

DEATH TRIBUTE TO DEAD RULER

General Nogi and Wife Die True to Ancient Custom.

Both Commit Suicide in Honor of Japan's Dead Emperor—All Preparations Carefully Made.

Tokyo—General Count Maresuke Nogi, supreme military councillor of the empire, and his wife, the Countess Nogi, committed suicide in accordance with the ancient Japanese custom, as a final tribute to their departed emperor and friend, Mutsuhito. The death by their own hands of the general and his wife was as dramatic as it was sad. The general cut his throat with a short sword and the countess committed harakari.

Following the Samurai custom, the couple had carefully prepared their plans for killing themselves and timed them so that they would be coincident with the departure forever from Tokyo of the dead emperor.

General Nogi and the countess had attended the funeral services of Mutsuhito at the palace, and it was expected they would proceed to Aoyama with the funeral cortege. Instead, however, at the conclusion of the ceremony at the palace they withdrew to their modest home in Akasaka, a suburb of Tokyo, and there began their final preparations for death.

First, the general wrote a letter to his new emperor, Yoshihito, which later was found bound to the body. Then he draped in mourning a portrait on the wall of the late emperor, and afterward he and his wife dressed themselves in full Japanese costume and drank a farewell cup of sake from a chalice which had been presented to them by Mutsuhito.

Darkness had fallen and General Nogi and the countess sat and awaited the signal they had agreed upon to announce their leaving-taking. This was the booming of a single gun in the palace grounds at Tokyo, which was to let the people know that the body of the emperor was starting on the funeral car for its last resting place.

As the boom of the gun resounded through the clear, still night, General Nogi arose, and grasping in his hand a short sword, plunged it into his throat, while the countess stabbed herself through the body. A student who resided in the Nogi home heard the fall of the bodies and rushed into the room.

JAPAN PAYS TRIBUTE.

Young Emperor Reads Address of Lamentation at Funeral.

Aoyama—Both the emperor and the people of Japan paid homage to the memory of Emperor Mutsuhito at the funeral hall at Aoyama.

In front of the great casket the young emperor read an address of lamentation, in which he referred to the events in the life of his great father. Then in behalf of the people of Japan, the premier, Marquis Saionji, delivered a patriotic address and was followed by the minister of the household, who spoke for the dead emperor's attendants. The hall was crowded with thousands of high dignitaries, among whom were sprinkled a considerable number of foreigners.

When the great procession accompanying the body from the imperial palace in Tokyo arrived at the entrance to the grounds of the palace at Aoyama, ten huge gas lanterns were lighted. Ritualists then arranged white curtains at the back and side of the bier and a half-drawn blind in front. While the preparations were in progress the emperor and the other members of the imperial family waited in a resting room.

The ritualistic ceremonies then began, the chief ritualist reciting a prayer, which was followed by a mournful Shinto hymn, chanted to the accompaniment of sacred instruments.

Gold Ship May Be Raised.

Elliensburg, Wash.—"Uncle Joe" Morrell, of Elliensburg, sole remaining survivor of the ship Golden Gate, which burned and sank off Manzanillo, Mexico, in 1864 with more than \$2,000,000 in California gold on board, has received a letter from a San Francisco syndicate asking certain details of the wreck and bearings of the spot where the ship sank. Morrell is promised a liberal share of the gold in return for his information, should the expedition prove successful.

Mare Island Would Bid.

Vallejo, Cal.—Captain Henry T. Mayo, commandant of the Mare Island navy yard, has telegraphed to the Navy department asking that plans and specifications for the proposed new dreadnaught Pennsylvania, authorized by congress, be forwarded to him, that the yard may bid on her construction. The Pennsylvania is to be the largest vessel in the navy and will cost \$15,000,000. Captain Mayo believes the Mare Island yard can construct the Pennsylvania at as low a figure as any other government plant.

Mikado Given Up for Day.

London—At the suggestion of the Lord Chamberlain, the opera "Mikado" was not played at any theater in Great Britain Saturday, the day of the Japanese emperor's funeral. Immediately after the colors were hoisted at the mastheads of the British warships in home and foreign waters they were half-masted in memory of the late emperor. The flags over the government offices and on many business houses likewise were lowered.

Negro Is Made Major.

Washington, D. C.—Captain Charles Young, of the Ninth United States Cavalry, the only negro army officer graduated from West Point, has been promoted to the rank of major. It is said no other negro has attained that rank in the regular army. Young is now military attaché to Liberia, and is organizing the army of that republic.

EMPEROR'S FUNERAL BEGINS.

Ancient and Modern Rites and Customs Mingle at Tokio.

Tokyo—Funeral ceremonies of the late Emperor Mutsuhito of Japan, posthumously known as "the Emperor of the Era of the Enlightenment," began amid surroundings in which century-old rites and customs were mingled with modern military display.

From the most extreme points of Japan subjects have been assembling in Tokio. At midnight great crowds had gathered along the route of the procession.

The weather was fair. A police cordon was established, shutting off the streets through which the body of the emperor will be transported and upon which it is estimated half million persons will be accommodated. Soon after midnight officials proceeded to the palace in preparation for the early ceremony.

The sombre coloring associated with Western mourning was almost entirely absent, being replaced by the brilliant hues of the Orient.

Official representatives of every country had come to Tokio to participate in the solemnities. Among them were princes representing reigning houses and special emissaries commissioned by republican presidents. The list included Philander C. Knox, secretary of state of the United States, who was accompanied by Hansford E. Miller, chief of the Far Eastern section of the State department at Washington; Rear Admiral Alfred Reynolds and Brigadier General John J. Pershing. Members of the regular foreign diplomatic body were present in their uniforms.

From an early hour the palace in its great private park in the heart of the capital was the goal toward which virtually everybody in Tokio made his way on foot. The late emperor only occasionally during his life left the moated enclosure where his body had laid in state since August 13. Since that date on each tenth day, solemn memorial services and sacrifices to the spirit of the departed ruler were performed.

The casket containing the body lay in state in the main hall. It had been decorated according to Shinto rites by a special corps of ritualists.

The casket measured nearly ten feet by five and weighed one and a half tons.

The chief ritualist and his assistants proffered the offerings of sacred food to the continued accompaniment of shinto music, after which other offerings of red and white cloth inclosed in willow boxes were made. Prayers for the dead were recited by the chief ritualist.

The most solemn act of all followed when the emperor, the empress, the dowager empress and the princes and princesses advanced toward the casket and worshipped the spirit of the departed emperor. A short silence ensued; the processions were reformed and the members of the imperial family retired.

The other members of the assemblage however, remained to worship the dead emperor's spirit, after which the Shinto ritualists advanced to the altar and removed the offering to the sound of sacred music. The screen in front of the catafalque was lowered by the chief ritualist and the first ceremony of the funeral was ended.

GOLD BRICK VICTIM SILENT.

Metal "Cheese" Hidden in Trunk By Stoical Roster Till Death.

Seattle—A \$10,000 gold brick swindle perpetrated three years ago on W. R. Marion, a wealthy resident of South Bend, Wash., who has since died, was disclosed Saturday when a cheese-shaped "brick" weighing 100 pounds was declared at the United States assay office here to be made of an excellent grade of copper coated with a thick layer of pure gold.

Marion, who is believed to have bought the "gold" from a half-blood Mexican who visited him three years ago, evidently discovered that he had been swindled, but did not complain, and the operations of the confidence man were brought to light only when his widow began an investigation of an apparent \$10,000 shortage in her husband's estate.

Eight Amendments Lost.

Columbus, O.—Final figures from 87 of the 88 counties in the state just completed by the secretary of state show that eight of the 42 amendments to the state constitution voted on at the special election September 3, have been defeated. Among the defeated amendments are: Equal suffrage, \$50,000,000 good roads bond issue, prohibition of the death penalty and the appointment of women to certain offices. The total vote was less than \$50,000, below 50 per cent of normal.

Zapatistas Abduct Women.

Mexico City—Word was received here that Emiliano Zapata is concentrating his forces at Alcatrazpan, 20 miles south of Cuernavaca, with the announced intention of marching on Cuernavaca, the capital of Morelos. In an attack Tuesday by Zapatistas on a passenger train, 50 miles south of Mexico City, nine persons were injured, one fatally. Two women passengers were carried into the mountains by the bandits. The wife of General Angeles, of the federal troops was among the passengers robbed.

Baldwin Is Renominated.

Hartford, Conn.—Governor Baldwin was renominated without opposition at the adjourned session of the Democratic state convention. Other officers and several presidential electors also were named and a platform was adopted.

The platform favors direct election of United States senators, the direct primary, initiative and referendum and the "further extension of suffrage to women."

Log Rates Will Advance.

Astoria, Or.—The local logging camps have notified their customers that on October 1, the price of logs will be advanced \$1 a thousand feet above the grade rates that have been in force for some time. The action follows a similar raise made by the upper river mills and that became effective on September 1.

HUGE SALE OF PUBLIC TIMBER

Sierra Forest Opened to Lumber Companies.

California Firm Buys 800,000,000 Feet—Growth Will Replace Small Percentage Used.

Washington, D. C.—Final arrangements for the sale of 800,000,000 feet of government timber to the Sierra Sugar Pine company, a California corporation, will shortly be concluded in San Francisco by Chief Forester Henry S. Graves, who is due to arrive there on September 28.

The timber, which stands in the Sierra national forest, has already been awarded, after public advertisement, but under the terms of the advertisement, the contract will not become binding until the company has been approved by the government on the ground that timber the government will reserve in order to provide for reproduction, and as agreed in writing to the terms imposed.

The company will be allowed to cut in full 800,000,000 feet, but it will not be allowed to cut clean. As a rule, the Forest Service reserves about one-third of the stand.

"Such large and long-term sales are a new development of the service," said Chief Forester Graves. "Great bodies of mature but inaccessible timber can be put on the market only if sale contracts are let on terms which will justify a very heavy initial investment in transportation facilities. In entering into such contracts, however, special safeguards to protect the public against monopoly and to prevent an undue speculative profit to the purchaser are employed.

"The national forests contain the equivalent of nearly 600,000,000,000 feet of timber now of merchantable size, besides young growth for future harvest. Because of its remoteness from market, only a small percentage can now be sold on any terms. The sale of less than one-fifth of 1 per cent of our total supply to one company leaves plenty of room for competition by other companies.

"The timber which has been sold to the California companies lies well back in the Sierra Nevada mountains and will require the construction of 70 miles of standard gauge railroad to open up the area. The company is given a cutting period of 22 years to remove the timber, besides an additional two years for the construction of logging and manufacturing facilities.

"For several years the Forest Service has been selling in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000 worth of national forest stumpage each year, but this, combined with what is cut for free use, is only one-eighth of what might be cut without reducing the permanent stock of the forests. The supply will be kept up through growth. By making long-term sales, it will be possible greatly to increase the amount available for present needs of the timber-consuming public, without endangering future supplies through over-cutting.

STRIKERS CAPTURE UTAH MINE; FIRE ON SHERIFFS

Bingham, Utah—Forty-five hundred men employed in the copper mines here laid down their tools Thursday morning, after the operators refused to meet their demands for an increase in pay of 50 cents a day. Every mine in the camp, with one exception, is idle.

The strikers are mostly foreigners and are determined that no one shall enter the mines or buildings until their demands have been granted. Shots were fired when deputies marched to the mines to draw the fines. A striker was shot by a deputy at another point.

Bayonets Win Battle.

Rome—The most sanguinary engagement of the war in Tripoli was fought Thursday near Derna, a town on the Mediterranean coast 140 miles north-west of Benghazi. The Italians lost 61 men killed and 115 wounded. The Turks and Arabs left more than 800 dead on the field. Forty-one prisoners, including an Arab chief, fell into the hands of the Italians. The battle opened at daybreak, when a force of Turks and Arabs surprised and attacked the Italian lines. The fight raged for four hours.

New Southern Line Short.

Spokane, Wash.—Construction on the new Harriman line between Spokane and Los Angeles is proceeding rapidly. Los Angeles officials of the Southern Pacific in charge of the building of the line from the southern terminus say that the survey for the line has been completed and that the distance will be 1175 miles, only 100 miles further than the shortest route now between Spokane and San Francisco and 475 miles shorter than the shortest existing line between Spokane and Los Angeles.

Heat Record Is Broken.

San Francisco—San Francisco and Sacramento were singled out as points of attack by a heat wave Thursday, both cities recording temperatures of about 100 degrees above the average for the rest of the state. The San Francisco maximum was 94 degrees, a record for the year. The thermometer for a drop in the thermometer of from 5 to 10 degrees, with indications of clear weather immediately to follow.

Shingle Market Is Firm.

Seattle, Wash.—Efforts of wholesale shingle dealers to break the market and force prices down so far has met with little success. Seattle wholesalers have recently sold cedar shingles for future delivery at \$2.50 in the East, the prevailing price at the mills on the Coast. So far as known the wholesalers have been unable to fill all the orders taken at the cut prices.

HAPPENINGS IN THE CITIES

Shylock's Insistency Beaten by a Black Portia



Intended to pay for them sometime before the winter holidays. According to Molly's testimony, Shylock was not more insistent for his pound of flesh than was Elsie for her two dimes, the aforesaid insistency resulting in an attack on the fairy form of the corpulent Molly.

"Do you want to question the witness?" asked the judge at the conclusion of the statement of Molly.

"Does ah want to ax any questions?" snorted Elsie. "In course ah does. Didn't ah gin yo dat basket er peaches for 20 cents?"

"Ah reckon so."

"Did yo' pay me dem two dimes when ah axed yo' fur 'em like er lady?"

"Lak er lady! Yo' said if ah didn't pay yo' would frow er brick at ma head."

"Did yo' gin me dat change?"

"Ah done tole yo' ah didn't have no money."

"Yo' ain't payed me twel yet, is yo'?"

"No."

"Dar yo' is," said Elsie, triumphantly addressing the Caledonian on the bench.

"Do you want to ask any more questions?" asked Judge Douglas.

"Mo' questions? What mo' questions does yo' want me ter ax? Ah knows nuffin erbout dis yer case cot."

"That will do," commented his honor. "you are discharged, but you must not undertake to collect any debt by such forceful methods."

Elsie glared at the judge a moment and said:

"Ah bot ah gets dat 20 cents befo' dat yaller nigger is er day older."

Go-Cart Is Cause of Mix-Up in Thrilling Comedy

DETROIT, MICH.—"The Comedy of a Go-Cart" would be an apt title for a sketch in which a woman, her two little children, a boy and a trolley car figured the other afternoon. The curtain rose when E. H. Lerchen, 149 Tuxedo avenue, hired Ed Schultz, aged sixteen, 322 Hunt street, to take a go-cart to his sister on the West side. From then on the action was swift.

Ed boarded a Jefferson car and not having any little brothers and sisters who use one of the tiny carriages, he forgot all about Mr. Lerchen's when he alighted from the car at Fourth and Grand River avenues.

In a few seconds it dawned on Ed that he must be in that part of the city for something.

"Ah, ha, I have it," exclaimed the boy. "I was to deliver Mr. Lerchen's go-cart. But where is it?" he asked himself, feeling in his pockets. "Must have left it on the car," he said finally.

Ed appealed to a patrolman, who advised him to wait on the corner for the car to return and recover the cart. That appeared logical, so he sat down on the curb to wait.

After a while a pay-entrance came along and Ed saw a go-cart on the rear platform. He jumped at the conclusion that it was Mr. Lerchen's. He stopped the car and the platform door swung open. Before the conductor could close it again Ed had the go-cart and was making off.

Mrs. Frank Marvin, 278 McGraw avenue, spied him. She had two little children with her, but that didn't deter her. She grabbed them both and made a race for Ed.

"Where are you going with my go-cart?" she commanded. "Put it down this instant."

But Ed ignored her and tried to continue his journey. Mrs. Marvin wouldn't have it that way and there was a struggle for possession of the cart. The boy wouldn't let go and Mrs. Marvin clung on. Somebody called the police and Mrs. Marvin, the children, Ed and the go-cart were given a ride to police headquarters in a patrol.

At the station neither Mrs. Marvin nor Ed would relinquish claim on the cart. Finally Mr. Lerchen was sent for and he quickly settled everything by saying the cart wasn't the one he gave the boy to deliver.

At that point the curtain fell on the first act. The cast is still in rehearsal on the rest of the show.

Municipal Elephant Serves as a Thief Chaser

her son had preceded the keeper and the pachyderm by 100 feet or more.

Suddenly three young men jumped from behind a clump of trees and one of them made for her. Mrs. Plau carried a handbag with \$40 in it in notes and she screamed.

Plau and the elephant arrived in a hurry. The boys had not seen the elephant, which had been concealed by the bushes.

"One of the boys was only a few feet away from Mrs. Plau when Minnie saw him," said Plau. "I had heard the elephant snort a little while before and I thought either a man or a dog was near."

"Go after him, Minnie," I told the elephant and she did. It was the first time I had ever seen her try to injure anyone and she surely did try to get that fellow. He dodged behind a tree and then ran down hill. Minnie went after him, but the grade saved him. Minnie is slow in going down hill. The other two fellows ran in the direction of the log cabin and all escaped."

Minnie was back in her house before 8:30, rolling her 4,200 pounds from one foot to another as if she had never seen a bandit.

Homes Disrupted and City Divided By Lobster

PHILADELPHIA.—This city is agitated as over a question which baffles solution. Wherever one goes it is being discussed. Arguments have arisen, fights have followed and arrests resulted. Homes have become disrupted and the whole city is practically divided into two factions.

The question is: "What is a lobster?"

It was handed up to a higher court here the other day by a police magistrate after he had spent a week in conferring with the leading lobster authorities all over the country.

The case is that of John Hauducuar, a chef in a local hotel, who was arrested on a charge of cruelty to animals for placing a wooden peg in the first joint back of the claw of a lobster to prevent it from snapping.

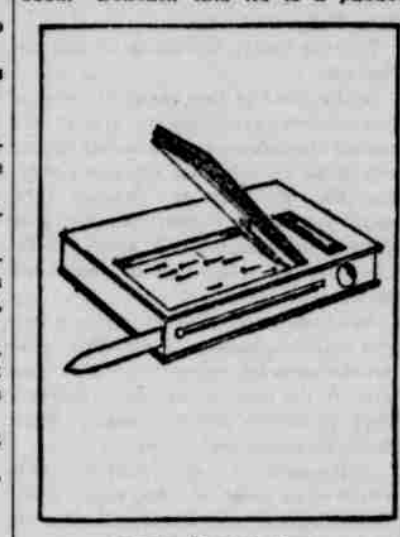
The case was argued today before Police Magistrate Haggerty by two lawyers, an amateur fisherman from Maine, a member of the cruelty society and the proprietor of the hotel. The fisherman declared that he was well acquainted with lobsters and that he never knew one that lived in salt water that could feel pain. The at-

THE CHILDREN

USEFUL LITTLE POCKET BOOK

Knife, Pins, Needles, Notebook, Pencil Sharpener and Other Articles in Combination.

One of the most complete combination articles ever put on the market is the pocket book designed by a Pennsylvania man. This compact and astonishing little device includes a pen-knife, pencil sharpener, notebook, pin-cushion, nail clip and several other necessary things. The contrivance is about the size and shape of a large match box. In a slide along one side is a knife blade, which, by means of a projection extending through the slot, may be thrust out when needed and replaced when not in use. Part of the box is a lid, on the bottom of which is fastened leaves of blank paper, forming a writing pad or notebook. Beneath this lid is a padded



Handy Pocket Book.

surface for pins, needles, etc. At one end of the box is an opening large enough to admit a lead pencil and equipped with a sharpening knife inside, while the nail clip is operated by the lid of the box, which works on a spring. With a change of linen and undergarments and one of these boxes a man might travel round the world.

SPRING SWING FOR CHILDREN

Interesting and Amusing Arrangement for the Little Folks is Shown in the Illustration.

An interesting swing arrangement for children. Attached to the supporting frame are four levers pivotedly mounted relative to each other, two levers extending in one direction and two in the other. The ropes supporting the swing-seat pass through the upper lever ends and are attached to the lower ones, and the weight of the person swinging tends to draw the



FLINT LOCKS STILL IN USE

Old-Fashioned Muskets Remain Principal Weapons of Many Natives in African Jungles.

Old flint-lock muskets are still the principal weapons of hordes of natives over vast tracts of Africa. The existence of these ancient arms keeps alive a steady demand for gun flints, a demand which is supplied from the little Norfolk village of Brandon, where there are flint pits which have been worked, as remains found establish, for at least 30 centuries. The business is a hereditary one. Large masses of flint are got out of the quarries and then flaked or split (the process being termed "knapping") in order to get at the core, which alone is used. The workmen place the flint upon a pad upon their left leg and tap it with a short, heavy hammer. Four fifths of the flint thus dealt with is waste, but of the remainder gun flints, carbine flints, pistol flints are still manufactured, and flint tinderboxes are prepared for the shepherds of the remotest parts of Spain and Italy.

Amusing Puzzles.

A person may, without stirring from the room, seat himself in a place where it will be impossible for another person to do so. Explain this.

Answer:—The first person seats himself in the other's lap.

Place a candle in such a manner, that every person shall see it except one, although he shall not be blindfolded, or prevented from examining every part of the room, neither shall the candle be hidden.

Answer:—Place the candle on his head, taking care that no mirror is in the room.

Make one word of the letters of words "new door."

Answer:—One word.

Source of Buttermilk.

"See all those lovely cows," said the farmer to Johnny; "they gave you the rich white milk you drank today."

"Did those goats give the 'butter' milk Aunt Susan drank?" asked the boy.

Machines Kill Birds.

Elliensburg, Wash.—Fully 50 per cent of the annual hatch of the Chickadee pheasants have been killed this year during the haying season, ranchers report. Hay putting time is the time for the birds to nest, and when the mowers and rakes pass over the fields the eggs are broken or the young birds are accidentally run over or trampled by the horses. Most of the farmers exercise much caution and try to protect the birds.

Hair Turns White in Hurry.

Sunbury, Pa.—John Lentz of Seven Points, while driving over the Reading railway near here, was struck by a passenger train and buried 30 feet, being badly injured. His black hair turned white, one of his horses was killed and the wagon wrecked.

Was Cursed 17 Ways.

Reno, Nev.—Mrs. Bertha Nathanson, wife of a New York professor of languages, has brought suit for divorce because "her husband cursed her in 17 different languages."

SOLD HAIR FOR BREAD

WIFE'S SACRIFICE WON HER WARRANT FOR HER HUSBAND.

Kansas City Woman Showed the Prosecutor Where She Had Cropped Her Locks, and "Official Policy" Yielded.

Kansas City, Mo.—A woman who sold her hair a few weeks ago for the family support obtained a state warrant for the arrest of her husband by removing her hat in the prosecuting attorney's office, showing the hair closely cropped from the top of the head.

A moment before the woman, Mrs. Monroe Burch, 5832 Perry avenue, had been refused a warrant by E. J. Curtin, acting warrant officer.

With her little boy, Mrs. Burch had taken a seat before the assistant's desk. Her husband, a carpenter, had left her, she said. And he had made little effort to support the family of three for several months.

"It is against the policy of the office to issue a warrant so soon after the husband has left as a result of a quarrel," Mr. Curtin explained. "Your husband may return in a few days."

Mrs. Burch started to the door. She hesitated, turned and removed her hat.

"That was one of my sacrifices," she said. "I do not think my husband sought work as he should. Two weeks ago we were hungry at our home. I had begun to look for washing to do, but we needed food. I went to a woman who has a small hair shop near Twentieth street and Indiana avenue. My hair had often been admired. The shop woman offered me 50 cents an ounce. I let her clip four ounces.

"A week later I asked my husband for 80 cents to pay the milkman. He had been drinking and exclaimed angrily that I should have paid the milk bill out of the hair money. I told him two dollars would not last so long, but he started a violent quarrel. He took a stove poker and did some damage to the house before he left."

Mr. Curtin had picked up a pen. He was writing an information for a warrant from the justice court of Charles Clark. The "office policy" had been forgotten.

YOUTH'S PAST LIFE A BLANK

Assistant Gunner on Training Ship Is Afflicted With a Strange Malady.

San Mateo, Cal.—One of the strangest cases that the surgeons in the marine hospital service ever met with is that of Horace Walling, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Walling of San Mateo, who was stricken with a mysterious malady while with the United States training ship Nashville in San Domingo bay, Haiti, and now lies in the naval hospital at Portsmouth, Va., suffering from a complete loss of memory.

One day, while the Nashville was in port at San Domingo, Walling, assistant gunner on the training ship, went ashore alone. Half an hour later he was brought back to the ship in a dazed condition, unable to speak, hear or walk. At first the surgeons were inclined to believe that he had been drugged by the natives, but as his condition remained the same, that theory was abandoned. An examination failed to reveal any evidence of stroke and no bruises of any kind were found on his head or body.

It was four weeks before Walling regained his speech and hearing and was able to walk, but he was as helpless as a small child. He could neither read nor write and he recognized none of his former companions. With painstaking care and training, the physicians began to teach their patient to read, write and walk, and the progress was so rapidly that in a month he had regained all past book learning.

Walling is now normal in every respect, except that his mind is a blank as to all persons, places or events that took place before his illness. He can not recall his home, family or friends.

H. H. Walling, the boy's father is a merchant of San Francisco.

Too Lazy to Live.

Paris.—M. and Mme. Bouzer and their daughter, Madeleine, twenty-five years old, were found dead in their flat, in the Rue Albouy, the other morning.

They took their lives because they did not think them worth living. They were all "cranks," and when the daughter preached Mr. Macdonald Hastings' theory that death was sometimes a duty, the parents allowed themselves to be persuaded.

Mme. Bouzer wrote a number of letters, which were found on the dining-room table. In all of them she explained that she, her husband, and her daughter were going to commit suicide because their lease to the flat had run out and they did not want the trouble of moving.

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