

HOSPITAL IS ONE OF BEST INSTITUTIONS IN THE NORTHWEST

A source of pride to La Grande citizens is the Grande Ronde hospital which has, in the 25 years of its existence, become one of the leading institutions of its size in the northwest. Always under private ownership and management, but always without commercialization, the hospital has been successfully conducted since 1907 when four La Grande doctors, realizing the imminent and vital demand for a hospital in the rapidly growing city, associated themselves and built the hospital which, except that it is twice as large and has doubled its equipment many times over, is the same institution that exists today.

Of the four original doctors, who launched the enterprise, two, Dr. G. L. Biggers and Dr. A. L. Richardson, who has for the past 13 years been manager and controlling stockholder of the hospital, still retain their interests. Dr. N. McMiller and Dr. Bacon were succeeded by Dr. Kirby and Dr. Ralston.

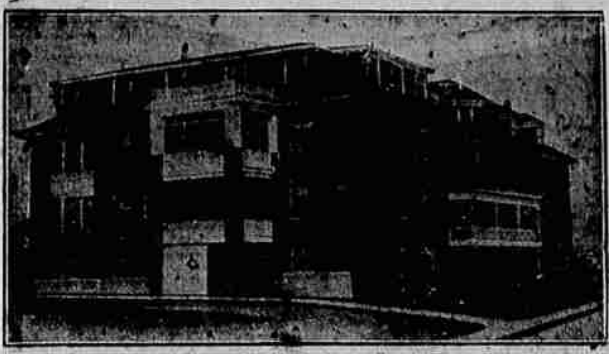
Up to the time the hospital was built, the only institution of its kind was one conducted on a small scale by Mrs. Cora Joel and Mrs. E. Marks, who converted a home into an eight-room hospital for a few years. In the period of construction, the old Judge Robert Eakin home on Pennsylvania avenue was utilized to take care of patients. With the opening of the hospital, then equipped to take care of 30 patients and containing the modern facilities of that day, began an existence that has always been marked with efficient management and up-to-the-minute equipment and methods.

With the growth of La Grande and with the increased demands created by the steadily widening field from which the hospital was constantly drawing, it became necessary, in 1915, to double the size of the hospital. Improvements at this time included changing the capacity from 30 to 65 patients, the addition of complete standard X-ray equipment, a modern laboratory and general offices, as well as increased store room and nurses' quarters. With these improvements and with the expenditure of \$25,000 on improved equipment, the hospital has become equal to any of its size in the Pacific northwest.

The building itself is an imposing brick structure four stories high, which, situated at the crest of Adams avenue hill, looks over the whole valley. Beautiful lawns and terraces made bright with summer flowers add to the attractiveness of the location.

On the first floor of the hospital are the offices, the X-ray room including the entire X-ray equipment, a dark room for X-ray developing, a large storeroom containing the

GRANDE RONDE HOSPITAL



This large structure, located on West Adams avenue where the Old Oregon Trail enters La Grande from the west, is the home of the Grande Ronde hospital, which is equipped with approximately fifty beds and modern operating rooms and surgical facilities.

DOCTORS ARE ORGANIZED TO SERVE COUNTY

The Union County Medical Society is an organization composed of the qualified physicians and surgeons of the county, who are thus able to exert co-ordinated effort in any project for the general welfare of the people.

All matters pertaining to the public health receive the prompt attention of the society, and citizens are offered authoritative answers to any questions concerning sanitation and preventive medicine. The society also stands ready to provide speakers on medical subjects for meetings of any organizations desiring such service.

Meetings of the medical society are held each month, for the purpose of considering various subjects of medical, scientific, or community interest. Recent advances in the practice of medicine are studied and discussed by all of the members.

Following is the membership list of the society: G. L. Biggers, Lee B. Bouvy, J. J. D. Hain, W. K. Ross, Lewis Wilkes, A. L. Richardson, F. L. Ralston, C. L. Gilstrap, C. S. Moore, G. E. Branner, Mark T. Pfy, F. Gill Edwards, George Lee.

THREE FOX FURS LINKED IN SCARP

PARIS (AP)—Three silver fox scarfs instead of one are the latest offering in fur fashions. The new scarfs are attached by two gold rings and may be draped about the figure to suit the wearer. They are generally arranged so that two scarfs hang down the figure in front.

"Presents" Thrown Away

A tribe of Indians on the Alaskan coast have an odd way of paying compliments. When a distinguished visitor appears he is invited to a feast, after which the tribal chief goes to the edge of the cliff and solemnly casts into the sea as many of his possessions as he thinks he can afford. This is held to be the highest form of compliment, and much superior to merely giving presents to the guest.

Distinct Species

Rats and mice are two distinct types of rodents and are not different in sizes of the same individual species. True mice belong to the genus Mus; true rats to the genus Rattus.

Crusoe's Island

The scene of Robinson Crusoe's exile is one of the Juan Fernandez Islands, which are in the South Pacific, about 400 miles due west of the coast of Central Chile.

The Southern Interscholastic

The Southern Interscholastic discus throw record of 131 feet, 1/2 inch, was set since 1927.

Coast, Mountain States Have Low Mortality Rates

The lowest infant mortality rate ever attained by the cities of this country was that of 1930, according to the statistical report of infant mortality, based on the records of 860 cities in the birth registration area of the United States, recently issued by the American Child Health Association. The 1930 rate—62.3 deaths for every thousand live births—is four points lower than that of the preceding year, when it was 66.3.

Inclusion in the birth registration laws accepted as satisfactory by the United States census bureau and an assurance that at least 90 per cent of the births are registered. All but two states are within this area. The 860 cities reporting from this area had a population of 10,000 or over in 1930. The report gives also infant mortality rates for 14 cities outside the birth registration area, eight of them in Texas and six in South Dakota.

SOCIALISTIC SPANISH CITIES DEMOLISH PUBLIC SHRINES

ZARAGOZA, Spain (AP)—In a desire to carry out the lay constitution of the republic to the letter, many socialist mayors are ordering the removal of crucifixes and holy images from streets and public buildings.

This city, for example, decided to take "the Virgin of Pilar" from the council chamber, although the image was widely regarded as miraculous and regular pilgrimages were made to the shrine.

The "Knights of Pilar" protested and were finally given the right to install the image in the cathedral.

Similarly the city of Huelva took away from Emedio street a crucifix which on certain religious holidays was decorated with flowers by fishermen and other humble folk.

GREAT GOLD HUNT BRINGS HEIRLOOMS TO BANK OF ITALY

ROME (AP)—A gold hunt unprecedented in many years is going on in Italy.

It seeks not so much hidden treasure as forgotten treasure.

In consequence old gold watches, bracelets, earrings, battered collars, chains and brooches have come to light from dusty cases.

All are flowing in a growing stream to the Bank of Italy.

This government bank is offering the high rate of \$300 a pound for the precious metal. All the gold received will be added to Italy's reserve backing up her currency. She now has a 40 per cent coverage.

FELT HEADGEAR GAUGES PATRIOTISM IN AUSTRALIA

MELBOURNE (AP)—Australians, both men and women, are being informed that they are unpatriotic if they go bareheaded; they should wear felt hats.

Felt hats are manufactured from rabbit fur; rabbits are a pest to farmers; every rabbit killed is regarded as a worthy national effort, and, if felt hats are worn, it is more profitable to trap, shoot or poison bunny.

Several new records were set at the sixth annual Tuskegee relays.

Health

VITAMIN C AND TEETH

Vitamin C is termed the anticorbatic vitamin primarily for the reason that deficiency of it in the diet is likely to induce the painful and destructive disease known as scurvy. This disease has an interesting history behind it.

Long before vitamins were known, scurvy was found to be preventable by the inclusion of citrus fruits in the diet.

This accounts for the popular name of "lime juice" as applied to the British sailors.

Vitamin C is widely distributed in natural foods, being particularly abundant in oranges, lemons, lettuce, tomatoes and certain berries.

Recent studies on the effects of the lack of vitamin C in the diet suggest that the absence or lack of this vitamin may be responsible for defective development of the teeth and their lowered resistance to decay.

This relationship is explained as follows:

The deficiency of vitamin C in the diet leads to the injury of the body's endothelial cells, which line the blood vessels and capillaries, and the lymph vessels and other structures in the body.

Their injury leads to hemorrhage or escape of blood from the vessels into the surrounding tissues—a characteristic symptom of scurvy.

Such hemorrhages interfere with nutrition of the body's tissues, and thus the bone cells also are affected.

Experiments with guinea pigs, in which scurvy has been induced by a diet lacking in vitamin C, have shown that certain cells of the teeth, the so-called odontoblasts, which form the dentine, suffer severely when there is a deficiency of vitamin C.

The teeth do not grow normally and they have a lowered resistance to infection and to decay.

This has led to the surmise that devitalized teeth may be the result, in part at least, of the lack of vitamin C in diet, particularly during the tooth-forming age.

SEATTLE HEADS LIST

Seattle, with an infant mortality rate of 37, heads the list of cities with a population of over 250,000. San Francisco ranks next, with 40, and Portland, Ore., is third, with a figure of 41. In the preceding year, 1929, Portland led, Seattle was second and Minneapolis third.

Among the 10 largest cities in the country in 1930, two are tied for first place, Chicago and St. Louis, each with a rate of 34. Cleveland stands next with 35, and New York follows with 37. Boston and Pittsburgh foot this group with 39 as their figures. Nine of these ten cities, however, show lower rates in 1930 than in 1929.

Long Beach, Cal., with a rate of 43, leads the cities in the 100-250,000 class. Oak Park, Ill., stands at the top of the 50-100,000 class with a rate of 28. Alameda, Cal., with 21 as its figure, ranks first in the 25-50,000 class.

Among the smallest cities, with populations from 10-25,000, Shorewood, Wis., is at the top with its infant mortality rate of 0.

As in other years, the states on the Pacific coast and in the Rocky mountains offer to babies their best chance for survival. The lowest urban infant mortality rate is in the state of Washington, where the figure is 41. Idaho comes second with a rate of 43, Oregon third with 48, and then three states each with 50, Utah, Nebraska and Montana.

The purpose of this statistical report, prepared under the direction of Dr. George Truman Palmer, director of the association's division of research, is to stimulate public opinion to support the work being done by the health officials and voluntary health agencies of the country in endeavoring to reduce the number of infant deaths.

Several new records were set at the sixth annual Tuskegee relays.

ELEVEN TO BE TWELVE

MORAGA, Cal. (AP)—If Edward "Slip" Madigan goes through with his intentions this fall, the Gallop-Gael football team will become St. Mary's twelve. Madigan proposes to use two regular quarter-backs in each game. While one of the boys is in there calling the signals another one will be sitting alongside "Slip" listening to the coach's analysis of play. Quarterback One sits out the second quarter.

NEW CAMPHOR SOURCE

RENO, Nev. (AP)—Oil extracted from sage brush contains 40 per cent camphor, chemists of the University of Nevada have discovered. Its presence in the desert shrub serves as a protection against excessive evaporation, the university investigators believe.

Lien Action Defined By Oregon Law

This article relates to the risk of loss to mortgagors and persons selling real property on contract, through making repairs to the property.

Section 51-101, Oregon Code provides that every mechanic or material man shall have a lien on the building and land occupied by the building for repairs or alterations made. A mechanic or laborer is not required to give any notice to the owner. A material man is required to give written notice to the owner within five days after he commences to deliver materials or supplies. The material man is not required to give any notice to the mortgagor.

Section 51-103, Oregon Code, provides that a lien created by the act upon any parcel of land shall be preferred to any lien, mortgage or other encumbrance upon the land upon which the building or other improvement shall have been constructed or situated when altered or repaired.

Foreclosure Possible

If the owner or other legal occupant of land causes repairs or improvements to be made upon the land and fails to pay for the labor or materials, the laborer or material man is permitted to file a notice of lien with the county clerk of the county where the property is situated and if the lien is not paid, the same may be foreclosed by suit in the circuit court and is superior to the lien of any mortgage on the property.

Section 51-104, Oregon Code, provides that every building or other improvement mentioned in the act constructed upon any lands with the knowledge of the owner shall be held to have been constructed at the instance of such owner and the interest owned by such owner shall be subject to any lien filed in accordance with the act, unless such owner shall within three days after he obtains knowledge of the construction, alteration or repair, give notice that he will not be responsible for the same by posting a notice in writing to that effect in some conspicuous place upon the land or building.

When a person sells the property on contract and the purchaser causes alterations or repairs to be made, the laborer or material man may, by complying with the provisions of the act, enforce his claim against the property to the exclusion of the seller. The seller of the property has the right to protect himself by posting his notice on the property within three days after he obtains knowledge of the work.

Notice Necessary

A laborer is not required to give notice to the seller, but a material man is required to send the seller a notice in writing within five days after he starts to deliver materials.

No notice is required to be given the mortgagor and he has no way of protecting himself against repairs or alterations to the property on which he holds a mortgage.

This often amounts to subjecting a mortgagor's debts in order to protect his mortgage.

The mortgage should provide that in event the mortgagee is required to pay any such liens, the same may be added to the amount claimed under the mortgage, and in the event the mortgagor fails to pay the same, the mortgage may be immediately foreclosed.

The supreme court of Oregon has held in many cases that the lien of a mortgage on land taken after the commencement of the erection of a building thereon is subordinate to liens for labor and material used in the construction of the building.

Preference Stated

Section 51-103, referred to, provides that all liens created by the act upon any building or other improvement shall be preferred to prior liens, mortgages or other encumbrances upon the land upon which the building or other improvement shall have been constructed or situated when altered or repaired.

The purpose of these statutes is to protect laborers and material men. Such laborers and material men are required to strictly conform with the provisions of the act in order to perfect their liens. An original contractor or laborer is one who deals directly with an owner. This owner may be the purchaser under a contract who has an equity sufficient to obligate the property. A tenant may also obligate the property if the owner has knowledge of the repairs or alterations.

An original contractor or laborer dealing directly with an owner or tenant, has 60 days within which to file his lien with the county clerk. A sub-contractor is one who deals or contracts with original contractors. Such sub-contractor has 30 days within which to file his lien with the county clerk. Oregon Journal.

FOUR AUBURN TRACK MARKS BETTER CONFERENCE RECORDS

AUBURN, Ala. (AP)—Four Alabama Polytechnic institute track and field records exceed southern conference records, one equals that of the conference and another is the conference record.

Jack Stewart holds the conference record for the high jump at 6 feet 2 3/4 inches, which is also the school record. Carson Green, pre-medical student at Alabama, ran the century in 9.8 in 1925, the time that is now the conference record.

The Auburn record for the javelin is 200 feet, held by Sam Robinson, against the conference record of 195 feet 1/2 inch; Auburn's best for the 440 is 48.8, held by Eull Snider, against the conference 49 feet; Jeff Beard's discus throw of 147 feet 7 1/2 inches better the conference 142 feet 120-yard high hurdles record of 14.6 has never been equaled officially in a conference meet, the record now standing at 14.9.

North Carolina has only four municipal golf courses. They are at Asheville, Charlotte, High Point and Wilmington.

We Have Confidence In La Grande

Good communities are to be found in every corner of America but the advantages found in La Grande mark it as a city far above the ordinary.

La Grande has good churches of varied denominations, an enviable school system and an up-to-date library. It has many miles of paved streets, a surplus supply of mountain, spring and artesian water a most modern sewage disposal plant and first class fire protection.

This expression of confidence sponsored by the members of the
UNION COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY