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Sixty-Seventh Congress Assembled At Noon

PRESIDENT IS WORKING ON MESSAGE

ANNUAL MESSAGE WILL NOT BE COMPLETE UNTIL TONIGHT OR TOMORROW.

WILL DELIVER ADDRESS IN PERSON, IS REPORT

A vast expanse of legislation, including National and International Questions, Promises to Prolong the Session, Assembled at Noon With Republicans in Control.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 11.—The sixty-seventh congress assembled at noon today. President Harding worked on the message that he will deliver tomorrow in person. The message may not be complete until tonight or tomorrow morning. Large crowds attended the sessions of both houses. A thousand bills were introduced in the house. The Fordney emergency tariff bill, vetoed by Wilson, will be called up on Wednesday. If passed, this will become effective in six months.

Reconstruction of American affairs at home and abroad is the theme of the sixty-seventh Congress, assembling at noon today in extraordinary session at the call of President Harding. A vast expanse of legislation, promising to prolong the session confronts the new Congress.

Programs of the Senate and House for today's opening were confined to organization. The work of the new Congress, informally arranged by pre-session conferences of leaders, awaited formal delineation, tomorrow or Wednesday, in President Harding's message. This was expected to deal principally with domestic affairs, tariff, internal revenue and other home legislation. Peace and other international problems were scheduled for attention later in the session.

Republicans in Complete Control. The special session beginning today—which will be the first of three—marks the return of the Republican party to complete national control. Not since President Taft's time have the White House, the Senate and House and the government departments all been under Republican rule. The Senate convenes with 59 Republicans and 37 Democrats and the House with 369 Republicans and 132 Democrats, and one Socialist.

Pre-eminence in the extra session is fiscal legislation. This includes the Fordney emergency tariff bill, in line for immediate action, anti-dumping legislation, substitution of American for foreign valuations of imports, permanent tariff revision, a new internal revenue tax law, the budget system bill, and the soldiers' bonus bill. Other measures are those for re-organization of government departments and for re-classification of federal salary and wage scales.

Opening Flood in House. The opening flood of bill and resolutions which failed during the last congress, which adjourned March 4 last, always begins in the House. Introduction of Senate bills and resolutions comes tomorrow.

Most of the Senate and House members, new and old, were present for today's opening. Although perfunctory, the opening session always is the magnet for spectators. The Senate having organized during its special session after March 4, interest today centered in the House proceedings.

The House program today follows: 12 m.—William Tyler Page, clerk, calls House to order. Prayer by the chaplain and reading of the clerk of President Harding's proclamation calling Congress into extraordinary session.

Clerk Page calls the roll of the House, by states instead of alphabetical membership.

Election of Speaker, Rep. Gillett, of Massachusetts, former Speaker, being nominated from the Republican side, and Rep. Kitchin, of North Carolina, from the Democratic side.

Speaker Gillett escorted to chair by a committee and, after being sworn in, delivers a brief address.

House officers re-elected and sworn in as follows: Clerk, William Tyler Page; sergeant-at-arms, Joseph G. Rogers; door-keeper, Art Kennedy.

HOTEL IS SCENE OF BIG FIGHT

CIVILIANS ARMED WITH FIRE ARMS MADE ATTACK.

Many of the Auxiliaries Fought in Night Clothing, Until Re-inforcements Reached Scene.

DUBLIN, Apr. 11.—A battle raged for twenty minutes today around the North Western Hotel, when civilians armed with bombs and firearms attacked the hotel where the government auxiliaries were quartered. One of the attackers was killed and several others were wounded. A number of the auxiliaries are believed to have been wounded.

Poison gas missiles, bottles of petrol, and firearms were used by the attackers. The auxiliaries, some in pajamas, fought until re-inforcements arrived, when the attackers withdrew.

UNION DEFEATS NORTH POWDER

UNION, Apr. 11.—The Union high school baseball team defeated the North Powder team Friday in a close contest by a score of 9-6. North Powder led until the eighth inning, when Union staged a batting rally and brought in four runs. The Union lineup was: Hansen, p.; Mayfield, c.; Johnson, 1st b.; Dallen, ss.; McGrath, 2nd b.; H. Hetrick, 3rd b.; Busick, l. f.; C. Hetrick, c. f.; Hibbert, r. f.

MAY ADJUST OIL DISPUTE

WASHINGTON, Apr. 11.—An adjustment of the dispute between the United States and Great Britain proposed growing out of the San Remo oil agreements concerning Mesopotamia, has been suggested informally to the United States. Great Britain proposes that the United States appoint a commissioner to confer with the British petroleum commission.

AIRPLANE IS RACING PIGEONS

MEDFORD, Apr. 11.—Major Arnold, accompanied by Governor Oblett, racing the six carrier pigeons from Portland to San Francisco, stopped here at 10:45 and left at 11:50, this morning. They expected to fly direct to their destination.

STRIKERS AND MINERS CONFER

LONDON, Apr. 11.—The mine owners and the striking employees conferred an hour this morning on the possible settlement of the strike. The conference adjourned at noon until this afternoon.

EX-EMPRESS DIES AT DOORN

END CAME JUST A YEAR AFTER FIRST ATTACK OF TROUBLE

Former Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany was Devoted Wife and Mother—No Part in Politics.

DOORN, Holland, Apr. 11.—Former Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany died here at 9 o'clock this morning. The end came just one year after she suffered the first serious attack of heart disease. It was while she was preparing to enter the house of Doorn, after her long residence at Amerongen, that she was stricken. She rallied and accompanied her husband here on May 15, last.

Secretary Davis Wants Strikers To Arbitrate

Favors a Law Requiring All Parties to Labor Disputes to Get Together Before Strike.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Legislation compelling both sides in labor disputes to abide by the agreements reached or the decision of the arbiters they have accepted, was urged today by Secretary Davis. He favored a law requiring all parties to labor disputes to try to get together before the strikes were called.

PENTATHLON WON BY LARSON

FOURTEEN HIGH SCHOOL LADS COMPETE.

Much Interest in Inter-Class Meet This Week—Wind Interfered With Saturday's Work.

"Tige" Larson won the pentathlon at the high school Saturday by making 10 out of a possible 100 points. Larson took first place in three of the five events. Wright Christian was a close second with 91 points to his credit.

The three events in which Larson took first place were the 100-yard dash, the shot put and the broad jump. He took fourth in the javelin throw and fifth in the mile run. Christian took no firsts. He was fourth in the 100-yard dash, third in the shot put, second in the broad jump and third in the mile.

Clifford Horstman made first in the javelin throw and Murray Kingwell won first in the mile. No exceptional records were made in any of the events, a strong wind interfering badly with all of the events, especially the javelin throw and the mile run. Earl Reynolds, coach of the team, is well satisfied with the results and expects his men to show up well in the various meets this spring.

On next Saturday the annual inter-class meet will be held and Reynolds expects some good records at that time. The interest in the meet is intense and about 40 men will be contenders.

In the pentathlon, Clifford Horstman was third, making 83 points. The others taking part in this event and the points made by them follow: Murray Kingwell, 82; Milo Blokland, 78; Bud Lynch, 68½; Leo Hawes, 68; Neal Smith, 61½; Ray Lynch, 60; Edgar Oliver, 58; Delber Snider, 58; W. Clark, 55; Ed. Seivers, 47; Grant Bean, 37.

WOULD ABOLISH THE R. R. LABOR BOARD

WASHINGTON, Apr. 11.—A bill to abolish the railroad labor board and delegate its functions to the interstate commerce commission was introduced by Representative Tinchey, of Kansas.

SEAMEN FOR PACKERS GET LOWER WAGE

STRIKERS HAVE AGREED TO ACCEPT SEVEN CENTS A FISH.

Fleet, With Exception of One or Two Vessels, Will Clear for Bristol Bay Within Two Weeks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Apr. 11.—The seamen employed by the Alaska packers association have agreed to accept a wage of seven cents a fish and an additional \$150 for the trip, as against nine cents a fish and \$200 for the trip last year, according to an announcement made today. The fleet, except one or two vessels, will clear for Bristol Bay within two weeks.

POISONING WILL BE EXPLAINED

Gopher poisoning demonstrations will be given next week in several sections of the county under the direction of the Union county Farm Bureau, Harry G. Avery, county agricultural agent being in charge of the work.

On Monday, April 18, at 10 a. m. the farmers in the neighborhood of Fred Zaugg will meet at the Zaugg place where the first demonstration will be given. On Tuesday, April 19, the E. H. Miles farm will be the scene of another demonstration.

These demonstrations will familiarize the farmers with the methods of poisoning gophers and ground hogs and the advantages of the various methods will be pointed out to them in a practical way.

FINED \$20 FOR BEING DRUNK SATURDAY NIGHT

Jack Martin was arrested Saturday night and charged with being drunk. This morning he was fined \$20 in municipal court. This was the only arrest over the week-end.

William Haywood And Others Must Serve In Prison

Supreme Court Refuses to Review Conviction and A Presidential Pardon Hoped For.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 11.—The Supreme Court has refused to review the conviction of William D. Haywood and seventy-nine other Industrial Workers of the World on charges of having conspired to obstruct activities of the government. Only a presidential pardon can now prevent their entering upon their sentences. Most of them are out on bonds, pending an appeal.

LIGHT OPERA PLEASURES MANY

LYCEUM NUMBER WINS MUCH APPLAUSE.

Condensation of Popular Opera Well Rendered—Songs and Piano Solo Well Received.

A delightful program was given by the Leiter Light Opera company in the high school auditorium Saturday evening under the auspices of the local lyceum committee. The program was divided into two parts, the first part consisting of solos and quartet numbers, while the second part was a condensed arrangement of Gilbert and Sullivan's light opera, "Ruddigore."

Cadman's "Spirit of Spring," opened the program. Selections from a number of others, including the sextette from "Lucia," adapted to a quartet, brought forth well deserved applause from the audience. The playing of Liszt's "Second Hungarian Rhapsody" by Harrison Burch, pianist, was masterfully done.

The condensation of "Ruddigore" was presented in costume. The cast had been abbreviated from 13 to four members, but the thread of the story was unbroken. Miss Cook, as the village maiden was especially pleasing. The others also played their parts well, and it was a well-pleased audience that reluctantly left the auditorium after the end of the opera.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Tonight and Tuesday, fair in the west, fair and colder in the eastern portion of the state.

O'CALLAGHAN IS STILL IN THIS COUNTRY

SECRETARY DAVIS BELIEVES HE WILL RE-SHIP FOR HOME.

Sixty Days After State Department Ruling Is Made, O'Callaghan Should Be Out of the U. S.

WASHINGTON, Apr. 11.—Secretary of Labor Davis said that he had "no doubt" that Donald O'Callaghan, lord mayor of Cork, would re-ship for home as an alien seaman within 60 days from the date the state department ruling that he was not entitled asylum as a political refugee.

O'Callaghan may be deported any time after June 5, if he does not leave before then.

POMONA GRANGE MET SATURDAY

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR

Next Meeting Will Be Held June 25, at Union Experiment Station; Will Hold Own Fair

The Union County Pomona Grange met at Cove with Mt. Fannie Grange on Saturday with all granges represented. The reports from the various granges show that the membership in the county has been more than doubled the past winter. Resolutions were passed favoring the building of roads for the farmers to get their products to market, rather than highways for tourists, and M. L. Carter, D. H. Snider, J. E. Gilkerson, C. D. Huffman and J. W. Redhead were appointed to confer with the county court in regard to the road situation. Resolutions were also adopted asking County Assessor Proctor to assess wheat at sixty cents per bushel, as the adjoining counties are, in place of eighty cents.

Several fair propositions were presented but the county grange voted to continue their own fair at Blue Mt. Grange fair grounds and re-elected W. R. Gekeler as fair manager, with instructions to proceed to organize the fair committees for work at once.

In the election of officers, C. D. Huffman was re-elected to serve his twelfth year as county master, having held the office ever since Pomona Grange was organized. The other officers are: D. H. Snider, Tolocaset, Overseer; M. L. Carter, Alcol, Lecturer; J. A. Nice, North Powder, Steward; Leland Wolf, Tolocaset, Assistant Steward; Mrs. Snider, Tolocaset, Chaplain; Mrs. J. K. Lantz, Cove, Secretary; Mrs. Mattie H. Golden, La Grande, Treasurer; J. B. Tallent, Cove, Gate Keeper; Miss June Chadwick, Cove, Ceres; Mrs. Doris Standley, North Powder, Pomona; Mrs. Sarah Anson, La Grande, Flora; Mrs. Mary E. Starr, Tolocaset, Lady Assistant Steward. The executive committee are J. E. Gilkerson, R. W. Briggs and M. L. Carter. The recruiting committee to assist in organization and extension work in the county are M. L. Carter, Eunice Parks, Mable Anson, Dorale Standley and June Chadwick. The officers were installed by State Deputy W. R. Gekeler, who was furnished by a literary program was furnished by the county lecturer. The leading features of the program were character recitations by J. A. Nice and vocal solos by Little Miss Conklin. County Agriculturist, Harry Avery gave a very interesting address on Farm Problems.

The dinner furnished by the ladies of Mt. Fannie Grange was one of the biggest features of the day.

The next regular meeting will be on the fourth Saturday in June at the Union Experiment station. A special meeting for degree work will be held with Wolf Creek Grange at North Powder on June 18.

TURKS PRESS HARD ON GREEKS

PARIS, Apr. 11.—Reports indicate that the Turks are pressing the Greeks in Asia Minor. At Konakharisar, an important point on the Bagdad railway, has been retaken by the Turks.

EUROPEAN MARKET IS NOT GOOD

FRUIT CROP PROMISES TO BE HEAVY THIS YEAR

KARL STACKLAND URGES ELIMINATION OF CULLS

Enormous Dumping of Poor Grade Apples from Nova Scotia on English Market Last Year Resulted in Decreased Profits for American Growers—Early Season Expected to be Unfavorable to Exporters.

The probability is that Europe will offer a poor market this year for American fruit, according to Earl Stackland, of Cove, who returned last week from a four-months trip to Europe which was undertaken largely for the purpose of studying the present and future market conditions for fruit. Stackland while in Europe visited England, Holland, Norway, Denmark, Germany and other countries. The factors which will determine just how much fruit can be shipped into Europe from this country this year are the European crop, the financial condition of Europe and our own crop, according to Stackland.

Good Crop Promised.

The 1920 crop in Holland and England was a total failure, but it promises to be 100 per cent this year. If the present crop materializes there this year there will be little export business done with profit from this country excepting late in the season, he believes.

In northwest Germany indications are that an abundance will be produced for home consumption and possibly some for export, early in the season. The second biggest factor in the market situation is the buying ability of the European countries, Stackland stated.

At present there is little hope for improvement in financial conditions and almost no hope for provisions being made for buying fruit. The English operators will probably not have to buy in this country this fall and many of them have connections in this country and Canada which will result in shipping all the market can absorb on consignment if the crop here is fairly heavy.

Too Much Poor Fruit

An interesting feature of last season's market was brought out by Mr. Stackland. Last year entirely too much low grade fruit was shipped across the Atlantic. Nova Scotia alone exported about 500,000 barrels of apples to England, almost all of which were culls and low grade fruit. This in addition to the C grade of American apples, which were shipped over in large quantities by some sections of the country, depressed the European market at least \$1 a box, according to the conclusions reached by Mr. Stackland.

"If 15 per cent of the fruit shipped to England last year had been eliminated, only the better grade being shipped, the profit would have been at least twice what it was," Mr. Stackland said. "Holland was in better financial condition to buy fruit last year than any other country but the Dutch were the most conservative of any nation, compared to their buying ability. Denmark bought through English dealers buying only what supplies were needed bought through English dealers buy from week to week."

Sweden Pays Cost

In Sweden conditions were somewhat similar to those found in Denmark and in February it was the only country buying apples directly from the United States for cash.

The dried fruit supply in Europe is large and in most places large stocks are being held over and are selling far below American quotations. Russian prunes are selling far below the American product, Stackland stated, and in most places ours are displaced by the Russian product.

Canned goods so far as the supply and price are concerned are in much the same condition as dried fruits. These conditions apply to approximately 75 per cent of all goods exported from the United States, according to Mr. Stackland's observations.

The low quotation of foreign exchange is another factor.

(Continued on page 3)

