

LaGrande Evening Observer

(Incorporated) An Independent Newspaper Phone Main 600



HAROLD M. FINLAY Business Manager

Published evenings, except Sunday, at 1710 Sixth street, La Grande, Oregon.

Entered at the Postoffice of La Grande, Oregon, as Second Class Mail Matter under act of March 2, 1879.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF UNION COUNTY AND THE CITY OF LA GRANDE

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By Carrier Daily, one month in advance 75c Daily, six months in advance \$4.50 Daily, single copy 5c

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, foreign, per column inch 65c Display, local, per column inch 45c

If thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt believe in thine heart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved.—Romans 10:9.

MAY DAY

The first day of May has been celebrated as May Day by the people of many nations for a great many years. But the form of celebration has undergone such a complete change in recent years that many of the younger generation perhaps are ignorant of the original significance of the day.

The people of most European countries used to observe the day with gay festivities expressing the spontaneous joy of springtime and the revival of the flowers and trees. The greens of thousands of villages were the scenes of ceremonies climaxed by the crowning of the May Queen.

Country folk flocked into the villages and towns for a day of fun and frolic. There was music in the air and dancing feet kept time. Beautiful girls and fine young fellows were chosen for the May pole dance — usually a gorgeous spectacle, with the flashing streamers and the brightly colored costumes.

Troubles were forgotten. Everybody laughed and sang. There was a spirit of hilarious harmony in the whole day's activities. Old folks and others confined to their homes were sure to find baskets of flowers at their doors in the morning; and shy maids, too, were showered with bouquets.

In many countries, especially in the smaller communities, these customs are still observed. Many schools and colleges in the United States are perpetuating the ceremony of crowning the May Queen. But another factor, in recent years, has crept in to blot out much of the original beauty and happiness of the May Day tradition.

On the front page of the Observer today is an account of May Day celebrations throughout the world. Demonstrations of communists, socialists, and labor organizations in Moscow, Madrid, New York, Paris, Berlin, London, Mexico City, Geneva, Buenos Aires, Havana, Santiago, Melbourne, Vancouver, Spokane, San Francisco, and Seattle, and scores of other cities resulted in three deaths, scores of injuries, hundreds of arrests, and thousands of clubbed heads.

What a contrast! In many cities police and soldiers had to parade the streets with machine guns, rifles, and tear gas bombs. Yet, authorities say it was the most peaceful May Day since the World war; so, perhaps, such demonstrations are merely a reaction from the disrupted social and economic conditions resulting from the war, and will be abandoned as civilization regains its equilibrium.

CONGRESSMEN-AT-LARGE

Interest in the supreme court decision invalidating state reapportionments in New York, Minnesota and Missouri because of gubernatorial vetoes is due chiefly to the fact that one of the consequences is the election at large of more congressmen in those states. New York will elect two at large and unless hurried legislative action is taken Minnesota will elect nine and Missouri 13 congressmen at large.

It is virtually certain few if any of the men, who would have been sent to congress from their home districts if the election were held by districts, will be elected congressmen-at-large. Unless a "deal" is made the candidates from the large centers of population will grab all the seats.

Thus can an election at large change the whole complexion of a congressional delegation. In a state where more than half the vote is concentrated in one metropolitan area the rural sections might fail to elect a single congressman. Or it could work the other way in a state with a predominantly rural electorate.

Another possibility is the election of a congressional delegation solidly in back of the president upon the wave of whose popularity it rode into office. Election by districts usually results in divided delegations.

However it works it is not truly representative and operates to the benefit of only one group at a time.

Other Papers Say:

BEER AND BUGS

Police the depression is over, or about to be. Here is a fellow who proposes to put one million men to work; put twenty thousand motor trucks to work; put two billions in the federal treasury.

The U. S. department of internal revenue, since collected taxes on 94,723,783 barrels of beer during the fiscal year 1927. Each barrel of this taxed beer contained 31 gallons. A gallon is equivalent to 128 ounces. Making a total of 18,824,233,350 ounces of beer. Therefore, a tax of ten cents a bottle would bring the government \$1,882,423,335 annually.

OUT OUR WAY



By J. R. Williams

BORN THIRTY YEARS TOO SOON

tax, could collect from the brewer about one per cent of the gross business.

This would bring to the federal treasury an additional sum of \$18,824,233.

Then add to that \$30,000,000 as a fifty per cent saving of enforcement expense.

Thus the federal treasury is enriched to the extent of \$1,931,499,568. And that's only part of the wonderful story.

It is said that the price now paid for bootleg beer is 30 cents a bottle. At 30 cents beer drinkers would consume 30 million more bottles.

Assuming that the national appetite is as keen for the frothy brew as it was in 1917, we come back to 60,723,783 barrels of beer.

And as each barrel contains 31 gallons. And as each gallon is equivalent to 128 bottles.

So therefore there would be a savings of the beer-drinking public of \$56,478,700,000 annually.

One million men would be put to work; and twenty thousand motor trucks; and the federal budget would be balanced; and congress could adjourn; and the brewers would make money; and prosperity would smile at us over the foamy mug.

Wonderful, eh, Prof. Writakrow? Yes, and in addition to the beer, there's the bugs.

What have the bugs to do with prosperity? What, indeed! Haven't we been told over and over again that our great trouble is over-production? Haven't we swallowed the economic theory that the reason some of us are starving to death is because the farmers are producing too much?

Well, the bugs are going to put the theory into practice for us. Department of agriculture agents have discovered billions of insect eggs ready to hatch out and get on the job. A plague of insects—grasshoppers, corn borers, corn ear worms, Hessian flies, chinch bugs, vegetable weevils, etc.—is proclaimed this year. When the pests devastate the land, you see, and the farmer has nothing to sell, he'll get a big price for it; then if he spends his money for beer, he'll pay his taxes, put everybody to work—and there you have prosperity. All we need is plenty of beer and bugs.

It's a great life, mate; a great life. Vacation season is nearing. Time to "bumper up" old tanks and get ready for the glorious days ahead.—Oregon City Enterprise.

WASHINGTON, May 2 (AP)—Justice Hoover said today that the safe cornerstones upon which people may erect the entire social organization.

The chief executive made this statement in a message to the American conference on institutions for the establishment of international justice, which met here today at the call of the American Peace Society.

"The only assurance," President Hoover said, "of the equal protection of all in the enjoyment of their rights is justice; and with justice assured, nations would have little to fear for their safety or their peace."

Aside from a few fellows who always know how to do everything, the best brains of the United States have thus far been unable to solve the problems connected with farm surpluses and financing. They are difficult matters to dispose of in the right way, as most of us have come to believe.

It is gratifying, therefore, that an Oregon senator, Frederick Steiwer, has been able to accomplish some practical aid to the farmer in relation to bettering his condition. The record reveals that Senator Steiwer, as a member of the committee on banking and currency, co-operated in framing and passing the bill to give the farmers extensions on their loans from federal land banks.

Twenty-five million dollars were made available for such purposes. Steiwer's amendment to the federal farm act was practical legislation, resulting from experience in congress. A novice in the senate would not have known how to get it through.

The record of Senator Steiwer is clearly convincing of his purpose to better farming conditions in Oregon; so far as federal aid can be effective. The old pack laboratory at Seattle, the study of bee culture in this state, the new irrigation experiment station at Hermiston, pest studies and their eradication, the bulb embargo, his bill to prevent the importation of products produced by convict or forced labor, and his bill to study price fluctuations are regarded as outstanding helpfulness.

The record of the junior senator for Oregon is remarkably fine and good for a first term. There is no sense to the plan for swapping senators just now.—Coos Bay Times.

IRELAND AND THE EMPIRE If President De Valera persists in his intention of removing from the Irish Free State constitution the oath of allegiance to the king and of withholding the payment of the Irish land annuities from the British treasury, he may run up against all

MAY 1 MOST PEACEFUL IN LAST DECADE

(Continued From Page One)

The national guard dashed about with machine guns, on the alert for outbreaks, but none occurred.

Parades were held in many of the larger cities of Argentina without serious trouble. In Buenos Aires large groups of Communists and Socialists paraded.

Havana police rushed a group of 1,000 Communists in a downtown street and arrested a score of them after seizing red banners bearing anti-government slogans.

Australian Communists chided the acting Premier of Victoria out of Yarrabank during a celebration there, but he and his party were rescued by police and escorted to Melbourne.

At Geneva, home of the League of Nations, several thousand paraded and there was much speech-making. Budapest police jailed 75 agitators.

NO DISORDERS ON WEST COAST

(By the Associated Press)

May day demonstrations by Communists, Socialists and unemployed were held in several Pacific coast cities yesterday as police looked on. No disorders were reported.

Protests against refusal of Tom Mooney's pardon application were expressed at some places and in San Francisco, Mrs. Mary Mooney, aged mother of the convicted Preparedness day bomber, rode in a parade of 600 Communists up Market street.

About 300 men, women and children bearing placards extolling the Communist party and chanting "Free Tom Mooney," paraded in Sacramento.

At Vancouver, B. C., a gathering estimated by police at between 7000 and 8000 heard addresses against capitalism and unemployment. No hint of violence was given.

Seattle's unemployed held a parade which was terminated with a mass meeting attended by about 7000.

At Spokane, Wash., 3000 men and women participated in parades and meetings sponsored by the Socialist and Communist organizations. The groups demonstrated separately.

Communist speakers criticized the Socialists for "catering to the American Legion and capitalistic classes." Heavy showers at Portland, Ore., failed to halt a program of speeches and a parade. The demonstrators shouted and sang demands for Mooney's release.

75 MEN ARE EMPLOYED

MEDFORD, Ore., May 2 (AP)—The Beaver-Portland Cement company at Gold Hill started a 24-hour shift Sunday with 75 men employed. The company expects to increase the force at the quarry soon. The plant will operate two months, and Souger if conditions justify.

In Washington

By Herbert Plummer WASHINGTON — If Charlie Curtis, in the quiet of his handsome hotel apartment or in his luxurious office on Capitol Hill, ever pulls down a history book and looks up the record on election of vice presidents, that usually broad grin he wears must take on something akin to a frown.

These whispered doubts heard around Washington that after all he might not be President Hoover's running mate this year would seem to have ample precedent to back them up.

Only one man since the days of Andrew Jackson has succeeded in capturing the renomination for the vice presidency and then going out and winning the election. And he was one of Curtis' old friends in the senate—Thomas R. Marshall.

Go back to the time of Jackson when the present method of nominating presidential candidates was begun.

Plenty Of Precedents Calhoun was "Old Hickory's" first running mate, but when Jackson ran for his second term he had Martin Van Buren. When Van Buren became president, Richard Johnson was his vice president, but Johnson was not renominated to run with Van Buren for a second term.

Lincoln started out with Hannibal Hamlin, but for the second term Hamlin was ditched and Andrew Johnson substituted. General Grant first had Colfax, but switched to Henry Wilson when he stood for a second term.

Grover Cleveland had a different running mate each of the three times he ran for the presidency. Hendricks was the first, Thurman was his second and Stevenson his third.

Harison had as his running mate Morton, but when he sought reelection unsuccessfully, he had Bixen on the ticket with him. McKinley's first was Hobart and his second Roosevelt.

Sherman was the first vice president to be renominated. He was Taft's partner, but Sherman died during the campaign and Nicholas Murray Butler went down to defeat with Taft at the hands of Wilson and Marshall.

Wilson and Marshall were the first presidential team in almost a century to stick it out for two terms. In all of that time Marshall was the first vice president to be reelected and the second to be renominated.

Curts Knows Politics Curtis looked long and hard before he decided to risk it again. There are perhaps few tricks about politics that he doesn't know. Does he see something that others may not see?

Curts is not the type that would risk leaving the senate that he loves so well just for the sake of being the second man ever to be reelected vice president in the last 100 years.

He's played long shots before and probably he is sure his luck will hold in this gamble.

Tariff Law May Hold Liquor Cars

WASHINGTON, May 2 (AP)—The supreme court today ruled that automobiles used in importing liquor into the United States are subject to confiscation under the tariff law and the government is not required to take action against them under the more lenient prohibition law.

Family Killed At Grade Crossing

MARSHFIELD, Wis., May 2 (AP)—A crack Soo line passenger train on its first run from Chicago to Minneapolis killed six persons, wiping out an entire family when it struck and demolished an automobile at a grade crossing near here yesterday.

All the members of the Irvin Reim family, the father, 52, his wife, 30, and their two children, Donald, 12, and Lois 3, were killed. Irvin's brother, Joseph, 47, and his wife 37, were the other victims.

Builders Walk Out In New York Today

NEW YORK, May 2 (AP)—Approximately 30,000 members of the building trades council went on strike today pending agreement on a new wage scale with the Building Trades Employers association.

The strike affects not only the 30,000 men who went out today but also the future of 85,000 other members of the council at present unemployed.

at FALK'S Because It's Better At Falk's — It's Cheaper MOTHER'S DAY NEXT SUNDAY

MOTHER'S DAY . . . the day of millions of thrills to mothers of America whose hearts throb with joy through the manifests of devotion tendered by those whom they love most, their children. It is the happiest day of all the year to the mothers who receive the tender tributes that mean to them but one thing . . . love recompensed.

Gift Suggestions for Mothers of All Ages

- Pretty Handkerchiefs 5c to 50c Kayser and Patent Silk Hose \$1 to \$1.95 Lovely New Bags \$1. to \$12.50 Beads of all kinds \$1. to \$4.95 Pewter of finest quality \$1. to \$18. Scarfs in all new designs 65c to \$1.95 Electrical Appliances 75c to \$9.95 Lamps for radio, desk and reading \$1.49 to \$7.95 Table Linens of all kinds 50c to \$15.95 Perfume, always appreciated 25c to \$2.00 Gloves, fabric and leather 95c to \$4.95 Income Tax Return \$5c to \$5.00 Dress Length of Silk (3 1/2 yards) \$3.43 to \$6.83 Dance Sets and Combinations \$1. to \$5.50 Night Gowns \$1. to \$10. Pajamas \$1.95 to \$5.95 House Slippers \$1.95 to \$3.85

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

DANA VISITOR IN CITY ON SUNDAY

(Continued From Page One)

In New Zealand and wanted to discover the intricacies of their plan. Accompanied by Mrs. Dana, he made a recent voyage there and was impressed by the spirit of co-operation which existed throughout the entire industry.

The political sensation of today may be found in the market reports. He believes. Eggs selling at five cents a dozen, lambs at \$3.75 a head and other prices in proportion explain why there is an economic depression, he feels. Economic records will show that depressions are always heralded by a slump in farm prices, since America is built on the land. When farm prices are high, prosperity is rampant, with foreign and domestic business and wages all following the curve set by them. Today wages have been cut again and again, foreign commerce is almost a memory, values are now at their lowest, he said.

In the cave man days all property was held in common. Mr. Dana cited as an illustration, with equal aptness, the case of the American farmer. He believes. Eggs selling at five cents a dozen, lambs at \$3.75 a head and other prices in proportion explain why there is an economic depression, he feels. Economic records will show that depressions are always heralded by a slump in farm prices, since America is built on the land. When farm prices are high, prosperity is rampant, with foreign and domestic business and wages all following the curve set by them. Today wages have been cut again and again, foreign commerce is almost a memory, values are now at their lowest, he said.

Mr. Dana has a keen interest in Union county as the gateway to the Willamette wonderland, and has been coming here for many years. He is interested in all measures which will bring about the improvement of industry, and believes that it behooves every patriotic man to help in the present crisis when 10,000,000 men are sent out to starve, when the future is closed to youth and the American democracy, itself, is challenged.

The development of the Columbia river is of great importance to the state, Mr. Dana adds, since it has recently been declared to be the greatest power resource in America. Power from the Umatilla rapids can be made available to Portland for 2.45 mills per kilowatt hour, and La Grande is nearer to the rapids than Portland.

SPECIAL VEAL STEAK 25c 2 Pounds Loin & Shoulder SAUSAGE 25c 2 Pounds 100% Pork VEAL STEW 25c 3 Pounds VEAL ROAST 29c 3 Pounds SHORTENING 25c 4 Pounds

Grande Ronde Meat Co.

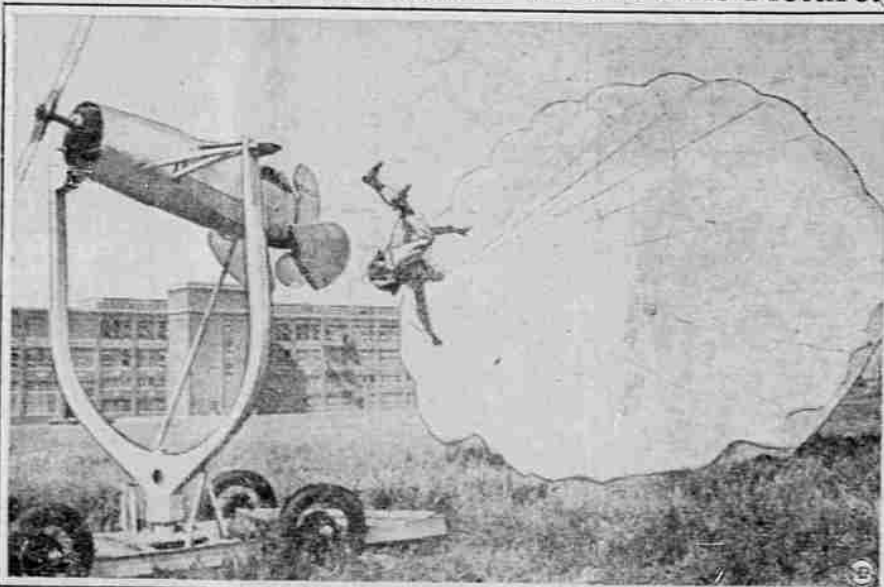
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GUY GLENN Candidate for Democratic Nomination for Sheriff of Union County

Will Appreciate your support at the May Primaries — May 20, 1932 "I Favor Reduction of Sheriff's Salary and Reduction of Taxes."

It Took a Fast Cameraman to Get This Picture!



A fast-acting cameraman caught this unusual picture of a pilot being hurled through the air, and an instant later the flyer was injured seriously when he hit the ground, head first. The victim, Louis "Speed" Babbs of Los Angeles, was trying to prove that a pilot doesn't lose his equilibrium, no matter how a plane is stunted. He leaped from the cockpit of his "aeroplane," a device designed for student pilots, expecting the backwash of the propeller to raise his parachute. The experiment failed when the wind tore the parachute open, threw it toward the ground and dragged Speed with it.