La Grande Evening Observer

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TAFT CHOICE OF REPUBLICANS FOR PRESIDENT OF UNITED STATES

NOT ALONE NOMINATED BUT VOTE WAS MADE UNANIMOUS BY OVER NINE HUNDRED VOTES

Results of First Vote.

WILLIAM H. TAFT	702
[illegible]	41
JOSEPH G. CANNON	61
CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS	40
ROBT. M. LA FOLLETTE	25
J. B. FORAKER	16
PHILANDER C. KNOX	2
THEODORE ROOSEVELT	2
Total	913

CAREER OF WM. H. TAFT.

1857—Born, Cincinnati, O., September 15, son of Alphonso Taft, attorney general of the United States, in 1876-7, and Louise M. (Torrey) Taft.

1874—Graduated from Woodward high school, Cincinnati, and entered Yale.

1878—Graduated from Yale, with degree of B. A., second in class of 21, salutatorian and class orator.

1880—Graduated from Law school of Cincinnati college, with degree of LL. B., dividing first prize, and admitted to Ohio bar.

1881—Law reporter on Cincinnati Times and later on Cincinnati Commercial.

1882—Assistant prosecuting attorney of Hamilton county, Ohio.

1883—Collector of internal revenue, First district of Ohio.

1884—Engaged in practice of law in Cincinnati.

1885—Assistant county solicitor of Hamilton county, Ohio.

1886—Married Helen Herron in Cincinnati.

1887—Became judge of superior court of Ohio.

1890—Solicitor general of the United States.

1892—Became United States circuit judge, Sixth district.

1896—Became dean and professor in law department, University of Cincinnati.

1900—Became president, United States Philippine commission.

1901—Appointed first civil governor of Philippine islands.

1902—Sent to Rome to confer with Pope Pius in regard to Philippines.

1904—Became secretary of war in President Roosevelt's cabinet.

1905—Made visit to Philippines and was given big reception in Japan.

1906—Proclaimed United States intervention in Cuba.

1907—Made tour of world, opened Philippine assembly and visited Emperor Nicholas of Russia.

1908—Nominated by republican party, at national convention in Chicago, as its candidate for president of the United States.

TAFT IS IT.

Chicago, June 18, 3:45 p. m.—William H. Taft was nominated on the first ballot. It was later made unanimous. The convention then adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m. tomorrow, when a vice-president will be nominated and a vote taken.

The Coliseum, Chicago, June 18.—"We can fight well if we fight right; it is imperative that the anti-injunction plank should go into the republican platform. (Signed) William H. Taft."

This message from Taft was read before the resolutions committee today and was followed by this one:

"I stand for a square deal, not according to the extremists—neither the Manufacturers' association, nor the trade union. (Signed) Theodore [illegible]"

Vote is Taken.

After a long and tedious session, with much struggling for and against, the committee thereupon settled the question of the anti-injunction plank, and voted that it go into the platform, the ballot showing 35 ayes to 16 nays.

Nominations Commence.

The mercury in the hall was 86, and big fans were distributed bearing the picture of Taft on one side, and on the other was the inscription, "Tried and found true."

Ninety per cent of the delegates were in their seats when the convention opened. Rev. John Westley Hill of New York offered prayer.

Platform Adopted.

Senator A. J. Hopkins of Illinois, read the platform as adopted by the committee. It was adopted as read. After the adoption of the committee's report, the convention proceeded with the nominations.

Congressman Theodore E. Burton of Cleveland, placed the name of William H. Taft before the convention, for the presidency. He was followed by Congressman Henry S. Boutell of Illinois, who presented the name of Joseph G. Cannon.

Ovation for Burton.

Governor C. E. Hughes was nominated by General Steward L. Woodford of New York.

Philander C. Knox was nominated by Lieutenant Governor Robert Murphy of Pennsylvania.

When Congressman Burton arose to nominate Taft there was an ovation of four minutes' duration before he could speak.

As Lodge designated Burton, the crowd knew the latter was to present the name of Taft. The Ohioans who had been waiting, arose and started cheering. Flags were waved in all parts of the big hall, resounding with cheers that were deafening. Burton was well prepared for the ovation, which was well carried out. The tall congressman stood over his minutes unable to utter his first word, so great was the noise. There was a tension about the crowd that has not been noticeable before. Lodge delivered a lecture to the galleries. He said:

"I shall order the sergeant-at-arms to clear the galleries if there is not less disturbance. Business of this convention must be transacted. Guests of the convention cannot be permitted to prevent procedure."

Governor Hanley took advantage of the minute of quiet to shout:

"This convention may not want to hear me today, but delegates will hear me before November. Before election day they will know how Indiana is going."

Cheer Taft for 25 Minutes.

After Burton finished his speech the crowd broke loose in a wild tumult lasting 25 minutes. Finally the Ohio delegation started to march down and that resulted in a march around the hall. Everybody joined the march, which was joined by deelgates from 33 states representing a total vote of 500.

When the roll of states was called and Illinois reached, Representative Henry Boutelle was recognized. He began his speech nominating Joseph Cannon. At a reference to Lincoln, there was a tremendous applause, which was increased when it referred to Roosevelt at the last minute. At the mention of Cannon's name the galleries let loose with the wildest cheering of the day. The Illinois delegation leaped to their chairs, yelling: "Uncle Joe, Uncle Joe." Fordey of Michigan then seconded the nomination of Cannon. Governor Hanley was next recognized. He nominated Vice-President Fairbanks. At length he turned to the gallery, shaking his fist, exclaiming:

"My friends, it will all depend on you how long I take; I can stay here all night if necessary." The crowd yelled louder, drowning the sound of the gavel.

Jeers at Fairbanks.

Every allusion to Fairbanks was greeted with jeers and catcalls. When Hanley likened Fairbanks to a pure marble shaft, the crowd went into convulsions of mirth.

The Taft delegates who were prepared early for a demonstration, were loud in their hooting. Senator Beveridge and Hemenway of Indiana, were overcome by the display against Fairbanks, and jumped upon chairs and shouted to Hanley: "Name him; name him." Chairman Lodge restored order:

"I'll nominate him when I get ready," shouted Hanley.

Western Dog Show.

Santa Cruz, Cal., June 18.—One of the largest and most representative exhibitions of blue-blooded canines ever seen in California was opened here today and will continue through the balance of the week. Dogs and their masters are here from all parts of the Pacific coast, from Portland to Los Angeles, and the total value of the bow-wows is estimated at not less than $20,000.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Carr returned last evening from Weiser, where they were called by the tragic death of a cousin of Mr. Carr. The little fellow was literally mashed to pieces by being run over by a passenger train. Mrs. Carr went on to Portland today to spend a few days with friends.

Fred G. Taylor is expected home from Salt Lake next Saturday.

E. Z. Carbine is home from Salt Lake, where he attended the Y. M. M. I. A. convention. The other Union county delegates will be returning through the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson of Eugene, arrived this morning on their way to Summerville, to attend the Rinehart reunion. They were joined here by their friend, Mrs. C. S. Van Duyn, who is spending the day with them.

Troops in Camp.

Charleston, S. C., June 18.—Three regiments of the South Carolina national guard went into encampment today at Sullivan's Island, and will maneuver in conjunction with the regular troops at Fort Moultrie.

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION PLANS ARE RAPIDLY MATURING

Realizing that the time grows short, the general celebration committee meets almost every day or evening, with many conferences between individual members between times. Every member of the sub-committees is working like a beaver to have his particular job finished as soon as possible. The entire work is now well in hand, and it only remains to receive a few reports before the program for the day may be made public. A few things are certain. There will be a balloon ascension, automobiles races, foot races, a ball game, fancy horseback riding, and numerous other amusements. In the parade will be seen the fraternal orders, cowboys, Indians, calathumpians, automobiles, floats representin gthe different states, probably floats from the business houses, and best of all, any number of pretty girls. The Goddess of Liberty will be surrounded by maids of honor from Alicel, Imbler, Summerville, Island City, Cove, Union and Hilgard. Each town will be asked to send their most beautiful young lady.

The campaign for funds and assistance for the coming celebration has brought out more genuine patriotism than ever evidenced before in this town. Some, of course, because of a personal grouch, have refused to help at all. They always do. But the spirit manifested is in great contrast to the grasping, greedy conduct usually in evidence on a like occasion. Instead of asking more than fair pay for every bit of material or work needed, lumber, time, labor, teams, etc., have been freely offered and without the expenditure of so great an amount of money as is usual, the crowds who come here will be entertained better than ever before. The lawns of the city will be made free to our visitors, and this alone is one of the pleasantest promises the city is able to make to its visitors.

'Rah for the Fourth! Three cheers and a tiger!

PERIPATETIC PEDDLERS PAY.

Itinerant Merchants Requested by the Police to Contribute to City Treasury.

Three itinerant peddlers came into town yesterday and at once began to ply their vocation. They handle fancy dress goods, shirt waists, etc., and go about from house to house with their wares. Usually men of this class manage to work a town without paying any license, but these particular three were reported to the police by a lady who believes in patronizing home merchants, and they were promptly hailed to the recorder's office, where they each contributed two dollars to the treasury for the privilege of peddling from house to house, for one day, from June 18.

Spanish War Vets.

Joliet, Ill., June 18.—Several hundred veterans who wore the uniforms of Illinois volunteers during the late unpleasantness with Spain, are the guests of Joliet today. The encampment will last three days and promises to be the largest in the history of the Illinois department of the United Spanish-American veterans.

$25,000 Handicap.

New York, June 18.—The Suburban, second of the $25,000 handicaps of the metropolitan racing season, is scheduled for tomorrow and is the principal subject of discussion in turf circles today. Particular interest attaches to the showing of the 3-year-olds. The only 2-year-old to win the Suburban was Africander, in 1903, with 110 pounds up. The Brighton, last of the $25,000 handicaps, will be run on July 11. Last year the 3-year-old Peter Pan won this juicy stake, with 115 pounds up.

O. R. & N. Hauling Foreign Freight.

Business in hauling perishable freight for the Northern Pacific road continues to be handled by the O. R. & N. It is reported that the Northern Pacific will not be fully able to handle its own business before the last of July, or even later. Perishable freight only is being sent this way at present.

Minnesota Elks.

St. Paul, Minn., June 18.—Elks of the Twin Cities, reinforced by members of the order from several North Dakota cities and from all over Minnesota, will descend upon the town of Bemidji today, where the fourth annual meeting of the Minnesota State Association of Elks will be held during the next three days.

ANTI-INJUNCTION PLANK ADOPTED BY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

PLATFORM OF NATIONAL CONVENTION PUBLISHED IN FULL AS AMMENDED AND ADOPTED

LABOR LEADERS NOT FULLY SATISFIED WITH THE PLANK

CALLS FOR TARIFF REVISION AND EQUALITY FOR NEGROES AND OTHER SALIENT FEATURES.

After All-Night Session and Mad Wrangling, the Anti-Injunction Plank is Inserted Following Sturdy Demands for it From Taft—Wisconsin's Pet Scheme Given Death Blow—Deals With Currency Question—Extols Republican Reign in America—Commends Present Administration for Preservation of Natural Resources—Scope of Adopted Platform is Wide and Covers All National Issues of Today.

The resolutions committee reported the republican national platform to the convention shortly after it convened at 10:17. The platform follows:

Cause of the People.

"Once more the republican party in convention assembled, submits the cause of the people. This great historic organization that destroyed slavery, preserved the union, restored credit, expanded the national domain, established sound financial systems, developed industries and resources, gave the American nation a seat of honor in the councils of the world, now meets new problems of government with the same courage with which it solved the old. In this, the greatest era of American advancement, the republican party has reached its highest service under the leadership of President Roosevelt. In no other period since national sovereignty won under Washington, or preserved under Lincoln, has such might progress been made by the American nation. The highest aspirations of the American people found voice in the republican party. Conscience and courage in public station reached higher standards and right and wrong of private life became the cardinal principles of its political faith. Capital and labor have been brought into closer relations; abuse of wealth and all evils of privilege and favoritism has been put to scorn by virtue of justice and fair play.

Roosevelt's Accomplishments.

"The great accomplishments of Theodore Roosevelt has been first and foremost, his brave and impartial enforcement of laws, his prosecutions of illegal trusts and monopolies.

"Exposure and punishment of evil doers in public service; more effective regulations of rates and service of great transportation lines; a complete overthrow of preferences, and the arbitration of labor disputes; the amelioration of the condition of the workers of the country; conservation of national resources and the forward step in the improvement of our inland waterways.

Adopt These Policies.

"We declare unfaltering adherence to the policies thus inaugurated and pledge our party to their continuance under a republican administration of the government, under guidance of republican principles the American people have become the richest nation in the world; the United States now owns one-fourth of the world's wealth; makes one-third of the modern manufactured products, yet the great natural wealth of the country has scarcely been touched. With gratitude for God's bounty, with pride in the splendid productiveness of the past, and confident that there will be plenty and prosperity in the future, the republican party declares for the principle, that, in the development and enjoyment of a wealth so great and blessings so benign, there be equal opportunity for all.

A Panacea in a Crisis.

"Nothing so clearly demonstrates the sound basis upon which the commercial, industrial and agricultural interests are founded and the necessity for promoting their continued welfare through operation of republican policies, as the recent safe passage by the nation through the financial dis-

(Continued on page 8.)

IT OUGHT TO BE THE HAPPINESS AND GLORY of every citizen to so live and act that his fellow citizens will esteem him for his goodness, his kindness, and his usefulness. The principles of good citizenship should constitute the code of rules for every kind of business whether public or private. This applies particularly to the drug business, because, owing to the limited knowledge of the qualities of drugs by the general public, it follows that the reliability of the druggist is the chief guarantee of good service.

HILL'S DRUG STORE

La Grande Oregon