



CALIFORNIA

THIS WINTER

FAMOUS THE WORLD OVER

For its splendid hostilities, its varied attractions, its fine beaches, hot springs and pleasure resorts—all these can be reached with ease by the

Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Co. and Southern Pacific Company
"Railroad of a Thousand Wonders"

\$55.00
Portland to Los Angeles and Return

With correspondingly low fares from all O-W. R. & N. points, good six months with stopovers going and returning within limit. Handsomely illustrated literature will be supplied upon application to any of our agents, or address

W.M. McMURRY,
Gen. Pass. Agt. Portland, Ore.

A Girl's Wild Midnight Ride.

To warn people of a fearful forest fire in the Catskills a young girl rode horseback at midnight and saved many lives. Her deed was glorious but lives are often saved by Dr. King's New Discovery in curing lung trouble, and coughs and colds, which might have ended in consumption or pneumonia. "It cured me of a dreadful cough and lung disease," writes W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex., "after four in our family had died with consumption, and I gained 87 pounds." Nothing so sure and safe for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all dealers.

Here is a remedy that will cure your cold. Why waste time and money experimenting when you can get a preparation that has won a world-wide reputation by its cures of this disease and can always be depended upon? It is known everywhere as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and is a medicine of real merit. For sale by all dealers.



Fashion and Comfort Unite In Gossard Corsets

Only in the Gossard Corset can you show a stylish and attractive figure without risking health and comfort. Lacing in front is the secret. Front lacing keeps the line of beauty in the back even and true, and fashion always requires a beautiful back; front lacing give free play to lungs and diaphragm, insuring comfort and ease always; front lacing is common sense—would you lace your shoes in back? The Gossard is \$3.50 to \$8.50. A complete line always on hand.

MRS. ROBT. PATTON,
Phone Red 3221 Corsetiere.

Steward Opera House
THURSDAY, JAN. 25

Carl M. Dalton Presents Miss Agnes Nelson

IN
TILLY OLSON

The Funny Swede Girl From Minnesota
SUPPORTED BY A STRONG COMPANY
Direction of Byrl W. Harrison

A COMEDY DRAMA OF THE NORTHWEST

Played Over 100 Nights In Chicago
Own Special Scenery for Each Act

PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c. Seat Sale Tuesday Morning

BUTTER FALLS
IN OREGON

LA GRANDE CREAMERY QUOTES A DROP TODAY.

Simultaneously With Drop in Chicago Comes the Slump Here.

Predictions that butter would go to 60 cents in Chicago are evidently premature and unfounded, for simultaneously with the report that the Elgin, Ill., markets had dropped three cents from the prices yesterday, come quotations in Oregon of a five cent drop. The Valley creamery here is quoting few prices on butter. Cheese is down two cents.

Butter and Eggs.

Butter fat—34 cents. (Valley creamery quotation.)

Cheese—Hazelwood and Tillamook, 25 cents.

Butter—Creamery, one lb., 40 cents; two lb. roll, 80 cents. (Valley creamery quotations.)

Eggs—Ranch eggs, 45c; storage, 35c.

Vegetables and Miscellaneous.

Potatoes—Per cwt., \$1.50.

Cabbage—Per cwt., \$2.00.

Onions—\$2.25 per cwt.

Cabbage—Per pound, 1 1/2 and 2 1/2c.

Celery—Per bunch 15c, two for 25c.

Sugar—cane, cash price \$6.80; 30 days' time, \$7.20 per cwt., beet sugar, cash price \$6.60; 30 days' time, \$7.00.

Beans—Walt, 8 1/2-3c; lima, 10 cents.

Fruits.

Home grown apples—\$1.00 to \$1.50 per box. Grade establishes price.

Cranberries—20 cents per quart.

Bananas—40c per doz.

Oranges 40c to 50c.

Feed and Grain.

Alfalfa Hay—\$13.00 (retail).

Timothy—\$15.00.

Grain Hay—\$13.00.

Snowdrift Flour, sack \$1.40.

Brand and Shorts—\$1.30 and \$1.40.

Oats—\$1.50 per cwt.

Roller Barley—\$1.70 per cwt.

Cattle, Hogs and Poultry.

Cows—3 to 4 1/2c.

Steers—4c to 5c.

Sheep 3c and 4c.

Light hogs \$5.75.

Heavy hogs—\$5.00.

Chickens—Hens, 10c; old roosters 8c and spring fries 10c to 12 1/2c.

Turkeys, live weight, 17 to 18c.

Ducks, live weight, 12c.

Geese, live weight 10c.

Fresh smelt are in the markets today.

ANTE ROOM TO
HALL BUILT

RIVERSIDE GRANGE COMPLETES WORK.

Big Meeting to Be Held January 27th When Program Will Be Teared

The members and friends of Riverside Grange met in Fruitdale last Saturday, Jan. 17, and worked on the ante-room to their new hall.

At noon the ladies served one of those Grange dinners for which they are so famous.

There will be an open meeting held in the hall next Saturday night, Jan. 27, when Attorneys Thomas Crawford and Chas. Cochran will discuss the law concerning the election of presidential electors.

There will also be a round table discussion of the subject of growing and marketing of fruit. The leaders will be J. B. Stoddard, C. H. Finn, Lorenzo Stillwell, Lee Wright and Mr. Gilman. All who wish will have an opportunity to take part in the discussion. All are cordially invited to attend.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Grow Cranberries

Clatsop county has the finest cranberry marshes in the west. A new association composed of Astoria and Portland business men invite 10 men to join them in a profitable investment. Write and ask for full information. Nothing better for permanent income and pleasant homelife. Address J. R. Gratie, 533 Chamber of Commerce, Portland, Oregon.

KNIFING A SHEEP.

Modern Slaughter House Method Painless and Rapid.

INSTANT DEATH IS ASSURED.

One Dexterous Thrust Through the Animal's Head by an Expert Workman Ends Consciousness—How the Carcass is Skinned and Dressed.

The easiest way you could possibly think of is the way sheep are killed in the packing houses. Most persons mistakenly imagine that they are treated horribly and see in their minds a bloodthirsty man, with shoulders like hams, standing over a poor, defenseless sheep with a bludgeon in his hands ready to send the creature straight to the promised land. But there is where the sentimentalist goes completely wrong, for if there is an animal that is treated right—in speaking of its death—it is the sheep. There is only one thing that doesn't look as though death was absolute pleasure for the sheep, and that is right at the very start of the killing operation.

The sheep are driven from the yards up a long chute, and when they enter the pathway a leader sheep puts himself at their head to take them up into the killing room. These sheep are trained and are nearly always black so that there will be no mistake made and the leader sheep killed.

This leader takes the animals up the chute to a pen that will hold about fifty sheep. Here a man catches them, two at a time, and shackles them by their hind legs. This is the operation referred to as the only one painful to the sheep.

The animal is then swung on to what is called the Ferris wheel. This wheel is constantly revolving, and as it reaches a certain point the sheep are transferred to a track from which they hang head downward. At that point their suffering ceases, for the next workman is the man who kills them.

The killing process is one that is absolutely painless to the sheep. The workman is adept and never misses the mark at which he aims. With a sharp knife in his hand, he moves down the row of hanging animals, and as he comes to each one he feels of the head just behind the ears and finds the point where the bones of the head leave an opening. In this the knife is thrust and goes through the head of the animal, completely severing on both sides a large artery. The sheep is killed instantly. Five hundred sheep can be handled every hour at this point. They are then "pated," an operation that consists of skinning the fore part of the head and the neck.

The next workman cuts through the hide on the breast and skins just one spot below the neck. The fore legs are then broken and cut off to be sent to the bone room.

The fact that there is a time for everything and one man to do just his part and no more is emphasized in the sheep room when one sees just one hind leg skinned by one man and the other skinned in an entirely different operation. The sheep is then put on what is called the endless chain. This chain consists of hooks at intervals and is constantly moving, making the rounds of the room in about twenty minutes. Along this chain are the workmen, and as the sheep is passed on to them by the chain they do their work and wait for the next carcass.

After the two hind legs have been skinned the back is partly skinned and the animal is passed on to the next man who is called a "pelter." He grasps the pelt just above the hind legs, and, with a few deft twists of it, it is pulled off and the sheep passed on to the next workman.

After being skinned the sheep are carefully washed and wiped, a new towel being used on every animal. An endless chain is in progress here also, for when a towel is used it is thrown into a vat of boiling water, washed and put into a drier to be used over and over again. After the animal has been washed the head is taken off and the neck washed in the same manner as the rest of the carcass. The government inspector then gets it, and it is subjected to a rigid examination, after which the stamp of approval of the United States is put on.

After the head is taken off it is sent to the floor below, where the tongue is taken out and the remainder of it sent to the bone room.

There are two ways of dressing the sheep. Some of the buyers insist on having the caul fat with the animal, while others do not care about it. If the fat is desired it is put on the hind part of the animal, covering about one-half of the body, and is then split, revealing the carcass shorn of the viscera.

The dressed animals are hung on overhead tracks and put on an elevator to be sent to the cooling room.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Ancient Proofreading.

The editions of books printed 200 or 300 years ago are almost entirely free from typographical errors, which may be attributed to the fact that early publishers were generally eminent scholars and themselves gave much attention to the revision of their proofs. After reading the proofs they frequently turned them over to other scholars with the request to revise and correct, and as the printer's time was then deemed a matter of small consequence a perfection was attained which is seldom equaled by modern printers.—Exchange.

The man who does you a wrong has need of pity.

PETE BROWNING'S BATS.

They Still Served the Old Slugger After He Quit Baseball.

One of the oldest and most eccentric characters baseball has ever produced was old Pete Browning, the famous slugger, who played with Louisville around the eighties and later joined the Cleveland club in 1890 during the Brotherhood war.

Pete was a little off in his roof garden and had only one idea in his head day or night. Anything that concerned his precious batting average was meat and drink to him. It made no difference how many fly balls he dropped or let get by him as long as he landed two or three safe ones during a game.

Bats were a mania with Browning, and whenever he could pick up a club which suited him it was added to his enormous collection. So many were gathered at various points on some of his trips that he sometimes was forced to pay excess baggage on the prizes.

According to Van Hatten, it was Browning who introduced the habit of rubbing down a bat with tobacco juice, which custom is followed to this day by many of the players. The idea is to roughen the surface of the stick and prevent so many fouls slipping off one side or the other.

Browning, who was a great user of the weed, used to polish down his sticks in this way without any apparent reason until he commenced to believe that it made a difference with his hitting, and after that no wagon tongue of his ever escaped a coating of the obnoxious fluid.

Other players took it up in the hope of emulating Browning, and now it is a common custom throughout the country.

When Pete retired from the game all the bats, relics of former days, were still in his possession. In order to keep them always in his sight Pete had them turned down to a uniform size and used them as posts for the baluster in his house.

To the day of his death they remained the most valued of his possessions.—New York World.

Carefree Bohemians.

"How would you like to go to a bohemian supper? Lot of literary people and all that, you know."

"No; the bohemians are too free and easy for me. Last time I went they ran out of cheese and spread the sandwiches with library paste."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Conflicting Precedents.

A man can't always regulate himself according to history. There was Samson, who lost his life because he and his hair cut, and Absalom because he didn't.—Smart Set Magazine.

\$100 per Plate

was paid at a banquet to Henry Clay in New Orleans in 1842. Mighty costly for those with stomach trouble or indigestion. Today people everywhere use Dr. King's New Life Pills for these troubles as well as liver, kidney and bowel disorders. Easy, safe, sure. Only 25c at all druggists.

Mrs. A. R. Tabor, of Crider, Mo., had been troubled with sick headache for about five years, when she began taking Chamberlain's Tablets. She has taken two bottles of them and they have cured her. Sick headache is caused by a disordered stomach for which these tablets are especially intended. Try them, get well and stay well. Sold by all dealers.

Call for Bids.

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received by the county court for the services of a county physician for one year. This includes professional services, examination of insane, care of inmates of poor farm and of all persons who receive aid from county. Bids must be filed with county clerk on or before first Wednesday in February. Court reserves right to reject any or all bids.

ED. WRIGHT, County Clerk.

1-23-2-6

FOLEY'S
HONEY AND TAR
COMPOUND

For over three decades a favorite household medicine for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, HARD AND TUFFY BREATHING. Take at first sign of a cold. Quick, safe and reliable. The Bee Hive on the carton is the mark of the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

Mrs. Anna Pelzer, 2526 Jefferson St. So. Omaha, says: "I can recommend Foley's Honey & Tar Compound as a sure cure for coughs and colds. It cured my daughter of a bad cold and my neighbor, Miss Benson, cured herself and her whole family with Foley's Honey & Tar Compound. Every one in our neighborhood speaks most highly of it as a good remedy for coughs and colds."

HILL'S DRUG STORE.



Hills Bros. Highest Grade costs more, But it's the best thing sold in a store; Packed in a can with all the air out, Its flavor so rich that for more you will shout.

Particular People Prefer Packages HILLS BROS., San Francisco

O. R. Stageberg
THE GROCER

Sole Agent

Phone: Main 70



WENAHA LUMBER CO.

Main 732

La Grande, Ore.

Can't We Help
You Build

a new home? No use to pay rent when we are selling lumber and building material at such low prices. Drop in and get estimates from us. You will thank us for the hint.