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**GET TIRED OF SCOLDING.**

We all get tired of scolding and being scolded. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, chairman of the committee of women of the Council of National Defense, is one of them. She says she is tired of hearing the women lectured all the time about economy.

"I find that women are eager to work and most interested in finding out how best they can serve their country," she says. "There is a growing sentiment, however, against being scolded by everyone in regard to saving. Women are much more economical than men. The soldiers have written back to us that they want tobacco. Well, I say let the men economize on tobacco and give the boys in the trenches a smoke if it is going to make them happier or more comfortable. If each man would put aside one cigar each day, the soldiers could have a great time smoking. We'll eat Indian corn to give them bread; let the men also make a sacrifice. And the Government would do well to look after the machinery of transportation and the milling industry as well as the women in the kitchen. The women will economize. They are eager to. They want to do everything in their power to help. They know, too, that barley is just as good in soup as it is in beer."

There is work for all to do. But some people—maybe the editors are among them—want to do their bit by telling other people what to do.

**THE KIND OF SECRECY THAT HURTS.**

Gen. Goethals, general manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, has issued the following:  
**To whom it may concern:**

As a war measure the Government has found it necessary to adopt the policy of discouraging, in every reasonable way, the publication and dissemination of information in regard to merchant-marine ship construction that might aid or influence the military plans of the enemy in the present emergency.

To conform to this policy the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation hereafter will not be able to give out for publication or other use any information relating to the number, size, and character of vessels under contract, the place where they are being built and by whom, the percentage of completion, date of final completion, etc.

This is the kind of secrecy that hurts. It is not founded

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—is a great business convenience. Every check you draw in payment of a bill is its own receipt. It makes your bookkeeping simpler, and gives you a sense of security. We shall be glad to have your account.

**La Grande National Bank**



**ABOUT SHOES**

**Cheap Shoes are Not Economy**

You may be able to buy cheap shoes at prices that mislead you into thinking that you are saving.

You will actually lose money if you endeavor to save by buying prices rather than quality. Good shoes cost money but they are the best economy after all; manufacturers who put good materials into their shoes must get more money for them, so considering the increased cost in everything today, these shoes are priced low.



A new Ivory kid boot. The newest idea in an Ivory—made of genuine glove kid leather.

Price \$11.50

Also a cloth top Ivory kid boot. One of the new ideas for fall.

Price \$8.50



This is a new silver grey, genuine glove kid, button shoe. One of the new fall styles we have just received. A guaranteed shoe that will satisfy in every way.

Price \$11.50



on good public policy.

It is the kind of policy in government affairs that promotes graft waste and extravagance.

With the German spy system, the German government will have the data on file which General Goethals is trying to conceal from the American people.

**THE PRESIDENT SWINGS THE BIG STICK.**

When it comes to swinging the big stick, President Wilson has a pretty fair grip himself. His call upon the business men of the country to show patriotism and not to charge the government excessive profits is very much to the point. As a matter of fact many of the biggest business men of the country are assisting the government in every possible way, many of them neglecting their own affairs in order to be of service to the nation. You will find all kinds of men in all kinds of times. In the Civil War there were the army contractors who sold worthless goods and worthless ammunition to the government. In the Spanish-American War we had our embalmed beef scandals. Let us hope that we will go through this one without creating a new breed of grafters and scalpers. Let us show to the world at large that we can run one war without some favored classes trying to fatten off the nation's extremity.

One good way to purify things would be for the President to convene Congress for a session in some clean, western city, where Congress could breathe, fresh, pure air, and where they would not be so close to the speculative atmosphere of Washington, D. C., and New York City. A return to democratic simplicity, to eating two-bit meals and sleeping in four-bit beds, and forgetting about spending seven billion dollars a minute would be good for the statesmen. Then if the government would commandeer all materials and pay for them what they were worth, the buzzards would not be so frequent nor so persistent.

We are not surprised that the President has spoken. We are sorry that he had to speak. We are sorry that Congress has not given him power so that he could buy the supplies he needs for the army at a fair price. Some one will have to run the war. The question is, shall we give the President the power to run it or shall we resign ourselves to seeing it conducted by the village debating society.

**EDITORIAL COMMENT.**

**New Loan Contemplated.**

The Liberty Loan of 1917 was a great success in whatever aspect it is considered. The Government called for \$2,000,000,000 and over \$3,000,000,000 was subscribed for by more than 4,000,000 people. This large subscription and this great number of subscribers were obtained, after a short campaign, from a nation that as a people were not accustomed to purchasing government bonds. It should be remembered, too, that the bond issues of other nations were sold when the foe was either on their territory or at their very gates. Our bonds were sold when danger was far from us. There was no duress, no hysteria. The bonds were bought in the calm exercise of patriotism and sound business judgment after a campaign of education and information.

Richmond, Va., the old capital of the Confederacy, bought a Liberty Bond for every five inhabitants. Montana, in the far west, largely exceeded its quota of bonds. Little villages all over the country exceeded their quotas as the metropolis of the country greatly exceeded its. There was hardly a state, city, or community that did not do the same. Poor crop conditions, a recent great fire, and other local causes resulted in two districts falling a little below their allotments, but the large oversubscription everywhere else more than made up for this unavoidable deficiency. Cities with large foreign-born populations

subscribed as liberally as others.

The united spirit of the American people, the solidarity of the Nation, made up as it is of people from all nations, have been demonstrated.

A second loan is contemplated within the next few months. The same things that made the initial loan of \$2,000,000,000 a success will operate to make the new one equally successful. In fact, the information regarding government bonds and finances now possessed by the people of the country will make the placing of the next issue of bonds less difficult. Those subscribers of the first issue who were not allotted their full subscription will give the new issue a start of more than \$1,000,000,000 since it may be regarded as certain that they will not lose the opportunity to obtain the amount of government bonds desired.—The Official Bulletin, Washington, D. C.

**WHY--**

**The Business Man and The Banker should encourage and The Farmer should practice Diversified Farming**

(By Kenneth Gilbert. These articles are reprinted from the "Business Chronicle" of Seattle, Wash., by permission of the publisher. They appeared in serial form in that publication, Feb. 24 to April 21, 1917. A copy may be had by addressing the Union Pacific System.)

**Madam Cow Must Measure Up to the Test or Go to Market—No Loafer Cows Wanted.**

The annual yield of butter fat per cow for all cows being milked in the Pacific Northwest is less than 200 pounds. The poorest cows, therefore, yield much less than this, and there are a great many cows producing two and three times this amount.

A profitable dairy cow is an individual, not a breed. There is just as wide a variation between individuals of the same breed as between the various breeds. In the selection of individuals it is true, however, that those breeds that have been fed, handled and bred for any specific purpose than individuals from families fed and bred for other purposes.

Too many farmers make no attempt to find out whether they are boarding a lot of comparatively worthless dairy cows. Such farmers follow a custom that would never be tolerated in a well-regulated business house—that of not knowing which employe was producing and which was not. And so it frequently happens that a farmer may go on year after year feeding cows which are more ornamental than useful.

It is here that a business man may, by judicious advice, aid the farmer to correct this fault.

A farmer in a Northern Washington county recently wrote to C. L. "Farmer" Smith, agriculturist of O.-W. R. R. & N., asking about the Bahcock milk tester, which has an unerring faculty of detecting the loafer cow.

"A hardware merchant asked me the other day if I used a milk tester," wrote the farmer. "I told him 'No.' A few days later my banker asked me the same question. Then, a preacher drove by my place one day, and after speaking of what a fine-looking herd of cows I had, asked me if I had ever used a tester.

"I concluded that it was about time I invested in one."

**GERMANS TOLD AMERICANS TORTURE PRISONERS**

BY W. S. FORREST

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris, June 30.—(By Mail)—German aviators are being told by their superior officers that capture by the French or Americans means torture. Evidence comes from the front today of the enemy's growing lack of air morale and the fear with which he enters combat.

Near the headquarters of the Lafayette Escadrille, Aviator Gailer, French flyer of an escadrille working in conjunction with the American birdmen, attacked a German biplane. Twenty-five well placed shots wounded the enemy pilot in the arm. The latter, obsessed by fear of capture became so frightened that he almost lost control of his machine. He hurriedly and ungracefully plumed down to the nearest point and landed. It was behind the French lines. He could have easily maneuvered in such a manner as to reach the German lines in safety.

The story of the German airman's fear developed when he was question-

ed by his French and American captors. He explained that, during the combat, his machine gunner had hidden in the body of the biplane too much afraid to look at the attacking French machine. Before leaving their aerodrome both had been impressed that they would be doomed to hideous physical agony if captured. They were accordingly relieved when told that a prison camp with better food than they might expect in Germany was the worst they could expect.

**Today's Thrift Thought.**

Are you wondering how you can use that left-over fish, Madam Housewife?

Scalloped Fish and Hominy—Place in a baking dish alternate layers of boiled or steamed hominy (hulled corn) seasoned to taste, and minced fish with thickened milk sauce. Have a layer of fish on top and sprinkle over it bread crumbs. Place in oven to healthfully and brown the top.

Rice, macaroni or potatoes may be used in this recipe in the place of hominy.