

**OUR COUNTY . . .**  
**Correspondents**

Eagle Point Eaglets.

BY A. C. HOWLETT.

Jeff. Beil and wife, of Talent, are visiting Mrs. B's parents and relatives.

There will be preaching at the Betts school house next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m.

Mrs. George W. Heckathorn has been spending some time past visiting her daughters, Mrs. Meagley and O. Simpkins, of Woodville.

Last Saturday Sheriff Patterson passed through our town on a return trip from Brownsboro, where he had been on official business.

Frank Lewis, one of the leading rustlers of this neighborhood, has erected a new barn on the place he purchased from Mrs. M. A. Taylor.

Ben Edmonson and Wm. Perry, of Big Butte, passed through Eagle Point the first of the week on their way to Medford to trade for their winter's supplies.

John Young, our efficient road supervisor, has about completed his road work for this year and consequently our roads are in a very excellent condition.

Mr. Goodall and son have rented the J. J. Fryer farm and Mr. Goodall is batching there while he puts in a crop. They expect to farm that place and the Peterson place on Sticky this year.

Charley Carney, one of our hustling farmers and stock raisers, returned from a successful hunt on the head waters of Elk creek one day last week. He was accompanied by James W. Pew.

I am sorry to have to chronicle the fact that Miss Charlotte Willis-croft is confined to her room on account of sickness, having taken cold on Tuesday of last week while attending the funeral of her mother.

I expect that your city will be crowded with fresh pork, ribs, backbones, etc., for the hog killing season has come and a number of the farmers are killing their hogs instead of selling on foot at present prices.

Geo. Heckathorn stayed over night at the free ferry, a short time ago and, reports that on the afternoon while he was there sixty deer were brought across the river by different parties who had been out hunting.

Mrs. Flake, sister of John McAlister, the man who has been confined to his bed here for several months, but is now convalescing, returned to her home in California the first of the week. Her mother, Mrs. Stevens preceded her a few days.

The remains of Mrs. Willis-croft were taken to Medford cemetery last Tuesday, followed by a large number of friends. Rev. Robert Ennis, of Jacksonville, delivered a very impressive discourse at the family residence before the departure for Medford.

F. Walker, living on the north side of Rogue river near the free ferry, passed through our town on Friday of last week on his return trip from Klamath county. He crossed the mountains on the north side of Mt. Pitt on his way out, returning by the way of Ashland. He reports the weather very cold in Klamath, the ice being thick enough to hold up a small horse.

Last Saturday must have been a very busy day in THE MAIL office. I judge from the fact that everybody else seemed to be as busy as nailers, and I met in addition to the usual number of citizens from this part of the country James M. and Robert Lewis, N. A. Young, Mrs. M. S. Wood, Frank Brown, one of our merchants after goods, Claud White and Mr. Newman, besides quite a number from other parts of the valley—all intent on trading. On inquiry why they came to Medford instead of remaining at their old trading places, they told me they can save from 10 to 30 per cent by going to Medford to trade. I remarked I had found that out a long time ago.

**Notes From Eden Precinct.**

BY FARMER.

Wm. Beardsley has moved from the Root place to Phoenix.

Miss Lena Hamlin visited with friends in Medford last week.

A very interesting program is being prepared for the evening entertainment at the close of our school.

Miss Effie Mills has returned from Grants Pass, where she has been visiting with friends for several weeks.

Mr. Jordan, Talent's crippled man, was book canvassing here last week. We are glad Mr. J. is able to be around again.

Several lots of nice fat hogs were

driven to market the past week. The price received does not seem to have been quite what was expected.

The long dry fall has been very favorable for getting in the heavy apple crop, prune drying, wood hauling, etc., and the farmers have not failed to improve the time.

Four new wall lamps were placed in the school house last Friday, the same having been purchased with a part of the money received at the ice cream social in September.

**Central Point Items.**

We are having fine weather.

No sickness reported this week. J. C. Hall spent last week in Ashland.

J. W. Merritt is having a fine lot of hogs butchered.

N. A. Young, of Eagle Point, spent a day here this week.

Geo. Satterfield, of Gold Hill, was here last week—trading.

Elder S. B. Chastain is stationed at Lakeview for the next year.

There will be two dances here on Thanksgiving day and two days' racing.

L. C. Rodenburger is now engaged in mining in the Willow Springs district.

B. Vincent, of Sams Valley, was here delivering a fine lot of pork Saturday.

Rev. J. Merley will begin a series of protracted meetings at the Baptist church next week.

There will be a dinner at the M. E. church on Thanksgiving day and a supper at the Baptist church.

**City and Country.**

The Rural New Yorker very nicely sums up the situation of the tendency, verified by each successive census report, to drift toward the city by saying that a great many boys and young men now on the farm are planning to get away from farming at the first good opportunity. They have seen the hard side of farm life and, apparently, think that there is something easier for them in town. It is a singular fact that, while this migration to the city is going on, thousands of men in the city are planning to go back some day and end their days in the country. We meet many of them. They are mostly clerks or in subordinate positions—knowing well that it is only a few years before younger and more enterprising men will crowd them out of a job. After that the city will have but a small chance for them. They are looking ahead, saving their money as best they can, hoping some day to have a small place where their own labor may be turned directly into a means of support. They know from their city experience that so-called business men are only handlers and that farming is the only occupation that enables a man to turn his own labor directly into food and shelter. It would be a good thing if some of the boys who plan to come to the city, could talk with those who plan to get out of it.

**Some Game Law Decisions.**

A question has arisen as to whether the costs of prosecution of offenders against the state game laws were to be borne by the county or state. Attorney General Idleman has rendered an opinion upon this matter construing the language; "One half of all the money paid into the county treasury over and above the amount necessary to reimburse the county for any expense paid out of the treasury," etc. The opinion cites section 2361, Hill's Code, which provides that costs and disbursements in criminal actions are paid the county in which the action is brought and holds that section 38, of the game law, clearly recognizes the same rule for the protection of game, fish and wild fowl, and to provide for the appointment of fish and game warden, and that the repealing clause does not include section 2361, and, therefore, includes that costs must be paid by the county in which the action was in-

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Most Perfect Made.  
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stituted, and not by the state. The attorney general has advised Fish Commissioner McGuire that, until annulled by some tribunal having jurisdiction, section 12 of the new law is in force. This will materially effect cold-storage firms, as that section makes it unlawful to have in possession, dead or live birds, fish or fowls out of season.

**Diseased Fruit in Portland.**

Repeatedly diseased fruit has been found on sale in the Portland markets and the attention of fruit dealers has been called to it, but they have in every case been able to give no excuse. Complaints have been lodged with the horticultural board, and though it was slow in taking up the matter, there was issued, on November 15, a circular letter to fruit growers and dealers, which in justice to those sections of the state that have successfully fought fruit pests, should be carried out to the letter. The fruit growers of Southern Oregon especially recognize the fitting character of the letter, which we publish:

Portland, Or., Nov. 15, 1895. To the fruit growers and fruit dealers—Dear Sirs: Complaint has been filed with our board, that diseased and worm-infested fruits are being sold in this market and upon, thorough examination I found that there is some foundation for such complaint.

The law governing fruit-pests and the selling of infested fruits is very plain; the educational work done by the members of this board, aided by the horticultural and other press in general, has been such as to instruct all fruit growers how to guard against fruit-pests and diseases. You are therefore notified that hereafter all diseased and pest-infested fruits will not be allowed to be sold in this market.

Yours respectfully,  
HENRY E. BOSCH,  
Commissioner First District.  
Indian War Veterans.

The Indian war veterans, of Oregon and Washington, commenced a concerted movement for pensions and the same privilege accorded Union veterans, on the 16th. At 1 o'clock p. m. of that day they met at Walla Walla, Seattle, Spokane, Olympia, Wash., and at Portland, Hillsboro, McMinnville, Salem, Corvallis, Eugene, Roseburg, Ashland, Jacksonville and The Dalles, Oregon. These various camps memorialized congress and urged the passage of a bill granting pensions to the Indian war veterans who served in defense of the North Pacific coast from 1856, inclusive. Forty and fifty years have passed since the stirring times incident to the frontier life and Indian domination, when a constant watch had to be maintained to protect home and family from the torch and tomahawk. Congress has never granted pensions to volunteers, their widows or orphans. Congress will be asked to recognize the Indian war veterans in the soldiers' home, also.

**The Governor's Proclamation.**

Governor Lord, on the 13th inst., issued the customary Thanksgiving proclamation, and in language as follows:

"In acknowledgement of the manifold mercies vouchsafed by Almighty God to our state and people during the past year, and in accordance with the proclamation of the president of the United States, and in compliance with a time-honored custom, I, William P. Lord, governor of the state of Oregon, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, November 28, 1895, as Thanksgiving day.

"Let us on that day abstain from our usual occupations, and in our homes and places of worship, offer praises and thanks to the giver of all good for many blessings conferred upon our people. Let us also devote it to the enjoyment of hospitality, and the reunion of families, to the doing of charitable deeds and strengthening the bonds of friendship; to awakening sentiments of patriotism and respect for social order; to cultivating a high sense of duty and relieving the wants of the needy and distressed."

**Literary Note.**

A complete and immediate revolution of transportation methods, involving a reduction of freight charges on grain from the West to New York of from 50 to 60 per cent, is what is predicted in the November Cosmopolitan. The plan proposes using light and inexpensive corrugated iron cylinders, hung on a slight rail supported on poles from a cross-arm—the whole system involving an expense of not more than fifteen hundred dollars a mile for construction. The rolling stock is equally simple and comparatively inexpensive. Continuous lines of cylinders, moving with no interval to speak of, would carry more grain in a day than a quadruple track railway. This would constitute a sort of grain-pipe line. The Cosmopolitan also points out the probable abolition of street-cars before the coming horseless carriage, which can be operated by a boy on asphalt pavements at a total expense for labor, oil, and interest, of not more than one dollar a day.

—It is a truth in medicine the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the smallest pills, will perform a cure, and are the best. Geo. H. Haskins, druggist.

—Mining deeds—at THE MAIL office  
—Legal blanks at THE MAIL office.

**No Fight at Table Rock.**

Hon. A. J. Barlow, deputy revenue collector for the southern district of Oregon, and a nephew of Gen. Lane, has written a letter in which he sets forth the fact that the famous Table Rock fight was purely a myth—existed only in pure flight of imagination. He says: "Some years ago General Gibbons, so famous in our civil war, and a great admirer of General Joseph Lane, stopped at my place in Gold Hill, and requested me to ascertain and furnish him all the facts about General Lane in one of his famous raids against the Rogue River Indians, having driven the Indians, after a hard and stubborn resistance on their part, over the frowning precipice of Table Rock. General Gibbons furnished me his address and promised that when he got all the data that it should be written up and go into the literature of the nation. I myself, always proud of the achievements, the dare-devil bravery and lightning-like movements of General Lane, had come to believe that it was a fact, though I never heard General Lane, with whom I lived for several years, ever mention having a fight on Table Rock with the Indians. I remember he used to relate his experience when ratifying the treaty of peace, after he had chastised the Indians on Evans creek. The treaty took place under the precipice on the south side of the table, overlooking Rogue River. It was at that place that General Lane and his party of friends, who accompanied the general to act as witness to the treaty, came so near being massacred by the Indians, the facts of which are familiar to most of your readers. In compliance with General Gibbons' request, I set about in quest of information, and after diligent search I find that the Table Rock fight was a myth. It existed only in the fevered imagination of sensational minds."

British Guiana advices report that Maxim guns have been started toward the Venezuelan frontier. The expedition consists of three guns, 50 men and nine canoes. A force of Venezuelan troops is supposed to be awaiting the expedition's arrival, prepared to capture the guns. The Guianan journals ridicule what they term Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's opera bouffe campaign.

Charles Lease, a druggist, and husband of Mary E. Lease, the noted Kansas lawyer and speaker, has been arrested at Wichita on complaint of the president of the state board of pharmacy, for violating the law in refusing to pay the annual fee of 50 cents, prescribed by the statutes, for the support of the board. Mrs. Lease advised her husband that the law was unconstitutional and she will defend his case in court.

Judge Buck of the superior court at Spokane for three days heard arguments in the case of J. W. Conside, proprietor of a variety theater, who is charged with having violated the new state law prohibiting the employment of girls or women in any place where liquor is sold. The lawyers had assembled in court the fourth day to resume their arguments, when Judge Buck said: "Gentlemen, I learned for the first time last night that my wife was the author of that bill. This being the case I will decline to pass on the question of the constitutionality of the act." The arguments will be renewed before another judge.

Governor Budd has begun an investigation into charges against six of eight directors of the Sixth District Agricultural Fair association of Los Angeles. The directors implicated are J. C. Newton, George Hinds, W. H. Miller, D. G. Stevens, R. R. Brown and E. T. Wright. The charges are sworn to by Lewis Thorne, secretary of the association for over three years until last February, when he was removed and a son of Director Brown elected in his place. The bases of Thorne's charges are that the directors adopted a resolution in 1893 voting themselves \$5 for attending each monthly meeting of the association and \$5 a day for each day of the fairs; also for renting the fair grounds free to Moore Salisbury to exhibit his trotters and pacers last December, and entering into a secret contract with Salisbury to divide the profits of the exhibition with the directors.

**That Tired Feeling**

Means danger. It is a serious condition and will lead to disastrous results if it is not overcome at once. It is a sure sign that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best remedy is

**HOOD'S Sarsaparilla**

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and thus gives strength and elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health and vitality to every part of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla positively

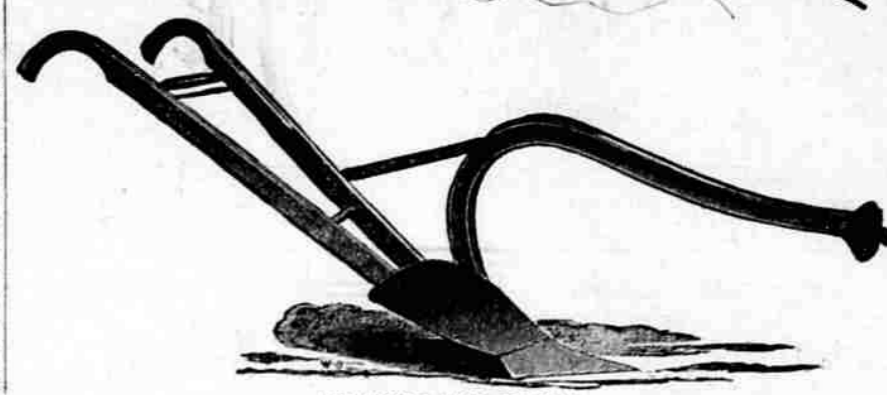
**Makes the Weak Strong**

"I suffered with tired feeling and run down condition, and I was generally out of order. I am now taking my third bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and the tired feeling is gone and I feel like a different man. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all who suffer as I did." J. F. ROSECKER, Shaw, Oregon.

**Hood's and Only Hood's**

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25c.

**Creed's Black Land Plows . . .**



(BLACK LAND PLOW)

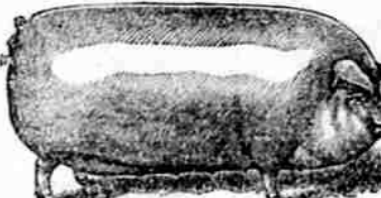
Especially adapted to Sticky Soil. Also Free Soil Gangs, Sulkies, Harrows, etc. Our Black Land plows are sold on trial. It will pay you to get our prices. Call at residence—six miles northeast of Medford, or address:

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JERSEY . . . IMPORTED  
CATTLE CHESTER  
OF THE BEST . . . WHITES  
Milk and Butter Strain  
Mature Quickly and Fatten at Any Age



**IMPROVED CHESTER WHITE . . . SWINE AND JERSEY CATTLE**

Intending purchasers are invited to call and inspect my stock. All correspondence promptly answered. All Stock Registered. Farm one mile from Scappoose.

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Wants to See You

A new stock of stoves, guns, furniture, tinware, dishes, bedding, also wagons, horses and harness for sale. Will exchange goods for wood, shakes, shingles or posts. New stoves exchanged for old ones. Call and see me before buying . . .

South of Clarendon Hotel, Medford, Ore.

**S. CHILDERS'**

**...FAIRVIEW ADDITION**

**Location of Land** Lying but a few rods more than one mile to the east of

**...Medford, Oregon,**

**Amount of Land in Tract** Is situated 160 acres of land which is especially adapted to

**Fruit Growing.**

**Now on the Market** This land has recently been placed upon the market and is now offered for sale in tracts of from

**2½ to 10 Acres.**

**Commands an Excellent View of Medford** The name, "Fairview," is given this property because, that being located as it is, on a slight eminence, a view of all parts of Medford and a good portion of the valley can be had from any part of the land. Nearly all of this land has been cleared and has been under cultivation for a number of years. The soil is of an exceptionally fine quality and its adaptability to fruit-growing has been proven. This land will be sold upon the

**Installment Plan.**

**How Payments may be Made** Payments may be made at \$1.25 per week, \$5 per month or \$15 every quarter, or a liberal discount will be made for all cash purchases.

**Fruit and Fruit Culture** The success attending fruit culture is no longer an experiment. By direct analysis the soil is found to contain all the elements required to produce fruits from the semi-tropical to the hardiest varieties. Over these favorable conditions hangs a climate co-ordinated and adjusted to the nature of the soil.

**Who to Address** For further information concerning this desirable property call on or address

**S. CHILDERS, MEDFORD, - - OREGON.**