

\$3,000 CASH \$3,000 Wanted at Once

I must raise the cash and to do this will SACRIFICE ALL PROFITS on my entire stock and much of these goods will be sold for less than factory cost. Nearly every article is priced at ONE THIRD UNDER VALUE. READ CAREFULLY these PRICES. Then compare with any prices made you anywhere in Oregon. And we invite you to come and look these bargains over, and we will guarantee you the BIGGEST VALUES possible. This sale is bona fide for I must have the money.



THESE PRICES ARE BELOW COST OF HANDLING.

27x66 in. pure wool Axminster rug. These are full size and excellent quality. Sold regularly at \$2.75; my price sale \$2.00
 8 1/2 x 10 1/2 foot Green Moquet, pure worsted. Nothing better made \$33.00. Sale price \$25.00
 9x12 best Axminster \$31.00 goes at... \$22.50
 9x12 Saxony Axminster, excellent value at \$27.50, your choice at \$19.50
 9x12 Tapestry Brussel \$16.50 for \$11.50
 9x12 Tapestry Brussel \$18.50 for \$12.50
 9x12 body Brussel \$22.50, for... \$15.99
 10 1/2 x 12 Eng. Art Rug \$19.50 for \$16.75
 12x12 Eng. Art Rug, \$22.00 for \$16.74
 1/2 Wool Carpets and Rugs worth 60c per yard 40c
 All Pure Wool Carpets and Rugs 90c, for, per yard 65c

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS

LINOLEUMS.

Never before have you had the opportunity of covering your floor so cheaply as at this sale

65c B grade linoleum at 49c
 75c D grade linoleum at 55c
 85c D grade linoleum at 65c

ENGLISH LINOLEUMS.

Highest Possible Qualities.

12 foot 95c grade at 70c
 12 foot \$1.00 grade at 75c
 6 foot 70c grade at 55c
 6 foot 80c grade at 60c
 Inlaid Linoleum at 90c, \$2.10, \$1.25 per square yard.

CHAIRS OF ALL KINDS

MORE THAN 30 PATTERNS

3.50 grades at	2.05
2.50 grades at	1.85
1.50 grades at	1.10
1.25 grades at	1.00
1.00 grades at	.90
.95 grades at	.75

50 diners, all grades. Full leather seats. Box seats, and commons. \$5.50 grades at \$3.75
 4.50 grades at 3.25



1 Vernis Martin beautiful panel bed good value at \$27.50 for \$19.50
 \$17.50 3 in. post at \$12.50
 16.00 3 in. post at 11.00
 15.00 3 in. post at 10.25
 12.50 3 in. post at 9.75
 11.50 3 in. post at 7.75
 9.00 3 in. post at 6.75
 6.00 3 in. post at 4.50
 2.50 inch post at 2.25

MATRESS FOR ANY BED

\$ 3.75 mattress at \$ 2.90
 7.00 mattress at 4.50
 9.00 mattress at 6.75
 18.00 Floss at 12.75



THESE STOVES MUST BE MOVED WITHOUT DELAY.

\$32.00 All Fuel Heater. \$23.50
 30.00 All Fuel Heater. 22.00
 Exceptional values in small heaters absolute cost.



While the Peninsular (like cut) is the finest range made at \$70.00. My special Sale Price is \$55.00. Will clear them out at once. I have an excellent range for \$25.00. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.



EXTRA VALUES

in genuine leather upholstered and quarter oak rockers.
 \$24.50 rocker for \$9.75
 11.50 rocker for 7.75
 9.50 rocker for 6.50
 7.50 rocker for 5.90
 5.90 rocker for 3.50
 3.75 rocker for 2.75
 1.75 rocker for 1.40

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS

F. D. HAISTEN

A Des Moines man had an attack of muscular rheumatism in his shoulder. A friend advised him to go to Hot Springs. That meant an expense of \$150.00 or more. He sought for a quicker and cheaper way to cure it

and found it in Chamberlain's Liniment. Three days after the first application of this liniment, he was well. For sale by all dealers.



THE Gossard CORSETS
 They look like Frocks
 JUST RECEIVED.
 A complete line of new models in the Gossard corsets. Prices from \$3.50 to \$8.50.
 MRS. ROBT. PATTISON, Corsetiere.
 Phone Black 1481.

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HAY, FEED, FLOUR, POULTRY SUPPLIES, WOOD
 1527 JEFFERSON AVENUE

For WOOD AND COAL

Phone Main 6

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Rubberoid . . .

WENAHU LUMBER CO.

Greenwood and Madison Sts. Phone, Main 732

STRIKERS GIVE WORD TO PUBLIC

PORTLAND UNIONS ISSUE STATEMENT OF CONDITIONS.

Say Peaceable Strike Is Aim of the Unions Now Out of Shops.

Local O.-W. strikers have requested publication of the following from a Portland paper relative to the strike situation:

Because they are of the opinion that the people of Portland are not acquainted with the facts regarding the strike now in progress throughout the lines of the Harriman system and especially with the strikers' side of the controversy in this city, members of the local advisory board of the striking shopmen have issued the following statement:

"Believing that public opinion is the strongest power in society, the striking shop employees of the Harriman lines wish to call the attention of the public to the peaceable and orderly manner in which this strike has been conducted since last September, and is now being conducted.

"Numerous strikers have been arrested on some pretext or other and not one has been found carrying concealed weapons. The strikebreakers imported for the occasion have invariably been found armed, contrary to law and apparently with the consent of the sheriff and district attorney. In such personal collisions as have occurred, the strikebreakers have proved the determined aggressors, apparently anxious to work the old tactics of enlisting public opinion against the strikers by inducing some act of violence and charging them with it.

Self Control.
 "When it is understood that about 900 men are on strike in Portland of all ages and nationalities, many of them seeing suffering in their families because of strike conditions, certainly organized labor ought to receive credit for self control, for intelligence and for law abiding instinct in conducting this strike so peaceably that probably 90 per cent of Portland's population has no idea that the strike is still going on. It is easy for the wealthy and the comfortable to keep the peace. It is not so easy for the suffering to do so, who feel that they suffer because of injustice.

The strike was called September 20, after repeated efforts to get the railroad officials to treat with the federation. But Mr. Kruttschnitt refused even to meet the delegates as such. He expressed a willingness to meet

the separate organization of which the federation is composed. Boiler-makers, blacksmiths, carmen, sheet metal workers and machinists; saying 'I am willing to meet the separate crafts for by so doing a few thousand men, we can handle, but when 25,000 or 30,000 men go out it is too gigantic to handle.' But the weakness of the small separate organizations acting alone is the very thing which made the federation necessary. So Mr. Kruttschnitt's position was very much like saying 'I am willing to discuss grievances with small bodies which I can break separately, like the sticks in the fable, but I am not willing to let you bind these faggots into one bundle which I cannot break.' For the shop employees to get any recognition they must federate, and to deny them the right to unite as a federation is in effect to deny all rights whatever.

Position One of Good Faith.

"It is the position taken in good faith by so many employers, by saying: 'We grant the right to combine in trades unions, but we also insist on the right of every man to sell his labor when and how he pleases, and must stand for the open shop.' All this is very well in theory, but the trouble is that every employer or capitalist belongs to the closest kind of a union, namely, the naturally cohesive union of a privileged class. The employing class as a whole is a privileged class—protected in the protective tariff, in the right way and right to condemn property of the railroads, in the control or monopoly of money and banking, in the control or monopoly of mines, forests, water, land, etc., etc., while the laborer is wholly unprotected. He must work to eat, and is in competition to live with every other laborer, man, woman or child. When the privileged class will consent to its own open shop, then there may be an open shop for labor, and each man may be free; but until then the only hope for labor is the lessening of his own cut-throat competition with himself by a solid organization to act as one. Hence it is that the 'scab' is a foe of his own class. He refuses to make solid labor's life-saving organization and helps break up labor's only present defense against the superior power and natural solidarity of capital.

Object of Strike.

"The striking shop employees of the Harriman system want the people to know what they are striking for. It is not for wages or hours alone but it is now striking to gain for labor, something of that same solidarity, cohesion and harmony of interest, which capital naturally possesses and which labor must have or sink to the degraded condition of absolute slavery, drawing such wages and having such rights as the privileged employer chooses to allow. No country has ever sur-

vived or ever will survive such a degraded condition of its people and the self interest of every person, even the capitalists if they did but know it, is in securing to labor just recognition.

"We are not going into the petty persecutions to which we have been subjected by strikebreakers, such as pouring oil on our pickets from the roof of a building, hurling rocks from places of concealment. We know that the strikebreaker is a mere hireling following his business for pay and sent in by professional detective agencies. Such hyenas will always be found prowling around. What we do desire the public to notice is the absolute peace and law abiding character of this strike, notwithstanding many provocations. We want our fellow citizens to know what the strike means and that it was forced on us by a refusal to even meet and discuss with us and by discharging without cause many of our brothers at the

commencement of winter, apparently to force the strike, and lastly that we must and shall win or otherwise we sink into slavery and that the inmost meaning of the strike is that labor is one and that labor will stand together, that the cause of every form of labor is the cause of every other form and that if driven to extremity, all labor will unite as one. And in furtherance of its right to live and to live decently and to receive some fair share of the fruit labor gets, will resort to the general strike as its last and most effective protest against manhood slavery.

"Signed by the local advisory board of the Harriman system. . . . A Weber, blacksmiths and helpers; C. F. Wohlforth, boiler-makers and helpers; J. W. Tamasky, sheet metal workers; Joseph Vana, carmen; C. R. Mer-

O. A. C. SHORT COURSES
 Begin Jan. 3, Continue Four Weeks

You Are Invited

Every citizen of Oregon is cordially invited to attend the short courses of the Oregon Agricultural College, beginning Jan. 3. Eleven distinctive courses will be offered in Agriculture, Mechanic Arts, Domestic Science and Art, Commerce, Forestry and Music. Every course is designed to HELP the student in his daily work. Make this a pleasant and profitable winter outing. No tuition. Reasonable accommodations. For beautiful illustrated bulletin, address H. M. TENNANT, Registrar, Corvallis, Ore. Farmer's Business Course by Correspondence.

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