

DEATH OF SPARTAGANS CAUSES JOY

GERMANS GLAD REBELLION HAS BEEN BROKEN UP—EICHORN NEXT IS THE CRY.

LIEBKNECHT KILLED IN DASH FOR FREEDOM

Body of Rosa Luxemburg Dragged From Car and Carried Off by the Crowd—Berlin Populace Evidently Anxious to Resume the Pursuits of Peace.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—There is unbounded relief throughout Germany over the passing of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, the Spartacide leaders. It is said that not even the death of William Hohenzollern, the ex-kaiser, would cause greater satisfaction. The cry in Berlin now is "Eichorn next!"

When it became known Wednesday that Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were at the Hotel Eden, in the western part of the city, a crowd rapidly congregated and stormed the hotel lobby. Both were spirited to a side entrance to the hotel but the mob forestalled the attempt of the troops, to save Fraulein Luxemburg. She was beaten into insensibility and then thrown into an automobile by the crowd, which intended to take her to prison.

Rosa Luxemburg Shot.

A few blocks down the street the machine was halted by a second mob, and when the presence of Fraulein Luxemburg became known, a man jumped on the running board of the car and shot her through the head. The body was dragged from the auto and carried off. It is supposed that it was thrown into the canal, but it has not been found.

In the meantime Dr. Liebknecht was hurried into another automobile by officers and troops, and the car was headed for the Moabit prison. While going through the Tiergarten the machine was halted by a punctured tire. Dr. Liebknecht was asked to get out by the officers, who intended to haul another automobile and continue toward the prison. While waiting Dr. Liebknecht made an attempt to escape and was shot dead by soldiers, who anticipated such an effort on his part.

TEACHERS MAY BE BETTER PAID

PROPOSED BILL WILL MAKE \$75 MINIMUM SALARY

Many Schools in State Give Ridiculous Pay—Teachers' Association Backs the New Legislation.

SALEM, Jan. 18.—A bill will be introduced in the legislature next week to fix the minimum salary for school teachers at \$75.

Another bill will be introduced to repeal the county high school fund law and provide for all counties to operate under the county high school tuition law. A committee of the Oregon State Teachers' association met here yesterday and discussed legislation relating to educational matters, and the two proposed bills mentioned will have the backing of the association.

In many counties of the state average teachers' salary is ridiculously low if competent instructors are expected to be retained in the schools, but local efforts to obtain salary increases have often met with failure. That is why an effort is to be made to obtain state legislation upon the subject, prescribing a minimum salary which will apply to all parts of the state.

ENTERPRISE BOY KILLED BY TRUCK

ENTERPRISE, Jan. 18.—James Carl Ward, five-year-old son of A. J. Ward, was accidentally killed Wednesday by being run over by a truck loaded with grain. He was hanging on to the rear of the truck, riding on the driver's stopped and started to back up. The boy lost his hold, and the heavy rear wheel ran over his head.

Let Germans Believe Wilson Could Be Worked

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—J. J. Dickinson, mentioned in testimony before the senate committee investigating German propaganda, as Washington representative of George Sylvester Viereck, testified Friday before the committee. He said he represented Viereck until February, 1917, when the United States broke relations with Germany, and he wrote articles for the Fatherland under the name of Josiah Wingate in which he undertook to reflect the views of W. J. Bryan. Referring to his relations with Mr. Bryson, then secretary of state, the witness said Mr. Bryan knew nothing of his connection with Viereck.

Tells Story of Leak

Dickinson went into the story of the so-called "leak" in advance of one of President Wilson's addresses to congress just before the war started. He said he sent a message to John F. Harris, of Harris, Winthrop & Co., New York, the day before the speech was delivered forecasting the president's action. He said his forecast was "pure dope" and that he gave it to Harris for use in the market because the latter's firm was his

client. He said he sent a similar message to Viereck. "As a matter of fact there was no leak at all," asked Senator Nelson. "No, there was no leak; I just doped it out that the president would make the speech just like Bernard M. Baruch did and he made a considerable amount of money on it."

Secret Service Files Read

Copies from the military intelligence service files of letters written by Dickinson were read. They purported to record the activities of Dickinson and his conversation with persons high in official life, including President Wilson, during the months that preceded the break with Germany.

STRIKE MAY SHUT SHIPYARDS

SEATTLE WORKERS DEMAND SCALE OF DOLLAR AN HOUR

Strike Order Affects 28,000 Workmen in Seattle, and is Expected to Spread

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 18.—Every shipyard in the Pacific northwest and possibly on the Pacific coast may be closed as the result of the strike order issued by the metal trades council here yesterday, which becomes effective at 10 o'clock next Tuesday morning. Twenty-eight thousand workmen in steel and wooden yards here are affected by the order is expected that Tacoma, Olympia, Vancouver and Grays Harbor councils will take similar action.

The men demand a basic wage of one dollar an hour for mechanics. The scale fixed by the national war labor is eighty cents an hour. In addition the men demand \$7 a day for all specialists in shipyard crafts and \$6 a day for helpers, including laborers. The employers have offered to increase the mechanics' wage scale from 80 cents to 85 1/2 cents an hour but this has been refused.

MADE BIG WAR PROFITS

REGULATION OF PACKERS DECLARED FAILURE

Accountant Testifies That Earnings of Five Big Concerns Doubled or Trebled During Conflict.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Food administration regulations neither regulated the meat packers nor benefited the public or the consumers, Stuart Chase, an expert accountant employed by the federal trade commission, told the senate agricultural committee yesterday in presenting figures to show that profits of the five big packing concerns had doubled and trebled during the war. He declared that examinations by the commission of the books of Armour & company, Morris & company, Swift & company, Wilson & company, and the Cudahy company showed their aggregate profits in 1912 were \$18,715,900 and in 1917 \$95,638,000.

Based on capital stock, Mr. Chase said Morris & Company's profits in 1917 were 267.7 per cent, and that on the same basis Armour's and company's profits in 1916 were 114.6 per cent. Swift & company's profits in 1917 on the same basis were 63 per cent, while those of the Cudahy company in 1917 were 23.2 per cent, based on capital stock and surplus.

The witness said Thomas Wilson, president of Wilson & company, receives an annual salary of \$125,000 and Vice President Valentine of Armour & company, receives \$50,000 salary annually a bonus of \$25,000. Mr. Chase said he recalled seeing entries in Armour & company's books showing the payment of legal fees to attorneys, principally in state capitals, for services in introducing bills and watching legislatures.

HUNS GRANTED LONGER TRUCE

FOCH EXTENDS ARMISTICE FOR PERIOD OF ONE MONTH.

Erzberger Protests Against Terms—Says World Armistice Will Be Brought on.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18.—The armistice between the allies and Germany has been extended, the agreement to that effect being signed by Matthias Erzberger, the German armistice commissioner, at Treves, according to a Berlin dispatch received here.

The meeting between Marshal Foch and the German delegates was featured by protests of Matthias Erzberger, representing the Germans, against the status in which Germany was left during the period of the armistice. The "financial and economic dictatorship of the entente" was the theme of his main protest. "When will you raise the blockade?" Herr Erzberger asked. "The food conditions in Germany are daily growing worse and hunger will produce a mental state which the allies cannot desire. Your peoples themselves are not proof against a world revolution."

Inquiries as to Prisoners

"Will the entente," he continued, "undertake binding obligations respecting the return of the German prisoners of war? When will you be in a position to conclude a preliminary peace? Germany has asked six times for negotiations for a preliminary peace, but has received no reply."

Herr Erzberger, who made these statements in a speech opening the proceedings, declared the Germans had fulfilled the terms of the armistice up to the limit of possibility. In the cases in which the terms had not been complied with, the entente was responsible, he insisted, especially so regarding the delivery of transport material.

Herr Erzberger complained that the freedom of movement had been impeded between the occupied territory and the rest of Germany and he declared that the measures taken by the allies in Alsace-Lorraine proved that France aimed to anticipate the decision of the peace conference by annexing the provinces without respecting the right of the people to self-determination.

BUD THIESEN RUN OVER BY TRUCK

Attempting to board the J. D. Lynch truck last evening on Adams avenue, while the truck was in motion, Bud Thiesen, son of Engineer Pete Thiesen, lost his hold and fell under the machine, the rear wheel passing completely over his body. He laid motionless for a brief time but which he was assisted to his feet his injuries did not seem to be very great and he was taken to his home, and where he is recuperating.

MAC WOOD ARRESTED THIS AFTERNOON

This afternoon Mac Wood, of the Golden Rule, one of the most prominent and highly respected citizens of La Grande, was arrested by officers from the city hall because his store was filled with customers. This is supposed to be a conspiracy of the city commission's order on crowds, although it is the first arrest made of any business man following mercantile lines.

FOCH'S BILL SCARES HUNS

BERLIN REPORTS PAYMENT OF \$12,500,000,000 ORDERED.

Ebert Threatens to Quit, Rather Than Assume Responsibility of Meeting Peace Terms.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Marshal Foch demanded \$12,500,000,000 from Germany at the armistice negotiations in Treves, State Secretary Erzberger stated to the German government, according to a report in circulation here. Of this sum \$7,500,000,000 was for indemnity as a result of damage done by Germans to Northern France and Belgium, and \$5,000,000,000 was for other damages.

As a guarantee for payment the allies demanded control of German railways and forests, it was stated.

Ebert Threatens to Quit.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18.—Chancellor Ebert of Germany has threatened to resign, rather than take the responsibility of signing a "peace of might," said a dispatch from Berlin today.

The Berlin Zeitung Am Mittag and the Dusseldorf Nachrichten and other papers sounded this same note: "What have we been doing for peace? Our enemies are hard at work. We have done nothing but war on hand. When the time comes we shall see the disastrous effects of our inactivity. Our enemies are preparing a cut and dried peace treaty. When it is ready we shall not be allowed to discuss it, but must accept whatever terms they wish to impose."

It is apparent that Germany is going to make a desperate attempt to bluff the allies. She is not ready to accept any terms offered.

It is understood here that both Count Brockdorf-Rantzau and Chancellor Ebert will take the stand that, as Germany has accepted Wilson's 14 points, they will refuse to sign the treaty if these are either abandoned or altered.

MONTENEGRIANS AND SERBS ARE FIGHTING

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Bloody fighting with heavy losses on both sides has resulted from an alleged attempt by Serbians forcibly to abolish Montenegro sovereignty, according to official dispatches received here by Montenegro representatives. Twenty thousand Montenegrins are said to have participated in an uprising against the Serbs. The report that King Nicholas is opposed to inclusion of Montenegro in the proposed Jugo-Slav state is untrue.

ISSUE SUMMARY OF GAME LAWS

"LAWS RELATING TO FUR BEARING ANIMALS"

Foreign Trade of U. S. in Furs for Last Year Largest in History of the Country.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 18.—To aid trappers and hunters the U. S. Department of Agriculture has issued Farmers' Bulletin 1992, "Laws Relating to Fur Bearing Animals," which is a summary of legislation in the United States, Canada, and Newfoundland, relating to trapping, open seasons, propagation, and bounties. Under the stimulus of high prices there is always danger that trappers will deplete the trapping grounds and permanently decrease the number of fur animals, the federal specialists say. Regulations and seasons should be carefully observed, so that the future shall not be endangered.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, the foreign trade of the United States in law and manufactured furs reached the largest total in the history of the country. While exports were only \$12,902,631 as compared with \$15,729,189 for 1917, the imports were \$38,389,372 as compared with \$21,523,375 for 1917. The total foreign trade in furs increased over 49 per cent.

CONSUL SILLIMAN DIES IN MEXICO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The death of Consul Silliman, American consul at Guadalupe, Mexico, was announced here today by the state department.

Churches Will Not Be Opened Tomorrow

SAY LIEBKNECHT WAS RUSS AGENT

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18.—Reports from Berlin received here state that government agents in that city have seized evidence that proves that Karl Liebknecht, the late leader of the Spartacides, was a Russian agent.

Herr Nook, the German minister of demobilization, says that the Spartacian power has been absolutely broken and the leaders and supporters of the uprising have all fled or have been arrested.

EBERT FORECASTS GERMAN REPUBLIC

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Chancellor Johann Ebert, it is expected, may become the president of a new German republic. His political position in Germany has been greatly strengthened by the fall of the Spartacides.

The government has promised to make full compensation for all damage done to property in the recent street fighting in Berlin.

BAKER PIONEER PASSES AWAY

PETER A. MANN, A WELL KNOWN CITIZEN, DIED YESTERDAY

Bronchial Pneumonia Was Cause of Death—Deceased Was Prominent in Mining Business.

BAKER, Jan. 18.—Peter A. Mann, aged 68 years, a well known Baker pioneer, died yesterday morning at St. Elizabeth's hospital after an illness of two weeks from bronchial pneumonia.

Mr. Mann, who was born in Germany, came to this country in his early life and on coming to Oregon resided for some time at The Dalles. He came to Baker from the latter place in 1873 and had lived here continuously since. Mr. Mann's wife died about four months ago.

On coming to Baker Mr. Mann engaged in the mining business and accumulated considerable mining property. He also owned several valuable pieces of property in the city. Baker grew from a village to its present proportions and took an active interest in the city's affairs.

"CAG" RULE IS INSISTED ON

PRESS WILL NOT BE ADMITTED TO ALL SESSIONS.

Think Discussion of Peace Question by Public Would Greatly Affect Result and Final Settlement

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The peace commissioners have made it plain that it is their intention to hold all important deliberations at the peace conference in secret. Five newspaper men from each of the allied nations will be allowed to attend the general sessions of the conference, but they will be excluded from all discussions of very important questions.

This action has been taken for the reason that public discussion of these questions while the conference is considering them, would be harmful and is not desired.

President Wilson's conference with Premier Orlando, of Italy, in which the President is quoted as having denied the claims of the Italians in Dalmatia, has caused the French, Italian and Japanese delegates to insist upon the imposing of the "cag" rule in respect to news paper men.

TWO DEAD IN HOSPITAL FIRE

PITTSBURG, Dec. 18.—One patient missing and is believed to have been burned to death and one died following injuries received from jumping from a respiratory window, when a fire destroyed the hospital convalescent home here last night.

There will be no services in the La Grande churches tomorrow, as had been sincerely hoped by the pastors and by local church people in general. Church people are becoming very restless and impatient under the continued application of the closing rules on their services and made an effort yesterday to have Dr. Bacon allow them to open up tomorrow.

They based their hopes largely on the action of the commission board at its recent meeting, when it voted in favor of opening the town up again with certain exceptions. The commission has given all power in the matter into the hands of the city physician, however, and he has decided that it is not time yet for worship to be resumed in public.

A meeting of the pastors of local churches was held yesterday, and it was decided that since the pool rooms in the city may keep open Sundays and have crowds gather there, there should be no objection to the churches holding service for a couple of hours.

The body of pastors met with Dr. Bacon and expressed this view, but to their disappointment were informed that the ban must stay as it is for some days yet.

PRaise FOR 91ST DIVISION

HIGH ARMY COMMANDER PAYS TRIBUTE TO FIGHTERS.

Men Relieved From Front Line Service on October 3 Assigned to Corps Reserve.

PORTLAND, Jan. 18.—Brigadier General H. A. Greene, retired, former commandant at Camp Lewis, writes from Manila, P. I., in tribute to the men of the 91st division, in the organization of which he bore an important part. For the information of Oregon relatives and friends of those who served with the division, General Greene quotes from the order of the commanding general of the Fifth army corps, sent to the commanding general of the 91st division.

"Under orders from the First Army," reads the official instruction, "the 91st division will be relieved from the front line tonight (October 3) and placed in the corps reserve.

"The corps wishes you to understand that this relief results solely from a realization by higher command that your division has done its full share in the recent success, and is entitled to a rest for reorganization. This especially as during the past three days it has incurred heavy casualties, when circumstances would not permit advance or withdrawal.

"At a time when the divisions on its flanks were faltering and even falling back, the 91st pushed ahead and steadfastly clung to every yard gained.

"In its initial performance your division has established itself firmly on the list of the commander-in-chief's reliable fighting units. Please extend to your officers and men my appreciation of their splendid behavior and my hearty congratulations on the brilliant records they have made."

In his accompanying letter General Greene voices his sorrow that he was not allowed to lead the division on the field, and declares that there are no better men "in all the vast host springing under their country's flag."

General Greene writes that he has been retired from active service and ordered home from Manila, and that he expects to arrive in San Francisco about January 20th.

DECISION RE S. V. RAILWAY DEFERRED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Although railroad administration officials had promised a final answer in the Shum-peter Valley railroad question not later than Thursday, indications are that no decision will be announced before Monday.

Senator J. N. Teal and Charles T. Farley left Thursday night for New York after making an effort to secure something definite on the question of relief for the road through federal control or division of rates. W. E. Meacham of Baker, remains here to watch developments.

MANY DIE WHEN STEAMER HITS MINE

MESSINA, Jan. 18.—Four hundred and fifty persons perished when the French steamer Chaoua was sunk by a mine off Cape Palermo on Wednesday, it was learned today. The Chaoua, which was en route from Marsa Matruh, had 400 passengers and a crew of eight. Only 230 were saved. The victims included the French minister to Greece.

LEGISLATURE WORKING AT FULL SPEED

MEMBERS HAVE INTRODUCED EIGHTY-ONE BILLS IN FOUR DAYS.

SECOND WEEK OF SESSION WILL SEE MUCH WORK UP

Soldiers' Relief Act Is One of Most Important Pieces of Legislation—Two Bills Are Introduced Directed Against Criminal Syndicalism—Much Interest Attached to These.

STATE CAPITOL, SALEM, Jan. 18.—Working steadily and without any sensational displays, the thirtieth session of the Oregon state legislature has accomplished more work during the first week of its life, it is said, than has any previous assembly. The oldest legislators here cannot remember a session at which a greater quantity of important legislation was introduced during the first week.

Mr. Eberhard has introduced a long measure providing for a uniform sales act. This has been introduced at a convention in the east and while of prime importance is of main interest to lawyers.

Mr. Banks seeks to provide for compulsory voting in a measure introduced in the senate and this is considered by many as one of the most important bills of the session. It would compel citizens to vote at elections and be directed immediately against the complaint so frequently heard relative to direct legislation that a small minority of the entire vote of the state practically dominates the situation in voting on initiative and referendum measures.

Bill Eliminates State Aid.

Senator La Follett and J. C. Smith, each have measures providing for eliminating state aid to the industrial accident commission. The Smith bill would provide for a continuing appropriation of \$300,000 a year to pay the expense of administration of the commission, the state aid for the insurance feature of the compensation act being removed. The La Follett bill eliminates the state aid feature entirely, assessing the administrative expense against the accident fund.

Mr. Farrell has an important measure proposing to create a child welfare commission, to have plenary powers over the state-aided charitable institutions which care for delinquent and dependent children. This commission would include one justice of the supreme court, a professor from the university of Oregon, versed in psychology, a physician, to be selected by the president of the Oregon Medical association, the superintendent of public instruction and the secretary of the board of child labor inspectors.

Land for Soldiers, Plea.

Senator Eddy's bill for soldier settlement is one of the first of the reconstruction measures, and would carry an appropriation of \$500,000 for the biennium.

Alternative provisions of the state furnishing the land and the government furnishing funds for reclamation purposes, or the state to buy the land and equip the farms for immediate possession are included.

VICTORY LOAN WILL BE LARGE

NEXT CAMPAIGN EXPECTED TO BEAT ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS

Sum Will Be Required to Pay for Saving of Half a Million Lives, Is View Taken.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—The Victory Liberty loan will be as large as the Fourth Liberty loan, Lewis L. Franklin, director of the government loan organization, told a gathering of fifty men and women from eight states here yesterday, for daily opening of the 1919 war savings and thrift campaign for the Twelfth Federal Reserve district.

He said the Victory loan will pay for the saving of the lives at least of half a million American soldiers who would have died if the war had continued.