

# CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

## Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

### General Resume of Important Events Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A strike of the hoisting engineers in a Pennsylvania colliery has thrown 4000 men out of work.

A 13-year-old girl from Portland was one of the first of a party of 15 to reach the top of Mt. Adams.

Kansas proposes to cut off one day from the sentences of its convicts for each day they work on the roads.

Fung Rue, a noted Chinese aviator, was killed by a 200-foot fall while giving exhibitions at Canton, China.

Col. C. C. Wilson, ex-president of the United Wireless Telegraph company, died in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga.

The king and queen of England send a large wreath of flowers for the funeral of Commander Booth, of the Salvation Army.

A sailor on the training ship Intrepid has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment for refusing to be vaccinated against typhoid fever.

A battle between Southern Pacific shopmen and strikers at Sacramento resulted in several being injured. The strike has been on nearly a year.

The wireless station at Mare Island, Cal., talked with the recently completed station at Pribilof Island, Alaska, a distance of 3100 miles.

Bank Wrecker Robin, serving a sentence in a New York prison, has made a fortune speculating in stocks, giving his buying and selling orders by telephone.

A company has been formed to build seven steamships costing \$1,000,000 each, to establish a Panama Canal line between Boston and Los Angeles.

Nathan Behring, a New York stenographer, broke the world's record by writing 280 words a minute for five minutes.

Eleven persons are dead as the result of drinking poisonous liquid refreshments at a celebration near Montreal, Canada.

Tons of Alaskan freight were left on the docks at Seattle when the last steamer sailed for points on the Upper Yukon river.

Senator Borah, while visiting in Chicago for a few hours en route home, said the closing days of congress were "enough to drive an iron man crazy."

Two Kansas convicts made their escape from the penitentiary, when one of them fell and sprained his ankle. The other remained by and submitted to arrest rather than desert his comrade.

The State department disregards congress and sends more troops to Nicaragua.

The first big Pacific Northwest Land Products show will be held in Portland November 18 to 23.

A lone highwayman held up a Union Pacific train between Kansas City and Topeka and robbed the mail car and one Pullman. He was captured by the trainmen and seriously wounded.

The body of a 4-year-old Kansas City boy was found covered with brush and leaves, where it had been hidden by two older boys. He had been killed by a stone hurled by one of the older boys.

## PORTLAND MARKETS

Wheat—Track prices, new: Club, 78¢@79¢; bluestem, 81¢@82¢; fortyfold, 79¢@80¢; valley, 80¢@81¢.

Barley—Spot, \$24.50@25.

Millicuts—Bran, \$24.50 ton; shorts, \$27.50; middlings, \$32; rolled barley, \$25.

Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, \$15; valley timothy, \$12@13; alfalfa, \$11@12; clover, \$10; oats and vetch, \$10@11; grain hay, \$10@11.

Corn—Whole, \$38.50; cracked, \$39.50 ton.

Fresh Fruits—Apples, \$1@1.75 box; peaches, 50¢@65¢; plums, 75¢@1.10; pears, \$1.20@1.50; apricots, \$1.25; grapes, 65¢@1.50; blackberries, 50¢@1.00 crate.

Melons—Cantaloupes, 50¢@1.50 crate; watermelons, \$1@1.15 hundred; casabas, \$1.50@2 dozen.

Potatoes—Jobbing prices: Burbanks, new, \$6@90c hundred.

Vegetables—Artichokes, 65¢@75¢ dozen; beans, 2¢ pound; cabbage, 10¢@15¢; cauliflower, \$1@1.25 dozen; celery, 75¢@85¢; corn, 15¢@25¢; cucumbers, 50¢ box; eggplant, 7¢@10¢ pound; head lettuce, 20¢@25¢ dozen; peas, 8¢@9¢ pound; peppers, 8¢@10¢; tomatoes, 50¢@60¢ box; carrots, \$1.50 sack; turnips, \$1.25; beets \$1.50.

Eggs—Case count, 22¢@23¢ dozen; candled, 26¢; extras, 27¢.

Butter—Oregon creamery, cubes, 31¢ pound; prints, 32¢.

Veal—Fancy, 14¢ pound.

Poultry—Hens, 12¢@13¢; broilers, 14¢@15¢; ducks, young, 11¢@12¢; geese, 10¢@11¢; turkeys, live, 18¢@20¢; dressed, 24¢@25¢.

Hops—1912 contracts, 19¢@20¢; 1911 crop, nominal.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, 14¢@15¢ pound; valley, 12¢@22¢; mohair, choice, 32¢.

Cattle—Choice steers, \$6.75@7; good, \$6@6.50; medium, \$5.75@6; choice cows, \$5.75@6.25; good, \$5.50@5.75; medium, \$5@5.50; choice calves, \$7@8.50; good heavy calves, \$6@6.50; bulls, \$3.50@5; stags, \$4.75@6.

Hogs—Light, \$3.75@9.15; heavy, \$6.25@7.50.

Sheep—Yearlings, \$3@4; wethers, \$3@4.50; ewes, \$2.85@3.75; lambs, \$4@5.35.

## POSTOFFICES CLOSE SUNDAYS

### New Regulations of Department Affect Large Cities.

Washington, D. C.—Plans were perfected by Postmaster General Hitchcock whereby the administration of the new law prohibiting the delivery of mail on Sundays will have no serious effect upon the handling of important mail matter.

Holders of lock boxes on first and second class postoffices will have access to them as usual, although no mail deliveries will be made by carriers on the street or at postoffice windows. Mail for hotel patrons and newspapers will be delivered to them through their lock boxes by the simple arrangement of having that mail sorted on the railway cars before it reaches destination. Such mail will be regarded as "transit matter," and will be distributed immediately upon its arrival at the office of destination, thus practically insuring speedier delivery to the addressee than heretofore has been the case.

## NOVELTY FOR ROUND-UP.

Pendleton Show Will Stage Ganuine Rabbit Drive.

Pendleton, Ore.—Seldom is it given to an audience of twenty thousand people to witness a coyote, wolf or rabbit chase but that is just what has been provided as one of the features of the Round-Up which is to be held in Pendleton this year on September 26, 27 and 28. Real thoroughbred fox hounds trained to the hunt are to be seen and heard close in pursuit of sly coyotes, stealthy timber wolves or sprightly jackrabbits by reason of a contract which has just been entered into by local the association and Leon B. and J. Kenworthy of Dayton, Wash.

The latter Kenworthy is a big stockman of Columbia county Washington and the owner of a stable of thoroughbred horses and a kennel of registered hounds. The sage brush about his ranch is alive with jackrabbits and coyotes, while an occasional wolf steals down from the timber. He proposes to capture several of these animals, bring them to Pendleton at the time of the Round-Up turn them loose in the park during the performances, put his hounds on the trail and let the spectators see a little excitement such as they read about. However, lest any humanitarian shudder at the thoughts of such cruelty, the Round-Up directors have announced that they have specified in their contract that both dogs and their quarry shall be muzzled in order that neither shall be damaged when the pursuers overtake the pursued.

Riders will also follow close on the trail of the hounds in order to rescue rather than kill the victims of the chase. Round-Up park is a large enclosure and tightly fenced so that the chase will not pass from view of the audience. The novelty of such a feature is expected to make it one of the most popular of the three-day succession of thrills.

## PLANE DEEMED UNSAFE.

Aviator Refuses to Fly in \$15,000 Racing Craft.

Chicago—There may be no American defender of the Gordon Bennett world's champion aeroplane trophy, in spite of the expenditure of \$15,000 by a Chicago syndicate for a racing aeroplane designed to travel 125 miles an hour.

DeLloyd Thompson, who had been trained as pilot of the Aero club of America's monoplane, Nieuport, has refused to fly the racer on the ground that it was "obviously unsafe, ill-designed and unable to fly for a single mile as it stands."

This situation arose after aeronautical engineers, at Thompson's suggestion, reported unfavorably to him on the soundness of the craft.

With Thompson's refusal it became known that Glenn H. Martin, the Pacific Coast aviator, had volunteered to "see what he could do" toward getting the racer in shape for use.

## Suicides to Evade Summons.

Andover, Mass.—Ernest Pittman, head of the W. W. Pittman company, one of the largest textile mill construction companies in New England, committed suicide here by shooting. He had been subpoenaed by the Suffolk county grand jury to testify regarding alleged "planting" of dynamite to discredit the Lawrence strikers. The summons followed the testimony before the grand jury against John Breen, who was convicted and fined for planting the dynamite.

## Milk Cause of Meningitis.

Vancouver, B. C.—"Owing to the shocking state of affairs in this city, one of my patients is dying from spinal meningitis, contracted from impure milk," said Dr. A. A. Wilson. About four days ago, Miss Stainforth partook of some fresh milk purchased at the regular family dairy, and soon after consumption of the milk, symptoms of poison were apparent, and Dr. Wilson was called to attend the girl. He diagnosed the case to be spinal meningitis, and attributed it to the milk containing poisonous germs.

## Rebels Fire on Troops.

El Paso, Tex.—Making way with 100 head of cattle obtained in a raid on the Culberson ranch, situated four miles from the border and 35 miles from Hachita, N. M., a band of 25 Mexican rebel raiders exchanged shots with a troop of the Third United States cavalry stationed below Hachita, according to reports received here by Colonel E. Z. Steever. Colonel Steever announced that additional troops would be rushed to the scene.

## Treats for Surrender of Captives.

Tangier—Negotiations were begun here by Colonel Mangin, commanding the French troops, with Elhiba, the south Moroccan pretender, for the surrender of Vice Consul James Maigret and eight French officers, who were captured when the pretender recently took the town of Marakesh. It is feared that the followers of Elhiba will massacre the prisoners unless they are soon released.

# INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS OF OUR HOME STATE

## O. A. C. AT STATE FAIR.

College to Show Many Fine Exhibits Next Month.

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis—What an agricultural college can do for the state by making educational displays will be shown at the coming state fair, when the Oregon Agricultural college will make a number of fine exhibits and demonstrations in the booths reserved for that institution.

The exhibits are being prepared carefully by the professors in charge of the various departments, to represent the work done by them during the college year and in the short courses and institutes. The state fair officials have reserved generous space for the exhibits, the demonstrations, charts, photographs, the pedigree grains and grasses, and samples of work done by the students.

Through these displays many people who have been unable to come to the college campus for a course or even to visit the buildings and laboratories during the school year will be given an opportunity to become acquainted with the college and what it is doing for the people of the state who support it.

There will be members of the college faculty constantly at hand all during the fair to make explanations, answer inquiries and give demonstration lectures. It is hoped to show how thoroughly the college is organized for the service of the entire state, not merely for the boys and girls who enroll for the regular courses, and the men and women who come to the short courses and summer sessions, but also everyone who can attend an institute or demonstration lecture, who can take a correspondence course, or who can profit by letters of advice from the professors and those in charge of the experimental and demonstration farms.

## 6000-HEN PLANT TO START.

Medford Company Organized for \$25,000 to Produce Poultry.

Medford—A \$25,000 corporation has been established in Medford for the operation of a poultry farm a few miles from the city. It is planned to have from 6000 to 8000 laying hens, and kale, clover and wheat to supply food will be grown on a 23-acre tract. James W. Dunlop, who has successfully conducted a small chicken ranch, will be manager of the new concern, and he estimates he will be able to net \$2 a year profit on each hen.

The place will have plenty of water. The climate in Southern Oregon is said to be ideal for chicken culture, and the success of the venture is confidently predicted. Work on the buildings will start in the near future, and the plant will be in full operation by next spring.

Reports from Huckleberry Mountain and the Lake of the Woods are to the effect that over 600 people are picking huckleberries in that vicinity and enjoying an outing at the same time. The huckleberry crop this year is the best in many seasons, the berries extending over 9000 acres. In the center there are between 500 and 600 acres of green meadow, an ideal place to camp, with forage for the horses and good water.

## CHAMBERLAIN YIELDS POINT

Senator Unable to Force Payment of Oregon's War Claim.

Washington, D. C.—Oregon's war claim against the government will go unpaid another year, because Senator Chamberlain became convinced he did not, as he supposed, control the legislative situation in congress. He found it was within his power to hold congress in session indefinitely, but so stubborn was the house in opposing his amendment that nothing could have been gained by so doing, so he announced he would no longer insist upon adoption of the amendment appropriating \$193,000 to pay the state claim. Senator Chamberlain gave notice he would renew his fight next session.

## Pilot's Report Made Public.

Salem—The report of the State board of pilot commissioners for the Columbia and Willamette rivers for the year shows that the total bar pilotage for the year, reckoned at the rates provided by law, would amount to \$39,369, but that this amount was not collected and that the board has no method of ascertaining what amounts were collected. The reports state that the pilot service throughout the year has been efficient and that the pilots as a whole are a temperate and industrious class.

## Gypsum Work is Hurdled

Huntington—The substitution now under construction by the Idaho-Oregon Light & Power company is one of the mainland interests at Gypsum, where the big plaster and cement plant being built by a St. Louis firm is nearly completed. The installation of electrical machinery will begin within a short time.

The Idaho-Oregon company also has a large force of men on the line to Mormon Basin. They are pushing the work as fast as possible, their object being to supply the mines with power.

## Trolling Will Be Tried.

Astoria—Quite a number of the Columbia River gillnetters will troll for salmon outside the three-mile limit off the mouth of the river during the closed season, and it is understood that some of the local plants will receive the fish caught there.

Trolling or angling for salmon is not forbidden by law, and outside the three-mile limit the state authorities would have no jurisdiction anyway.

## 200,000 Trout Shipped.

Albany—Two hundred thousand young rainbow trout were received here for distribution in the various streams of Linn county. The shipment was made in 200 cans. They were sent by State Game Warden Finley to Manager Stewart, of the Albany Commercial club.

## ADOPT UNIFORM GRADE.

Hood River Apple Growers Agree on Packing System.

Hood River—For the first time in the history of the fruit industry in the Hood River valley a uniform set of grading rules has been adopted by the large shipping concerns of the valley. The following rules to be effective this year: Hood River Apple Growers' union, National Apple company, Davidson Fruit company and Hood River Apple & Storage company.

The three grades, extra fancy, fancy, and choice, heretofore in common use will be recognized. Special and orchard run are added for the first time.

Extra fancy grades include mature, normal shaped apples free from imperfections. Spitzenbergs, 175 size and larger, must be 2 red color; sizes 185 to 200, inclusive, must be 90 per cent red. All red apples must show at least three-fourths red color in proportion to their normal color. Striped or partial red colored apples to show 50 per cent red color. Red Cheek Pippins and Winter Banana must show a blushed cheek. Orleys must show white, yellow or waxy. Sizes smaller than 200 will be excluded from this grade except the Jonathan, Newtown, Winesap, Arkansas Black, Gano and Missouri Pippin, which must not be smaller than 225.

Fancy Grade—All apples placed in this grade must be mature and of a normal shape. All red apples must be at least one-fourth red. Striped and partial red apples must show 10 per cent red color. Specimens with leaf and limb rubs, spray russet and similar defects, which have not distorted the fruit, when not over one inch in the aggregate, will be allowed. No scabby or stung apples will be allowed in this grade, and no size smaller than 200.

Choice Grade—In this grade will include yellow and green varieties equal to fancy in grade, but with one sting of the codlin moth or one fungus spot not larger than one-fourth inch in diameter or two smaller spots aggregating the same area or less. Size limited to 200.

Orchard Run Grade—Only such apples as may be classed as choice or better may be placed in orchard run pack. No full green specimens of a red variety will be permitted. No size smaller than 185. Lower grades of apples will be disposed of for cooking or cider apples.

The Hood River apple crop is now estimated at 875,000 boxes, which is 100 per cent increase over any previous crop.

## BUILD LOGGING ROAD.

New Company Will Develop Immense Timbered Section.

Portland—Flagg & Standifer, railroad contractors of this city, have been awarded the contract to build a 25-mile logging railroad for the Silver Falls Logging company, from a connection with the Southern Pacific at Silverton into an immense body of Douglas fir timber in Marion and Clackamas counties.

The company is composed of eastern and Portland capitalists, with S. Mortensen, a wealthy timber owner and lumberman of Iowa, as president. Mr. Mortensen is also president of the Peninsula Lumber company of this city. L. B. Menefer, timber man, and F. C. Knapp, of the Peninsula Lumber company, are prominent Portland stockholders in the company, the capital stock of which is \$6,000,000. M. C. Woodard, of this city, will be the manager. Mr. Woodard is prominently connected with the Westport Lumber company.

Completion of the railroad will be followed immediately by the establishment of an immense logging camp in the timber where approximately 300 men will be employed. The logs will be hauled to the Willamette river and dumped at a point near Oswego.

## One Salmon Theory Disputed.

Astoria—Deputy Fish Warden Gor has returned from a visit to the various streams along the Oregon coast, where he has been investigating matters in connection with the fisheries. He says the catch in those streams is very light this far. At the Fishermen's Co-operative cannery on the Umpqua river he saw a 49-pound salmon that was marked when released from the government hatchery on the Clackamas river in 1904, so the fish was thus eight years of age. This fact dispels the theory that salmon always return to the stream in which they were hatched.

## Hill Men Work in Cascades.

Eugene—Between 20 and 30 surveyors in the employ of the Hill interests, are at work at Clear Lake, near the summit of the Cascades, according to George T. Hall, Sr. Packers are busy bringing in supplies for the engineers' camp both from McKinzie bridge and from Fish Lake, at the heads of the Santiam, and it is understood they are to keep at their task until snow flies. Gauging the flow of the lake will be the principal business of the engineers for the winter.

## Harvesting Resumed.

The Dalles—Dry weather with a clear sky and bright summer days have dried out grain in this county so that harvesting has been resumed. Machinery of the farmers will be worked overtime from now until the last lot of grain is in the sack, provided the weather remains settled. The damage to grain by the recent rains is only slight, but considerable hay will be discolored, though it is not thought much hay is sufficiently wet that it will mould. Peaches and prunes were somewhat damaged.

## Woman Aged 102 Is Dead.

Los Angeles—Mrs. Elizabeth Gardner Foerster, one of the oldest women in California, is dead here, ten days after celebrating the 102nd anniversary of her birth. She came to California in 1874. Her son, James Foerster, is active at the age of 80 years.

## LIBERALS ASK FREE HAND.

Nicaragua Requests Withdrawal of American Forces.

Washington, D. C.—Appearance in Washington of an active Nicaraguan junta, working in the interest of the liberal party and laying plans for bringing pressure to bear upon the State department to cause a change in the policy in the handling of the Nicaraguan revolutionary problem, has added much to the interest felt by Latin-Americans in the development of the situation in the Central American republic.

In the absence of direct news from the beleaguered capital in the last 48 hours, attempts here to bring about a diplomatic settlement of the troubles of Nicaragua are being watched with interest.

The envoys in Washington of the liberal party are Francisco Altschul, who was Nicaraguan consul general in New Orleans under the Zelaya administration and has since resided there, and Angel Ugarte, one time Honduran minister to Washington, but afterwards one of the liberal leaders in Nicaragua.

They are seeking to reach the State department with a proposal that the American naval force there be diminished to a mere legation guard and that the American minister demand that all factions, including the government, submit to the will of the people the question of political supremacy through a free and fair election, with the stipulation that the large number of liberals who are disfranchised by the clerical party should regain their rights of citizenship.

It is regarded improbable that the State department would entertain any proposal for the diminution of the force of American bluejackets and marines in Nicaragua, so long as present conditions continue.

## "CHICAGO NOT AMERICA"

Scientists Seek Real People in Rural Regions. Not in Cities.

Chicago—"Chicago is not representative of the United States. It is big and it is wonderful, but it is no more American than is New York. When we get outside of the big cities we hope to see something of the real American people."

In this manner Dr. Alfred Ruhl, chief of the division of oceanographic institute of Berlin, summarized the prevailing opinion of most of the 44 foreign geographers, editors and professors of geography of leading European universities, who arrived in Chicago for an inspection of the city.

The visitors left over the Chicago & Northwestern railway for Madison, Wis. They will stop at all important cities of the Northwest and Pacific Coast. Geographic and geological places of note, like petrified forests, coast ranges, the Garden of the Gods, iron mines and the like, will be visited. The party is due back in New York in October.

## 6000 WOMEN SUFFRAGISTS PARADE WITH HUSBANDS

Columbus O.—More than 6000 women and their husbands marched through the streets of Columbus advocating the passage of the equal suffrage amendment to Ohio's constitution at the special election to be held soon.

The parade was one of the features of the Ohio Columbus Centennial celebration to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the founding of Ohio's capital.

Many women in the parade carried soap boxes and when the parade disbanded talked in favor of woman suffrage on the street corners. Prominent among the speakers were Dr. Anna Shaw, the noted suffrage leader, and Fola La Follette, the actress, daughter of the Wisconsin senator.

## New Gunboat Ordered.

Vallejo, Cal.—A sister ship to the gunboat Monocacy will be built at Mare Island navy yard. Telegraphic orders to begin work were received from Washington by the officials here. Both gunboats will be used in Chinese waters. With two ships to build instead of one, the cost of each will be lessened by distribution of the overhead charges, and the estimate of \$141,000 for the Monocacy was so much lower than the nearest private bid—\$211,000 by a Seattle firm—that an investigation was made.

## 13,000 Volts Kill Man.

Oakland, Cal.—With 13,000 volts of electricity short-circuited through his body, cutting his head nearly in halves, Cal Miller, Southern Pacific lineman, retained consciousness and conversed with the surgeons. Miller's injuries consisted of a wound seared from end to end, extending from the middle of his neck at the back, beneath his left ear to the corner of his mouth. The current passed through his body and shattered his left knee, exposing the bone, the badly burned flesh, tendons and blood vessels.

## Ead Money Gang Found.

Denver—That there is a plant in New York City manufacturing spurious half dollars, which are sent to various agencies throughout the United States is the confession made here by Ignazio Mencini, an Italian, arrested at Sopris, near Trinidad. Mencini declares the counterfeit half dollars are sent out from the New York headquarters of the gang and that he has been distributing them to four other Italians.

## Transport at China Sinks.

Shanghai, China—The United States transport Lincoln sank here alongside the wharf, where she now lies in 40 feet of water. The cause of the accident has not yet been ascertained. She was undergoing repairs, and the captain as well as the shipbuilders are of the opinion that she can be raised easily.

## Half Strips Orchards.

Logan, Utah—Huge hailstones driven by a heavy wind swept fields and orchards for 30 miles, stripping orchards, razing grain and clearing sugarcane fields. The loss to agriculturists and fruitgrowers has been enormous. The path of the storm was five miles wide.

# FUNERAL TURNS INTO REVIVAL

## Many Repent Before Bier of Dead Commander.

Salvation Army Barracks in London Filled to Overflowing—Mourning Purposely Omitted.

London—Funeral services for the founder of the Salvation Army, General William Booth, were held at the Olympia. In accordance with the traditions of the organization, they were held without pomp or symbols of mourning, but were carried out with moving fervor and impressiveness. Thirty-four thousand persons participated.

The body of the late general, in a plain pine coffin, rested high upon a white catafalque in front of the big platform across the end of the hall, where all the chief officers of the organization were seated and where 40 bands of music were massed. The crimson flag of the "army of fire and blood" which the general unfurled on Mount Calvary was planted about the coffin. A bank of flowers, composed of the tributes sent by royalty and by many societies, was behind it.

In front rows of chairs before the coffin were filled with representatives of various parties and also the equestrian for the king, several mayors in the robes and chains of office, a delegation from the Stock Exchange, clergymen of all the Protestant churches and Jewish rabbis.

But the rank and file of the great gathering was composed of the plain people, for whom the army works and of whom it is composed.

The most solemn moments of the long meeting were when the coffin was borne along the center of the hall to the sonorous music of the "Dead March from Saul." A small procession, representing many branches of the army's activity, carrying the flags of their respective countries, preceded it.

Every seat on the floor and in galleries was taken when the service began, and thousands of persons were banded around the outskirts of the hall, half of whom could not see over the shoulders of those in front, but who could hear and take their part.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies, prayers and hymns alternated for half an hour, after which a true Salvation Army revival service was conducted and an invitation given to sinners and backsliders to come to the "mercy seat." Dozens of persons forced their way through the crowded aisle to the mercy seats, where they knelt in prayer. In some cases the police were required to force a way for the penitents.

The meeting was turned into a colossal revival. The most impressive feature of the service then followed. All the soldiers of the army rose and recited the covenant of fidelity, pledging themselves to be faithful soldiers of the Lord.

## HOSTAGES' FATE FEARED.

French Troops Too Busy to Rescue Officers From Moors.

Paris—Public anxiety is becoming intense over the fate of the seven French officers held as hostages by the Moors under El Hiba, at Marakesh, Morocco. Entiesaries have been dispatched to Marakesh by the French commander, but have obtained no information. General Lyautey, the French resident governor, reported to the foreign office that the volunteers who had undertaken the dangerous duty had returned from El Hiba's headquarters where they vainly tried to effect a ransom, but could not ascertain the lot of the prisoners.

The French column commanded by Colonel Mangin has been given full liberty of action to proceed to the succor of the hostages if such a step should be thought advisable. The French troops, however, are too fully occupied to do anything in that way.

## Insane to Be Uniformed.

Sacramento—Brass buttons on bright uniforms of the army, uniforms of officers and men with gold braid and distinguishing stripes of rank will be worn by the volunteer army at the Agnews state hospital for the insane. One hundred uniforms of the obsolete kind have been sent to the asylum. The management has interested the inmates in military problems. Companies have been organized, forts built, dummy guns and dummy field pieces constructed and the patients go through military maneuvers.

## Aviator Burns in Mid-air.

Douai, France—Lieutenant Louis Felix Chanderien, of the aviation corps, was burned to death while flying in his aeroplane. He started from this city for Chalons on the test necessary for the acquisition of the pilot's certificate. When he reached Crecy-Sur-Seine, about half the distance, his petrol tank burst into flames and the machine crashed to the earth. The young officer's body was completely consumed by the fire. He had been attached only a short time to the aviation corps.

## Chinese Troops Mutiny.

London—The Chinese government is endeavoring to hush up the mutiny of 8000 troops at Tung Chou, the Pekin correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says. The authorities, he adds, have taken precautions to protect all the roads leading to the capital, but the mutineers have defied the imperial troops, seized the road leading from Tung Chou to Pekin, and are looting the adjacent villages, defying all attempts at capture.

## 3000 Left Dead on Field.

Lisbon—The general revolt of natives against Portuguese rule at Timor, Malay archipelago, has been suppressed after sanguinary battles. The governor of Timor reported that the rebels left 3000 dead on the field and that 4000 natives were made prisoners.

## MERCILESS CAMPAIGN

Rebels and Their Supporters Executed Summary.

Mexico City—Merciless extermination of rebels and all those who support them is the feature of the campaign which began officially Monday.

Throughout regions infested by rebels the measure providing for a suspension of the constitutional provisions of regular trial is now in effect and any officer above the rank of lieutenant has the right to inflict summary capital punishment on all rebels who fall into his hands, if satisfied of their guilt.

Instead of having disappeared from the state of Mexico into the mountains of Guerrero, the Zapatistas are now reported as practically in control of the villages and haciendas a few miles south of Toluca, the capital. Benjamin Argumedo, and Murillo, two of Orozco's officers, are operating in the rear of General Huarte near Toluca, while Campos, Campa, Fernandez and Rojas are giving the government forces in Sonora plenty to do.