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SCHOOL DAYS.

The reason why so many artists fail is that they do not paint the scenes of everyday life as they are. A few have and have succeeded. Rosa Bonheur's painting of the "Horse Fair" stands out in memory as a great picture because the scene really could have happened as it is depicted. Another great picture in the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York shows Napoleon standing upon the shores of St. Helena in melancholy dejection, looking over the waters towards France. One often wonders why no really great artist has chosen as his subject the children starting to school. Artists may have attempted it but no really great classic has resulted. There is no sight more entrancing, more inspiring of thought, than seeing the boys and girls, light hearted and gay trooping to their schools. The artists should not adopt the Shakespearean premise that boys and girls dislike school. They don't. Schools have greatly improved in the last 20 years. They have still room to improve. The great trouble of school masters and college professors is their tendency to lengthen the training period of our young; to lengthen the period of adolescence. Many of the evils of our present society can be traced to the fact that so many of our boys are not trained to make a livelihood until they are about 30 years old. They should be married and settled down before this.

The tendency of the war is to increase the efficiency of all institutions. Princeton University is going to give in three years what it has previously given in four. If this can be done, and undoubtedly it can, evidently one year in the lives of the students in the past has been wasted. Waste of time in education must be eliminated, study of useless subjects should be eliminated, going over and over the same subject too many times should be eliminated. Useful arts, elementary science, straight thinking, moral principles, patriotism should be taught and undoubtedly are being taught in most of our schools, but the curriculum should be shortened, condensed. The demand of the hour is for young men and young women who can do something and do it well. If the schools will install in the boys and girls the desire to work, teach them the joys of creative labor, the satisfaction that comes only from tasks well done, teach them to do simple tasks neatly and accurately, to tell the truth, to scorn a liar, a loafer, and a thief, a parasite, the fathers and mothers will be grateful. So will society at large.

The young man of today who wants to learn patriotism can go to no better source than the Grand Army Veterans.

Is Your Money Supporting the Government?

At this critical period in our history our manufacturers are offering their mills, and our young men are offering their services to the United States Government.

Would you like to do your share and help by putting your money where it will support the new Federal Reserve Banking System, which the Government has established to stand back of our commerce, industry and agriculture?

You can do this by opening an account with us, as part of every dollar so deposited goes directly into the new system, where it will always be ready for you when wanted.

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Observations

To have had fine ancestry is a blessing; to be worthy of it is a duty.

If men voted as they talked some of them would be voting all the time.

Nine times out of ten a man is just as anxious to see his wife well dressed as she is to get the dresses.

Experience is a wise teacher because she never punishes her pupils.

The difference between a golf bug and a golf devotee is just this: the bug plays in the rain.

Personal Mention

Mrs. M. M. Marcy went to Wallowa this morning where she expects to make her future home.

Mrs. M. B. Thompson, of Portland, went to Joseph this morning to visit for a few days with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Templeton, of Wallowa, went through this morning on their way to Pendleton to take in the Round-Up.

R. and L. Meyers, of the R. & L. Meyers Company, of San Francisco, are calling on the local jewelers today.

H. A. Vincent, of the Blumauer-Frank Drug Company, is calling on the local trade today.

Engineer Charles Ward, of Pleasant Valley, was in town for a few hours this morning.

O. Orr and D. J. Bruce went to Wallowa this morning for the day.

Hazel Graham, of Elgin, was an overnight visitor here last night.

Mrs. Charles Sterling, of Brockton, Mont., went to Imbler this morning on business.

Elmer Stoddard went out to the Grande Ronde Lumber camp this morning for the day.

I. Lachman, of I. Lachman & Sons Company, of Seattle, is calling on the local jewelers today.

Arthur McCrary, Raymond Garity and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Short motored to Pendleton this afternoon to take in the Round-Up.

Booze Raid
Made at Joseph

Joseph, September, 20.—(Special)—Some time the latter part of last

week District Attorney Fairchild and Sheriff Rinehard made a booze raid in Joseph securing several bottles of booze which is said to have been selling at the small price of seven fifty (\$7.50) a pint. As a result of the "findings" John Thompson was fined \$150 and given a jail sentence of sixty days. The news of the raid was kept quiet for several days, as other developments were expected. Two other persons who were concerned in the raid were turned loose because of the lack of evidence.

Phone news items to Main 37.

Phone your want ads to Main 37.

Safe Remedy For Children.

Every parent is, or should be, careful in giving medicine to children. Chas. Baker, Brownville, Tex., writes: "For some years past I have used Foley's Honey and Tar and have found it especially efficient for bad coughs of my children. I always recommend it to my friends as a safe remedy for children as it contains no opiates. My wife would not think of using any other kind of cough medicine as it is certain to bring quick and lasting relief." It checks croup. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

CHINA'S ENTRANCE INTO THE GREAT WORLD WAR

By PAUL TURNER.

(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

TOKIO, Aug. 20.—(By Mail).—China smashed precedent of centuries when she entered the world war. She cast aside the age-old non-resistant, isolation policy of her ancestors. Moreover, although a republic since 1911, and bearing all the trappings and machinery generally approved for the conduct of a republican government, China went into the war without a single nod of assent from her national congress. The reason was that there is no parliament today.

Its disappearance came about through efforts to coerce it in the troublous days when Chang Hsun and his pig-tailed soldiers marched on Peking. Then came the "restoration" lasting just one week, the downfall of Chang Hsun and democracy again.

Why did China decide on war?

Because even disorder and chaos, so frequent in China have not destroyed the Chianman's astuteness. Above all things China needs money. She believes avowed declaration of her sympathy for the allied cause will help her get the financial aid necessary to put her house in order. How well this hope is being borne out is illustrated in reports that England, Japan, Russia and France—the "Four Power Syndicate"—is considering a loan of \$50,000,000 (gold).

Not only this, but China hopes for revision of her customs duties, postponement of payments on the Boxer indemnities, a voice at the peace council table where settlement of Tsingtao will be made, expulsion of German interests and German intrigue from her borders and increasing friendship and aid from America.

Incidentally, if aid in men is desired, China has 458,600 soldiers under arms, four great arsenals, a great supply of iron, antimony and other metals—and an inexhaustible man power. Some of these coolies are already at work in France.

If Premier Tuan-chi, who has favored war since the break with Germany, and Feng Kuo-chang, the real president, have really decided to act together and support each other, China and war should get along very well. Tuan, the man who vanquished Chang Hsun and his imperial dreams, began shortly after his return to office to prepare his war plans. These included the formation of a national council, which will be the only form of popular representation to have a hand in China's war activities. Some officials proposed to await the convention of the national assembly, submitting the war proposal to this body, but Tuan strongly opposed this, insisting on the necessity of immediate action.

The national council, composed of ministers, vice-ministers, councilors of the various departments, and two representatives from each province, found itself endowed with

the following powers, duties and limitations:

It will the place of the provisional legislative organ; its session shall not exceed one year; it will confirm the cabinet's war declaration, modify the parliamentary election law and aid in the organization of parliament.

At the close of the national council, parliament will immediately convene. Thus, Premier Tuan has provided some form of popular approval for his policies.

War against Germany today receives practically the unanimous support of the provinces. As early as August 10, four-fifths of them had expressed their support. Even the southern districts, which have been threatening revolution and a new government, have rallied to the cause.

Rippling Rhymes

By WALT MASON

Weather Influence.



WALT MASON

The weather man has much to do with making people glad or blue. On dreary days of fog and rain men are disgruntled, and complain; when weather is as bad as that, I'd never pass around the hat: for when a man is chilled, alack! with gooseflesh up and down his back, he won't chip in a pair of straws to help along a worthy cause. He feels that he will need his roll to purchase blankets, grub and coal. He looks with pessimistic eye on everything beneath the sky, and says the Germans can't be licked, and all their foes will be gold-bricked. But when the weather man's begun to trot along his good old sun, and when the skies are blue and fair, and like a tonic is the air, and dismal clouds don't come to bat, I like to pass around the hat. Then people reach down in their jeans for coin to buy new submarines, to help Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., or anything that comes their way. Then optimists are all guys; I hear no deep, heart-rending sighs, and people say, "We'll bet some mon we'll have the Germans on the run." The weather man should realize how much depends on being wise, and dish up days no man can knock—the very best he has in stock.

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