

# Professional Directory

## FRATERNAL ORDERS

A. F. & A. M.—La Grande Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M. holds regular meetings first and third Saturday at 7:30 p. m. Cordial welcome to all Masons.  
ROBERT S. EAKIN, W. M.  
A. C. WILLIAMS, Sec.

B. P. O. E. ELKS, La Grande Lodge No. 433. Lodge meets each Thursday evening at eight o'clock. Home and club privileges cheerfully extended to all Brother Elks.  
FRANK C. BRAMWELL, Exalted Ruler.  
ADNA B. ROGERS, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Red Cross Lodge No. 27 meet every Monday night in Castle hall (K. of P. hall.) A Pythian welcome to all visiting Knights.  
DELILE GREEN, C. C.  
GEO. HUNTINGTON CURREY, K. of R. & S.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—La Grande Camp No. 7703 meets on the first and third Thursday evenings of each month in the K. of P. hall. Visiting neighbors welcome.  
H. E. DIXON, V. C.  
CHAS. JESTER, Clerk.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—La Grande Camp No. 169 meets every first and third Friday at K. of P. Hall. All visiting neighbors welcome.  
O. L. M'DOWELL, C. C.  
E. W. EASTMAN, Clerk.

L. O. O. M.—La Grande Lodge No. 850 Regular Order of Moose holds regular meeting every Wednesday night at 8 p. m. in Eagle Hall, fifth floor Foley building on Adams Ave. Visitors always welcome. Dues payable at Young's Sweets.  
GEO. YOUNG, Dic.  
HARRY SWART, Sec.

F. O. E.—La Grande Aerie No. 259 on each and every Friday evening at 8 o'clock on top floor of new Foley building. Visiting members cordially welcomed.  
J. P. RUSK, W. P.  
L. F. BELLINGER, Sec.

O. E. S.—Hope Chapter No. 13, O. E. S. holds stated communications the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting members cordially invited.  
EMMA L. KIDDLE, W. M.  
MARY A. WARNICK, Sec.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS—Iris Camp meets every second Friday afternoon and fourth Friday evening every month in K. of P. Hall. All visiting members cordially invited.  
MINNIE BUNTING, Oracle.  
LILY C. KIMMEL, Recorder.

REBEKAHS—Crystal Lodge No. 52. Meets every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall. All visiting members are invited to attend.  
VESTA SHAW, N. G.  
ANNA ALEXANDER, Sec.

K. & L. OF SECURITY—Mt. Emily Council No. 2646. Meets second and fourth Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at Moose Hall. Visiting members are welcome.  
C. E. STITT, Pres.  
BERTHA K. YERS, Fin. Sec.  
VIOLA L. HOGUE, Rec. Sec.

PYTHIAN SISTERS of Rowena Temple No. 9 meets every second and fourth Friday evening at K. P. Hall.  
MRS. LIZZIE HAYWORTH, M. R. C.  
LOUISE LANDRU, M. of R. C.

WOMEN OF WOODCRAFT CIRCLE NO. 47—Meet second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month at the Eagle hall. All visiting neighbors welcome.  
LILLIE ALLSTOTT, G. N.  
LOUISE HILARY, Clerk.

## PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

DR. R. E. L. HOLT—Physician and surgeon; corner Adams avenue and Depot street. Phone—Office Main 68; Residence Main 730. Hours 11 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. H. L. UNDERWOOD—Physician and surgeon. Diseases of the eye a specialty.

DR. DORA J. UNDERWOOD—Diseases of women and children. Office—Adams avenue over Red Cross Drug Store.

## EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT SPECIALIST

DR. H. M. BOUVY—Practice limited exclusively to diseases and surgery of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and the Fitting of Glasses. Office West Jacobson Bldg. Office phone Red 3431. Residence, Red 2021.

## OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

DR. J. L. INGLE—Osteopathic physician.

DR. MARGRET INGLE—Diseases of women; care and feeding of children. Office Room 37, new Foley Bldg. Office hours 10-12 a. m.; 2-5 p. m., and by appointment. Office phone Red 1761; residence Red 881.

## CHIROPRACTORS

DRS. DARLAND—Chiropractic parlors 4th and Depot street. Phone Red 1761.

## VETERINARIAN

DR. J. L. RUBY—Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Res. Phone Bk. 1141; Res. 1306 M avenue. Stock Inspector for Interstate Shipment

## VETERINARY

DR. H. W. RILEY—Graduate Veterinarian Hospital, 1409 Madison Ave. State Stallion Inspector and Inspector of Stock for shipment. Home Independent Phon Black 41. Forner's Co-operative Phone, Main 112

## DENTIST

E. P. Mossman—Dentist; rooms 6 and 7 new West Building, Phone Black 1521; Office hours 8 to 12 p. m. and 1 to 5 p. m.

## ATTORNEYS

CRAWFORD & LAKIN.—T. H. Crawford and Robert S. Eakin, Attorneys at law. Practice in all the courts of the state and United States. Office, West Jacobson building, rooms 9-10-17, La Grande Oregon.

COCHRAN & EBERHARD—Geo. T. Cochran and Colon R. Eberhard Attorneys, La Grande National Bank Bldg., La Grande, Ore.

E. W. EASTMAN—Lawyer—Office Rooms 1 and 3, La Grande National Bank Building.

R. J. GREEN—Attorney at law Rooms 14-15, Palmer-Roesch Bldg., La Grande Ore. Practices in all state and Federal courts.

ALBERT SMALL—Attorney at Law. Rooms 26, 27 La Grande National Bank Building. Practices in all state and federal courts. Phone Main 11.

## UNDERTAKERS

J. C. HENRY—Undertaker and Embalming; 20 years in business. Day phone, Main 62; night phones, Red 3131, Red 562, Black 3811.

## AUCTIONEER

ED STRINGHAM, the Reliable Salesman. Farm and Stock Sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Clerk books furnished free. R. F. D. No. 2. Phone Farm 1x6.

## CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

H. E. Roskamp, Contractor and builder. La Grande Ore., Phone Red 1981.

## CIVIL ENGINEER

L. D. HOWLAI—Civil Engineer and surveyor. Office at Court House.

R. R. NEAL—Civil Engineer. Office City Engineer over Fire Station, La Grande, Oregon. Plans, specifications and estimates. Surveys of all natures. Office phone Main 708; Res. phone Red 1171.

## ARCHITECT

MILTON S. BLOCK—Architect. Sketches and estimates cheerfully furnished. Office, Room 26, New Foley Building.

C. B. MILLER—Architect, Room 28, New Foley Building.

W. L. STRINGHAM—Instructor of piano. Studio over Young's confectionery.

## SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Union county.  
Anna A. Smith, plaintiff, vs. Jesse Brooks and G. M. Brooks, his wife, Russell Chase, Harvey C. Rinehart and Jennie E. Rinehart, his wife, Willard S. Rinehart, Jackson Carl Rinehart and Mary E. Rinehart, his wife, Harvey Earle Rinehart and Ella Rinehart, his wife, Phillip C. Rinehart and Nellie Rinehart, his wife, Virgil C. Myers, a minor, and Waitman T. Wade, guardian for said Virgil C. Myers, defendants.  
To Jesse Brooks, and G. M. Brooks, his wife, Willard S. Rinehart, Phillip C. Rinehart and Nellie Rinehart, his wife, and Virgil C. Myers, defendants above named:  
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit within six (6) weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will take decree against you foreclosing those mortgages upon the East half (1-2) of the Southwest quarter (1-4) of Section thirty-six (36) in township one (1) north of range thirty-eight (38) East of the Willamette Meridian in Union county, Oregon, dated July 31st, 1914, and July 29th, 1915, and recorded in Book 47 page 342, and Book 49 page 175, Record of Mortgages for said county, and barring you of all interest in the said real property save and except the statutory right of redemption.  
This summons is published in compliance with an order duly given, made and entered on the 24th day of May, A. D., 1916, in the above entitled court and cause by the Honorable John W. Knowles, Judge of said court, prescribing the said time for your appearance and answer herein.  
This summons is dated and first published this 24th day of May, A. D. 1916.

H. H. NORTUP, GEO. W. GEARHART, Attorneys for plaintiff.  
Adv.—D.—5-24-31 6-7-14-21-28.

To the Public  
"I have been using Chamberlain's Tablets for indigestion for the past six months, and it affords me pleasure to say I have never used a remedy that did me so much good."—Mrs. C. E. Riley, Illion, N. Y. Chamberlain's Tablets are obtainable everywhere.—adv.

## KEYNOTE SPEECH

(Continued From Page 3.)

of criticizing a Democratic President, are they willing to read out of the Republican party the greatest men the Republican party ever had? Are they willing to say that the Republican party of today condemns what Hamilton did in revolutionary days, what Lincoln did in Civil war days and what Grant and Blaine and Harrison did but yesterday.

Preparedness. The genius of this country is for peace. Compared with the blood-stained pages of Europe our records are almost immaculate. In the making of no other nation has conquest played so small a part. Stolen wealth does not fill our coffers or ravished territory swell our domains.

We have built our greatness on the resources of nature and the peaceful toil of our people. The ring of the anvil not the rattle of the saber, the song of the reaper not the shriek of the soldier, the clatter of the shuttle not the crack of the rifle have won us the place we occupy today in the councils of the world.

With us war has never been a choice, it has always been a fate. We would like to furl the flags of war and still its trobbing drums; we sigh for the day when men will beat their swords into plowshares, their spears into pruning hooks; but we recognize that the miracle is yet to be performed which perfects human nature and imbues nations with the spirit to do unto others as they would do unto us.

Like the old Mohawk chief who loved peace, we would like to throw the tomahawk of war so high in the sky that no man's hand could ever pull it down. But when some other tribe among the races of men sends us a bundle of arrows wrapped in the skin of a rattle-snake, we want, like old Governor Bradford of Massachusetts, to be in a position to send that rattle-snake's skin back stuffed with powder and with ball.

We deprecate the compulsion but we recognize the need of the policeman on the beat, the safe in the bank and the watch-dog on the farm.

We pray for the millennium but we accept things as they are. As men of common sense we realize that for a nation, the policy of turning the other cheek when unjustly smitten means national decapitation and a funeral at which our people would be the mourners, our enemies our heirs.

We fought one war for existence and one for survival. We fought one war to exclude foreign influence and another to preserve internal peace. And we would fight four more wars for the same reasons, but the reasons we must have. When necessity demands we stand ready to meet with force the enemies of our liberty, the defamers of our honor and the foes of our integrity.

The war across the seas has brought home to us the fear that so long as men are men and nations nations, wars will continue.

We have been aroused from our dreams of the millennium to the knowledge that nothing that men cherish is safe from assault; that the man who would preserve his rights to life, to liberty and to happiness, must stand ready to defend those rights with the last drop of his blood.

We have been carried too close to the rocks of war during the past two years to believe that those rocks do not exist. And looking into the future we can perceive that if our sovereignty is not challenged, if our peace is not assailed it will only be because the world knows that we are strong enough to defend ourselves from mevery foe.

For these reasons this administration has done more for our army and our navy than any administration in our history.

More than this, it has mobilized the resources of the nation to meet the needs of war. It has placed the wealth of the country, the toiler back of the soldier and the sailor.

And to our opponents we say you can't create an army, can't build a navy in the course of a day; to them we say if our army is not strong enough, if our navy is not big enough, the Republican party is 80 per cent to blame, for the Republican party has been in control of this nation 80 per cent of the time during the past 50 years.

The Democratic party advocates and seeks preparedness, but it is unpreparedness for defense, not preparedness for aggression.

It is preparedness which builds the nation's house upon a rock, so it will not fall when the rains descend and the floods come and the winds blow.

We may look upon preparedness with a little favor as we look upon taxes, but we pay the taxes because we want the protection for which the taxes pay.  
Democracy refuses to be frightened by those who pretend to fear that this great land of freedom will descend into the abyss of militarism.

It knows that militarism can no more thrive in this country than the cockle and the tare can thrive amid the wheat of the husbandman who loves his land. It knows that preparedness, that reasonable preparedness, will not kill democracy in this country any more than it killed democracy in Switzerland. It knows that reasonable preparedness will ensure us peace just as it ensured peace for Switzerland though war thundered at her doors.

Militarism in the United States is as impossible as the shadow of a ghost in the mid-day sun. We had a triumphant army in 1776, we had an invincible navy in 1812 and in 1860 we had the two greatest armies the world had ever seen.

But when the crisis passed that called these freemen to the colors the first leap forward at their country's call were the first to return to the farms and factories whence they came.

From the ranks of democracy they came as silently as Patnam left his plough in answer to the shot heard around the world; and back to democracy they went as silently as the Southern heroes whose horses

# Suit Special

Our entire line of Suits and Coats go on sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday—a real clean-up of Suits and Coats at prices that will surprise you.

## Dresses

At this time we have a number of Silk Dresses at special prices. Some wonderful bargains can be had as we are winding-up the Spring Season. No trouble to show goods.

# E. E. KIRTLEY Ladies' Ready-to-Wear

Grant returned that they might plow the very fields which had been harrowed by their cannons' wheels.

## Domestic Policies.

Four years ago the people of this country entrusted their government to a man and to a party who promised that they would liberate the nation from the chains of industrial tyranny, who pledged themselves to break down the barriers behind which special privilege sat entrenched; who engaged themselves to emancipate business, to throw wide the gates of lawful enterprise, to restore to the men and women of America the paths of progress which had been choked and blocked by long years of invisible government.

That promise has been kept; that pledge has been redeemed. Today the prosperity which the nation enjoys bears witness that democracy has kept the faith. Today the gates of opportunity are open; the hosts of special privilege stand disarmed. Today the forces of government are encouraging, not blocking the full expression of the nation's progress. Today the business man, the artisan and farmer find themselves free to enjoy the fruits of their labors, unhampered by the sinister power of special privilege or the selfish oppression of "invisible government."

To attempt to describe the myriad ways in which this new spirit of government has found expression would necessitate a review of every national activity, a compendium of every department of the national government. We must content ourselves here with a brief consideration of the great landmarks which chart the change from government for the fortunate few to an even-handed government in the interest of all.

## Federal Reserve Act.

The first of these is the Federal Reserve Act which freed the business man and the farmer from the financial domination of the money changers and lifted the menace of panic from our industrial life.

The safety, the simplicity, the effectiveness of the Federal Reserve plan constitute a terrible indictment of the Republican administrations which had permitted panics to continue without adopting it.  
If this Democratic administration had performed no other public service than the enactment of the Federal Reserve Act, it would deserve the unstinted approval of a grateful nation. Thanks to Democracy and to Democracy's great leader, the business man who is struggling to establish himself may now work out his destiny without living in terror of panics and hard times.

## Beneficent Legislation.

In the same spirit and with the same motive that inspired the Federal Reserve Act this administration has devoted itself to the stimulation of American industry, agriculture and trade through all the agencies of government.

It has given a new meaning and a new force to the laws restraining big business from stifling competition. It has created a trade commission to afford to business generally a more direct and prompt administration of the laws relating to business.

It has established government representatives throughout the world, whose sole duty is to foster the expansion of American trade.  
It has created a closer union of economic, commercial and financial interests between the United States and the nations of South America.

It has declared in language that no court and no employer can misunderstand that "the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce" and that no employer can compel his men to work for him against their will.

It has freed the farmer from the chains of a financial system which was devised for business and not for farming and has enabled him to sell his produce at prices that compensate him for the sweat of the harvest, the tilling of the soil.

Time does not allow me to enumerate all the laws, all the activities which will establish this administration in our economic history as the most humane since Lincoln's and the most progressive since Jefferson's.

## The Tariff.

But I cannot close this brief and inadequate review of what the present administration has accomplished without advertising to its courageous and statesmanlike solution of the nation's tariff problem.  
The Underwood tariff enacted by this administration has banished greed from the gates of our ports and

written justice into our tariff schedules.

Of all the tariffs we ever enacted this is the fairest and the best.

Until the foreign war reduced importations no new tariff was ever more satisfactory. The highest protective tariff ever written would probably have given us no more revenue during this European war and a higher tariff on raw material would have hampered our manufacturers, a higher tariff on the necessities of life would have placed a woeful burden on the poor man in the conditions which the war abroad has brought about.  
By the Underwood law this administration has taken the tariff out of politics; by the new Tariff Commission it proposes to take politics out of the tariff.

## The Man.

Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity—these are the issues upon which the Democratic party stands, and the heart of Democracy swells with pride that is more than a pride of party, as it hails the man, who has asserted this Americanism, assured this peace, advocated this preparedness and produced this prosperity.

Clear Skin Comes From Within. It is foolish to think you can gain

good clear complexion by the use of face powder. Get at the root of the trouble and thoroughly cleanse the system with a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Gentle and mild in action, do not gripe, yet they relieve the liver by their action on the bowels. Good for young, adults and aged. Go after a clear complexion today. 25c at your druggist.—adv.

## Stomach Troubles and Constipation.

"I will cheerfully say that Chamberlain's Tablets are the most satisfactory remedy for stomach troubles and constipation that I have sold in thirty-four years' drug store service," writes S. H. Murphy, druggist, Wellsburg, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.—adv.

## Forethought.

People are learning that a little forethought often saves them a big expense. Here is an instance: E. W. Archer, Caldwell, Ohio, writes: "I do not believe that our family has been without Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since we commenced keeping house years ago. When we go on an extended visit we take it with us." Obtainable everywhere.—adv.

# "Telephone It"

Why waste time and energy when a telephone will save both.

The greatest amount of work accomplished correctly, with the least amount of energy, in the shortest possible time is—EFFICIENCY—

A Telephone will do this. See us about it.

# HOME INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE CO.

## Eighth Annual Live Stock Show

Union, Oregon

### Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 14, 15 and 16, 1916.

The Union Live Stock Show will be bigger and better this year. Many New Features will be presented. The Greatest Display of Live Stock and the most interesting Track and Arena Events ever shown in Union.

**REMEMBER! the Date and Arrange to Attend the Union Stock Show. It Will be Interesting, Educational and Entertaining.**

A new feature this year will be an Auction Sale of Live Stock, the day following the stock show, SATURDAY, JUNE 17TH, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time it is expected that many fine animals will be offered for sale.