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The Expected Has Happened.

Every indication points to the election of a Republican House and perhaps a Republican Senate. It happened. The President, instead of making a plea for Democratic support, should have made a plea for patriotic support and not mentioned his political party. Although he is our President, although he is possessed of wisdom and is our recognized leader, behind whom we all join in the most vigorous manner, he could not dictate the politics of this nation, even though we are in the throes of a bloody war.

The result of this election in a general way is the highest possible tribute that could be paid to the American people. It shows men and women think for themselves. That they are equal to any emergency; that they will not be taken off their feet even during times like this.

President Wilson has nothing to fear by results of yesterday's election. He is still our leader, our President, our leading American. That he has been rebuked for trying to do something he should not have done, will not lessen the support he will receive in the national policies. In our judgment, the President is better off today than he would have been with a nest of his own party in congress, for Republicans go at things with a will, while the Democratic members have in many instances gone at things without a will, and with a desire to do nothing unless some war industry was located in the south.

Proud Record By United States.

One distinctive feature connected with the world war will ever stand as a towering monument to the United States. With all that has been done in the progress of the war that could have been improved upon and with all the mistakes that have been made in the way of preparations in the many departments, there has been one upmost thing in view that has been maintained throughout, and that has been in looking after the comfort and welfare of the soldiers. While there were some misarrangements on the start, due to the intense hurry of assembling a fighting force, there has at all times been the sole object and purpose to see that the soldiers were well cared for. Almost every report from the boys show that they have no complaint to offer in regard to their treatment. They nearly always refer to the fact that they are well clothed and well fed.

This is in strong contrast with the history heretofore. The Civil War had its full share of soldiers, with their whiskey and quinine, who were nothing more nor less than petty profiteers on the men who wore the blue. Later came the everlasting disgrace of soldiers fighting in the country's cause and literally starved or forced to eke out a miserable existence in a warm latitude on "embalmed" beef. It has been entirely different with Uncle Sam's soldiers in the present conflict, and what the government has done for their comfort and sustenance has been readily supplemented in other ways by civilian efforts, all directed to the end of making the task imposed on the fighters as light and cheerful as possible. All relief organizations have done such noble work and such willing sacrifices have been made that the treatment of the men in the service will stand forever as a testimonial to the love and honor in which they are held by the folks at home.

The task is not yet ended and it remains still to hold the welfare of the boys as the sacred duty that is to complete a record in their behalf that will prove the gratitude felt for those who have so manfully borne the burdens and the heat of the day.

Paying the Penalty For "Dirty Tricks."

Maximilian Harden, Germany's brilliant free lance editor, states the truth with engaging frankness:

"We started the war with a dirty trick and all our subsequent victories have been the results of dishonesty. William II is a film hero and Germany a vulgar cinematograph show. We sit today on the ruins of 30 years of Hohenzollern politics."

The "dirty trick" was Germany's sly manipulation of Austria to seize upon the Serajevo assassination of the

Austrian crown prince as a pretext for war. The dishonesty was the canny, lying insinuation put forth by the kaiser and his aides that Germany was fighting a defensive war.

To do Harden justice it must be said that from the beginning he scorned the hypocrisy of the German government. In the opening weeks of the conflict, his newspaper was suppressed for this frank avowal:

"Cease the pitiful attempts to excuse Germany's action. No longer wall to strangers, who do not care to hear you, telling them how dear to us were the smiles of peace we had smeared like rouge upon our lips and how deeply we regret in our hearts that the treachery of conspirators dragged us unwillingly into a forced war. . . . That national selfishness does not seem a duty to you, but a sin, is something you must conceal from foreign eyes. . . . Not as weak-willed blunderers have we undertaken the fearful risk of this war. We wanted it."

Harden administers bitter but wholesome medicine to the kaiser, the general staff and the deceived German people. They are paying now the penalty for the "dirty tricks" and 30 years of fatuous following of Hohenzollern politics.

The Drive Should Be An Easy One.

While there are unquestionably some difficulties in the way on account of the prevailing disease, the actual work of supplying the War Chest should not be a task of great magnitude. It is a small amount compared with what the people of Union and Wallawa counties have already come forward with for the prosecution of the war.

There are also other reasons why the amount to be subscribed should come with less reluctance than any of the subscriptions heretofore pledged. It is the most plain case in the world that the heavy expense of war is nearing the end, but there is still much to do to be sure that the brave soldiers across the waters are well and fully provided for. The seven beneficiary organizations are each doing their share to make the lot of the soldier as light as possible. There is unlimited evidence that this work receives the appreciation of the ones who are bearing the heavy burden of war, and there is also unmistakable evidence that the funds contributed through these sources are properly applied. It is a great work and it comes less burdensome when every day brings the time nearer when the boys will be home.

No one would, for any consideration, deny them all that can be reasonably supplied. The right thing to do is to subscribe the amounts freely and cheerfully, as the time is certainly approaching when appeals, as far as war relief work is concerned, will be at an end.

Will Die a Lingering Death.

It is only a matter of hours, perhaps, when the word will be flashed over the country that the last of the world's monarchs will have capitulated. But this is not yet to be accepted as a fact that autocracy has been dethroned. The reports that have thus far been given out and which tend to show that the ruling power in Germany is passing into the hands of the people may be taken with allowance. The kaiser is reluctant to resign and there is a wonderfully large element in Germany which does not want him to step down and out entirely. Ludendorff's resignation was presented to the kaiser and accepted by the kaiser, who in this act alone, showed that the emperor regards himself as chief.

In his letter to Prince Max regarding the amended constitution, he speaks of the "struggles between invested authority and the aspiring forces." The kaiser absolutely can not give it up. He is the only real,

genuine "invested" authority that there is. And the pitiful thing is that a whole lot of his subjects believe this to be the fact—divinely ordained and never to be changed. All and everything that has yet been reported from the kaiser is in effect that whatever concession he may make will be for his people, whom he is still willing to serve first, last and all the time, and as a "hereditary president" if necessary.

The proof as to whether the German people are ready to surrender their idol and all the selfishness which he impersonates will come when they meet the allied terms. If they accept the demands and begin a program of carrying them out in good faith, there may be some grounds for hope. If they do not accept the conditions that are named in the Versailles conference, it will be necessary to see that they do accept, but in any case autocracy in Germany will die a lingering death, and perhaps never wholly succumb.

Austria Was Made the Cat's Paw.

Austria has signed the armistice terms with Italy and will at once begin the work of demobilizing and arranging to meet the other terms which the allied conference transmitted to Gen. Diaz. After days of pleading the Austrian part of the dual empire is allowed to quit the war.

In a historical way Austria began the world conflict, but this was done only at the instance of Germany and in this relationship Austria was a cat's paw of the German emperor who was crazy to find some pretext to begin what he and his military associates believed to be "easy picking."

Austria was induced to make demands on Serbia which could not in any reasonable manner be complied with, and Germany was to immediately take sides with Austria and begin a conquest to grab the world. It was the boast of the German emperor, under the guise of self-defense, that he was ready to fight the whole world, and he got his wish. The Austria-Serbia trouble was merely a pretext to begin.

Like all who have tied their fortunes to the German military wagon, Austria comes out of the fray with monumental losses and sacrifices and hardship that will be felt for generations to come. It also shows that Austria after all was only a hollow shell as a world power.

Plans to Rout Pest From Grain Fields.

The aphid hosts which attack the grain fields of Oregon and Washington each drought season and cause serious loss are to be routed next year by an army of lady-bugs recruited from the mountains and canyons of the national forests, if a plan now on foot is successfully carried out.

The bureau of entomology, assisted by the state and county agents, is attempting to locate a sufficient number of the lady-bugs to meet any emergency which may arise in the grain districts of the two states. The lady-bug has no more use for aphids than civilization has for the Huns and attacks and destroys them with great zest, according to entomologists who are familiar with the insects.

The lady-bugs, which are really beetles and not bugs at all, congregate early in the fall at high altitudes, or in canyon bottoms, and are sometimes found in all manner of places. They remain inactive in those large colonies, or caches as these gatherings are called, until late the following spring, clinging to vegetation of all kinds. The beetles have a red body with black spots and are from one-eighth to one-fourth inch in length.

The forest service will cooperate with the bureau of entomology in locating lady-bug caches, and thus facilitate their collection when needed. A circular letter has been mailed from the district forester's office in Portland to the forest officers of the district asking them to furnish information concerning the location of large colonies, containing twenty to twenty-five quarts of the beetles, date of discovery, and approximate size of the colony.

The information furnished by the rangers will be used in selecting sites where the lady-bugs can be most conveniently collected by the federal, state, and county officials this fall. In this way the officials expect to

have the beetles available in sufficient numbers to prevent a repetition of the grain loss of the past season in Oregon and Washington.

Economic Loss In the Great War.

Leaving aside the frightful matter of the loss of life and the sacrifices that must be made, involuntarily, by many who have had no direct part in war, the actual debt in money will be so much that it is doubtful if the people of Germany will ever be able to pay it. This has been not only the greatest war in history in the number of the fighting forces involved, but it has entailed an economic loss that will affect the world in general for years to come. A great deal of this loss could have been avoided if the reasonable and humane rules of action had been adhered to. Among the unnecessary losses is that of the sinking of vessels and their cargoes, and a still greater loss is that which followed the orgies of destruction which the German armies put into effect in Belgium and France.

Then there were vast sums of money extorted, especially from Belgium, that in all honor must be replaced. Various cities of Belgium, under the pretext of fines for one thing and another, were compelled to submit to extortion by the invading army. This money may still be somewhere in Germany and if it is the war will not be justly concluded until every cent of it is returned.

The German people themselves have piled up a heavy debt which someone will have to lose. The whole resources of the country have for four long years been devoted principally to the prosecution of the war, and it is little wonder that they begin to whine about the acceptance of a "humiliating peace."

All German effort for years gone by has been scattered by the roadside, involving a loss that cannot be repaired with the added burden of being required, as they certainly will be, to make good the losses they have inflicted on others.

It is certainly time for the elimination of all selfish and autocratic power and for the founding of a league of nations whose relations will be based on the principles of peace and justice. It would certainly have been a paying proposition if such a league had been in effect and the drill in the goose-step and the manufacture of big guns had been discarded in Germany generations ago.

Very Ticklish On Subject of Peace.

A demonstration in Berlin is reported in which resolutions were passed against acceptance of "humiliating peace." That is the only kind that Germany will get, and the humiliating part of it will be in the same proportion to the exultation that was indulged when the school children marched in parade over the sinking of the Lusitania; when they scattered the creed that might makes right and that the whole controversy could be settled in no other way than the arbitrament of the sword.

It is too late now to be over-sensitive on the matter of the kind of peace that is coming. If the answer to the terms of the allied council is not soon sent out, what is left of the German army will crumble on the western front. Of course, they can do as they please over the little formality of accepting the terms, but it is not a time to be too fastidious.

Varieties of Golden Rod.

It is said by many persons that the handsomest of the rods is that which is called Canada golden rod. The flower cluster is very large and plumelike. Next to it is that plant which is called the showy golden rod. It is brighter yellow than many of the species and the flower cluster is plumelike. The lace-leaved golden rod is so different from many other common species that a person can hardly fail to notice it. The flowers are crowded together, are small and dull yellow.

Iceland's Fisheries.

Iceland has excellent fisheries, among the best in the world, and her fishing industry is growing rapidly.

Mrs. P. O. Sturcell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Sturcell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take. Adv.

LIVE STOCK SHOW

International Association Will Hold Meeting at San Francisco

More than 2200 head of pure bred cattle, horses, swine and sheep, the aristocrats of the live stock realm will be congregated at the forthcoming California International Livestock show to be held in San Francisco November 15 to 24.

Noted herds are already in Los Angeles where they will "show" at the Liberty Fair there and are also entered in the San Francisco show. Among the eastern herds now in the southern city awaiting development at Los Angeles and which will also be shown in San Francisco are the Maxwell Miller herd of Shorthorns from Steamboat Springs, Colorado, and the famous registered Herefords of A. B. Cook of Townsend, Montana. There are also twelve Herefords from the Curtice Cattle Company of Calgary, Alberta, Canada, formerly of Eminence, Ky., and registered Herefords from the Hereford Corporation of Wyoming.

Twenty Angus cattle from the Congdon & Battles farms at Yakima, Wash., are also there as well as the Hereford herd and five Shorthorns of William Hoan of Denver.

All of these pure bred cattle will come to San Francisco and are now in the southern city awaiting a rearrangement of Liberty Fair dates there.

The San Francisco show has been selected by a number of exhibitors now on the coast in preference to the Kansas City Royal show which falls upon the same date, November 16 to 24, as that set for the show here.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES CONSIDERED FAIR

Following is the price interpretation schedule issued by State Food Administrator W. B. Ayer, through County Food Administrator T. J. Scroggin, for the week beginning October 28. The first column represents the price paid by the retailer, while the last column of the figures is the price to be charged the consumer by the retailer:

Fresh Eggs	65c	70c
Fresh Creamery Butter	63c	69c
Potatoes, old	14c	2c
Cheese, full cream	37-40c	45c
Fresh Salmon, lb.	25c	30c
Corn Meal, Yel., bulk	5-6c	7-8c
Corn Meal, Wh., bulk	6-8c	10c
Rolls Oats, 9-lb bag	1b 84c	40c
Rolls Oats, 20-oz pkg	33c	13c
Rice Flour, bulk	100 lbs 94c	8c
Barley Flour, bulk	lb. 5-6c	15c
Rye, Head, lb.	12c	11c
Sugar, dry gran	100 lbs 10c	8-9c
Corn Flour, Wh., bulk	lb. 6-8c	9-10c
Rye Flour, 10-lb bgs	bale 7-10c	9c
Hominy, bulk	6-9-10c	16c
Beans, small wh., lb.	12c	14c
Beans, colored, lb.	10-12c	13c
Cond. Milk, 16-oz cans	15c	18c
Cond. Milk, 6-oz cans	6-8c	8-9c
Canned Corn, stand.	10-15c	15c
Canned Tomatoes	11-14c	15c
Canned Peas, stan.	11-12c	16-18c
Dried Fruit, Rais, pk. lb.	13c	17c
Wheat Flour, 49-lb bags	\$2.55-\$2.97	\$2.85-\$3.15
Wheat Flour, 10-lb bags	56c	75c
Lard, Stand. lb.	23-25c	30c
Lard Sub. (Shortening)	23-25c	24c
per lb.	23-25c	40c
Hams, Stand.	35c	40c
Breakfast Bacon, Stand.	32-40c	35-55c
Fancy Bacon	50-55c	60-65c

Guide Signs.

In the various proposals for developing motor transportation over our highways nothing has been said about guide posts, but that they are necessary is fully demonstrated by the frequent reports that have appeared of fleets of government trucks losing their way, especially at night. Considerable good work in this direction has been done, largely through private enterprise; but there is still much to do in distinctly marking every fork and turn on all main routes, particularly through towns. And in this connection, it would be well to put on the statute books stringent laws to repress the rural hoodlum with a cheap gun or pistol who delights to use road signs as a target, to the great annoyance of travelers to whom guide signs in unfamiliar territory are an absolute essential.—Scientific American.

The Monkey's Descent.

School children are not always as attentive as they should be, but Miss Tilly Teechum's class was a wonder. There were few things they did not know. "Now, children," she said, "what did man descend from?" The answer came like a boomerang: "From a monkey!" Miss Teechum beamed, and, singling out one bright little fellow, she asked: "Tell me, Jimmy, what did the monkey descend from?" "Please, miss, from the tree," was the surprising answer.

Optimistic Thought.

A city does not prosper that shakes with sedition and is rent by evil counsels.

Full of Cold, Had the Grip

This has been such a trying year for sickness that many will be pleased to read how Lewis Newman, 508 Northland St., Charleston, W. Va., was restored to health. He writes: "I was down sick and nothing would do me any good. I was full of cold. Had the grip until I got two 50c bottles of Foley's Honey and Tar. It is the best remedy for grip and colds I ever used." Good for grip, coughs, croup, whooping cough and common colds. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Boy.
Howdy!



If you only knew tobacco you'd get a pouch of Real Gravely today. Then you'd have a satisfying chew, a good tasting chew. It lasts so much longer than any

man can chew this class of tobacco without extra cost.

It goes further—that's why you can get the good taste of this class of tobacco without extra cost.

PEYTON BRAND Real Gravely Chewing Plug 10¢ a pouch—and worth it

P. B. GRAVELY TOBACCO CO., DANVILLE, VA.

RUSSIAN GOLD SEIZED

Immense Sum Is Retrieved From Bolshevik Government.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Russian government gold valued at \$300,000,000 rubles taken from Petrograd by the Bolsheviks, has been saved at Kazan by the Omsk government, generally recognized as a foundation for the re-organization of Russia. A. J. Sack, director of the Russian information bureau, announced here Monday night on authority of the Russian embassy at Washington.

The gold, representing two-thirds of the reserve in the Russian treasury when the Bolsheviks gained control of the capital late in 1917, was transported by them to Kazan and thence to Samara. Agents of the Omsk government, obtaining possession of it, took the metal to Omsk.

News of the coup was cabled to Washington by I. A. Michailoff, secretary of finance at Omsk. Mr. Sack said. The gold is worth approximately \$400,000,000. The Omsk government, according to recent advices from Russia, is rapidly gaining recognition among the anti-Bolshevik councils as the nucleus for the formation of a conservative government.

Preserving Spiders' Webs.

In order to preserve spiders' webs, naturalists employ an ingenious method. The webs are first sprayed from an atomizer with a thin solution of artists' shellac, and then, should they be of the ordinary geometric form, they are pressed carefully against a glass plate, the supporting strands at the same time being severed. After the shellac solution has dried the plates carrying the webs can be stored away in a cabinet.

Midget Volume.

The smallest printed volume in existence is a complete French translation of Dante's "Divine Comedy." It measures less than half an inch square, and, though comprising 500 pages, required only two sheets of printer's paper for its make-up.

Evolution of the Lady Barber.

Some of you men seem to think that woman is not qualified to take her place at the barber chair. She's been trimming man ever since the first Hector was a pup; she took to singeing man's contentment the moment she spotted Adam trying to determine why he was a rib shy; and she began to shave when the first efficient male idiot decided that a weekly allowance for household expenses was the proper thing.—Letter in New York Sun.

Plantfood in Soil.

A chemical analysis cannot show the amount of available plantfood in a soil. A chemist could, without difficulty, make an artificial soil containing every element of plantfood in abundance, and yet be perfectly sterile. Plant, for example, is usually very rich in nitrogen, but it is locked up or unavailable. To pulverize it and mix it with lime is to change it into a highly nutritious soil.

Job Printing, The Observer, Main 37.

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