

"BLUE DEVIL" BLUE

—We have received the new silks, in "Blue Devil" blue—being the color just now in vogue, and brought forth by the recent visit of the "Blue Devils" of France, who were visiting in this country.

—All city stores are featuring this color shade, which is really a light Navy blue. Just now, Navy blue and "Blue Devil" blue are in strong request.

See the New Color in Our Window.

Hills Department Store

ARCADE

"YOUTH."

With Carlyle Blackwell and June Elvidge as the stars and with a brilliant cast including Muriel Ostriche and Johnny Hines, the newest World Picture Brady-made, bearing the title "Youth," will come to the Arcade Theater on Wednesday and Thursday. This picture is a thoroughly entertaining, thoroly pleasing offering. It has been built for entertainment purposes only and it fulfills every purpose for which it has been built. Carlyle Blackwell is splendid in the role of a rich young college man who is cast out by his father after a particularly hilarious evening, and who finally makes his father pleased with him in a manner different from the way in which youths of this character generally "come back." June Elvidge plays the role of the girl in the case, and she is a very remarkable girl indeed, being the only doctor in a construction camp on the Tennessee River, where a dam is being built. Muriel Ostriche is seen as a charming society queen, while Johnny Hines adds a new characterization to his repertoire by enacting the part of a Jap valet.

SHERRY'S

"OVER THE TOP" LAST SHOWING TODAY.

"Over the Top" in which Sergeant Empey, soldier-author-lecturer, appears as the star player, is considered one of the most timely and important motion pictures ever produced. It follows closely the events of Empey's book and presents the struggle in France in sharp silhouette without any attempt at showing the major operations. Through the expert knowledge gained through eighteen months of service with the British expeditionary forces in France, trench fighting is revealed with great faithfulness.

American soldiers, training at Camp Wheeler, near Macon, Ga., are seen in action in the trench scenes, which were made through a special permit of the War Department. Sergeant Empey and the Vitagraph company supporting him, spent the greater part of a month at Camp Wheeler, and the army officers have declared that the trench raids and hand-to-hand fighting scenes are most realistic.

NOTICE.

The ladies of the Christian Church will give an Ice Cream Social on the lawn of the corner of 5th and Pennsylvania, Friday evening if the weather is favorable and if not it will be given in the church. 7-24-18

Are You One Of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas and severe pain in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.—(Adv.)

CAPT. A. C. WEIDENBACH



Capt. A. C. Weidenbach, appointed head of the government's airplane mail flyers, has seen three months' service abroad as a flyer with the American expeditionary forces.

SERIOUS ERROR IN LA GRANDE

La Grande Citizens Will Do Well to Profit By the Following.

Many fatal cases of kidney disease have reached an incurable stage because the patient did not understand the symptoms. Even today in La Grande, there are many residents making the same serious error. They attribute their myrionous aches and pains to overwork, or worry, or when all the time their rheumatic pains, backache and bladder irregularities are most probably due to weak and ailing kidneys. If you are ill, if your kidneys are out of order, profit by this La Grande resident's experience.

Mrs. George Bunch, 1706 N. Spruce St., says: "Two years ago I was nearly bed-fast with kidney trouble. For several weeks, my back and hips were so painful, I could hardly keep going. When I got down, it was almost impossible for me to straighten up, as my back was so weak and sore. My kidneys didn't act right and caused me a great deal of misery. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills made me feel like a different person. Since then, I have taken them when I have had any trouble from my kidneys and they have never failed to help me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Bunch had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

If you are thinking about a pretty hand purse, or a small shopping bag, that is just the very latest made and for really reasonable prices, and of good leather, you will be pleased with the new line of these goods that are arriving at Silverthorn's Drug Store. Daily 23 1/2

Silverthorn's
FAMILY DRUG STORE
LA GRANDE, OREGON.

BRITISH NOT DOWN HEARTED

AMERICANS PRESENT FOR FIFTH YEAR OF FIGHT.

After Hard Knocks And Disappointments Bull Dogs Are Still Eager For The Fray.

By William Philip Simms (United Press Staff Correspondent) WITH THE BRITISH ALLIES IN THE FIELD, July 1.—On this front three big things loom up out of the year which began the middle of last summer and ended the middle of this:

Haig's offensive in Flanders and at Cambrai.

The decision to brigade Americans with the British.

The German offensive.

Each will have a large place in the history of this war.

Although at that time there was no such thing as a generalissimo on the Western front, there was something approaching unity of command, and it had been agreed between British and French that certain general policies should be followed in the Allies offensive of 1917. Without going into detail, the tactics of the Franco-British commanders were almost precisely those of von Hindenburg and von Ludendorff this year. That is, an offensive was to be turned loose in a particular place, and if this came to a standstill another offensive should be got under way as quickly as possible somewhere else.

Arras Fight Starts.

So, on April 9, 1917 the battle of Arras began. A few days later the French attacked between Soissons and Rheims. The storming of the Messines Ridge came next and after this the push in Flanders and the drive against Cambrai.

The Flanders offensive was aimed against the high ground east and northeast of Ypres, against Passchendaele, Ronlers and the U-boat bases on the Belgian coast. Had these been taken Germany's position in Belgium would have been precarious and her whole northern flank menaced.

But Haig played in usual British luck: The weather was abominable. Flanders became a quagmire. There were days when some of the finest fighting men who ever pushed a bayonet failed to reach their objectives only because it was a physical impossibility to cross the bog.

Of course, progress was hopelessly retarded, losses were heavy and the campaign season ended with the capture of Passchendaele. The Germans were not seriously incensed. On the other hand, British troops, who had to fight rain and mud quite as much as the other enemy, were very tired.

Still, after a pause, the Cambrai surprise was sprung on the Germans. And this was a surprise, the Germans themselves notwithstanding. Personally, I believe the war might have been ended there and then had the Allies not been dog tired at the end of a long, hard campaign, instead of being at the start and fresh. For the tanks, hundreds of them, broke completely through before the panic-stricken enemy realized what was going on. In front of the British infantry lay Cambrai and the wide-open country. All that was needed was a strong fresh army to exploit the breach. The whole German army might have been rolled up.

But... and that's the whole story... the men were tired and their ranks thin, and, not being strong enough to push on, had, ten days later, to withdraw out of a dangerous salient.

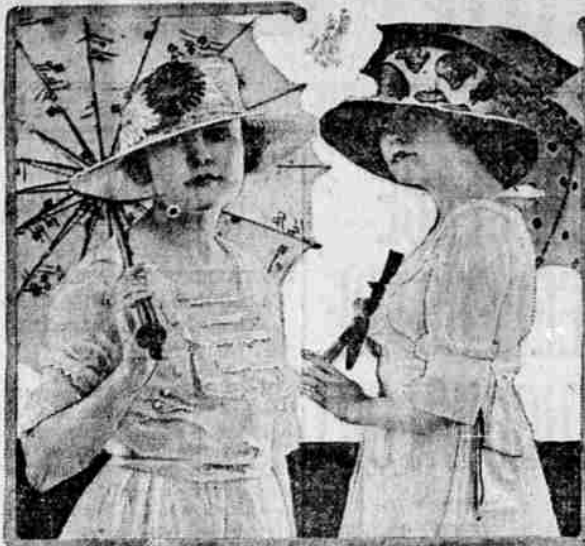
Rumors Of Offensive.

About this time rumors of a great German offensive against the west front began to take form. The Russian collapse had become practically complete and a front which had required 78 German divisions to hold down, disappeared. Even at the time of Cambrai German divisions were arriving from Russia and from that moment on the Kaiser's armies in the West grew bigger and bigger.

A little over a year ago there were but 123 German divisions on the western battlefield. By February of this year there had grown to 181. Only 15 divisions were left in Russia, two others being in the Balkans and three in Italy, a total of 241.

The German offensive which began March 21 was not a surprise in any way whatever. While in Switzerland during the latter part of January I learned that the offensive would commence shortly after March 1, (depending upon weather and other conditions for the exact date); that it would come in the country southwest of Arras; that the Germans would depend largely on gas; that this gas was not new as the Raw-head and bloody bones scaremongers and German propagandists insisted, but had been used both at Cambrai and in Italy; that a very short, very, very preparation would be made, something of the approximate number of troops available; that a big effort would be made first against the British then against the French in a drive toward Paris, which city the German military leaders

Small Spots in the Sun



The parasols that find their place in the sun this summer do not include among them the luxurious affairs that used to flourish in pre-war times. There appears to be less variety than in past seasons and simplicity is a feature of the styles in this summer's sun-shades, but there is variety enough; the fad for hat and parasol to match helping out in this regard. By the very simple expedient of adding a border of ribbon or silk, matching the scarf or bow on a hat, to the edge of a plain parasol, the smart matched set is achieved. Sometimes a lug reinforces this pair making a set of three pieces.

Japan has sent over quite a number of small pretty parasols with short and novel handles that are interesting. Among these there are white silk parasols with sheer hand-painted medallions, as large as a saucer, set in about the edge. The medallions are apparently made of a strong silk muslin with flower designs, sometimes outlined by a tiny gold cord, painted on them. In another Japanese parasol the white silk covering is partially lined with a plaque of this painted muslin and the sun-light filtered through gives a lovely shadow picture. The parasol at the left of the picture is a Japanese model with bamboo frame, tan-colored silk covering printed in colored figures. The American sun-shade at the right is practical and attractive, being in the

best of all colors for real service. It is green with blue dots ringed with white.

There are some novelties in gingham plaids and in plain and plaid silks combined that seem to belong to youthful maids and are destined to rejoice the heart of the flapper. More irresistible than all others, the beautiful white linen-covered parasols, exquisitely hand-embroidered, prove that no new design can outclass them. Natural pongee embroidered in its own color, belongs in the same class and there are the usual bordered pongees, employing bands of vivid colors, all designed for the use of grown-ups.

Julia Bottomley

Women to Award Pensions.

Young women of good education and high purpose are urged in an appeal by the British minister of pensions to volunteer in the work of awarding pensions to disabled soldiers from the battlefields in France.

How to Make Ink.

When breaking the point of an indelible pencil or when sharpening it, save the pieces and put in an inkwell with enough hot water to dissolve it, and you have a dandy bottle of ink. Of course it is purple.

insisted must be taken; and a lot of other information along with this, all of which and more, of course, the intelligence section of the British army had found out the same as I. This is not swank on my part. I simply state these facts to prove that Sir Douglas Haig knew when, where and how Hindenburg's offensive was coming.

British Extend Lines.

Not very long before the offensive began an unfortunate thing occurred. The fortunes of war necessitated the taking over of more line by the British. Formerly the British line ended near St. Quentin. Now it was extended as far as La Fere, and before the troops got fairly into their new sector, Hindenburg's blow fell.

Against the long, thin British line, reaching from the River Scarpe to the Oise, at La Fere, was hurled the mightiest force ever seen in battle. Along this 50 mile front three army groups swept forward at dawn under cover of the mist. These were the 7th army of Otto von Below, and he the ablest commander von Hindenburg has, the 2nd army of von der Marwitz and the 18th army of von Hutier, together numbering more than 80 divisions, of which 41 divisions were used in the first day's attack. Opposing the enemy were the small 3rd British army under Sir Julian Byng, of Cambrai fame, and the smaller 5th army, under Gough, worn down in the campaigns mentioned and very thinly spread out.

No soldiers on earth ever went through such an ordeal as did the British during the seven days following the start of that offensive. On March 23 the enemy crossed the Tortille and for a moment it seemed that they might succeed in

separating the French and British armies, which joined up just south of this point, but the gaps were closed and the 5th army went on retiring, with the 3rd army falling back in order to keep in touch. To the south the French Gen. Fayolle, with superb skill, kept the gaps closed around Ham, Nesle, Chavigny, Roye and Noyons.

On the Somme came another critical moment. Here again, had the Germans been so clever as they like to believe themselves, they might have broken through; but again the gap was closed. On the 25th the enemy took Mantipulch and Courcellette, and Albert was entered on the following day, but by this time Gen. Foch had been made generalissimo in charge of all operations on the western front. The French had moved northwestward as far as Merieux on the Aisne, permitting Haig to thicken his line, and the offensive was brought to a standstill. In all 54 divisions had been used by the Germans, out of a total of some 280 divisions then identified in the West.

The drive in Flanders came a few days later, on April 9. It started in a small way, against the Portuguese, just south of Armentieres. (Continued on Page 4.)

When you are warm and thirsty you will naturally go to Silverthorn's Soda fountain and have Al Cain put up one of those delicious fruit sundaes or a Pecan Sundae. Some like these, Phez Flips very much during a very hot day. Better try one. Daily 23 1/2

Silverthorn's
FAMILY DRUG STORE
LA GRANDE, OREGON.

ARCADE

TODAY AND TOMORROW

CARLYLE BLACKWELL and JUNE ELVIDGE

IN

"YOUTH"

ALSO

A Two-Reel Comedy



WE SELL THE GOOD KIND

Are you sure that the things you put on your table are good and pure? You can be sure they are if they come from our store.

We keep only the Best Quality of Groceries and we sell them for the lowest possible price.

We know from experience how much to order, so we can always keep a fresh supply coming in. You won't get stale groceries from us—but fresh, high quality goods.

Phone us your grocery order today.

HARRIS GROCERY

Phone Main 70 and 77, Farmers Black 192
408 North Fir Street Across the Track
United States Food Administration License No. G50255."

"ECONOMY"

In every wardrobe there is a travel-stained or soiled garment, too good to be thrown away, and not nice enough to wear. Our business is, with a slight cost to make just such a garment wearable again—AND WE DO IT.

Zwiefel Tailoring, A. B. Rogers
Foley Hotel Building, Adams Avenue.

ADVERTISING IS INSURANCE

An advertiser's advertisement is his voluntary agreement to do certain things. Good business policy, law and public opinion require that an advertisement-agreement be fulfilled. This serves as a protection to the buyer of advertised goods.

If, by chance, you have an experience with the deceptive selling practices or misleading advertising, please report it to us.

Mr. Grain Farmer:

Are you prepared to handle your grain in bulk? Do not wait until Spring and Summer when you are buried with work and worried with labor shortage, but build your granaries now.

You can buy the lumber and roofing paper for a first-class 1000 bushel portable granary for \$54.58 and it will last for years. Sacks for the same amount of grain will cost you \$125.00 and this would be a dead loss against this year's crop.

A granary of this size can be moved anywhere and can be filled directly from the threshing, doing away with high priced labor handling and sewing sacks.

The boys in the trenches need the sacks for sand bags for the protection of their very lives and perhaps your boy is among them.

Spend your money in your own valley by buying lumber manufactured at home. When you buy sacks part of the money goes to build.

BUILD YOUR GRANARIES NOW

Be prepared by building them before the farming season opens up. Be sure to get good lumber, well seasoned, as low grade lumber will give you trouble in a few seasons. Don't use green lumber.

Save money—keep what you spend at home—prevent loss and damage from exposure to weather—leave the sacks for our boys in the trenches; help in the war by building granaries now.

Portable granaries of this type are universally used in other sections. One trip with a good team will haul the material for one granary. For particulars as well as prices on Union County lumber for all farm purposes, see

The George Palmer Lumber Co.
LA GRANDE, OREGON