

WEDNESDAY
 "Pendleton
 Round-Up"
ARCADE
 "Best By Test"

Farmers Building Elevators.

Farmers of Wasco county are busy with the construction of grain elevators for storing their crops and doing away with the use of high priced sacks. Some of the elevators under construction will store 100,000 bushels. The buildings are being located at various points convenient for shipping.

RUN DOWN
 If you are run down, can't eat, no appetite, you need

Meritol
 ADAPA
 TRADE MARK

It improves the appetite, is and aid to weak stomachs, and tones up the entire system. Sold only by us, \$1.00

LEVY-YOGEL DRUG CO.
 La Grande, Oregon

THANK YOUR GROCER

if he asks you to try a can of

KC BAKING POWDER

He wants to do you a favor—he knows what brands to recommend from experience.



"Corns All Gone! Let's ALL Kick!"

Every Corn Vanishes by Using Wonderful, Simple "Gets-It" Never Fails. Applied in 2 Seconds.

Isn't it wonderful what a difference just a little "Gets-It" makes,—on corns and calluses? It's always right somewhere in the world, with many



"Wheel! I Don't Care! I Got Rid of My Corns With 'Gets-It'!"

Folks humped up, with cork-screwed faces, gouging, picking, drilling out their corns, making packages of their toes with plasters, bandages, tape and contraptions,—and the "holler" in their corns goes on forever! Don't you do it. Use "Gets-It." It's marvelous, simple, never fails. Apply it in 2 seconds. Nothing to stick to the sticking, hurt or irritate the toe. Pain stops. Corn comes "clean off" quick. It's one of the gems of the world. Try it—your "kiss"—from joy. For corns, calluses, warts, bunions.

"Gets-It" is sold everywhere, 25c a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in La Grande and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by C. D. Putman.

FRAUD CURES DEPRECATED

GOVERNMENT CONDEMNNS FAKE PRACTICES.

Caution Against Unscrupulous Treatment of Infantile Paralysis.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 1.—Officials of the Department of Agriculture charged with the enforcement of the Food and Drugs act expect that the outbreak of infantile paralysis will tempt unscrupulous persons to offer for sale so-called "cures" or remedies for this dread malady. They, therefore, have issued special instructions to the Food and Drug inspectors to be particularly alert for interstate shipments or importations of medicines, the makers of which allege that they will cure or alleviate this disease, for which, at the present time, no medicinal cure is known. The officials also warn the public that any preparation put on the market and offered for sale as being effective for the treatment of infantile paralysis should be looked upon with extreme suspicion. Inspectors, accordingly, have been instructed to regard as suspicious, and to collect samples of, all medicines in interstate commerce for which such claims are made. Makers of such fraudulent remedies will be vigorously prosecuted whenever the evidence warrants action under the Sherley Amendment to the Food and Drugs act. So-called remedies for infantile paralysis which are offered for import into the country will be denied entry.

The Food and Drugs officials are particularly watchful in this instance because it has been noted in the past that whenever a serious epidemic exists, unscrupulous dealers prey upon the fear or ignorance of the public by flooding the market with worthless, hastily prepared concoctions, for which they assert curative properties which have no foundation whatever in fact. In the present instance, inspectors already have discovered shipments of a few such mixtures.

The department will do everything it can under Federal law to protect that portion of the public which is extremely credulous in times of panic and which will grasp at anything which promises protection or relief. The sale of such products at this time, the officials point out, is particularly threatening to the public health because many persons, relying on the false statements of impostors, neglect to secure competent medical advice. As a result, not only is the safety of the patient endangered, but in the absence of proper sanitary precautions, the likelihood of contagion is greatly increased.

It must be understood, however, that the Federal Food and Drugs act applies only to products which are shipped in interstate commerce, that is, from one state to another, or which are offered for import or export, or which are manufactured or sold within a territory of the District of Columbia. Products which are made and consumed wholly within a single state are subject only to such state laws as may apply and are under the control only of state health officials. The Federal law does not apply, for instance, to patent medicines made within the state of New York and sold in New York City. Persons buying or using a "remedy" made in their own state, therefore, must rely on the protection accorded them by their local health authorities.

Silent Story Wins Suit

Chicago, July 26.—Eloquent fingers told the story of a voiceless romance and tragedy in Judge Sullivan's court, when Arno Deitsch told how Edward Kelley, a roamer, had stolen the love of Mrs. Clara Deitsch. All are deaf mutes.

Deitsch twinkled the story out on his fingers and an interpreter told it to the court. He said that they were married only two years ago, and one night he came home and found Kelley's clothes in his wife's room. He tried to make Kelley go, but Mrs. Deitsch said Kelley did not have to go, according to his testimony, and he remained, "in spite of my having told him to go repeatedly." Then Deitsch departed. The husband received a decree.

Developments of the War.

The voyage of the first merchant submarine across the Atlantic.

The use of aeroplanes for scouting.

The use of heavy artillery capable of destroying the strongest fortifications.

The defensive use of trenches and barbed wire.

The uselessness of cavalry.

The ability of warships to guard themselves against submarine attacks.

The substitution of machine-gun for rifle fire.

Will Be Notified Tonight.

New York, July 31.—Former Justice Charles Evans Hughes has been working for six weeks as Republican nominee, but tonight he will go through the function of being formally told that the representatives of the G. O. P. in convention assembled at Chicago last June, voted him their standard bearer. A survival of the days when there were no telegraphs

Join La Grande's Leading Businessmen IN CITY'S GREATEST OPPORTUNITY

La Grande, Ore., July 12th, 1916.

Gentlemen:—

La Grande Gas Company,
 La Grande, Oregon

It is with pleasure that I hand you herewith copy of resolutions adopted at a recent meeting of the Commercial Club.

Motion by Mr. Andrews: Be it resolved, that in view of the fact that Mr. Michael and Mr. McDonald have made it plain to the members of this board that their proposition relative to the erection of a gas plant in this city is a fair and just one and believing that a plant such as they propose would be a great benefit to this city, that we, the Board of Directors of the La Grande Commercial Club hereby endorse the plan as outlined and that we as an organization lend our assistance to the enterprise to the end that a gas plant be established here. Motion unanimously carried.

La Grande has long needed a gas plant and it may not be out of place for me to state here that the La Grande public will welcome your company and lend all necessary assistance.

Very truly yours,
 LA GRANDE COMMERCIAL CLUB
 (Signed) FRED B. CURREY, SEC'Y.

A local corporation has been formed for the manufacture and sale of gas for heating and cooking in La Grande. The gas business is a **good business**. It is simple and clean and the profits are as sure as taxes.

The directors have set aside a block of stock for public subscription. If you become a stockholder you will get your gas at practically cost because you will **Share in the profits** on all the gas sold.

If you want a cleaner, better and **cheaper** fuel than wood or coal, don't overlook this opportunity.

If you want your money where it will be **safe** and easily accessible if you should need it—where it will return a **much larger income** than the ordinary investment can possibly pay—and where it will **grow**—line up with your friends and get in the La Grande Gas Company.

There is no high financing about this. It is a simple proposition of your buying an interest in a **mighty good business** with the right kind of men as partners.

The services of an expert gas engineer have already been arranged for, the intention being to build a plant that will be as modern and as efficient as any of its size in the United States and at this plant gas will be manufactured from wood waste such as the lumber mills are now going to an expense to get rid of.

There is absolutely no question about the practicability of the process to be used. That has been proven beyond any possibility of a doubt. In fact, it has been in operation on a small scale for the past sixty days right here in La Grande, supplying gas to the Sommer Hotel that is perfectly satisfactory in every particular.

This gas was recently tested by Mr. Fred A. Rasch, expert for the Public Service Commission, and was passed favorably upon by him. Under the direction of Mr. J. U. McDonald, formerly superintendent of the San Francisco and Portland gas plants, Mr. Rasch made a thorough investigation of the whole process from A to Z.

He secured the mill waste himself from the Palmer Lumber Company, weighed the quantity used, computed the fuel required, measured the gas manufactured from the same and tested its quality—and the result proved that with this patented process, a given quantity of wood refuse will yield more good commercial gas, at a cost of practically nothing, than an equal amount of coal will at a cost of \$7.00 or \$8.00 per ton in Eastern Oregon.

The proposition in a nutshell, then, is simply this: If gas can be profitably manufactured from coal at the prevailing prices in cities no larger than La Grande, (Pendleton, for instance), we certainly should make money manufacturing it from waste that costs almost nothing and returns more gas per ton than coal does.

Can you see the opportunity?

We will be pleased to furnish full information to anyone. Whether you buy an interest in our business or not will rest entirely with you but we will be glad to see you anyway and to show you a modern gas range, radiator, hot water heater, etc. So come in and talk it over or write for particulars.

La Grande Gas Company

Geo. E. Good, Pres., Dr. M. K. Hall, V. Pres., Fred J. Holmes, Treas.
 C. S. Dunn, Sec'y., Julius Roesch, Dir.

Office, Sommer Hotel B'ld'g.

The LA GRANDE NATIONAL BANK and The UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK

Will Receive Subscriptions for This Stock

and news moved slowly by courier and speeches—a very brief one from Senator Warren G. Harding, who was chairman of the Chicago convention; "love feast" by the Republicans, Carnegie hall, seating nearly 4,000 Democrats. Progressives and just plain people. Before this audience and through the press associations and newspapers—Governor Hughes will make his preliminary appeal for Republican votes. As arranged for today, there were to be just two since he got the unofficial word from Chicago that he was nominated. In it he will give his views on practically every policy of interest to the public. He will make a powerful appeal for unity of effort, announce a welcome to progressives of all types, and probably indicate what issue he considers of paramount importance in the coming campaign. Immediately after the formal notification ceremonies in Carnegie hall, members of the Republican national committee, the campaign committee, the senatorial and congressional campaign committees, and scores of specially invited Republican and Progressive leaders, will be Hughes' guests at a reception at the Hotel Astor. There was a report circulated here today that Colonel Roosevelt and former president Taft might publicly bury the axe of their political and personal quarrel by both being present.