THE MEDFORD MAIL

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MAN WAS BORN TO HUSTLE.
He is of few days; but quite a plenty.

Entered in the Postoffice at Medford, Oregon as Second-Class Mail Matter.

THIS PAPER Is kept on file at E. C. Dake's Advertising Agency, 64 and 65 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

MEDFORD, FRIDAY, Sept. 11, 1896.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

Hop picking began in the vicinity of Salem last Monday.

The Salem motor line cost $30,000 and was sold to Thos. Holman for $4310.

The God's Regular Army brigade has reached Marshfield with Wm. Purdey in command.

The new woolen mill at Dallas is getting out samples of goods which it is expected they will commence manufacturing by October 1st.

The business portion of Monmouth was destroyed by fire last Friday morning, and could not be checked until nearly every store in town had been burned.

The coal bunkers of the Oregon Improvement company, at Astoria, took fire Friday morning, supposedly from spontaneous combustion. The flames were extinguished before any great damage was done.

The new home of the Boys' and Girls' society, of Portland, is to be completed and formerly opened about the 15th inst. It is a three story building with full basement and will accommodate seventy-five children. The society now has twenty-six children in charge.

Horses sold at the pound in Athena last week did not bring very high prices. Lee Hitman was considered very fotunate in bidding one fine animal in for the sum of 11 cents. He paraded the street with his horse and in other ways gave evidence of feeling proud of his purchase.

Deputy United States Marshal Humphrey, of Portland, arrested J.P. Mertz, of Linn county, and brought him before Justice Osburne, of Stayton, where he gave bonds for his appearance before the United States court at Portland at its next session. Mr. Mertz is charged with sending obscene matter through the mail.

The Blue Mountain Telephone company, from Pendleton, Umatilla county, to Canyon City, Grant county, has been sold by the sheriff to satisy a judgment for $980, held by Mrs. Eliza Leizer. The property was knocked down to Mrs. Leizer for $200, and includes the telephone service in Pendleton and the line in Umatilla county.

The Dalles folks are again counting on the completion of the locks at an early date—this time November 15, next. While the completion of the locks is a consumation that the residents of The Dalles have devoutly wished for for years, they have been so often disappointed by the promises of contractors that there is not displayed any unusual degree of enthusiasm over the present claim of their early completion.

The Roseburg Review says: A gentleman from Kellogg tells us that there has been considerable excitement down there over the California murderer, Dunham. It was reported there that the fugitive had passed through Roseburg in company with two other men, and was coming down the river through the mountains. People who had an eye on the big reward hanging over Dunham were guarding passes everywhere in that section. If Dunham was ever in Roseburg, the officers were not aware of it, or any one else so far as we can learn.

J. W. Palmtree, of Garfield precinct former county commissioner, has a modern farmhouse built five or six years ago, and all the first quality lumber came from a single fir tree, says the Oregon City Press. The house is 32½ by 22 feet on the ground, and a story and a half in height. All the flooring and ceiling, above and below, wainscoting for all the rooms, all the lumber for porches and all the rustic came from one tree and there is not a knot as big as a dime visible anywhere. The grain is straight and clear and the character and quality of the lumber justifies the old gentleman's pride in Oregon's big trees.

In response to an invitation from the Bedford post G. A. R., of Massachusetts, the governor has addressed a letter on "liberty," together with a sample of Oregon soil, to the committee on arrangements. It is the purpose of the post to plant a liberty tree October 6, in celebration of its 30th anniversary. This was the first chartered post in New England. The roots of the tree are to be planted in soil furnished by the different governors of states, well mixed with soil from the scene of Washington's boyhood days, the redoubt at Bunker Hill, Yorktown, Lake Erie and other historical places.

George M. Miller, of Eugene, has shipped 17 Chinese pheasants to his brother, Joaquin Miller, the poet of the Sierras, at Oakland, Calif. Mr. Miller is securing the birds for propogation and will free them on his farm near Oakland. The birds are about half grown and a simple but effective method was practiced on their capture. They were run down by a man on a horse. It is said when frightened the young birds will rise and fly to the greatest distance that their strength will carry them. They must then rest quite a bit before regaining sufficient strength to fly again. If "spotted" by a man on horseback he can pursue them at full speed and by jumping off his horse, catch them, as they will not try to fly until they have rested.

Last March Charles Perry, a man about forty-five years of age who had been in the employment of the Siskiyou Mining company, at the copper mines, left the employ of the company and drew his wages which amounted to about $150. One Melson at once began offering him inducements to go over into California, where he claimed to have a wonderfully rich placer mine, and as a further inducement to get Perry to go along he offered him a half interest in the claim. They left together over the Crescent City road about the 15th of March and stopped over night with a Mr. Reynolds, about about five miles from Waldo, and Perry was never seen alive after that. Eventually the disappearance of Perry caused considerable inquiry. After some searching Perry's watch was found and it was discovered that Melson had sold it at Shelly creek. The search was continued, and Perry's body finally located in an abandoned well about three miles from the main road to Crescent city and a short distance north of the California line. A bullet hole in the left shoulder passed entirely through the body, and proclaimed murder. Melson was arrested near Crescent City where he has been living for the past few months, claiming that his raise was made through the death of a relative. He will be tried at Gold Beach.

A movement has been inaugurated in Portland against all the nickel-in the-slot and other prize games. The Telegram of Saturday says: "District Attorney Lord, in a moment of virtuous indignation, has issued an edict, through Chief of Police Minto, tending to restrict the local tobacconists from giving prizes to purchasers of goods by so-called games of chance. This will, if strictly enforced, do away with the nickel-in-the-slot machines and all other similar devices whereby one stands a chance to get much for little. Chief Minto last night issued an order to the police that this mode of violating the laws against gambling must at once be discontinued. While nearly all the cigar dealers here are law-abiding men, they already chafe under the restriction, which will greatly decrease their trade. But it is not expected that any of them will lay themselves liable to arrest. 'It strikes me,' remarked a prominent cigar dealer today, 'that this order is directed mainly at people in one class of business. Trade is dull enough without obstacles being thrown in our way to increase it. In the event that this order is strictly enforced, we shall take steps to see that church and other similar raffles and lotteries also are stopped.' District Attornoy Lord states that he was actuated to proceed against these chance device games by reason of a number of written complaints filed in his office by reasonable and well-known people."

The Origin of Cheddar Cheese.

Cheddar cheese was made in England over three centuries ago, and it obtains its name, Cheddar, from the town in which it was first made. Its fame spread throughout all England, and the one fault found with the cheese was that they were "so few and so dear, hardly to be met with save at some rich man's table."

A writer during the reign of Elizabeth speaks of Cheddar cheese as being of good quality and so heavy that it would take two men to lift one onto a table. From this we would infer that the farmers of that time must have practiced associated dairying, as nearly all the farms adjacent to the town of Cheddar were small, and could not have supported enough cows to produce sufficient milk for such a cheese.

It remained, however, for a resident of Jefferson county, Wisconsin, (the home of this paper) to put to a practical test this idea of associated dairying, which was first done in 1841. The milk of thirty cows was all that was at first used, but as the settlers increased, the number of cows increased also, and there finally became quite a demand for Pickett's cheese.

Several enterprises of like character were started, but none of them seem to have been of a really permanent business character until Jesse Williams, of Oneida county, N. Y., established a factory of his own, in 1852. In less than a decade numerous factories sprung up, and finally this method spread throughout the United States and Canada, but strange as is may seem, the English people were very averse to its adoption, and even today associated dairying is not so largely practiced in England as in other countries.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Spain's Ugly Mood.

The campaign has been so engrossing that questions of foreign policy and matters of Old-World news have been for a few weeks almost ignored by the American press. But for the warmth of home politics much discussion would have resulted from the report that Spain is deliberately and carefully preparing to make an appeal to all the governments of Europe for moral support as against the United States in the controversy concerning Cuba. The Spanish soldiers have had a frightful summer in the distressed island, owing to the excessive heat and the ravages of disease. Little news of fighting has been received, and there is no reason to think Spain is making any headway toward the suppression of the rebellion. The Spanish government is making the most strenuous efforts to increase the strength of the Spanish navy with reference to a possible conflict with the United States. Our presidential election may be followed by the outbreak of very serious troubles between our government and that of the stubborn and bitter Spaniards. The prospect is serious.—From "The Progress of the World," in September Review of Reviews.

X-Rays

Of severest trial and test prove in regard to Hood's Sarsaparilla

1st, Greatest Merit

Secured by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process unknown to others—which naturally and actually produces

2d, Greatest Cures

Shown by thousands of honest, voluntary testimonials—which naturally and actually produce

3d, Greatest Sales

According to the statements of druggists all over the country. In these three points Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Indianapolis Nominees.

The gold democratic convention at Indianapolis after adopting an unqualified gold platform, taking even more advanced ground than the republicans, declaring for "tariff for revenue only," and announce themselves for free ships, concluded their labors by nominating Senator John M. Palmer, of Illinois, for president, and Ex-Governor Simeon Boliver Buckner, of Kentucky, for vice president. They are to be formerly notified of their nomination at Louisville, September 12th, and will then make a tour of three or four southern states. They claim at least four states—Florida, Alabama, Texas and Kentucky—with forty-three votes. Louisiana with eight votes they claim is in the doubtful list.

G. A. R. Encampment.

In his annual address General I. N. Walker, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, said:

The total membership of the Grand Army of the Republic is 385,406, of which 340,610 are in good standing, and 42,511 are carried on the suspended list for non-payment of dues. The decrease in this list during the past year is 7,089, with a gain in the muster during the year of 13,467. The total loss during the year was 11,406, of which number 7,923 was by death, a decrease of 75 from last year. When we take into account the great business depression of the year, the lack of employment and the fact that so many veterans are possesed of such a small portion of this world's goods, our membership has held its own remarkably well. The report of the quartermaster-general shows our finances to be in good condition, and there has been a reduction of expenses.

Increase in Public Debt.

The monthly statement of the public debt, issued from the treasury department, shows that at the close of business August 31 the public debt, less cash in the treasury, was $978,497,196, which is an increase for the month of $12,342,684, which is accounted for by the loss of nearly exactly that amount of cash on hand due to the excess of expenditures over receipts.

The debt is recapitulated as follows; Interest bearing debt, $847,364260; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,622,960; debt bearing no interest, $372,856,467. This amount however does not include $563,456,287 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding an offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury.

The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, $136,825,200; silver, $513,647,700; paper, $177,923,668; bonds, disbursing officer's balances, etc., $17,692,276; making a total of $849,388,746, against which there are demand liabilities amounting to $604,802,342, which leaves $243,346,400 cash in the treasury.

An Attorney-General's Opinion.

Another question involving the laws regulating sufferage has been presented to Attorney-General Idleman for an opinion. It came from a soldier at Vancouver who asks the question, "Has a soldier a right to vote in Oregon." The attorney-general says:

"The question cannot be answered directly, as an abstract proposition. It depends upon conditions. These are:

"Is he entitled to citizenship generally under the law? If so has he complied with the requirements of the law necessary to confer citizenship?"

Section 4 of article 2 of the constitution is quoted, which says:

"'For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States, or of his state, nor while engaged in navigation of waters of this state or of the United States, or of the high seas, etc.'

"The evident intention of this section of the constitution," says the attorney-general, "was not to disfranchise nor take away the sufferage. It simply means that in determining the place of residence, presence or absence in the service of the United States or state should not be taken into account, or otherwise expressed. Neither presence nor absence in the service of the United States or the state is the condition upon which the fact of residence can be affirmed or denied. Any one engaged in the service of the government may acquire residence as any other person not engaged in such service, by conforming to our statutes. Therefore, if a soldier or any other man in the employment of the United States government is entitled to citizenship generally and complies with the laws of our state requisite to citizenship, there is no reason, in my judgment, why he should not exercise his right of sufferage in this state. This has been adjudicated by the supreme court both of Oregon and California.

Malarial produces weakness, general debility biliousness, loss of appetite, indigestion and constipation. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, removes the cause which produces these troubles. Try it and you will be delighted. 50 cents. To get the GENUINE ask for GROVE'S Sold by Strang, the druggist.

Individuality and Style.

In one sense Fenelon was perhaps right. Individuality is sometimes called style, and a man is seldom more successful in changing his nature than the leopard in changing his spots. Tintoretto was furious, Rembrandt was emotional, Rubens was splendid, and their styles were but the expressions of their individualities. In the same sense Michael Angelo had style, though a Winckelmann would have pronounced him a barbarian; Teniers had style, though Louis XIV called him a "maggot" and would not tolerate his pictures; Delacroix had style, though the classicists said his pictures looked as though painted with a drunken broom. Each one of them expressed himself in his own peculiar way and possessed style as Fenelon described it.

Why, then, were they denounced? Why were Hugo, Alfred de Mussett, Millet and Manet scouted as rebels? Why do we today talk about the poems of Walt Whitman and the landscapes of Claude Monet as lacking in style since none of us denies that they show strong individualities? Is it not because they fail in giving that other style which Sir Joshua called the "grand style," and the meaning of which Buffon suggests in that phrase, "to render property?"—Scribner's.

Restraint In Doing Good.

"A great desire to administer justice, and even to execute vengeance, oppresses many persons," writes Mrs. Lyman Abbott in Ladies' Home Journal. "They can hardly keep their hands off where they see what appears to be tyranny; they long to put the driver in place of the abused horse, the large boy in place of the small 'fag,' the elder sister in the younger's position and so on to the end of the chapter. When the temptation becomes too strong and these would be 'make rights' do interfere, they are more likely to make things far worse than to improve them. Theirs is a better attitude toward life than that of one who takes pleasure in the exhibition of man's evil passions—a disposition we see manifested when a quarrel arises in the street and a crowd flocks at once to encourage and enjoy the spectacle. The retributive feeling may be right, but we must not put into action all our right feelings. Restraint in doing good is important as well as restraint from evil. I suppose children have suffered quite as much from the interference of friends who would modify a too strict diet and enlarge a too limited list of amusements as they have from their parents' restrictions."

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble.

It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a *blood remedy* for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

Something About the "New Man."

HE BELIEVES IN PRAISING THOSE TO WHOM PRAISE IS DUE.

A Story from Tennessee which is the Equal of that of J. M. Foster Published in these Columns Some Weeks Ago.

From the Herald, Columbia, Tennessee.

Many and various are the discussions of the "new woman," but most of the women we've seen have no aspirations toward the emancipation of their sex from any yoke except the burdensome yoke of ill health. They all seem to think—and think rightly—that their proper field is their home, and to work faithfully in this field she must be strong and hearty. Care is peculiarly a woman's heritage. But it was not the "new woman" or any other kind of woman that we started out to talk about. It is a "man in the case" this time, and a man, too, that thinks he is the newest kind of a "new man."

From what he tells us, he has good cause to think so. There is no comparison between his present state of feeling and that of two years ago. But let the following speak for itself. We published a few weeks ago a statement of the miraculous cure of Mr. J. M. Foster, of Carter's Creek, now one of the *Herald's* men, from locomotor ataxia (a disease said to be incurable), by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

The account was read by numbers of people who were eye-witnesses of his bodily suffering and who know what Mr. Foster stated to be true beyond a peradventure of a doubt; it was read by others, also, who believe it just the same as if they, too, had seen all, because Mr. Foster is well known over the country to be a man of unimpeachable veracity.

So strong is his belief in the Dr. Williams' Pills, he has influenced a number of other people to use them, and all have became as new persons.

One of the number is a young man of Southport, Maury County, Tennessee, Mr. N. F. Murphy. He is only twenty-one years old, and being of rather a delicate constitution, has been afflicted the greater part of his life.

Young Murphy says, he verily believes that very few people of any age or clime have been called upon to endure the bodily suffering which he has undergone.

In an interview with the *Herald*, he told us the following, which we give in his own words:

"Five years ago I was attacked with a severe spell of la grippe, which affected me very much. However, with the summer before me, I gradually grew better until I considered myself nearly well, when in September following I was prostrated by an attack of biliousness.

"I took the medicine administered by our family physician and was soon on foot again, though with a large amount of malaria in my system. Being in a low state of health, I was troubled all winter with dreadful colds and coughs.

"The following spring I was again attacked with another severe case of biliousness, and only rallied in part from this spell when, at the suggestion of some of my friends, I resorted to various patent medicines for relief, but without satisfactory results. The malaria continued, and there was no end to my taking cold, which at last began to settle on my left lung, which was weak, inasmuch as it had undergone the terrible effects of an abscess when I was quite small. As a result expectoration begun and grew worse until May, 1894.

"Now comes the period in my sickness which was to the last degree gloomy. Because of the inactivity of my liver, I could not eat anything that would agree with me, and, to add to my already intense suffering, inflammatory rheumatism got me in its grip. It was dreadful. No one can imagine what agonies I suffered. In this condition I became as helpless as a babe, for I could not raise a hand. I was considered to be on the verge of the grave, and I despaired of my life.

"Deliverance came in this way: Through the influence of Mr. J. M. Foster, a friend of mine, I was induced to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a fair trial. The result was simply marvelous. Within two weeks after I began taking the pills, a marked improvement in my condition was to be noted. I steadily continued to improve until I reached my present state of good health. The hand of death was stayed for the time being, and the grave cheated of its victim.

"All praise is due to Dr. Williams' Pills. Surely I gave them a fair trial, for I used forty dollars ($40) worth of them and ought to know whereof I speak. I doubt not that the name of Dr. Williams will rank among the foremost of the greatest benefactors of the age.

"This is submitted to sick and suffering humanity."

These cases will not seem so remarkable if a body remembers that it is stated by men of science that the entire human body is renewed once in every seven years. It is interesting to inquire how this can be accomplished. Of course, it is readily understood that the work of disintegration and decay goes steadily on, but how are the wasted particles resupplied? It is by means of the circulation of the blood. All the nourishment which is taken into the stomach is, after digestion, received by the blood and carried to every organ, tissue and fibre in the body. This is a most important office, and it is important that the blood which is to do this work should be pure, rich and healthy. Otherwise it will not only be unable to fulfill its mission properly, but it will scatter disease throughout the system.

Indeed, it is from impure blood that a great majority of diseases originate, and it is only by making the blood pure that they can be cured. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People possess a building-up strength-giving power which make them just the medicine for those who find themselves in a weak and run-down condition, either as a result of illness or because of impure or impoverished blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are considered an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities, and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—Perfumes are now extensively manufactured in the United States, and the native articles are said by experts to compare favorably with foreign manufactures.

—England manufactures perfumes on a very large scale, importing many of the materials from other countries, but also making large use of home-grown herbs and flowers.

—Many woods have sugar and gum in their composition, and the presence of these elements is generally shown by the attraction the wood seems to have for many kinds of insects.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is a perfect malarial liver tonic and blood purifier. Removes biliousness without purging. As pleasant as lemon syrup. It is as large as any dollar tonic and retails for 50 cents. To get the GENUINE ask for GROVE'S. Sold by Strang, the druggist

Real Estate Transfers.

J W Merritt, trustee, to Jas Gaines; lot 16 blk 6 Central Point	$ 200
Elizabeth Williams to Minnie K Preadmore; a part of lots 9 and 10 blk 17 Ashland	700
David N Richardson to David D Good; lot 6 blk 22, Chitwood track, Ashland; also interest to water from Sulphur springs	175
F B Inlow to W F Smith; lot 2 sec 8 tp 35 s r 1 w	1
Benj Haymond to Mary Cook; 160 24-100 acres sec 13 tp 37 s r 3 w	500
Thos R Stotler to Eda M Morris; 80 acres sec 30 tp 36 s r 1 w	2000
A S Barnes, sheriff, to L George; sheriff's tax deed to lot 5, miners' add to Ashland	10
Max Medefind to Chas Pullman; 10 acres in sec 16 tp 40 s r 1 w	300

Mining Locations.

W N DeWolfe located August 3; 20 acres in Steamboat Dist.

E R Spencer located August 3; 20 acres in Steamboat dist.

Mrs Susan W Runyan located August 19, 20 acres in Applegate dist.

Thos Dungey located August 1st; The Joe Dandy quartz claim in Galls creek dist.

James Terry located August 5; the Sound Money claim containing 20 acres in Applegate dist.

Anthony Gannon and Chas Gannon located August 30; the Rattle Snake lode in Sardine dist.

LOCKHART, TEXAS, OCT. 15, 1889.

Messrs. Paris Medicine Co., Paris, Tenn.

Dear Sirs:—Ship us as soon as possible 2 gross Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. My customers want GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic and will not have any other. In our experience of 20 years in the drug business, we have never sold any medicine which gave such universal satisfaction.

Yours respectfully,

Sold by Strang, the druggist. J. S. Broyne & Co.

Fly in a Soprano's Throat.

While mass was being celebrated at the cathedral of the Immaculate Conception in Portland, Me., on a recent Sunday a young lady from Boston, a fine vocalist, was assuming the leading soprano part. When the solo "Salve Regina" was reached the lady sang the solo, and had just reached the concluding measure, her pure, crystal-like notes falling most agreeably on the ear, when the members of the choir noticed that she turned pale and placed her handkerchief to her lips, giving a spasmodic cough. A fly had flown down her windpipe and shut off her wind. Fortunately at that moment the full chorus had to sing, thus preventing any break, and when her turn came again the lady was able to respond. The poor fly was afterward found on the bosom of her dress. He had paid for his temerity with his life. —Chicago Chronicle.

—The member for North-South Blankshire—"Gentlemen, you twit me with having turned my coat. Years ago I supported this measure. Then I had a reason. But now, gentlemen, I have lost my reason." And he wondered at the deafening smile that pervaded the meeting.—Household Words.

—"I suppose that it would take a great deal of observation and experience to enable a man to pick the fastest horse entered for a race," she remarked. "Yes," replied the man of mournful experience, "but that isn't what you are trying to do. What you want is to pick the horse that is going to win."—Washington Star.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned, have this day been appointed by the county court, of Jackson county, Oregon, administrator to the estate of Otis Frierson, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate must present them duly verified to me at my residence or to my attorney, Wm. M. Colvig, at Jacksonville, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof. Dated at Table Rock, Oregon, this 26th day of August, 1896.

J. C. PENDLETON, Administrator.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that D. T. Lawton, assignee of S. C. Wilson, has filed his final report with the Circuit Court, in Jackson county, Oregon, and has set the 14th day of September, 1896, at the hour of 10 a. m. for final hearing and approval of said Court and for discharge from further responsibility.

D. T. LAWTON, Assignee of S. C. Wilson.

Medford, Oregon, August 7, 1896.