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RUSSIANS ABOUT READY TO GIVE AN ANSWER TO JAPS

Envoys Report now in the Hands of the Czar.

MAY REPORT SOON

Portland, Aug. 11.—It was announced this morning that there will be no joint session of the peace envoys today. The Russians will have conferences among themselves in their own apartments during the day. Early this morning Ambassador Rosen and M. Pokotilof took an automobile ride around Fortmouth and vicinity. Both seemed to be in good humor.

Unless an agreement is reached by the peace envoys demands, the exact terms will not be made public. The only exception to this determination will be, in case of a completed treaty. This is due to a tacit understanding between the two governments entered into before the election of Washington as a meeting place was decided upon. Russia is manifesting a disposition to take the public into full confidence, hoping by this connection that the public opinion will force the Japanese to modify their terms. On the other hand Japan is disposed to surround the peace negotiations with mystery, believing it to be to the best interests of both parties that the outside world be kept ignorant of the various phases and interchanges. The Mikado's representatives assert that in a matter of so great delicacy and of such grave moment to the belligerent governments it would not be conducive to a speedy termination of the questions at issue to make public the exact conditions of peace in view of the possible necessity and desirability of making modifications in the original demands. It is recognized that concessions will have

to be made to Russia if lasting peace is to be obtained. Nothing but embarrassment could follow through explanations that necessarily would have to be made to the Mikado's people for any action taken, if such concessions were made and the Japanese people had knowledge of the original demands.

TERMS TOMORROW

It is expected now that the Russian's answer will be given to the Japanese tomorrow morning. All last night private wires were busy sending a draft of the terms to St. Petersburg and exchanging communications with the foreign office. Witta announced this morning that he expects to hear from the Czar before night. The Japs will then be notified and the convention called to order again.

Train Wreck

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 11.—The Golden state limited was derailed one mile east of here this afternoon. The train carried sixty passengers, a number of which are reported killed. No details are obtainable at this time.

Golf Championship

Chicago Aug. 11.—In the third round of golf today, F. C. Fownes defeated Travis one up, D. F. Sawyer defeated A. L. White three up, with one yet to play. H. C. Egan defeated Herreschof two with one yet to play.

More Investigations

Washington, Aug. 11.—Dr. Jacob Hollander and John Hopkins, who recently returned from Santo Domingo where they were sent as special commissioners, will visit other British possessions to make further investigations. They will make the trip in the cruiser Gavelston.

Transfer Convalescents

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 11.—Definite arrangements were made this morning to transfer 25 of the Bennington convalescents to Marsa' Isal, the transfer to be made Sunday. The report of the board of inquiry will be forwarded to Washington today or tomorrow.

TRIED JAIL BREAK

H. C. Brown, who is in the county jail awaiting the action of the October term of circuit court, made an attempt to break out of jail last evening and if he had been unmolested for a few hours more, would have succeeded.

There are eight men at present in the cells and when deputy sheriff Tom Johnson yesterday afternoon went in to lock them up for the night, he made the usual rounds to see if they were all in their accustomed places. Brown and McBride occupy the same quarters. McBride stepped inside from the corridor to be locked up and Tom thought he saw Brown lying on the bunk as had been his custom for the past several days, (the why of it is now easy to foresee) but what was supposed to be Brown was a dummy, made up of Brown's clothes. He stuffed his overalls with bedding, his shoes were in the proper place and in fact the entire make-up was such as to deceive anyone. However Brown at this time was hiding behind that portion of the jail which is enclosed and the rear is not visible from the front.

Along about eight o'clock in the evening Mr. Johnson had occasion to return to the office and upon meeting the deputy sheriff of Wallowa county, invited him to accompany him, and after showing him the new court house took him in to see the jail and in walking around the jail, he stepped on some loose plaster, which excited his suspicion and he lighted a match and saw that three bricks had been removed. He was not long in making an examination and Brown was not in his cell neither did any of his companions know where he was, but in a very few seconds he was discovered on top of the steel jail and placed on the inside. He had cut one of the blankets into strips about three inches wide which he would have used later to descend to the ground had he succeeded in getting two more tiers of brick removed. It didn't work however, as deputy sheriff Johnson foiled him, and his liberty as compared in the past will undoubtedly be somewhat restricted in the future.

Fever Situation Serious

New Orleans Aug. 11.—It was decided late last night that the funeral of Arch Bishop Chapelle would be held at nine o'clock this morning. The city urged to keep up its courage. Col. Blakelo is circulating bright placards urging cheerfulness. The large business houses have announced that no employees will be laid off, neither will salaries be reduced during the stagnation of business caused by the panic stricken people and in case of sickness they will be given full pay. TWELVE NEW CASES At New Orleans at one o'clock this afternoon three were reported dead of fever and twelve new cases.

ROOSEVELT MAKES STRONG ADDRESS AT CHATAQUA TO A VERY LARGE CROWD

Chief Topic of Address is Monroe Doctrine, Which He Upholds Strongly

TWO SPEECHES IN TWO DAYS

Chataqua, Aug. 11.—The Presidential party arrived on the train at 8:5 and were taken to Higgins Hall for breakfast which was cooked and served by the young ladies of the domestic science department. Governor Higgins was absent, caused by illness in his family. After breakfast the party was driven to the entrance of the auditorium where the President delivered one of his strongest addresses, for many months, of which the following is a part.

Today I wish to speak to you on one feature of our national foreign policy and one feature of our national domestic policy.

The Monroe Doctrine is not a part of international law. But it is the fundamental feature of our entire foreign policy so far as the Western Hemisphere is concerned, and it has more and more been meeting with recognition abroad. The reason why it is meeting with this recognition is because we have not allowed it to become fossilized, but have adapted our construction of it to meet the growing,

changing needs of this hemisphere. Fossilization, of course, means death, whether to an individual, a government, or a doctrine.

It is out of the question to claim a right and yet shirk the responsibility for exercising that right. When we announce a policy such as the Monroe Doctrine we thereby commit ourselves to accepting the consequences of the policy, and these consequences from time to time alter.

Let us look for a moment at what the Monroe Doctrine really is. It forbids the territorial encroachment of non-American powers on American soil. Its purpose is partly to secure this Nation against seeing great military powers obtain new footholds in the Western Hemisphere, and partly to secure to our fellow republics south of us the chance to develop along their own lines without being oppressed or conquered by non-American powers. As we have grown more and more powerful our advocacy of this doctrine has been received with more and more respect; but what has tended most to give the doctrine standing among the nations is our growing

willingness to show that we not only mean what we say and are prepared to back it up, but that we mean to recognize our obligations to foreign peoples no less than to insist upon our own rights.

We can not permanently adhere to the Monroe Doctrine unless we succeed in making it evident in the first place that we do not intend to treat it in any shape or way as an excuse for aggrandizement on our part at the expense of the republics to the south of us; second, that we do not intend to permit it to be used by any of these republics as a shield to protect that republic from the consequences of its own misdeeds against foreign nations; third, that inasmuch as by this doctrine we prevent other nations from interfering on this side of the water, we shall ourselves in good faith try to help those of our sister republics, which need such help, upward toward peace and order.

As regards the first point we must recognize the fact that in South America the nations is our growing

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KING EDWARD HOPEFUL

London, Aug. 11.—Parliament prorogued this morning after the most eventful session held in recent years. King Edward in a speech touched several important international questions, one of which was concerning the Russo-Jap war. He said: "It is my earnest hope that the Russian and Japanese peace delegations which were instituted under the initiative of the President of the United States may lead to lasting and mutually honorable peace."

Touching the Norway and Sweden complications his Majesty said "I am confident that by the exercise of wisdom and moderation on both sides that a satisfactory settlement of their disputes will be reached".

Banana Famine

Boise Idaho Aug. 11.—One effect of the yellow fever epidemic in New Orleans is already being felt in Boise, but it is nothing that will cause any apprehension. There are now no bananas on the local market, and this, it is believed is due to the yellow fever trouble in New Orleans.

Fiend Burned

Dallas Texas Aug. 11.—A negro was publicly burned in the county court house square at Sulphur Springs, Hopkins county, today by a mob who charged him with a criminal assault on a white woman.

County Clerk J. B. Gilham issued a marriage license yesterday to O. E. Sanders and Miss Clara B. Bell, both of Cove.

BATH REQUISITES

Everything for the bath—of the quality you ought to have—at the price you ought to pay. We sell quantities of bath supplies, because we keep what people want, and make the prices right.

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