

HERE IS A REMARKABLE GOSSARD CORSET



that is right for you. First, it safeguards that priceless possession, your health, by carefully meeting every hygienic requirement.

By the inimitable designing and scientific boning the correct abdominal support is assured—the corset always stays in position on the body, giving with its slightest movement, and may be worn the entire day with absolute comfort. In a Gossard you will never know that frantic haste to "get out of your corset."

In the delicate outline of this corset is reflected the slender waistline, attained by skillful designing rather than actually expressed, and the perfectly flat back and hip lines. At \$3.50 you are assured a genuine Gossard that will render you a wearing service that alone is worth the price of the garment.

Fashioned of soft, clinging pink or white Sterling Cloth.

\$3.50

Hills Department Store

ARCADE

"HUCK AND TOM."

The very spirit of youth and fun of American boyhood are to be seen throughout the entire five acts of Mark Pickford's latest Paramount picture, "Huck and Tom," now showing at the Arcade Theatre. This is the second of the Tom Sawyer pictures, from Mark Twain's immortal books, although each in itself is a complete release. Director William D. Taylor, a fervent admirer of the great American humorist, found that there was too much story to be contained in a mere five-reel photoplay, and has divided the subject matter into two productions.

Beginning with the determination of Tom and his inseparable friend, Huck, to ward off all possibility of war—the story finds the two boys in a graveyard at midnight—according to the advice of an old dandy as to the best manner of cutting war. How they overheard some grave robbers planning their gruesome work and how they are unwilling witnesses of a murder, is all thrillingly depicted. The next day Tom is ill in bed and his Aunt Polly, cleverly portrayed by Edythe Chapman, is administering the painkiller, which Tom, in turn, passes on to an unsuspecting cat—with dire results. Later the boys are present at the trial of the supposed murderer and by telling an accurate story of their adventures succeed in freeing an innocent man and convicting the criminal. The notoriety they derive from this incident is very sweet to Tom, who fancies himself much in love with the judge's daughter, little Becky Thatcher. Follows the incident, well remembered by readers of Mark Twain's story, of Tom letting a cat down through the roof of the school room, which fastens its claws into the hated school master's wig, lifting it slowly off. A charitable certain is drawn on the sequence of his scene and it is not long after that the great adventure of being lost in the cave with Becky, brings Tom again into the limelight.

Altogether, the picture is fascinatingly interesting and brings out some of Mr. Pickford's best work. The supporting cast, including Edythe Chapman, Robert Gordon, Clara Horton, Alice Marvin, George Hackathorne and others, is especially well chosen.

SHERRY'S

"THE HOUSE OF GOLD." TODAY.

Many people imagine they would be happy if they were multi-millionaires—in other words, if they lived in a "house of gold." This five-act feature shows the life and experience of one woman who was bought with gold, who lived with gold, and who was finally willing to give anything in the world to get rid of the gold.

Enemy Whelen is the star in this magnificent drama of thrills and drama of thrills and mystery, which never for a moment relaxes in absorbing interest. At one point two men struggle in the darkness. One is killed, and one escapes. The battered bride herself does not know which one! Amazing complications arise as a result of this uncertainty.

The events of "The House of Gold," surprising as they are, are perfectly possible, and do not once pass the limit of credibility, even though they are unusual in the extreme. It is a vital drama of human hearts.

Also, Bill Hart in "The Gentleman From Blue Gulch," two reels of action, the last showing today.

"Over the Top."

"Over the Top" is the one story of life in the trenches that has touched every responsive soul in America.

Since the book was published 250,000 copies have been sold during every

business hour, every day. In all, more than 2,500,000 people have read it. More than 20,000,000 people have read Arthur Guy Empey's articles in the great newspapers of the country, and many thousands have been fortunate enough to crowd their way into the limited capacity of the great halls where Empey has lectured.

Now the whole loyal citizenship of the nation can see "Fighting Sergeant" in action, can go "over the top" with him on the Hun hunts. The marvel of motion picture photography brings to life before your very eyes the pulsing, breathing pages of the "most widely read book of the twentieth century." Go "Over the Top" with Empey! at Sherry's Tuesday and Wednesday.

FROM ALBERT SMALL.

La Grande, Oregon.

July 15, 1918.

To the Republican Central Committee of Union County, Ore. Gentlemen:

I have carefully considered some of the war measures which have recently been proposed and which are session of the Oregon legislature. They are of two kinds: On the one hand are those which are aimed at relief of war sufferers and the preservation of peace and industry at home, and have nothing to do with causing war or fostering the military spirit; and, on the other hand, are those which are primarily or solely for the promotion of war.

If I were re-elected to represent Union County in the Oregon Legislature, there are some measures classed as "war measures" for which I could consistently and gladly vote:

(1) I could vote for measures to relieve war sufferers.

(2) I would vote for measures for the re-education and employment of disabled soldiers, and I think such a law should also take care of the disabled victims of industry.

(3) I would favor legislation within constitutional limits, to aid in the conviction of I. W. W.'s or any other persons doing acts of violence or inciting to violence and destruction.

(4) I favor legislation aimed at putting an end to idleness.

(5) I approve of legislation to regulate profiteers and conserve food in this hour of need.

(6) I would gladly vote for any measure to increase farm production; for such measures would aid in the relief of starving millions in the war zone and in far away Syria, as well as lessen the economic hardships at home.

(7) Along the same line, I would gladly vote for a measure granting to municipalities the power to conscript vacant lands and lots for food production purposes such as British Columbia has adopted.

There are a number of measures classed as "war measures" which are in direct conflict with the principles. I may mention the following:

(1) I am opposed to any measure to establish compulsory military training for High School boys. Our state at this time faces a great danger of having such a measure passed under the camouflage of patriotism. Before any legislator decides to support such a measure I wish he would read the report of the New Jersey Commission appointed to investigate the subject, on the strength of which report the New Jersey legislature rejected the measure.

(2) I am opposed to any extreme legislation pertaining to officers or to I. W. W.'s—however, much legislation of some kind is needed—if the purpose or effect of such legislation is such that a legislator cannot conscientiously vote for it without violating his oath to "support the constitution." Many suggestions for legislation on these subjects have been made, which if

put into statutes would be unconstitutional and un-American.

(3) I am opposed to any repeal of our statutes which make libel and lottery, respectively, crimes against the state. I am also opposed to the criminal settlement which thinks that law officers—who have sworn to enforce the laws—should acquiesce in open and notorious violation of these criminal laws when done in the name of patriotism or in the name of humanity.

(4) I am opposed to any measures giving to returning soldiers special privileges in homesteading or purchasing state lands or federal government lands within the State, if such laws are based on the principle of class favoritism and not on the principle of need, impartially applied.

(5) I am opposed to any law abridging our Magna Charta rights of free speech, free press and the right of public assemblage.

(6) I am opposed to any attempt to legalize the use of County funds for the purposes of promoting the war.

(7) I am opposed to any state legislation appropriating one mill for the war emergency fund if it is to be used, directly or indirectly, primarily for the purpose of promoting the war.

I have observed with deep regret the increasing tendency of our local politicians to resort to methods which are fundamentally un-American, un-Christian, and sometimes illegal. The publication in the La Grande Evening Observer on April 9th, of the names of two men who had refused to buy war bonds, labeling them "Slackers," in order to bring them into public contempt, and agreeing to boycott them, the publication being signed by the local Liberty Loan Committee and by sixty other citizens of the American Republic, and the recent automobile lottery for the benefit of the Red Cross Society—both acts being against the original laws of this state—are typical instances proving that some of our American citizens possess a spiritual kinship with the Prussian militarists and their kind. When American citizens adopt the Prussian principle that the end justifies the means there is no logical stopping place. They will follow their radical leaders from one crime to another, building upon bad precedents of the past. One sin does not justify another. The deeper our American principles are rooted into our characters, the more loyal we will be to them in time of stress and the more strongly we will oppose the principles of Prussianism. The shallower our Americanism is, the easier it will be for Prussianism to conquer our minds. The latest and one of the most successful moves on the part of militarism among us was to ask members of the Christian Churches to adopt a resolution endorsing one of the bloodiest and most violent events of the French Revolution—the destruction of the Bastille and the murder of its defenders. Read Montgomery's French History, page 212. I am opposed to both the sentiment and the spirit of the "Fourth of July Messuage," indorsed last Sunday by the Resolution of the Christian Churches, in so far as it glorifies one of the world's most horrible catastrophes of crime as a means of winning liberty.

The instances that I have cited show the state of public sentiment. Judging from the trend of events, this spirit may continue from this time until the meeting of the Oregon Legislature; and, if I should be re-elected Representative for Union County, I would be face to face with the necessity of having either to vote for measures which would violate my principles or else misrepresent a majority of my constituents by voting against those measures. I prefer to take no chances.

I was born and bred under the shadow of the great names of

George Fox, William Penn, Robert Barclay, John Woolman, John Greenleaf Whittier, Jonathan Bynon, John Bright and my own Quaker mother. Their philosophy is mine. I am a Friend by birth and conviction. In the class of consistent Christian teachers I am glad to find all of the early Christians, who for two hundred years after Christ refused to bear arms, and about twelve different Christian sects, lighting the dark world from the days of the primitive Christians to our times. I am glad also to find in this class such men as Charles Sumner, William Lloyd Garrison and thousands of loyal, independent-thinking men and women today scattered through all branches of the Christian church. I have studied the moral, economic, scientific, humanitarian, idealistic, practical and expediency arguments, and I am convinced that the modern Christian peace-maker's intellectual and moral grasp of the problem of how to meet offenses and how to resist and overcome evil has not been exceeded by that of any man since the days of Nazarene. I am not setting up any standard by which to judge the consciences of other men, but my own duty is clear. To my principles I must be true. I am not supporting the war program. I have not lifted a hand to promote this war. I have not yielded to the power of militarism and I shall not do so, however intolerant, despotic and lawless it may become.

This is not written for the purpose of defending my peace principles. I shall not even state them. I have carefully refrained from arguing my point of view with men of opposite views, and I shall refrain from doing so now. It is the only subject in all the categories of human inquiry on which I have not lifted a hand to promote this war. I have not yielded to the power of militarism and I shall not do so, however intolerant, despotic and lawless it may become.

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The majority must rule; if the minority should rule, how could we have government by the people? There may be times when a representative is justified in the principle of majority-rule in going against his own best judgment, contrary to his convictions, and voting as he knows his constituents (Continued on Page 6.)

Do you know that a well-equipped and properly-managed soda fountain is no longer a boy's job? The average fountain costs more than many of the finest homes in La Grande, it means something and should be taken care of and well managed and the very best kind of service given to all patrons. We believe the Silverthorn Fountain in La Grande is one of the very best in Oregon, always clean and the very latest and best kinds of drinks are served at their fountain by Mr. Al Cain, a true Southerner, coming from a country where cold drinks are so much sought for and necessary every day want. By 31

Silverthorn's
FAMILY DRUG STORE
LA GRANDE, OREGON.

Are You Prepared?

Into practically every life comes a time of trouble.

The man who goes down under misfortune is he who has spent as much, or more, than he earned, without thought of the morrow.

The man who comes safely through, is he who has built up a fund to meet unexpected demands.

Be prepared. Open a Savings Account Today.

United States National Bank
La Grande, Ore.



TRY OUR TEAS AND COFFEES

The cost per cup depends upon the strength of your tea or coffee. If you buy a poor quality, it takes more to the cup and, really, the poor kind costs more than the good quality.

We have the good quality of teas and coffees—selected and blended by the best experts.

Phone us your grocery order today. Full line of Fruits and Vegetables.

HARRIS GROCERY

Phone Main 70 and 77, Farmers Black 192
408 North Fir Street Across the Track
"United States Food Administration License No. G59255."

"ECONOMY"

In every wardrobe there is a travel-stained or soiled garment, too good to be thrown away and not nice enough to wear. Our business is, at a slight cost to make just such a garment wearable again—ANTHWE DO IT.

Zwiefel Tailoring, A. B. Rogers
Foley Hotel Building, Adams Avenue.

ADVERTISING IS INSURANCE

An advertiser's advertisement is his voluntary agreement to do certain things. Good business policy, law and public opinion require that an advertisement-agreement be fulfilled. This serves as a protection to the buyer of advertised goods.

If, by chance, you have an experience with the deceptive selling practices or misleading advertising, please report it to us.

ARCADE THEATRE



HUCK & TOM

(Right from Twain's Pages.)

Starring

Jack Pickford

Also a Two-Reel Comedy.

The show will be out in time for the Parade.

Mr. Grain Farmer:

Are you prepared to handle your grain in bulk? Do not wait until Spring and Summer when you are buried with work and worried with labor shortage, but build your granaries now.

You can buy the lumber and roofing paper for a first-class 1000 bushel portable granary for \$54.58 and it will last for years. Sacks for the same amount of grain will cost you \$125.00 and this would be a dead loss against this year's crop.

A granary of this size can be moved anywhere and can be filled directly from the thresher, doing away with high priced labor handling and sewing sacks.

The boys in the trenches need the sacks for sand bags for the protection of their very lives and perhaps your boy is among them.

Spend your money in your own valley by buying lumber manufactured at home. When you buy sacks part of the money goes to India.

BUILD YOUR GRANARIES NOW

Be prepared by building them before the farming season opens up. Be sure to get good lumber, well seasoned, as low grade lumber will give you trouble in a few seasons. Don't use green lumber.

Save money—keep what you spend at home—prevent loss and damage from exposure to weather—leave the sacks for our boys in the trenches; help win the war by building granaries now.

Portable granaries of this type are universally used in other sections. One trip with a good team will haul the material for one granary. For particulars as well as prices on Union County lumber for all farm purposes, see

The George Palmer Lumber Co.
LA GRANDE, OREGON