end of the first week of his term of office: "There are ten letters in the post-office that nobody has called for. If them they belong to don't take notice and call by the end of the month, the letters will be sent to the dead letter office. Anybody expecting letters they ain't got can come and see if any of these letters belong to them. All take notice."

People Who Sharpen Their Teeth. Recent studies of the Kadars, a race of short, dark skinned, curly haired natives living in the Anamalai hills of southern India, show that they possess a remarkable custom not elsewhere known in India—viz, the sharpening of the incisor teeth. They accomplish by chipping the teeth to a point, giving them the form of cones.

The first Australian newspaper, the Sydney Gazette, was published March 8, 1803, 15 years after the rise of the colony. The delay was caused through there being no printers among the convicts, who represented every profession, including the legal.

The art of self defense is inculcated early among some of the wilder tribes of the Caucasus, who instruct their children as soon as they can walk in the use of the dagger.

CANCER IS DEADLY!

Results Fatally in Nine Cases Out of Ten—A Cure Found at Last. This fearful disease often first appears as a mere scratch, a pimple, or lump in the breast, too small to attract any notice, until, in many cases, the deadly disease is fully developed. Cancer can not be cured by a surgical operation, because the disease is a virulent poison in the blood, circulating throughout the system, and although the sore or ulcer—known as the Cancer—may be cut away, the poison remains in the blood, and promptly breaks out afresh, with renewed violence. The wonderful success of S. S. S. in curing obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases which were considered incurable, induced a few despairing sufferers to try it for Cancer, after exhausting the skill of the physicians without a cure. Much to their delight S. S. S. proved equal to the disease and promptly effected a cure. The glad news beyond doubt that a cure had at last been found for deadly Cancer. Evidence has accumulated which is incontrovertible, of which the following is a specimen: "Cancer is hereditary in our family, my father, a sister and an aunt having died from this dreadful disease. My feelings may be imagined when the horrible disease made its appearance on my side. It was a malignant Cancer, eating inwardly in such a way as to cause great alarm. The disease seemed beyond the skill of the doctors, for their treatment did no good whatever, the Cancer growing worse all the while. Numerous remedies were used for it, but the Cancer grew steadily worse, until it seemed that I was doomed to follow the others of the family, for I know how deadly Cancer is, especially when inherited. I was advised to try Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), which, from the first day, forced out the poison. I continued its use until I had taken eighteen bottles, when I was cured sound and well, and have had no symptoms of the dreadful affliction, though many years have elapsed. S. S. S. is the only cure for Cancer.—Mrs. S. M. Idol, Winston, N. C.

Our book on Cancer, containing other testimonials and valuable information, will be sent free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.



MRS. S. M. IDOL.

IT IS UNFAIR. To send out of town for articles that can be procured at home. THE MERCHANT expects all the people of a town to trade with him, and that is quite proper and right, because it is a fair business proposition. IT IS JUST AS FAIR for mill men to expect merchants and all builders to buy their Deers, Saws, Millstones, Flooring, Rustic, and all Mill Products at home. GRAY & BRADBURY'S PLANING MILL is a home institution. Why not patronize it?

An Alien From Arkansas. "When I was on the bench," relates Judge J. J. Du Bose, "we were once making up a special jury for a murder trial. The lawyers were examining the venire, and I wasn't paying much attention to what was going on till one of the lawyers attracted my attention by saying: "Your honor, this man is incompetent for jury service. He's a foreigner." "I looked at the man under examination and didn't think he looked like a foreigner. He looked, anyway, like he was acclimated. So I asked him: "Have you ever been naturalized?" "No, sir," he answered. "And you say you're a foreigner and not naturalized? What country are you a native of?" "Arkansas." "Well, everybody in the courtroom laughed. I told the man he could go. He wasn't much of a foreigner, but too much to sit on a jury in my court." —Memphis Scimitar.

Winter Underwear! We have a fine stock of underwear, ladies' and gents', at lowest prices; suspenders, boots and shoes and finishing goods. Bed-rooms prices on all lines. Medford Shoe Co. W. T. KAME, Prop. Notice of Final Settlement. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Allen J. Sherrill, deceased, has filed in the County Court of Jackson County, State of Oregon, his final account as such administrator of said estate, and that Monday, the 15th day of January, 1900, has been fixed by said Court as the time for hearing objections to said report, and the settlement thereof. T. H. B. TAYLOR, Administrator of the Estate of Allen J. Sherrill, Deceased.

For Catarrh Hay-Fever Cold in Head. ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c, by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 59 Warren St., New York City.

MOTT'S PENNYROYL PILLS. They Overcome Weakness, Irregularity and Unpleasantness, Increase Vigor and Induce Health. MOTT'S PENNYROYL PILLS. For Sale by G. H. Haskins, Medford.

BUTLER JEWELER. Watch Repairing. PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Butler put in his shop, he turns out as good work in repairing watches and jewelry as any one in Southern Oregon.