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Highest prices paid for Silver, Old Jewelry, Gold Teeth, etc. UNCLE MEX'S. Forty years in Portland. 71 Sixth, between Oak and Pine.

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Most economical and effective for house and school heating.

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Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.

polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains oil. Blacks and polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, etc. "French Gloss," too.

HANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of rubber or tan shoes, etc. "Sugar" shoe, etc.

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be brushed on, or always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price to obtain for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass., The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

COME TO PORTLAND AND BE CURED IN FIVE DAYS

VARICOSE VEINS, HERNIA, BLOOD POISON

No severe operations, many cases permanently cured in one treatment. Most time-saving, most natural, most safe. A radical and permanent cure. I give my word and will guarantee to cure by experience and equipment, which are the keystones to success. I have the best equipped medical office on the Coast. I will give \$500 to any charity as medical office on the Coast. I will give \$500 to any charity as guarantee that every statement in this announcement is true.

I invite you to come to my office. I will explain to you my treatment for Varicose Veins, Hernia, Prostate, Kidney and Blood Poison, Piles, Flatula, Bladder, Kidney, Prostate and all Man's Ailments and give you FREE a physical examination, if necessary a microscopic and chemical analysis of your secretions, to determine pathological and bacteriological conditions. Every man should take advantage of this opportunity to learn their true condition. A permanent cure is what you want. A permanent cure is what I give.

WRITTEN GUARANTEE—My written guarantee means a cure or no pay. I guarantee to cure certain ailments or refund every dollar you have paid. My service cost you nothing unless I cure your Varicose Veins, Hernia, Piles, Flatula, Blood Poison, or any ailment I guarantee to cure. Terms are reasonable and no more than you are able and willing to pay for benefits and office hours—9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sunday, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

DR. A. G. SMITH I use Professor Ehrlich's wonderful new discovery, "606" in cases of Syphilitic Blood Poison. It cures in one treatment and is the greatest marvel of medical science. This new remedy has been successfully used in thousands of cases. I am a graduate of the University of Oregon and have been successful in the treatment of all the above mentioned ailments.

DR. A. G. SMITH 300 MARKET ST. PORTLAND, OREGON

GILLESPIE SCHOOL OF EXPRESSION.

A training in the "speech arts" is coming to be regarded as an essential preparation for many vocations in life, not only in social, educational and professional lines, but also in the industrial and commercial world.

The training offered by this school will be found suited to those preparing for teaching; to all who are fitting themselves for platform work, either as readers or speakers, and likewise to that large number of persons who do not intend to become professional, but who aspire to a wider field of general culture, and to a fuller development of their inherent powers.

The course of study includes vocal, physical and aesthetic culture; conversation and slight reading; literature, with analysis and interpretive rendering; repertoire, with theory and criticism; character sketching, rhetoric and oratory; life study, personation and dramatic art.

The school is regularly graded into classes that are in session four hours per day, from Tuesdays to Saturdays, inclusive. Individual work is done afternoons and evenings, either with the principal or with her assistants. A public class, to which all interested are welcome, meets in the studio every Wednesday evening.

The method of instruction discourages both "cramming" and copying, and is not hampered by adherence to any set system, but strives, by the use of old systems, or by means that are new and original, to promote, in a psychological way, a distinct individual growth and development.

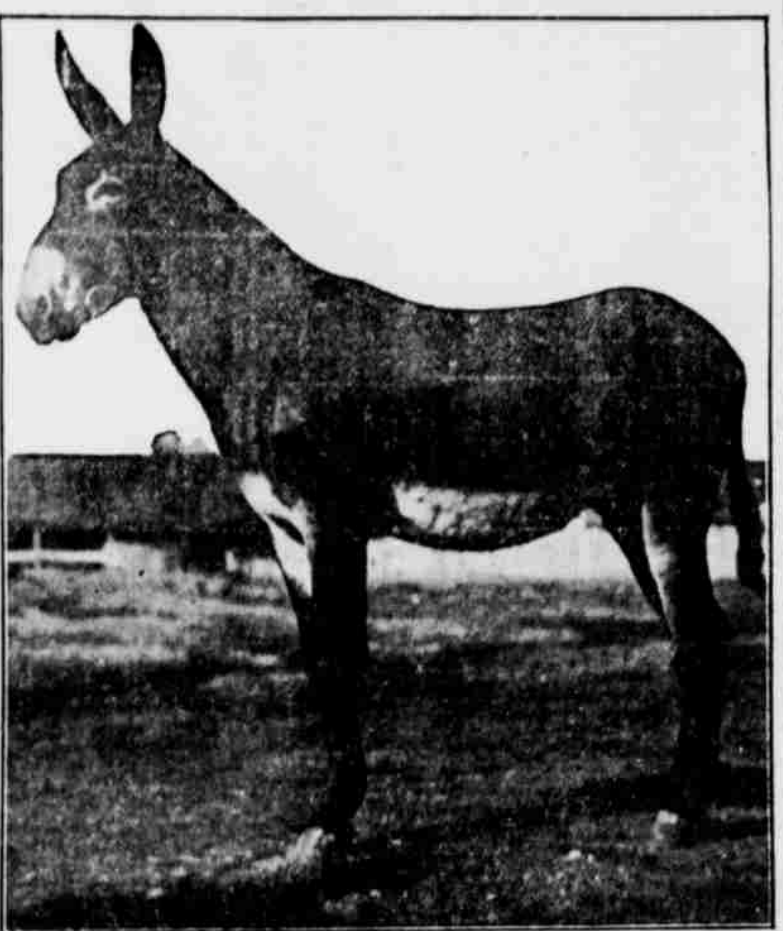
Good library facilities, instructive and entertaining readings and lectures, studio recitals and ample opportunity for public appearance are provided for all regular students. There is also an organized club, the Euphonia, for the practice of debate, extemporaneous speaking and parliamentary law.

In addition to the purely educational advantages of the school, its social and moral atmosphere is of a high grade, tending toward the refinement of manners and the building of character.

The school is located at 534 Morrison street, Portland, Or.

MULES ARE MOST NEGLECTED AND ABUSED OF FARM ANIMALS

In First Place It Should be of Good Stock, Not From Scrubby Mare, but Dam of Blood Breeding Qualities—by Proper Treatment and Attention It Can be Made in First Year—Good Feeding Essential.



Prize Winning Jack.

Mules, much abused and neglected animals, are not generally understood by farmers. A mule in the first place must be of good stock, not an offspring of some scrubby mare, but a mare with good breeding qualities, writes Ed McLaughlin in the Rural New Yorker. A mule of the mammoth stock is supposed to be the best mule under all conditions. Mules are cheaper than colts, for the service fee is not generally as high. Many people make a mistake in working the mare too soon after foaling. Never work a mare under ten days, then she can do light work, but the mule must be left in the barn.

When the mare is brought in from work never allow the mule to suck as long as the mare is warm. After a mule is two or three weeks old turn it out in a lot away from the mare, especially at night, for a mule is very hard on a mare, much more than colts. When the mule is about two months old he may be allowed to eat a few oats, about a pint in the beginning. Increase as he grows older, or the same amount of bran along with a little hay, alfalfa is preferred. At the age of nine months a mule should be weaned, not gradually, but all at once. Take it away from the mare and never let it suck afterwards. He should be put by himself or tied up. At this time you can give an ear of corn at a meal and a small amount of hay. The mule should be turned out in fair weather and not left to stand in the stable.

A mule should be made before he is a year old. This can be done by good breeding and the proper care. It is not necessary to give a great quantity of food to him during the winter, but it must be of the kind to keep him growing, such as alfalfa hay, silage, some corn fodder, some corn and chopped food occasionally. Oats are very good, but very expensive food. In spring he may be turned out on pasture during the day and fed some hay at night and morning, because grass at this time is very washy. As the grass gets older leave on pasture, but be sure to have plenty of shade and water. A mule should not be broken until he is three years old, although many are broken before they are near that age.

With the proper handling he will be found to be easier to manage than horse colts. I always work them beside a good steady horse. Do not work mules together until thoroughly broken, or you may have some trouble. After this time he may be found to do more and better work than a horse colt at the same age, that is you can work him harder. When at this time you may say that a mule is easier raised and at less cost than horse colts, in that they do not require as much care and less food to keep them in good condition. Mule colts will bring more money than an average horse colt, even though he may be blemished in some way. He will sell when a blemished horse colt would not sell.

Feed for Hens.

In the laying pens we give warm mash in the morning, feeding very carefully, just enough to warm the birds; then we give greens, roots like turnips and sugar beets and alfalfa hay. For the main meal, at four in the afternoon, we give a good supply of mixed grain, chiefly wheat in the litter, and then we always give them more than they can eat so they will have some left over for the next morning.

KEPT HIS OLD TIME TABLES

Bad Habit of Business Man Caused Him to Miss Train and Lose Contract.

"About seven years ago," said Mr. Wrigglesome, "I lost a contract that would have netted me \$11,000 simply by missing a train; it was the old story of the other man's getting there first.

"I missed my train by relying on a time table handed out to me at home, where the telegram came to me.

"Have we got a time table on the X. X. & G. I said to my daughter.

"Certainly," she said, and she handed one over.

"The train I would have to take, I found, left at 10 o'clock at night. I got down to the station handily to find that the train had gone at 9:30, and then I learned there that the time table I had consulted was one six months old. Perhaps you never saw a household collection of time tables?

"Ours is kept, or it was then, in a drawer in a writing table, not there arranged in order, but just put in that way, and the result was that in that drawer there was a mound of time tables jumbled all together and containing in all a great number, for when they put in a new time table they never took out the corresponding one.

"I had happened not to get a very old one, but one about middle-aged; old enough to be wrong, but still young enough to make me trust it, which, plainly, is where I slipped a cog; but later I managed to inaugurate a great domestic reform.

"About a week after that unpleasant occurrence I carried home a complete set of current time tables and then I emptied that drawer of all the old ones, some of them dating back, I do believe, a year or more, and then I put in those new time tables arranged in order, and then I issued General Household Order No. 1 on the subject of time tables, which was to the effect that the tables must be kept, each road in a pile by itself, and further, that whenever a new time table on any road was brought in the corresponding old one must be absolutely and teetotally and unobstensibly thrown away.

"This scheme has worked well and it has never been necessary to issue General Order No. 2."

The Last Resort.

Mrs. Hobson was an ideal tenant for any landlord. She knew all the rules and kept to them in every place she lived. When she discovered that the agent for the Uphill apartments was slow in ordering necessary repairs she possessed her soul in patience.

But when she had spoken and written unavailingly several times in regard to the leak from one of her steam radiators, she decided to send a personal note to the owner of the property, whom she had met and liked.

"Dear sir," she wrote, "will you be kind enough to instruct your agent to purchase for my use a large tin pail and a rubber mat, four feet by ten? The pail will do to catch the water from the leaking radiator pipe when I am in the house and can frequently empty it, but the rubber mat is a necessity at other times. Yours respectfully, Mary Hobson."

She never needed either the pail or mat.—Youth's Companion.

Paper Towels.

There is now on the market a paper towel, and for it many advantages are claimed. The paper towel is made of a tough, soft, absorbent crepe tissue paper made up in long strips which are rolled. For use paper towels are carried on a roller fixture. The long, rolled strip is cross perforated at regular intervals, giving to each roll sections about a foot in width by a foot and a half long. Anyone wanting a towel has simply to tear one off.

A paper towel can, of course, be used but once, but it is not expensive. It is designed to provide a sanitary towel for hotels and clubs, for schools and various institutions, for railroad stations, public buildings, stores and factories, and for domestic use—a clean towel for every one at every wash.

Women's Heels.

Few of the women of this generation can boast of the noiseless footfall attributed to their mothers or grandmothers. No longer is a step as light as thistledown an accomplishment, or even a natural gift, but instead the tramp of the Hessian prevails, even when the person is slight. This martial tread is not necessarily the expression of female insubordination, but is rather due to the construction of the Cuban or other high heels attached to fashionable footwear. On examination Cuban heels will be found to be quite heavily weighted with brass nails, and often an extra screw of good size at the middle. These must of necessity give out the click-click that all but the deaf can hear and also make the tread much heavier.

Taken at His Word.

"Going to sue me for breach of promise? That girl? Well, I'll give up!"

"How much?" queried her attorney rubbing his hands.

Easy.

Policeman—You've been begging. Now you just accompany me.

Organ Grinder—With pleasure, sir; what song would you like.—Pelo Melo.

QUEER DISEASE IN CALIFORNIA

Many Here Afflicted With Odd Ailment, Says Munyon.

Grewsome Creatures Very Common in This State. Finds Expert on Special Diseases.

Many California people are afflicted with a queer disease, according to a statement yesterday by Professor James M. Munyon. He made the following remarkable and rather grewsome statement: "Many persons who came to my headquarters at The Owl Drug company, San Francisco, think they are suffering from simple stomach trouble, when in reality they are the victims of an entirely different disease—that of tape worm. These tape worms are huge internal parasites, which locate in the upper bowel and consume a large percentage of the nutriment in undigested food. They sometimes grow to a length of forty to sixty feet. One may have a tape worm for years and never know the cause of his or her chronic ill health.

"Persons who are suffering from one of these creatures become nervous, weak and irritable, and tire at the least exertion. The tape worms rob one of ambition and vitality and strength, but they are rarely fatal.

"The victim of this disease is apt to believe that he is suffering from chronic stomach trouble, and doctors for years without relief. This is not the fault of the physicians he consults, for there is no absolute diagnosis that will tell positively that one is not a victim of tape worm.

"The most common symptom of this trouble is an abnormal appetite. At times the person is ravenously hungry and cannot get enough to eat. At other times the very sight of food is loathsome. There is a gnawing, faint sensation at the pit of the stomach, and the victim has headaches, fits of dizziness and nausea. He cannot sleep at night and often thinks he is suffering from nervous prostration.

"I have a treatment which has had wonderful success in eliminating these great creatures from the system. In the course of its regular action in aiding digestion, and ridding the blood, kidneys and liver of impurities, it has proven fatal to these great worms. If one has a tape worm, this treatment will, in nine cases out of ten, stupefy and pass it away, but if not, the treatment will rebuild the run-down person, who is probably suffering from stomach trouble and a general anemic condition. My doctors report marvelous success here with this treatment. Fully a dozen persons have passed these worms, but they are naturally reticent about discussing them, and of course we cannot violate their confidence by giving their names to the public."

Letters addressed to Professor J. M. Munyon, care Owl Drug Co., San Francisco, Cal., will receive as careful attention as though the patient called in person. Medical advice and consultation absolutely free. Not a penny to pay.

OSTEOPATHIC SANITARIUM

DR. MEAD C. COON, Physician.

Thoroughly equipped. Beautiful location. Treats all diseases. Specialties in Chronic, Nervous and Female Troubles. Tumors and Gout removed without the knife. Free out-patient service. Correspondence solicited. Examination free. Address: MEADOW GLADE OSTEOPATHIC SANITARIUM Phone Main 308, Vancouver Exchange, Battleground, Wash.

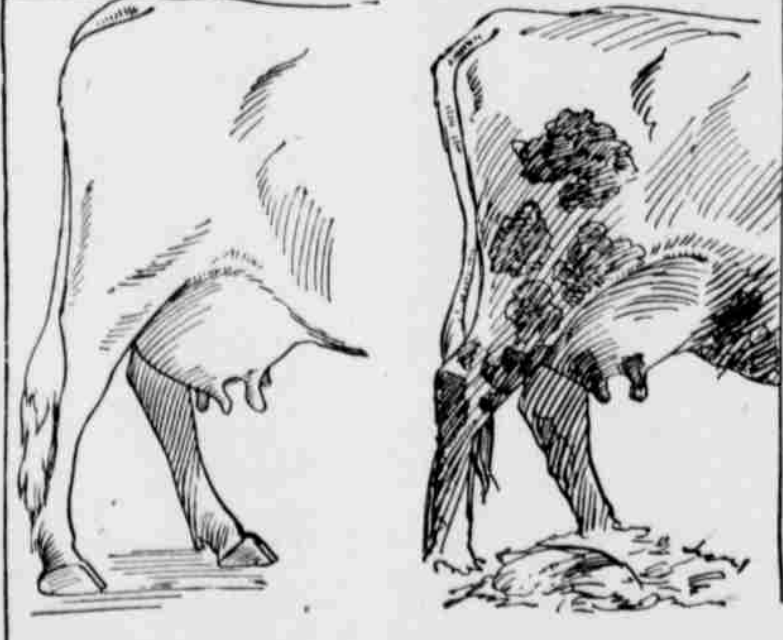
ROBERTLINE

FOR COMPLEXION

GIVES TO ANY BELLE

Blanchard Frank Drug Co. PORTLAND, OREGON

DIRT THAT POISONS THE MILK



The difference between a clean cow and a dirty one is strikingly shown in the picture. The cow on the right had been running on pasture ten days, sleeping out at night, when the photograph was taken. Naturally a great deal of the filth she had accumulated in a vile stable had been rubbed off and washed off by the rains, but enough remains to show that her milk would carry poison to hundreds of gallons when added to that of other cows in the dairy. At the Illinois station it was found that the milk from the average, unwashed, unbrushed cow contained many times as much dirt as that from a perfectly clean cow. This is not guess work, as a glazed dish equal in size to a pail was held under a cow's udder 4 1/2 minutes, the average time consumed in milking, while motions similar to milking were made. The dirt caught in the dish was then carefully weighed. It was then found that milk from soiled and muddy udders similar to that shown by the cow on the right contained from 20 to 24 times as much dirt as from that from a clean cow.

Short Pasture.

The man who turns to pasture too early usually has much to say about short pasture all summer.

PACIFIC FLY REPELLENT

Drives away Flies, Mosquitoes and Gnats. It protects horses and cattle from attacks of insects, enabling them to feed and sleep in peace. It prevents loss of weight and strength from worry caused by attacks of insects, and from the irritation of their bites and stings. There is a satisfaction in the relief it affords domestic animals from the scourge of maddening parasites and flies, besides the profit in returns. Horses do more work on less feed and cows yield more and better milk when relieved from the frenzy incited by constantly fighting a swarm of voracious, insatiable insects.

Four sizes, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.25. Ask your merchant for it.

HOYT CHEMICAL CO. Portland, Oregon