

TELEVISION OUT IN THE OPEN NOW

Doing Things in Public
These Days on This Side
of the Atlantic.

By C. E. Butterfield
(Associated Press Radio Editor)

Not to be outdone by engineers near London, where two broadcast channels were used to transmit sound and sight with the Baird television apparatus, American scientists and experimenters have been showing some of their handiwork.

This latest activity came in two forms. One was the broadcasting of sound and radiovision from a temporary "television theater" in Jersey City; the other, a New York demonstration of televisions as an adjunct to the telephone, in other words over an "ikonophone," which means in everyday English a telephone that sends pictures.

Of the two demonstrations, the best results were obtained via the telephone television due to the fact that elaborate apparatus was used to insure the transmission and reception of pictures nearly as good as the movie with only a slight flicker.

Five telephone circuits made possible the success of this feat which was a demonstration of the progress the Bell Telephone Laboratories have made in television experimentation since their first showing three years ago. The quarter of wires connected "ikonophone" booths, located two and one-half miles apart. Two circuits were used for television, two for voice and one to hold the television equipment in synchronization.

Thus, two persons conversing by telephone saw each other in a screen about the size of an ordinary cabinet photograph.

Much simpler equipment was played for the Jersey City broadcast, which continued each night for a week. It was a type of apparatus by which radiovision may have its household introduction.

While the results were not nearly as good as the wire demonstration, they gave an indication of what may be done with the present type of simple apparatus. The Jenkins Television corporation, in cooperation with the Jersey City chamber of commerce, presented sound and sight program, television going on short waves and sound on broadcast stations.

Reception of the pictures was nothing to brag about the first night, but each 24 hours thereafter improvement could be noted. Two types of receivers were used, one which reproduced a picture about as large as half a postcard, while the other showed a head a little over an inch square.

Both experiments showed that although television is advancing it is still somewhere in the well-known experimental stage.

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Prohibition Poll Total Greater Than Any Other; Still Incomplete

State	Enforcement	Modification	Repeal	Total
Alabama	4,984	3,096	3,096	11,176
Arizona	482	799	652	2,134
Arkansas	5,964	2,967	3,641	12,572
California	57,237	65,141	72,201	194,579
Colorado	11,270	8,209	6,379	25,858
Connecticut	11,932	29,952	33,366	66,190
Delaware	1,304	1,228	2,894	6,026
Dist. of Columbia	3,154	4,592	5,801	13,547
Florida	3,339	3,326	4,478	11,143
Georgia	7,512	5,592	6,079	19,183
Idaho	2,866	1,683	3,724	8,273
Illinois	55,514	66,657	102,248	224,419
Indiana	38,991	29,790	30,452	99,233
Iowa	33,125	22,344	22,716	78,185
Kansas	33,619	12,815	16,626	63,060
Kentucky	19,124	8,482	12,266	39,872
Louisiana	2,544	3,854	6,263	12,661
Maine	6,153	3,349	6,160	15,662
Maryland	8,206	8,685	16,701	33,592
Massachusetts	31,562	27,809	48,412	107,783
Michigan	49,711	47,433	63,989	161,133
Minnesota	32,840	33,669	42,518	109,027
Mississippi	2,962	1,825	2,457	7,244
Missouri	37,128	28,692	50,737	116,557
Montana	2,509	2,419	3,799	8,727
Nebraska	18,475	13,922	11,885	44,282
Nevada	157	345	509	1,011
New Hampshire	4,502	3,732	5,679	13,913
New Jersey	35,599	59,021	96,081	190,701
New Mexico	697	581	698	1,976
New York	85,075	154,422	238,909	478,406
North Carolina	12,714	7,863	6,514	27,091
North Dakota	6,392	6,000	7,735	20,127
Ohio	72,267	76,602	79,101	227,970
Oklahoma	11,744	6,255	6,645	24,644
Oregon	12,001	11,593	8,889	32,483
Pennsylvania	109,120	99,414	176,362	384,896
Rhode Island	2,755	3,377	4,771	10,903
South Carolina	3,624	2,569	2,882	9,075
South Dakota	6,320	5,416	4,724	16,460
Tennessee	8,907	1,733	4,855	15,555
Texas	18,679	11,746	11,315	41,740
Utah	2,520	2,071	2,940	7,531
Vermont	2,979	2,192	2,738	7,909
Virginia	11,800	9,714	15,303	36,817
Washington	17,802	18,657	16,664	53,123
West Virginia	8,013	6,873	6,261	21,147
Wisconsin	15,524	20,844	39,656	76,024
Wyoming	1,071	1,022	1,669	3,762
State Unknown	10,480	7,973	6,161	24,614
	816,091	951,475	1,308,810	3,176,376

The vote for repeal of the eighteenth amendment continues to lead by 3,176,376 ballots returned from with over 41 per cent of the total in the forty-eight states in the six weeks' returns of The Literary Digest's nation-wide poll on prohibition, as published in tomorrow's issue of the magazine.

The break-up of the grand total gives 915,681 votes for enforcement; 51,475 for modification; and 1,308,810 for repeal.

This shows over 28 per cent of the total vote for strict enforcement, while practically 30 per cent favor modification to legalize light wines and beers.

With the poll still far from complete The Literary Digest announces the returns to date as greater than any total returns from any previous poll ever undertaken by the periodical, including the heretofore most popular national referendum in the Hoover-Smith campaign of 1928.

Dr. William Weaver Woods, editor-in-chief of the magazine, stated that he anticipates nearly 2,000,000 more returns in the poll judging from present incoming ballots.

The Literary Digest in its columns gives the following analysis of the vote by geographical sections of the country:

"New England (Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut): Enforcement, 27.8 per cent; modification, 27.5 per cent; repeal, 44.7 per cent.

"Middle Atlantic (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania): Enforcement, 21.11; modification, 2.33; repeal, 48.96.

"East North Central (Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin): Enforcement, 28.89; modification, 31.38; repeal, 39.82.

"West North Central (Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas): Enforcement, 37.85; modification, 28.04; repeal, 34.11.

"South Atlantic (Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida): Enforcement, 34.05; modification, 28.08; repeal, 37.87.

"East South Central (Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi): Enforcement, 39.85; modification, 26.73; repeal, 33.42.

"West South Central (Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas): Enforcement, 43.25; modification, 27.44; repeal, 29.28.

"Mountain States (Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, and Nevada): Enforcement, 37.75; modification, 29.79; repeal, 32.46.

"Pacific (Washington, Oregon, and California): Enforcement, 32.16; modification, 33.72; repeal, 35.12."

No definite data has been set for the take-off, pending favorable weather reports from the government weather station at Lakehurst, N. J., and sufficient returns from the free balloon tests.

The new Lockheed, low winged monoplane of the Lindberghs, however, "is on the blocks" at the Grand Central Air terminal. "It is ready to fly and is undergoing final inspection."

Berthold Hey, messenger at the Ninth Corps Area headquarters, San Francisco has served under 24 generals.

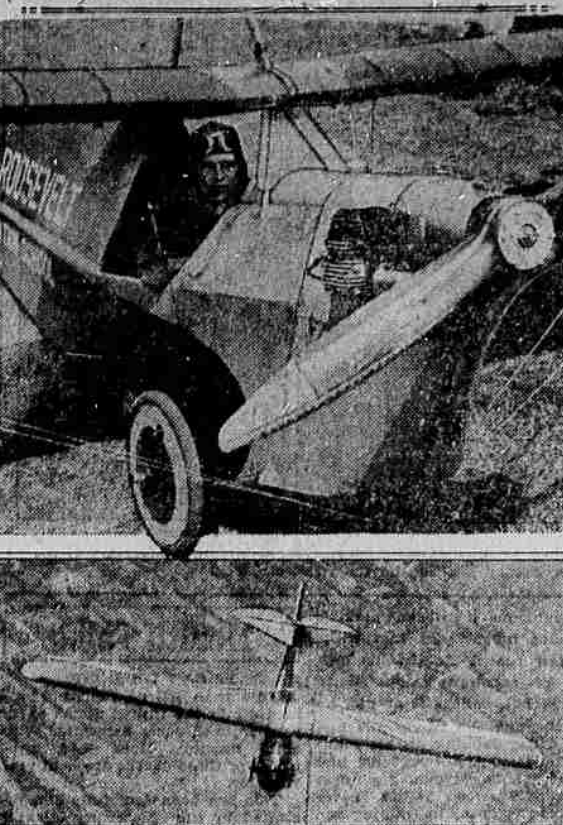
The Public Health Service says that by "second wind" is meant an adjustment of the heart rate to the intake and output of air in the lungs.

Iron spikes or nails were known to the ancients and are mentioned in the Bible.

Paul Gillespie, New York aviator, prepared to take off from Roosevelt field, N. Y., in a powered glider. The craft is equipped with a two-cylinder 30 horse power motor and capable of flying with motor operating at 80 miles an hour and landing at 20. Below: The glider in flight over New York City.

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GLIDER EQUIPPED WITH MOTOR



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Good Night!

Epitaph for a dead cat in a lane was: Sans perr, but sans reproche.—Dublin Opinion.

Boston—Jack Pallat, of Cleveland, wine national amateur heavyweight Sylvan Taylor, New York went championship by knocking negro.

Don't talk too much. Even fish would not get into trouble if they would keep their mouths shut.

Teacher—Johnny, what is a transparent object?

Johnny—A transparent object is one that you can look through.

Teacher—That is correct. Now, little, can you name something that is transparent?

Willie—A doughnut.

The men who say they know all about women have only one more thing to learn—that they don't know anything.

He—Wonderful night, a beautiful girl—what a combination.

She—Heavens, is that showing, too?

Medford—After we are married, dear, I'm afraid you are going to find out that I am not as rich as you think I am.

Larna—That's all right. You're going to find out that I'm not really as beautiful as you think I am, either.

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