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FULTON HOME MARCH FIFTEENTH

TOWNSEND LIKELY TO FOLLOW CLEETON'S NAME.

Now Well Known That Department of Justice is Not Pleased With Name of Cleeton as District Attorney, Because Heney Doesn't Like Him—Seems Doubtful That Second Man Up Will Land Office—Fulton to Publicly Reply to Heney Soon.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—Senator C. W. Fulton is preparing to come home on March 15, and then publicly answer the recent charges made against him by F. J. Heney in the latter's Portland speech. He cannot get away sooner because of the press of legislative business.

Justice Department Dissatisfied.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 10.—It is reported in Portland today that the department of justice is not satisfied with the selection of Thomas J. Cleeton of Portland, for the position of federal district attorney in Oregon, to succeed Bristol, and that it is doubtful if he will be nominated by the president. It is said that Heney is not favorable to Cleeton, but this can not be confirmed. Among the candidates mentioned in case Cleeton is not appointed is B. D. Townsend, of Washington, D. C., who was interested with Heney in the investigation of the timber and land frauds.

Men at Work Again.

Loraine, O., Feb. 10.—Five thousand men were put back to work today by the National Tube company. They have been idle several weeks, but the company now reports orders enough ahead to employ an additional 4000 men.

Pack "Twin" and Jim Flynn.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 10.—A fight that is attracting much interest among Los Angeles sports is that scheduled for tomorrow night between Jack "Twin" Sullivan and Jim Flynn. The

latter has won three fights in succession in California. The bout will be for 19 rounds at catch weights before Thom McCarey's Pacific Athletic club. Sullivan's recent victory over Joe Thomas won a host of friends for him in Los Angeles, and as Flynn consented to take him on, Matchmaker McCarey lost no time in clinching the bout.

Women's Golf Tournament.

Coronado, Cal., Feb. 10.—Famous feminine golfers from the Atlantic to the Pacific are among the contestants for the California championship golf tournament, inaugurated today on the new links of the Coronado Country club. Mrs. Herbert Munn, of New York, who won the 18-inch challenge cup last year, will defend her title as woman golf champion of California. The tournament will probably continue through four days.

QUAKE UNEARTHS HIS AFFINITY

NEW YORKER TOOK ADVANTAGE OF FIRE.

Faker and Carnival Artist Has Sprang a Sensation in Affinity by Resorting to Fire and Quake as a Shield to Cover His Retreat From His Real Wife—His Wife Was Today Granted a Divorce on Grounds of Desertion—Man in Seattle.

New York, Feb. 10.—Earthquake and fire, as aid for affinity worship, is the revelation made in a divorce granted today to Mrs. Salome V. Ford of Brooklyn. She alleges her husband Homer B. Ford, utilized the San Francisco horror to make her believe him dead, so he could run away with his affinity. Ford was a street fakir and carnival artist, and was apparently devoted to his wife until he went to San Francisco several months before the earthquake. Letters ceased after the

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CLEARING HOUSE CERTIFICATES NO LONGER FINANCIAL RELIEF IN TIME OF NATIONAL PANIC

Senator Aldrich Argues to the Senate That Time Has Come for Another System of Financial Rescue in Time of Crisis

HIS SCHEME COULD RELEASE MILLIONS IN A FEW HOURS

Washington, Feb. 10.—The reply of Senator Nelson Wilmarth Aldrich of Rhode Island, to the critics of his banking and currency bill, introduced by him, as a measure to provide relief in time of financial stress by allowing the national banks to issue emergency currency on certain approved securities and guaranteed by the government, was made today.

It excited widespread interest because the bill is supposed to have the best opportunity of passing of a number of bills offered this session. Many financial critics declare the bill affords no substantial relief. Aldrich reviews the situation in an able style.

He reviewed the panic of 1907. It was not a currency panic in the true sense of the word, for United States currency, in its character, was beyond question. The amount of money in circulation at that and in the hands of the people, outside the banks' treasury, was \$19.36 per capita, much larger than that held by people of any other commercial country in the world, except France, where conditions are entirely different.

"Under ordinary conditions the volume of our currency could be fairly criticized as excessive, and certainly adequate to meet normal demands. But there are no provisions for emergency which occurs more or less frequently in every country, and which we now see must be provided for,"

said the speaker. "It is impossible to estimate the losses inflicted by suspension of payment by the banks in the recent disturbance. It was financial embarrassment on every hand; thousands were thrown out of employment and wages of employes reduced. Of five expedients adopted to meet the emergency, the use of clearing house certificates was unquestionably the most effective.

Saved Disaster Eight Times. "This was the eighth time their employment has been beneficial, at times preventing serious disaster, but it resulted this time in such disarrangement of exchanges as to make it doubtful whether the disadvantages are not greater than the benefits.

"The great losses to the people of this country suffered through a partial breakdown of our credit system, and which the abnormal increase in the volume of money, both legal and illegal, failed to avert, should lead congress to seriously consider whether possible legislation will prevent a recurrence.

If the panic should be repeated, the methods of relief used in 1907 would not be available. The treasury would not be in condition to come to the relief.

"No one can predict what the financial conditions will be by autumn. Some urge and entire revision of the monetary system and some the establishment of a central bank of issue.

What the Bill Provides. "The bill reported by the ways and means committee provides for the possible issue in emergency of \$50,000,000, the notes to be identical in character. The banks must be required to deposit in the United States treasury, municipal, state or first-class railroad bonds. On state and municipal bonds they are entitled to 96 per cent in notes; and on railroads, 75 per cent. At any time within 48 hours, the entire \$50,000,000 can be put into the channels of trade and allay public excitement.

"The bill simply gives the banks the right to accomplish by legal methods, that which they felt necessary in the recent crisis to accomplish by illegal means.

Aldrich grew sarcastic, referring to the objection of the bill's effect on bank earnings. He said he must confess the committee did not try to devise plans to increase them.

"In the recent panic there was a general suspension of cash payments by the banks," he said. "This is a violation of every banking law. But bank managers should realize that extraordinary forbearance of the people should not be repeated, for collections of the past three months were too definite to listen to discussion by bank officers in large cities, or whether or not remedies proposed by congress would result in large additions to their dividends."

The bill does not intend to place a premium on that kind of bank management which proposes to make financial disturbances and disaster a source of profit. The securities named would find universal acceptance in settlement of obligations. No securities except United States bonds would have better credit and standing in financial circles. As to asserting that the government should not exact from banks a pledge of definite securities and that it is safe to accept a general credit assets as security, Aldrich said it was sufficient to answer that banks don't follow this rule in dealing with each other. Clearing houses require carefully selected securities on which

they advance 75 per cent of their value.

Personally Aldrich thinks the United states in time will adopt the latter system. That it will do so in the immediate future is a question. Therefore, the entire finance committee agreed to a demand for the issue of emergency notes. A minority favored United States notes. A majority felt this would establish a dangerous precedent, as approval of their issue, even for temporary purposes, would lead to ultimate demand for continual enlargement whenever a reasonable pretext could be found. They believed, since the national bank notes, with convertibility guaranteed by the government, would have the confidence of the American people, it would be prudence to use this form of currency. Germany, England, Austro-Hungary each follow this plan in a general way.

DEMOCRAT ADVANCES VIEW

FORAKER ATTEMPTS TO CLEAR OFFICE SCANDAL.

Representative Leak of New Jersey Thinks His Colleague is Wrong in Trying to Nominate Bryan in the House—Should Be Done at Denver Convention—Senator Foraker Tries to Take Issue With Roosevelt Over the Foulke Letter.

Washington, Feb. 10.—A bomb was thrown into the democracy country when Leake, democrat, of New Jersey, made a three-minute speech in the house, in which he attacked W. J. Bryan, and declared his democratic fellow statesmen were proving false to their duty in trying to nominate Bryan in the house instead of leaving the choice to the Denver convention.

Foraker Attacks Roosevelt.

Senator J. E. Foraker took the floor in the senate this afternoon on "question of personal privilege," to answer statements in President Roosevelt's letter for Foulke with reference to federal appointments in Ohio.

The Ohioan took issue with Roosevelt's denial that patronage was not being used by administration in an improper manner.

The senator disclaimed any intent of "bandying words" with the president, and while recognizing a lack of interest by the general public as to who held public office, he was prompted by the attitude of the president as expressed in a letter to Foulke to produce a case of an office holder in Ohio who had been coerced.

Reopen Brooklyn Bank.

New York, Feb. 10.—The First National bank of Brooklyn, which closed its doors during the panic, was reopened for business today. The directors declare that the institution is now in a sound condition and prepared to meet all demands of depositors.

PARCEL POST OF REAL VALUE

BILL PROPOSES SYSTEM WORTHY OF SUPPORT.

New Jersey Representative Has Introduced a Parcel Post Bill Drafted Along Lines Recommended by the Postmaster General, Which Will Kill Competition by the Large Mail Order Houses—Rates Apply to Merchant Where Rural Route Begins.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—Provision for the establishment of a parcel post on rural mail routes was made in a bill introduced in the senate today by H. E. Burnham of New Jersey, which is modeled along lines recommended by Postmaster General Von Meyers in his annual report. The merchant in the city where the route begins may forward merchandise to rural route customers at the rate of five cents for the first pound, and two cents for each additional pound. The size of packages is to be limited to 11 pounds. If passed, the measure will give to the country merchant a vast advantage over mail order houses, permitting 11-pound packages for a quarter, whereas it would cost the merchant outside \$1.76.

Killed in Slums.

New York, Feb. 10.—After a night of "slumming in Chinatown" with four others, a young woman was fatally shot in a Second avenue car at 18th street early today. According to two girls of the party, the woman was known as "Queenie." She carried a bottle of champagne over which she quarreled with a man and a moment later a shot was heard. The bullet entered the left breast and the girl died shortly after reaching Bellevue hospital. The shooting is enveloped in mystery.

Ohio Primaries Tuesday.

Columbus, O., Feb. 10.—Republicans of the Buckeye state will be afforded an opportunity tomorrow to express by direct vote their choice for the party's candidate for the presidency. Delegates and alternates to the republican state convention will be elected. The convention will be held here on March 3 and 4, and it will select, in addition to four delegates-at-large to the republican national convention, candidates for governor and other state officers.

Metcalf to Give Dinner.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The next cabinet dinner of the season will be held tomorrow evening, when Secretary of the Navy Metcalf and Mrs. Metcalf will entertain President and Mrs. Roosevelt. All of the other cabinet members are expected to be present.

Private plants will furnish lights for the Elks' minstrel. Don't remain away. You'll lose if you do.

TIMELY SPECIAL SALE of Beverly Skirts—this week

This sale embraces every Beverly Skirt in our stock—in Black Voile, Black Panama, and all novelties in every conceivable color—in the new stripes, plaids and checks, also a good assortment in light colored dress skirts, all at REDUCED PRICES this week.

\$30.00 Skirts	\$20.00	\$20.00 Skirts	\$13.34
27.50 Skirts	17.34	18.50 Skirts	12.34
25.00 Skirts	16.67	17.50 Skirts	11.67
22.50 Skirts	15.00	15.00 Skirts	10.00

ALL SKIRTS AT REDUCED PRICES THIS WEEK



THE PAPILLON MODEL WAIST

SEE CUT

The only really new waist novelty produced for several months, made from daintiest of sheer materials with many pretty conceits in dainty laces and insertions

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