

### NEW SHIRTS

Collar attached and collar to match—

**\$1.95**  
3 for \$5.00

**Westerhaver Inc.**

### DOMESTIC WHEAT MARKETS DECLINE

Improved New Crop Prospects and Slow Demand Principal Factors.

WASHINGTON, June 15 (Special)—Domestic wheat markets weakened and prices declined to near the low point of the season during the week ending June 14, influenced principally by improved prospects for the new crop, increased offerings of new crop wheat as a continued slow demand, according to the weekly grain market review of the United States bureau of agricultural economics. Rice was weaker than wheat and prices dropped to the lowest point since 1918. Feed grains weakened under the influence of lower bread grain prices and generally favorable conditions for corn, oats and barley. Wax was firm for cash need, reflecting the very light offerings, but deferred

### Do You SQUINT?

In the Bright Sunshine

### COLORED GLASSES and GOGGLES

25c to \$2.00

AT THE L. & L. DRUG CO

### The Need

For an ambulance is generally an emergency need, and therefore quick, reliable service such as we render is the kind to call upon. We do not charge for our ambulance.

**WALKER'S FUNERAL SERVICE**  
5th AT SPRING ST. PHONE MAIN 42

### A-L-W-A-Y-S

AT YOUR SERVICE WITH THE LOWEST PRICES IN TOWN

### Men's Dress Trousers

Specially Priced in Two Groups

**\$2.95 and \$3.95**

NEW YORK STORE

deliveries were lower compared with a week ago.

Crop developments were again the dominating factor in the domestic wheat markets, but increased offerings of new hard winter wheat, together with slow export inquiry as a result of large offerings of Argentine and Indian wheat, were also partly responsible for the sharp decline. Harvesting of winter wheat in the United States has progressed as far north as Southern Kansas, Southern Kentucky and North Carolina, with conditions favoring the development of the new crop in more northern areas. The condition of the crop June 1 was reported 71.7 per cent of normal, compared with a ten year average of 75.2 per cent, and a condition of 79.6 per cent June 1 last year. This June 1 condition indicated a production of about 522,469,000 bushels, which would be about 45,000,000 bushels below last season's harvest. Of the 1929 winter wheat crop now in prospect about 325,000,000 bushels is hard red winter wheat, 167,000,000 bushels soft red winter, and about 49,000,000 bushels fall sown type of white wheat. Should these estimates be borne out, the hard winter wheat crop would be about 5 per cent less than last season, the soft red winter wheat crop 13 per cent less, and the crop of white wheats about 12 per cent less.

**First Crop on June 10**

Several more cars of new wheat were received at Fort Worth, and the first car of the season was received at Kansas City June 10, which is the earliest arrival since 1921, when the first car was received on the same date. Spring wheat continued to make favorable progress in both the United States and Canada. Good rains were received over much of the area and moisture is reported adequate to the time being. Cool weather up to a week ago has conserved the moisture which has amounted to slightly more than last year in the Canadian prairie provinces. Timely rains, however, will be required during the remainder of June and in July to produce a good crop. The condition of the spring wheat crop in the United States June 1 was 85.7 per cent of normal, compared with 84.8 per cent June 1, 1929, while the condition of the Canadian crop in percentage of the 19 year average yield of 17.2 bushels per acre, was officially placed at 94 per cent as compared with 100 per cent June 1 a year ago. The condition in Canada was the same as for the corresponding date for 1924 and the little above the 25 per cent reported for 1927. The influence of weather conditions during the remainder of the season is apparent when a comparison of final yields for these years is noted. The yield per acre last season and in 1924 was 11.9 bushels per acre, while in 1927 when the June 1 condition was the lowest during recent years, 21.4 bushels per acre was produced.

Generally favorable crop conditions were maintained during the week in Europe with some improvement noted in the French crop. Heavy rains did some damage in Spain and in Scandinavian countries, but conditions were mostly favorable in the Balkans.

### MARKET NEWS OF THE DAY

CHICAGO WHEAT				
	Open	High	Low	Close
July	.97 1/2 @ .98 1/4	.98 1/4	.95 3/4	.96 1/4 @ 1/2
Sept.	1.00 1/2 @ 1.01 1/4	1.01 1/4	.98	.98 3/4 @ .99
Dec.	1.05 1/2 @ 1.06 1/4	1.05 1/4	1.02 1/4	1.02 1/2 @ 1.03 1/4

  

PORTLAND WHEAT				
	Open	High	Low	Close
July	.98 1/2	.98 1/2	.96	.96
Sept.	.99 1/2	.99 1/2	.96 1/2	.96 1/2

### Stribling And Von Porat Will Climb Into Ring

CHICAGO, June 16 (AP)—William (Young) Stribling and Otto Von Porat, each aiming to improve his position in the heavy-weight parade at the expense of the other, in the Chicago stadium Wednesday night, went into their final training exercises today with the Southerner a 6 to 5 favorite.

Stribling took time out to go to New York for the Schmeling-Sharkey bout, while on Porat remained at work. Stribling's greater experience and superior ring craft were expected to offset Von Porat's terrific punching power, although there was some warbling that Otto would give William his first knockout defeat.

The "gate" promises to be larger than the Von Porat-Gannon bout three weeks ago, the advance sale today had reached \$20,000, more than \$79,000 worth of trade was anticipated by the time they climb into the ring.

### Almost Dead Language

The language of the pharaohs ceased to be officially used after the conquest of Egypt by Alexander the Great, 331 B. C. being supplanted by Greek, which was in turn superseded by Arabic, 1000 years later, after the Moslem invasion. The Egyptian language lingered on among the people until the fourteenth century, and is now only in the liturgy of the Christian Coptic church.

### Oyster Cultivation

The oyster countries which raise oysters for market besides ours are: England, France, Germany, Holland, Spain, Italy, Australia, China, Japan, Canada, Mexico, and certain parts of South America and Algeria. In these various countries there are about ten different species of oysters, all of which are similar in structure to our own, though some do not grow so large and do not have the same flavor.

### Honor Woman Pal of Sheiks

In honor of Isabelle Berhardt, the French authoress who lived among the Arabs for many years, a monument was erected in Paris. The daughter of a French soldier in Africa, Miss Berhardt became enamored of the life of the Arab and discussing herself as one of them, lived on the desert for years under the name of St-Mohammed without her nationality or sex being suspected.

### Coral Beds

The coral which is made into jewelry is found widespread on the borders and around the islands of the Mediterranean sea, the most abundant beds being in water from 24 to 50 feet in depth. It is also found in the Atlantic to the northwest of Africa and some near Japan and Australia.

### Virginia's "Fairy Stones"

The staurolite, better known as fairy stones, are found in a field of about fifty acres on top of Bull Mountain, Patrick county, Virginia. They are twinned staurolite crystals resembling the Roman Maltese and St. Andrew's crosses. The condition of the spring wheat crop in the United States June 1 was 85.7 per cent of normal, compared with 84.8 per cent June 1, 1929, while the condition of the Canadian crop in percentage of the 19 year average yield of 17.2 bushels per acre, was officially placed at 94 per cent as compared with 100 per cent June 1 a year ago. The condition in Canada was the same as for the corresponding date for 1924 and the little above the 25 per cent reported for 1927. The influence of weather conditions during the remainder of the season is apparent when a comparison of final yields for these years is noted. The yield per acre last season and in 1924 was 11.9 bushels per acre, while in 1927 when the June 1 condition was the lowest during recent years, 21.4 bushels per acre was produced.

### OFFICE CAT

TRADE MARK REG.  
By JUNIUS

Placard for a bridegroom: Under new management.

If you are so enlightened that you are not a little superstitious you are too enlightened.

WHEN IT CAME TO REDUCING SHE WAS A POOR LOSER.

The more cowboys stockings some women wear the more cowboys will find around the house.

IT IS BETTER TO BE UP AND OUT THAN DOWN AND OUT.

Inventor (to capitalist)—This, sir, is an epoch making machine. Capitalist—It is? Then let me see it make an epoch.

You can judge the extent and degree of a parent's authority by the age at which his kids learn to drive.

A man told his wife that her dress seemed extremely low in the back, got this retort: Why bring that up?

Judge—It isn't often a man sues his wife for breach of promise. On what grounds do you base your claims?  
Husband—She promised to divorce me, and never did.

### Chats With Parents

**PUBLIC CORRECTION**  
By Alice Judson Peate

There is nothing which makes for antagonism to authority so immediately as public correction. The teacher who has not learned to draw the miscreant aside and wrestle with him privately has not discovered one of the fundamentals of her art.

The mother who corrects her son's manners when there is company for dinner, who makes personal criticisms of any sort when there are others about to hear is setting herself to work against the currents of her child's nature.

His attitude inevitably becomes the opposite of co-operative and whatever is accomplished is achieved by the imposition of one will upon another.

surely it does not take much imagination or native tact to perceive the feelings of chagrin and humiliation which a child must feel when he is reprimanded before others. Instead of being awakened to a desire to improve his ways, he naturally summons his energies to a defense of himself as he is.

If mothers who correct their children in public could see themselves as others see them or were in the least aware of their own motivation they would perhaps mend their ways.

The most flattering explanation is that they forget that their children are people and think of them simply as a responsibility, something to be managed.

But that is not all. It is obvious that they are more interested in having their children appear well before others than in helping them to good behavior in the slow way of growth.

Too often I have seen a mother publicly check and command her child in ways that showed plainly her own need to impress others by the extent of her authority.

### Health Talks

**BOTULISM**

Botulism means a sausage, and botulism originally meant poisoning due to the eating of spoiled sausages. Now, however, we know that botulism may be due to other infected foods as well.

Botulism was first recognized by German scientists as far back as 1795, but its true cause remained a mystery until 1895. Then it was demonstrated that it is due to a germ known as bacillus botulinus, and the toxin or bacterial poison produced by this germ.

In further studies, it was shown that botulism infects not only sausages, but also such preserved articles of food as string beans, ripe olives, peas, asparagus salad, spinach, corn, fish and canned meats.

Botulism is never found in fresh foods. Most cases of botulism are caused by food which has undergone some preserving process such as smoking, canning or pickling. Home processed foods which have been inadequately or improperly treated are especially liable to harbor the botulinus bacillus.

The disease botulism is produced by the botulinus germ but more directly by the toxin or bacterial poison which it deposits in the spoiled food. This toxin is a deadly substance. It is reported that in one instance a piece of preserved duck the size of a walnut contaminated with botulinus toxin was sufficient to cause an illness which lasted eight weeks.

The toxin of botulism differs from the toxin produced by other so-called true toxin bacteria in that it causes disease when swallowed. Diphtheria or tetanus toxins will not prove poisonous when taken through the mouth.

**DO NOTS FOR BATHERS**

Man is first and last a land animal and in water, no matter how good a swimmer, he is out of his element.

In water, therefore, you should always be careful. It is better to be over-cautious than drowned.

If you do not swim, learn how to swim, and while you are learning be content with the edge of the water. Don't wade out. Take no chances until the under-water has been explored and pronounced safe by an expert swimmer.

### Sheep Sent To Wallowa Range For the Summer

By Verma Welmer (Observer Correspondent)

HILGARD, Ore. (Special)—Tom Boyton loaded several carloads of sheep at Hilgard recently shipping them to Wallowa range.

Mrs. Gertrude Young has returned from Duncan, where she was called to work at the depot. She has again taken up her labors at the depot at Hilgard, where she has worked for a number of years.

Marion Salling went to Milton recently to visit relatives and also she expects to work in the fruit, while there.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leonard, with their son, Ellis and daughter, Donna were guests at a chicken dinner at the Welmer home at Five Points on Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Leonard returned to their home in Roosevelt, Wash., on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark and two daughters, of Enterprise, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Lester Stoop, who live at the Five Points camp. Mrs. Clark is Mrs. Stoop's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gayette and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Southwick of Cove, visited at the J. B. Welmer home Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Fred Rees and Mrs. Vern Thompson attended the club meeting at the park Thursday.

Mr. E. C. Rees and son, Mack, of Cove, were calling on friends in Hilgard Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Colman and children returned to the Mt. Emily camp Wednesday.

Mrs. Leonard Ferguson and Miss Leola Halmark, of Perry, were calling on friends in Hilgard Saturday.

Mrs. Cartrell and Mrs. Mathison, both past residents of Hilgard but now making their homes in Portland, are visiting friends and relatives here this week.

Mrs. Ed. Salling spent the day in La Grande on Thursday.

Mr. Tind and sons are progressing very well with their new house. Fire destroyed their home about a month ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Risley moved to Mt. Emily camp on Monday.

Mrs. Sam Ferguson and children drove up to Meachum with Mrs. Leonard Ferguson to visit her daughter, Virna, who returned home with them in the evening.

Mrs. Reed and Webb were shopping in La Grande Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dale and baby boy have moved to the logging camp near Meachum, where Mr. Dale will work for Bob Brock this summer.

Mr. Gerald, who has been working at Seneca, Ore. all winter, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Glenn Jones at present.

### Sturdy Shoes

For Children

Patent leather with fancy black and silver grain trim.

11 1/2 to 2 ..... \$2.98  
8 1/2 to 11 ..... \$2.49  
5 1/2 to 8 ..... \$1.98  
2 to 5 ..... \$1.69

### A Favorite Style With Growing Girls

The patent leather one-strap is a great favorite with growing girls... especially when it is as smart as this model with the fancy grain trim. Priced only—

**\$2.98**

### A Neat Little Oxford

For Children

Full of comfort for growing young feet... full of sturdy wear, too. With the comfortable stitchdown construction. Patent or smoked elk with fancy grain trim. Low-priced!

Sizes 5 1/2 to 8  
**\$1.69**

Sizes 2 to 5  
**\$1.49**

### Golden Fleece of Track Plucked

By California Sprinter, Wykoff

CHICAGO (AP)—One man finally had a convincing answer to the argument that no human being could run a hundred yards in less than 9 and one-half seconds.

He didn't take the shape of minerals, "form" or physiology. Frank Wykoff, Southern California sprinter, simply did it. Under record making conditions at the N. C. A. A. meet here, with no wind or starting blocks to aid him, the tawny-haired flash covered the distance in 9.4.

And it wasn't so many years ago that 9.5 seemed the ultimate time in sprinting. That was when Charles Faddock, also a Californian, was called the "world's fastest human" because he could negotiate the distance in 9.6.

Faddock, indeed, once reached the mark that was then believed fabulous, 9.5, but his record was not recognized because track heads then distrusted watches which split a second into ten parts.

The sprinters now-a-days somehow get over the ground faster than did the giants of a decade ago. In winning this coveted track honor, Wykoff beat Eddie Tolan, recognized world's champion, and George Shipman, of Ohio State, who himself is just a fraction of a second slower than a 9.4 runner.

Wykoff last year ran the distance in that time, but his record was buried because he used starting blocks. He was beaten just 18 inches by Wykoff in the last test.

Track followers already have started to search for the thing that gives modern runners such unprecedented speed.

Dean Cromwell, Wykoff's coach at Southern California, for one doesn't understand it. Wykoff a year ago was no ill that blood transfusions were necessary to keep him alive. This year he skinned over a hundred yards in almost unbelievable time.

"Just think," Cromwell said, "Wykoff would have beaten Faddock at his best by a yard, and all the former record holders of 9.6 by two."

### Denmark Lures Tourist

Denmark, "The Land of the Sea" is one of the smallest of the northern kingdoms of Europe, but its geographical position, its extensive coast line—it is almost surrounded by water—its invigorating climate, and its ancient historical traditions coupled with a progressive modernity, make it one of the most attractive of all destinations of the tourist in Europe.

### Brought Light to Japan

Prof. T. Tomonaka says that the visit of Commodore Perry to 1853 marked a turning point in Japanese life. The event is spoken of as "The Cannon Boar of Uraga," and is looked upon as the beginning of the age of Occidental civilization.

### Foot Note

"Many a thing works out for the best," remarked the fellow at the next desk. "For instance, tight shoes cause corns, but when you get the corns you don't buy any more tight shoes."—Cleveland Press.

### Charley Irvin, a Wyoming cowboy was the leading race owner at the last Aurora, Ill., season. He had 12 winners.

# Gloria

A DAILY FASHION REVUE

HE career of Gloria in New York is revealed against a scintillating background of beautiful clothes—always the most advanced mode. At the theatre, night club, or at her job, Gloria and Gloria's companions bring you a daily fashion revue.

"GLORIA" IS A DAILY FEATURE

## THE EVENING OBSERVER