

# THAT CHRISTMAS KOKAK

The new camera that came to you Christmas will give you a new interest in and a wider outlook upon the world about you if you develop photographic skill and art. We can promote your success by giving you practical information when needed.

## PHOTO SUPPLIES

We also carry a complete line of supplies—plates, films, printing papers and other things necessary to the happiness of amateur photographers.

Come in and have a Kodak talk

# Red Cross Drug Store

## Coming Events

December 27-29 — Oregon State Teachers' Association, Portland.

January 2 to 6—Farmers' and Home Makers' week, Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis.

Jan. 4, 5, 6—Oregon Irrigation Congress, Portland.

April 24-25—Cattle and Horse Raisers' Annual Convention at La Grande.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Front quarter of beef 7 cents and we pay highest prices for hide and sheep pelts. Peoples' Meat Market, 1119 1-2 Adams Ave.—Adv. 12-5-1f.

### Wood Sawing.

Wood sawing promptly done, city or country. J. J. Murchison. Phone Red 3672.—Adv. 1f

Chapped hands and faces and Silverthorn's Almond Cream in 25c bottles. The cream that softens and protects the skin. 12-27-1f

Room and board for two. 1008 Third street, near high school.—Adv. 12-8-1f.

We pay better prices for used furniture. Phone B 1241. Cor. Fir and Jefferson. E. J. Donohue. 12-20-1f

### Misses Jones and Rabone

We carry a full line in Ladies Suits, Coats and Skirts in the S. & H. garment. We make Suits, Coats, Skirts and Dresses. A perfect fit guaranteed. Remodeling done. West's New Bldg.

Bring your picture work to the Modern Dark Room at the Silverthorn Family Drug Store. Expert printing and developing—and if you have a good negative let us enlarge it for you. Silverthorn's Family Drug Store. 12-27-1f

Suits! Suits! Suits! 1-2 price.—Jones-Rabone.—Adv. 12-7-1f.

Dr. Ralston, physician, surgeon and osteopath is now located in rooms 12 and 13 over Silverthorn's Drug Store. Main 21; Night phone Main 81.—Adv. 10-16-1f.

### Sewing Machines.

Singer Sewing Machines Agency now in Foley Hotel Bldg. Sewing machines sold, rented and repaired. Phone Red 451. 12-5 1-15-pd

The Ideal Depilatory and the Lotion Cream are just the things to use before the dance. The depilatory removes the hair without irritation to the most sensitive skin and the Lotion Cream softens and bleaches and supplies a beautiful base for powder. At Silverthorn's Family Drug Store. 12-27-1f

E. Rosenbaum, 1402 Sixth street. Phone Black 1472. Expert masseur. Vibratory and massage treatments, Swedish movements and medical gymnastics. My motto, "Permanent health through perfect circulation of blood and nerve forces."—Adv. 12-7-1m

**Money to Loan.**  
On improved real property in Union county, no delays, current rates. La Grande Investment Co.—Adv. 12-5-1f.

We pay best prices for second hand furniture. DYAL'S FURNITURE CO., 404 Fir St., Phone Black 3351.—Adv. 12-4-1f.

See Mrs. Dunn's China at Harris' Art Store. 12-12-1f

Delicious waffles, syrup, butter and best coffee, 15 cents. Miller's Lunch Counter. 12-21-1f

Drs. Darland, over Putman's.—Adv. 12-5-1f

## Announcements

### "Acres of Diamonds."

Russell H. Conwell's "Acres of Diamonds" will be given at the M. E. church South, by Aubrey Roberts, Thursday night, Dec. 28, 8:30 p. m. Admission free.

Invitations are out for a dancing party to be given by the M. I. A. at the L. D. S. Amusement Hall next Friday evening. This is the first of a series to be given this winter. It is also the first to be given on the new hard-wood floor which was recently installed.

### How About That Trip to Corvallis for Farmers' Week, Jan. 2-6.

Thirty dollars will make the trip from La Grande. Why not get a number of your friends to go with you? Thirty people will make a good showing from Union county and the more there are the less the trip will cost you. As a matter of fact, 20 people can get a tourist car but the expense will be greater. The fare will be one and a third and the charge of \$25 plus a \$5.00 parking charge for each day at Corvallis will be the same whether there are 20 or 50 members in the party. There will be something of interest going on all the time. Grain growers should remember that the grain dealers and millers are going to attend the Grain Growers' conference in force, if the growers do not attend they can hardly blame any one other than themselves if any action is taken along lines that they are not in harmony with. No matter what line of agriculture you are interested in there will be something that will repay you for the trip.

Let the hired man or the neighbors do the chores while you take this opportunity to take a trip that will be both instructive and enjoyable. Let me know what your plans are along this line. You can get me over either phone.

PAUL H. SPILLMAN.

### Are You a Failure?

A woman wrote to the Woman's Home Companion and says:

"Dear Editor: Last year in January you published on 'Our Own Page' a piece about Thrift. If ever a sermon was marked with my name and address, that one was. It hit right home. For I am thirty-six years old, and the mother of two children; and my husband and I at that time had never saved a cent.

"There was one paragraph that burned itself right into my mind. Can shut my eyes and see it yet; I gave me a real shudder. 'Failure?—hate the word. Is Jim a failure?—kept asking myself. Are we failures?' 'A day or two later, as we were sitting together, after the children had gone to bed, Jim pulled a piece of paper out of his pocket.

"Here's something I copied out of a magazine," he said.

"I knew what magazine, but didn't say anything; and Jim read it out loud.

"If you want to know whether you are going to be a success or failure in life," says James J. Hill "you can easily find out. The test is simple and infallible. Are you able to save money? If not, dro out. You will lose. You may not think it, but you will lose as sure as you live. The seed of success is not in you.

"Jim read it slowly, and the laugh that is usually in his voice was a gone. He folded it up and put it in his pocket again, and then he took the cigar that he had just lighted, out of his mouth and threw it in the fire.

"My dear," he said, "you and I have better begin to look out or we'll be lashed and stuck into the failure class. We've been married twelve years, and we've never saved a cent."

"He walked out into the hall, and came back a few minutes later with a package in his hand. He took off the wrappings, and there was an iron bank. He set it up on the mantel over the fireplace, and looked down sort of ruefully at his cigar, just disappearing in the flames.

"Twenty-five cents a day for cigar is pretty near a hundred dollars a year," he said, and with that he dropped a quarter into the bank. "There tomorrow's cigars," he said, "here after I'm going to smoke a pipe."

## SCIENCE OF AGRICULTURE.

In an address President Garfield once truly said: "At the head of all the sciences and arts, at the head of civilization and progress, stands not military or naval science, nor the science of commerce, the science that accumulates wealth, but agriculture, the mother of all industry and the maintainer of human life."

# CITY MARKETS FOR FARMERS

Methods Employed Largely Influence Prices and Cost.

## PUBLIC MARTS IN TOWNS

The Farmer Has a Direct Interest in the Efficiency of the Marketing Organization in Municipalities Since Lack of Efficiency May Be Reflected in Poor Prices For Products.

[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

The farmer has a direct interest in the efficiency of the marketing organization in cities since lack of efficiency may be reflected in the poor prices he receives for his products. Sooner or later the great majority of the perishable produce raised on the farm for



A FARMERS' RETAIL MARKET.

sale finds its way to the cities for distribution, and whether it passes from the ownership of the farmer before or after reaching such centers the sales usually are based on city quoted prices. Many farm products, especially perishables, are consigned to city commission merchants to be sold for what they will bring, the prices received in such cases being directly dependent on their city market values. Prices based on these values are paid also when such products are sold by the producer directly to wholesalers or jobbers after shipment to city trading centers. Even the products which the farmer sells at the nearest railroad station are bought largely for consumption in cities and so are paid for in most cases at prices which are dependent on those prevailing in city markets. The city, therefore, through the operation of city demand in relation to supply, largely determines the prices which the farmer receives for his perishable products.

The purely local marketing organizations of cities are more important elements in shaping these prices than is generally recognized by the farmer. Many perishables will not stand re-shipment and once in a city must be sold for the prices prevailing there. If after products reach the cities there are high marketing costs due to wasteful or inefficient marketing methods there must be greater margins or differences between the prices received by producers and those paid by consumers. The economic machinery for marketing farm produce is such that many of the losses expressed in abnormal margins may be visited on the producer in the form of low buying prices, while others may be charged to the consumer through high selling prices. If, on the other hand, city marketing costs may be reduced through the employment of improved methods economic laws should operate under normal conditions to give higher prices to producers and lower costs to consumers, while the movement of produce should be accelerated sufficiently to make marketing more profitable at the same time to wholesale and retail dealers.

Farmers' retail markets often consist only of designated sections of a street on which farmers assemble with their wagons of miscellaneous farm produce and sell in small amounts directly to the consumers who come there to buy. The more permanent farmers' retail markets, however, are located on plots of ground set aside for the purpose and fitted with substantial sheds, under which the farmers drive their wagons.

Farmers' retail markets, whether of the curb or shelter type, are not recommended for all towns without qualification. The size of the community and numerous other local considerations must determine the practicability of the enterprise. There must first be a sufficient number of farmers in easy reach of the town who will bring supplies for the market. There must be in the town a sufficient demand on the part of consumers for such a market, where by going in person and carrying away their goods they may obtain produce fresher than that available at the average retail grocery store and usually at somewhat lower price.

## EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN WARM BLANKETS AND COMFORTERS

Made possible through our advantage in buying power with the R. C. U.

With prices soaring every day on all cotton and woolen fabrics, you will profit by a visit to our Bedding Department to select your needs for some time to come. Many lines bought months ago are priced lower than they could be bought for on today's market.

### New Balmacaan Overcoats for Men Just Received

La Grande's Store

## THE GOLDEN RULE CO.

Quality the same—Prices less

La Grande's Store

## MARKET NEWS

Sugar—Cane or fruit, \$8.15 sack, cash; \$8.55 30 days' time.

**Fruit**  
Cranberries, 20c quart.  
Bananas—35c and 40c dozen.  
Oranges—35c and 60c.  
Lemons—40c.

**Vegetables, Miscellaneous**  
Brussel Sprouts—20c  
Celery (California)—15, 2 for 25.  
Sweet Potatoes—6c per lb.  
Potatoes—2 1-4 and 2 1-2 cents.  
Cauliflower—15c, 20c, 25c  
New Cabbage—4c  
Green Onions—5c per bunch, 3 for 10c.

Honey—20c.  
Parsley—5c a bunch.  
Dry Onions—5c.  
Beans—White, 15.  
Beans—Colored, 12 1-2c.  
Green Peppers—15

**Butter and Eggs**  
Butter—Fancy creamery 45c 1-lb roll; 90c 2-lb. roll.  
Ranch Butter—40c lb. 80c 2-lb roll Eggs—50c.

**Chickens and Fowl**  
Ducks—Dressed, 16c.  
Turkeys—28c.  
Geese—Dressed, 16c  
Hens—Dressed, 16c  
Spring Chickens—19c

**Flour and Feed.**  
Bluestem—\$2.10  
Royal Patent—\$2.10.  
Jersey Cream—\$2.10  
Best of the Best (patent)—\$2.10.  
Invincible—\$2.15.  
Snowdrift—\$2.45.  
Upper Crust—\$2.45  
None-to-Equal—\$2.10.  
Occident—\$2.90  
Gold Medal—\$2.95  
Sea Foam—\$2.05  
Snow Drop—\$2.15.

**Flour in 10-lb. Sacks**  
Graham, Germs, white and rye flour—55c.  
Yellow corn meal—45c.

**Cattle.**  
(La Grande Prices.)  
Prime light steers.....\$6.00@6.25  
Prime heavy steers..... 6.30@6.50  
Good light steers..... 5.25@5.50  
Common cows..... 2.00@3.00  
Bulls..... 3.00@3.25  
Prime light veal calves..... 6.00@8.00

**Sheep.**  
Select spring lambs..... 8.50@8.60  
Best yearlings..... 7.00@7.50

**Hogs.**  
Prime light weights..... 8.50@8.55  
Rough and heavy..... 7.00@7.60  
Medium weights..... 7.75@8.60  
Good light weights..... 8.00@8.15

Charcoal is one of the most essential articles of food for poultry. Clean the poultry house once a week at least. It is useless to spray and powder a dirty house.

For winter egg production the poultry house must be warm and dry, well lighted and ventilated without drafts.

Keep the hens moving, making them work for all they eat by throwing the feed in cut straw or other suitable material.

Feed a variety of grain, wheat, oats, barley, cracked corn and buckwheat. Mix them together before feeding.

Green cut bone with a little lean meat on it is the best kind of animal food for winter layers. This is required to take the place of bugs and worms that hens pick up during warm weather.

Bone and meat for hens should be reasonably fresh. Feed lightly on the start, as overfeeding at first may cause trouble. An ounce to a fowl a day or every other day will be sufficient.

## PROPER WINTER STORAGE.

Fruits and Vegetables May Be Kept Fresh With Special Care.

In order that certain fruits and vegetables may be kept fresh and palatable during the winter months special knowledge is in requisition and special care in order to have them thrive, says the New York Evening Post. This year especially, with its abnormal and continually soaring prices, it behooves those of us who have been fortunate enough to provide a surplus to see that the supply is properly stored and kept for needed use.

On the whole the average house cellar is not the best place in which to store large quantities of fruits or vegetables, because of the heat from the furnace. But for those who have only Hobson's choice a room is partitioned off in the cellar, without much labor or trouble, being made as tight as possible to exclude the heat, and a window added covered with heavy screening. Here the necessary bins may be put in, bins which will hold about twenty bushels, or in smaller or larger sizes as the case may warrant. Potatoes, of course, should always be carefully looked over before they are stored, and any speckled or bruised ones removed at once.

All roots in order to keep properly should be covered with sand, otherwise they will shrivel and dry out. Celery may be stored in small lots by packing the stalks closely together in boxes and filling in about the roots with earth. The bulk of the crop may be stored by digging a trench about eighteen inches wide and setting up two parallel lines of twelve inch boards. Here the plants are packed with the roots embedded in the soil. When the trench is full soil is then thrown upon the outside to the tops of the boards, after which the boards are lifted out and the soil allowed to come in direct contact with the celery. As the weather grows colder a covering of boards, corn fodder or straw is placed over the tops for complete protection. Apples may be stored in barrels, but should be kept in a low temperature—we suggest about 40 degrees. Pears are best kept by spreading them out on shelves where they do not touch each other.

Squash and pumpkins should be left in a stable or other building until well into the winter, care being taken to cover them with a blanket of bags at night, but later in the season they may also be put away in the house cellar.

### A Tree Irrigator.

This invention provides a device by means of which water and fertilizers can be applied to the roots of trees and shrubs. It consists of a corrugated



galvanized iron cylinder with a cover to prevent evaporation. The fact that it rests on a layer of gravel facilitates the distribution of water.—Agricultural Digest.

### Peanut Cookies.

Cream one cupful of sugar with two tablespoonfuls of butter, add three beaten eggs, three tablespoonfuls of milk, one saltspoonful of salt, two cupfuls of finely chopped peanuts and sufficient flour to make a dough stiff enough to roll. Bake in a moderate oven.

## Timely Fashion's Tips.

Felt hats with embroideries of wool or with cut out flowers from velvet or cretonne are stitched to the hat by deep spaced buttonhole stitches, spaced an eighth to a quarter of an inch apart. These stitches are of different lengths and form starlike shapes about the flower motif. Wreaths of grapes and autumn flowers also are seen encircling the crown of these hats.

Velutina is used to make town clothes of sportlike character. Such suits and dresses are made Russian style and have bands of inexpensive fur, gray or brown, which harmonize with the color chosen. Black, midnight blue and Burgundy red are the favorites. Gray rabbit and brown squirrel are the most seen furs.

The skirts are plain, measure about two and a half to three yards and are sometimes gathered to yokes. The coats are the kind which slip on over the head, or are made like a full sweater or Russian blouse, belted with the same material or have a suede belt which matches the coat color.

Tam hat shapes are ideal to go with these velutina suits.

### Braid Trimming

In Fifth avenue the other day a girl in her teens was glimpsed wearing a one-piece navy blue serge dress, which was banded to well above the knees with encircling rows of black braid. The alternate braids were smooth and picot edged. The smooth braid was about two inches wide, while the picot was a little narrower. The only braid on the corsage, which had black satin sleeves, was some military-like straps of braid which followed the opening down the center front of her frock.

### Keep Coffee Pot Clean.

To keep the coffee pot sweet and clean, put a tablespoonful of carbonate of soda into it, fill it nearly full of water, and let it boil for a little while. Then rinse thoroughly with several lots of warm water. If this is done once a week the pot will always be fresh and nice.

### Use for Worn-Out Broom

When a long-handled broom is worn out, instead of throwing it away, tie a piece of felt or flannel around the head and make a floor-polisher. It will make work much easier, and keep linoleum in good condition. Footmarks can be rubbed off at any time without stooping.

### Pop Corn Fudge.

Two cupfuls of sugar; two tablespoonfuls butter; one cupful pop corn; half cupful peanuts; one cupful milk; quarter teaspoonful salt; half teaspoonful almond extract. Boil the sugar, milk, butter and salt to the soft ball stage. Flavor with the almond extract. Stir in the pop corn and nuts that have been run through a food chopper or chopped fine. Stir until creamy, and when cool cut into squares.

### Old-Fashioned Taffy.

One cupful sugar, half cupful butter; third cupful brown sugar; one cupful molasses; half cupful milk; one tablespoonful vanilla; pinch of salt; one teaspoonful vinegar. A favorite addition to the many Christmas sweets is taffy. Mix the sugar, salt, butter and milk and molasses; boil until mixture will form a hard ball when tested in cold water. Add the vanilla and vinegar, pour into pan and mark into squares.

With seven kinds of grub; Turns on the suds and puts her duds Into the scrubbers tub. She starts the dustless sweeper On gear keyed down to low; Powders her nose and gaily goes To see a picture show.