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Be ye kind one to another, tender-hearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you.—Eph. 4:32.

MORE FREIGHT

There can be no return of prosperity without increased railroad car loadings and car loadings will not increase until business improves, so one can understand the look of satisfaction which spread over the face of the nation when mid September started a series of consecutive weekly gains in car loadings. It was as indicative of better business as smoking factory chimneys.

Car loadings mean moving crops, labor and capital at work, factories producing and mines, quarries and wells giving up their precious natural resources to swell man's wealth and increase his comforts. They are an accurate and sensitive barometer of national business.

Increasing loadings at this season are due to the harvest, the seasonal demand for fuel, and industrial pickup. All represent employment gains and increased buying power. It is a start toward better times.

Every increase in car loadings calls more railroad men back to work and augments the operating income of the railroads. Every gain is a boon to both, for thousands of railroad workers have been idle for months and the operating income of the 70 leading roads was off nearly 48 per cent the last 12 months. There can be no payroll additions and no dividend checks until loadings return to somewhere near normal.

GAME PROTECTION

When hunters go forth in legal season and find that the game they have protected and propagated has been killed out of season or slaughtered by poachers not content with a legal catch, they come to their first full realization of the magnitude of the job of those charged with the protection of our game.

Protectors recently captured a pot-hunter's boat equipped with a triple-barreled swivel gun capable of killing from 75 to 100 ducks at a discharge. Pot-hunters, most despised of all racketeers, are largely responsible for the steady reduction of game birds, especially migratory waterfowl. They are not easy to capture and are able to make the illegal and unsportsmanlike business profitable because of the demand from clubs and restaurants for game birds.

Fewer men would violate the game laws if they stopped to consider that they are injuring the sportsmen whose money and good sportsmanship have preserved for all what little good hunting there is. They are not merely violating some rule of that abstract thing called the government.

LOW COST OF LIVING

No doubting Thomas can seriously gainsay that living costs have dropped sharply in the last two years after analyzing the striking illustration of that fact furnished by a large grocery chain store enterprise.

Sales for five weeks this fall were compared with those for the corresponding five weeks of 1931, and showed a drop in cash value of 15.6 per cent, while sales measured in tonnage were off only 3.4 per cent. Sales for a 25-week period showed a decrease of 14.4 percent when reckoned in dollar values and of only 4.4 per cent when figured on the tonnage or quantity basis.

These comparative statistics can mean only that the people are consuming nearly as much food but are paying considerably less for it. The cost of living is being tempered to the shorn pocketbook.

Where the family has effected a reduction of rent or pared the payments on the second mortgage it can take a considerable impairment of income and still maintain a standard of living on a par with that of 1929. And the fortunate few who have come through the depression with unscathed incomes now have more surplus dollars than ever for the luxuries of life. These latter are the ones who should be spending freely that their buying power may stimulate business and provide jobs for the idle.

Many a heart has caught fire from the flash of an eye, or even the flicker of an eyelid.

Other Papers Say:

A SOBER QUESTION

Hard times have made the people irritated. They voice their discontent on any and all occasions. In recent elections they have vented their feelings by swatting the "ins." There is danger that they will similarly express themselves against President Hoover.

Suppose Gov. Roosevelt is chosen president. Between November and March there will be a period of grave uncertainty. Congress would be called and it will immediately become a forum

ed in extra session after March 4th, or discontent in which radical and unsound measures of the most extreme kind will be launched. With such men as Huey Long, Burton Wheeler, C. C. Dill posing as spokesmen of the administration legislation almost of revolutionary character may be agitated.

When a patient is convalescing it is a poor time to change medicine and to change doctors. Assuredly American business is in no shape to suffer experimental major operations of the kind that Huey Long will propose. Recent recessions in business give support to the thought that it is fear of Roosevelt's success which is causing present unsettlement.

We do not believe that Roosevelt has any desire to injure business recovery, that he has even any genuine hostility to business as typified by

Wall Street; but that the fear and doubt as to what his policies are, coupled with the belief that he may not have stamina enough to restrain the radical agitators of his own party may do as much damage as positive action on the president's part. Voters should consider the matter in all soberness. Times have been and are hard. Will the nation fight its way to recovery more quickly under the definite and conservative policies of Pres. Hoover; or under the indefinite and uncertain program which Roosevelt may propose? That is the real issue the voters have to face in November.—Salem Statesman.

JAPAN DEFIES THE WORLD

Dispatches from Japan make it plain that the dominant note of comment there on the Lytton commission's Manchuria report is hostile. In effect the world is told that Manchuria is a closed issue and that

all there is to it. The present impasse has been seen from the first. Japan has been increasing her hold on the great Chinese province for years. Beginning with the occupation of Mukden, the capital city, a year ago, she has accelerated her aggressive policy. She is the mistress of Manchuria, despite the nominal setting up of an independent government at Changchung under a puppet sovereignty. If anybody fails to relish this situation, what is anybody going to do about it? There may be rhetorical denunciations of Japan from the league of nations and she may be outlawed by her exasperated fellow powers. But she is ready for all this. Her first and last desire is to hold Manchuria, and who will take it away from her, Japan is in Manchuria and who will put her out? It is a condition and not a theory that confronts the world.—Keokuk (Iowa) Gate City.

MANUFACTURER MAY PAY TAX

In support of our recent editorial advocating adoption of a tax on oleomargarine, a local dairyman tells us that such a tax would not be passed on to the consumer, but would be paid by the manufacturer.

He bases this statement on the belief that oleo, to sell, must be kept at a price several cents per pound below that of butter. If the price range is approximately the same, the consumer will choose butter.

This informant states further that because of the extreme low price of the raw products going into butter substitutes, the manufacturer can afford to pay this tax of ten cents per pound. The dairy farmer, it is estimated, pays approximately ten cents per pound in various types of taxes, and the proposed law would serve to equalize this situation between the oleo producer and the butterfat producer.

These observations are important additions to the weight of argument that induces our recommendation for a "yes" vote on the oleo tax bill. We believe in the protection and the development of the dairy industry of Oregon.—Klamath Falls Herald.

In Washington

By Herbert Plummer

WASHINGTON—New Hampshire's senior senator, the witty sharp-tongued George Moses usually comes first to mind when mention is made of the Green Mountain state's representation in the senate.

Moses' witticisms, wise-cracks and satire are responsible for that. New Hampshire's other senator, elected the same time as Moses and who has served only four months

less than he—Henry Wilder Keyes—is not only less generally known, but perhaps is as little known nationally as any of the senators.

Senator Keyes, 69 years old, florid-faced and with hair almost white, makes few attempts to step into the limelight of the senate. He has served 14 years in that body, is secure in his seat until 1937, but it is a rare thing for him to make a speech.

To see Keyes in action it is necessary to drop in on a meeting of the committee on public buildings and grounds. As chairman he does most of his talking there.

HARVARD GRID FAN

Keyes might also be seen in action later this fall when Harvard and Yale play their annual football game. He'll be there doing a lot of talking—for Harvard.

He hasn't missed a Yale-Harvard game in years. As a matter of fact,

for the last 40 years he seldom has missed an important athletic event in which Harvard took part.

His physique still bears evidence of his days as an athlete. At Adams academy, where he took his preparatory work, he established an interscholastic record for that time of 5 feet 10½ inches for the running high jump.

At Harvard he was a quarter mile runner and a member of the football squad. Rowing, however, was his specialty.

KNOWS FARMING

Wealthy, he is proud of being a farmer. In the senate he is an authority on agricultural questions and still makes his home on the farm his father founded in the fertile valley of the Connecticut river.

One of his hobbies is persuading New Hampshire boys to remain in their home state instead of migrating to metropolitan centers.

STORE CLOSED

All Day Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

The decision has been made -- the importance of it will be of tremendous interest to this entire trade territory, an event that will be of unquestioned merit and will make history in the merchandising field of La Grande-- each and every member of every family can now prepare for this coming event-- Watch Wednesday's paper for further

ANNOUNCEMENT

FALK'S DEPARTMENT STORE