

THERE IS NO DEADLOCK AT PARIS

THE PRINCIPAL DIFFERENCE IS ON THE SUBJECT OF PARATHS.

WILSON TAKES CARE OF BLAME FOR DELAYS

But Points Out That it Does Not Lie With Any Single Country or Its Representatives—Time for Talk Has Passed—Time for Results Has Arrived.

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

PARIS, April 1.—Selling of apprehension over lack of progress on the peace treaty point in American circles, although it had in authoritative circles that differences which have arisen had not reached the status of a deadlock.

The principal differences have been found in settling upon reparations according to the methods of payment suggested by the

Takes Share Blame.

President Wilson explained that he was willing to take his share of the responsibility for the peace conference delays. His careful point out that the blame was not due to any single country or its representatives. He died emphatically that the time for results is now.

A Note of War.

PARIS, April 1.—Was construed as a warning that there could not long continue a further delay in the adjustment of peace, delivered to the allied premiers military representatives of the allied powers by President Wilson yesterday. He arose in conference solemnly assured the conference his belief that they should do their power to unite on peace upon which a treaty might be signed to Germany.

UKRAINIANS READ TALK TO ALLIES

BERNE, March 31.—The commander of the Ukrainian forces has sent a message by wireless telegraphy to the allied powers stating that the Ukrainians ready to enter into negotiations looking to a cessation of hostilities with the Poles on condition that the allies set a line of demarcation according to the p. 10. The high American and his staff, consequently arrived at St. Petersburg, military, northeast of Lemberg, to negotiate with the members of the military mission to Poland and Poles and Ukrainians at a city west of Lemberg.

MEAT PACKS ARE REASED

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

WASHINGTON, April 1.—All meat packing concerns were released from the control of the administration, under a proclamation signed by President Wilson.

INSISTS ON THE BORDER QUESTION

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

PARIS, April 1.—The president of Italy's frontier question, especially with that of the Italian island of Sicily, was discussed at a conference with President Wilson. The president agreed to the Italian question.

KAUFMANN'S REVOLUTIONARY PLEDGED

BERLIN, April 1.—The president of the executive committee of the soldiers' and workers' council of Greater Berlin, was Sunday. He is suspected of being a leader of the revolutionary movement with Georg Ledebauer, whom he had in jail for several weeks. Independent Socialist.

PLANS FOR OVERSEAS FLIGHT ARE RAPIDLY TAKING SHAPE

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

WASHINGTON, April 1.—While final plans for the projected trans-Atlantic flight on naval airplanes are rapidly taking form, the officers in charge have not decided upon even a tentative date for the start. It was explained officially at the navy department that the get-away would be controlled as much by windstorm current at New Foundland as by clear weather.

After the machines reach New Foundland from Rockaway beach—Long Island, they must be given a final tuning up and then the start must be made between storms which sweep down from the Arctic every three or four days. The beginning of the flight must be so gauged, it was explained, that the machines will not overtake one storm as it slows down before dissipating at sea and yet will not be caught in a second squall.

Before "jumping off" for the actual crossing of the ocean, the seaplanes will be called upon to make a longer voyage than has yet been navigated by naval machines—that from Rockaway beach to New Foundland. At least one stop will be made on this flight, probably at Halifax, for fuel.

It may be necessary for one or more of the machines to descend at other

BOLSHEVIKS' GUNS ACTIVE

HEAVY BOMBARDMENT AGAINST THE ALLIED POSITIONS.

Great Increase of Enemy Forces Appears to Indicate That an Attack Will Follow Soon.

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

ACHANGEL, April 1.—Bolshevik artillery has subjected the allied railway front and positions south of Dozerskaia to the heaviest bombardment in many weeks. In the meantime the enemy is moving considerable forces through the woods, indicating that an attack may follow soon.

BUDAPEST IS IN BAD SHAPE

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

PRAGUE, April 1.—Communists have set up a reign of terror in Budapest, according to a member of the Czech-Slovak mission, who returned today. Famine is feared and the situation is grave. The population had hoped for allied intervention.

TWO GIRLS KILLED AT POCATELLO

Fall From Horse Fatal to Young Woman; Child Crushed to Death by Caving of Sandpit

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

POCATELLO, April 1.—Miss Ida Edwards, age 18, daughter of Lou Edwards, died at St. Anthony's hospital Sunday, as a result of injuries received by being thrown from a horse earlier in the day, when the horse slipped on the pavement, throwing Miss Edwards heavily to the ground. She was rushed to the hospital, where she died in a few hours, from internal injuries, without recovering consciousness.

Miss Edwards was popular and a graduate of the Pocatello high school. She is survived by her parents and several brothers and sisters. Josephine Whitaker, 3-year-old daughter of William Whitaker, was another and crushed to death Sunday evening, by being buried in the caving of a sand pit. While playing with her brother she ran into the pit. Her brother ran to her rescue, and was buried to his head, but dragged himself out and then rescued his sister, but she died without recovering consciousness.

Mrs. Robert L. Norlin and son, Philip, returned home this morning to La Grande from California, where they had been hospitalized for the greater part of the winter. They had been away about ten weeks.

WAR WASTE JUSTIFIED BY VICTORY

STATE VICTORY LOAN DIRECTOR THINKS MONEY WAS WELL SPENT

ETHERIDGE AND ZURCHER BUSINESS MEN'S GUESTS

Victory Loan Campaign in Union County Launched at Luncheon in Poley Today—Speakers Confident County Will Uphold Its Splendid Support.

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

The first man, heralding the launching of the Victory Liberty Loan campaign in Union county, was fired in La Grande at noon today, at the business men's weekly luncheon, set off not by the spark but by the fierce blaze of patriotic sentiment kindled by State Director Etheridge and his able lieutenant, James Zurcher, field man for the loan campaign. The visit of Mr. Etheridge and Mr. Zurcher was arranged by E. E. Briggs, chairman of the luncheon today, through E. E. Kiddle, who attended the conference of Victory loan chairman in Portland last week.

Mr. Etheridge's brief address was full of punch, and conveyed also direct compliments to Union county, the first county in the state to be organized for the last loan and the one after which the organizations of other counties was patterned. The speaker remembered with pleasure that on his last visit here, the evening before the opening of the last loan campaign, the towns of Union and La Grande had both already subscribed their quota. He was confident, he said, that Union county would not fall this year below its last year's record.

Mr. Etheridge spoke of the men who, now that the war is over, are ready to quit. He had had this put up to him by a friend in Portland, whose opinion was that the Victory loan was going to be mighty hard to put over and he wanted to know if the state director was not going to resign before he should lose the prestige he had gained in previous campaigns. "I am not doing this work for the prestige I may gain from it," Mr. Etheridge declared, "and I am going to stick to it because I like the rest of you gentlemen, and a one hundred per cent blooded, honest-to-God patriotic American." The speaker had heard it said that the spirit of patriotism in America was crushed on November 11th, the date of the signing of the armistice, and he drew a round of applause when he said that if the statement was true, then the morning of April 21st would see that spirit resurrected and glorified throughout the land.

One good point he emphasized that particularly made an impression was this, that no matter how much money was wasted in the prosecution of the war, it is a sound investment, for it would otherwise have happened, no man in this nation would be unwilling to pay his bit towards it now. No matter if it cost five hundred dollars, he said, to take out a spruce tree, if it got that tree to

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SALEM FAVORS PUBLIC PHONE

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

SALEM, April 1.—The Salem city council has authorized the mayor to appoint a committee to consider the establishment of a public telephone system to serve the public service companies. It is expected that the plan could be established at a cost of \$200,000 and a service at 70 cent of the present cost.

PLANS LOOKING TOWARD ESTABLISHING PLANT

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

MANCHESTER, March 31.—Korea has formed a provisional government in Manchuria, according to cables received from Korea. It is organized by a local organization of Koreans. The name of the new government is the Manchurian Republic. The provisional government is organized in Manchuria, according to cables received from Korea. It is organized by a local organization of Koreans. The name of the new government is the Manchurian Republic.

WOMAN'S MANDARIN FORM PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT

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RETURNING SOLDIERS THINK THAT GERMANY HAS HAD ENOUGH OF WAR

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

One hundred and forty-three men of the 37th Engineering Corps were on board three extra coaches on Nov. 17 when she went through this city this morning. All of them wore on their shoulders the insignia of the army of occupation, the letter A within a small circle. No La Grande boys were on the train, but one from Eliza and a couple from Wallawa county were reported aboard. No 17, though an hour late, stopped here long enough to allow the men to clean out the Red Cross canteen, which they did with a thoroughness that was very gratifying to the women who had provided a pile of good things for them. These men were part of a special troop train, their coaches having been diverted at Green River, the latter part of the train going on to California. As the cooks' car went on with the larger section of the train, the boys here this morning had no hesitancy about lining up in front of the canteen.

The Elgin boy on the train was Roy Spencer, whose parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Spencer, now live at Imbler. They were here to meet him and the reunion made Roy quite satisfied to go without his breakfast. His sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Bouscanner, and his parents-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John Noldner and their son, Leo, all of Stammersville, were also here to greet him. His wife is at Eugene, attending university. He was one of the first Americans, he said, to reach the bridge head at Coblenz, Germany, and was in there two days before the last trucks of the retreating German army left the city. With the exception of Chateau Thierry, he saw all the big scraps last summer, but he says he can scarcely believe yet that he has come out unscathed. He was slightly gassed in the Argonne forest, where he and a chum built an electrical station, and on one occasion a chunk of shrapnel passed between his arm and his body, tearing his clothing away but leaving him unscathed. The chum who was in the Argonne forest with

him, died on the return trip from flu. The 37th had been ten months in France and were among the first troops in Germany. They left Coblenz January 12th to return, but were held up nearly six weeks in France on account of lack of ships to bring them home. The return trip across the Atlantic took ten days, and they landed at Newport News February 20th. Their trip across the continent was made in excellent time, as they left Newport News February 27th.

Asked as to what he thought of the possibilities of the Germans taking up arms again, one of the men, whose name is at Hood River, said it is plain to those who have been in Germany recently that the mass of the people there have had more than enough of war and are very anxious to make a permanent settlement without delay. Those in the districts which the American army occupied, he said, show indication of a desire to form themselves into a separate state. The men who were in the army have been all demobilized and are again following the paravals of peace and order in the territory.

Ralph Reynolds, a college chum of Norman Pegg was with the returning veterans. They attended Stanford together.

IS SUSPECTED OF BEING SPY

ARREST OF JAMES SPOHR SANCTIONED BY BAKER. Suspect Is Naturalized American and Is Believed to Be in League With German Plot.

TROOPS LAND ON BLACK SEA

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

LONDON, April 1.—Bucharest reports say that entente troops are being landed at Constanta, on the Black sea coast, en route to Hungary.

HOCKEY SERIES IS CALLED OFF

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

SEATTLE, April 1.—The world's championship hockey series between Seattle and Montreal has been called off as five members of the Montreal team and its manager have influenza.

COMMUNISTS DEMAND RELEASE OF PRISONERS

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

BERLIN, April 1.—The executive council of greater Berlin has adopted the appeal of the communist workmen's council for the release of George Ledebauer and other political prisoners. It was decided to demand of Chancellor Scheidemann that he effect the release of these men immediately on the basis of a promise made on March 6. On that date the chancellor said he was unable to grant amnesty until "order and quiet has been restored in Berlin."

Her Goebbels, minister of posts and telegraphs, at the same time gave his word of honor that he would appeal to the cabinet for their release as soon as Berlin was quiet. The executive council claims that order has been re-established and demands that the promise be redeemed.

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NO U. S. MEN TO BE USED IN EUROPE

AMERICAN SOLDIERS WILL NOT BE DETAINED ON ACCOUNT OF IMPENDING TROUBLE

WORD COMES TO LONDON FROM PRESIDENT WILSON

Officials at Washington Have Maintained That the American Army in Europe Will Be Returned Home as Rapidly as Transports Can Be Provided.

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

LONDON, April 1.—President Wilson informed other members of the American delegation that no American soldiers should be used in any trouble in eastern or southeastern Europe, according to a dispatch received in London today.

Department officials at Washington gave out the word last week that the impending troubles in Europe would not affect the plans made for the return of the American soldiers as rapidly as transport service could be provided. There has been no change in the program of sending the men home at the rate of 300,000 a month.

MISSIONS LEAVE BUDAPEST

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

PARIS, April 1.—The French, British and Serbian missions which were in Budapest when the Hungarian revolution broke out, have arrived at Belgrade. They were imprisoned in their living quarters, but not sent to jail.

DEBS THREATENS GENERAL STRIKE

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

AKRON, O., April 1.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, yesterday threatened to call a general strike of his party throughout the country unless he is granted a rehearing in the courts on charges up in which he was convicted under the espionage act.

Debs was confined to bed with a bad attack of lumbago at the home of Mrs. Margaret Prevey, here when notified that the United States supreme court had refused him a rehearing. He refused to see newspaper men, but through Mrs. Prevey issued the following statement to the press:

"The matter is in the hands of my attorney, Seymour Steadman of Chicago. I do not know what legal action they will follow as I have received no word from them as yet. Unless something further can be done, the program of the party to tie up the country in a general strike will be fulfilled. I am prepared to fight to the end."

Mrs. Prevey said Debs' condition is not serious and that he will be able to be out within a few days.

ROOT'S PLANS ACCEPTABLE

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

PARIS, April 1.—Commenting on the six amendments to the peace covenant as suggested by Eltho Root, it was said by one of the legal specialists associated with the American conference delegates that he believed that all the amendments offered would be acceptable to the American delegation.

SERIOUS RIOTING AT FRANKFURT

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

LONDON, April 1.—Serious rioting occurred Monday at Frankfurt on Main. It is reported that crowd sacked the police station and prisons. They also set fire to a building, but order was eventually restored.

BRITAIN'S REVENUES

(By Associated Press to The Observer)

LONDON, April 1.—Statement by the financial secretary shows a 1918-1919 revenue of 889,020,825 pounds for 1918. This is an increase of 200 pounds.