

## CURRENT EVENTS OF THE WEEK

### Doings of the World at Large Told in Brief.

#### General Resume of Important Events Presented in Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

Strikers and police had a pitched battle in the streets of Berlin.

Two German torpedo boats ran ashore during practice evolutions.

Western roads are charged with continued violations of the anti-rebate laws.

The Republican organization of South Carolina continues under control of colored men.

Mayor Gaynor of New York, says he is not a candidate for nomination for governor of New York.

Before a mass meeting at Pueblo, Colo., Bryan declared that the Roosevelt policies were preached by himself 14 years ago.

It has been learned that Captain Longan, of West Point, was "silenced" by the cadets for questioning their veracity.

Taft was too busy to see the Sultan of Sulu upon his arrival at Washington, and an audience was arranged to take place later.

Caaper S. Crowinshield, American consul at Naples, is dead. He was prominent in relief work at the Messina earthquake.

An Alaskan miner has returned to his former home at Montezano, Wash., just in time to save two valuable timber claims from tax sale, as he was supposed to be dead.

Chavez, who crossed the Alps in an aeroplane and was then badly injured in trying to make a landing, is very low and physicians give very little hope for his recovery.

Nine trunks belonging to Mrs. N. H. Slater, a wealthy woman of Readville, Mass., were held by customs officials at New York. Mrs. Slater said she could not remember exactly how many fine gowns she brought with her.

Three large railroad companies are negotiating for the purchase of reinforced concrete ties in vast quantities from a California company which has perfected the new ties so that they have stood many months of the hardest kind of service.

Petitions have been drafted for the recall of Mayor Gill, of Seattle.

Six were killed and 12 injured in a trolley car wreck at Tipton, Ind.

The Sultan of Sulu has arrived in New York to study American customs.

Bobby Lynch, of Niagara Falls, Ont., successfully ran the rapids in a barrel.

Forester Pinchot captured a giant swordfish at Avalon, off the California coast.

The village of Flippin, Ky., was wiped off the map by a terrific wind and rain storm.

A strike has been begun in New York City which will affect 125,000 bricklayers and workers in kindred trades.

A woman claiming to be the legal widow of "Lucky" Baldwin, has brought suit to break the will of the deceased millionaire.

A French countess has arrived in New York to bestow an estate of many millions upon her American grand daughter, whom she has just discovered living in Pittsburg.

A veteran of the Boer war, unable to support his wife and baby, attempted suicide with the same revolver which had saved his life in battle, but the bullets failed to make a mortal wound.

It is said the Illinois Republican convention will endorse Taft and ignore Lorimer.

John F. Gilman was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army for the ensuing year.

Roosevelt predicts a complete rout of the "Old Guard" at the Republican state convention at Saratoga, N. Y.

During the recent forest fires in Washington a photograph was picked up by the wind and carried six miles.

An International Conciliation board has been organized in San Francisco and in future it will decide all labor differences.

John B. Ryan, a New York multimillionaire, offers to build at his own expense a fleet of 1,000 aeroplanes for war purposes.

The steamer Olson & Mahoney and the bark McLaurin collided off Point Arena, and the bark was badly damaged. The steamer towed her into port at San Francisco.

Exporters are again buying wheat for shipment from Coast ports.

Statewide prohibition will be the slogan of the Idaho Republicans.

The steamer Marama, en route from Australia to Vancouver, B. C., received messages by wireless from an Alaska station 2,500 miles distant.

Testimony before the Interstate Commerce commission elicited the information that the Northwest extension of the Milwaukee road earned \$9,000,000 the first eighteen months.

## REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES WHO WON AT PRIMARIES

Governor, Jay Bowerman, Representatives in Congress, First district, W. C. Hawley; Second district, A. W. Lafferty. Judges of the Supreme court, four-year term, H. J. Bean, and T. A. McBride; six-year term, G. H. Burnett and F. A. Moore. Secretary of State, F. W. Benson. State Treasurer, T. B. Kay. Attorney General, A. M. Crawford. School Superintendent, L. R. Alderman. State Printer, W. S. Dunway. Labor Commissioner, O. P. Hoff. Railroad Commissioner, Frank J. Miller. State Engineer, John H. Lewis. Water Superintendent, division 1, J. T. Chinmook.

### CHOLERA SPREADS.

Victims Taken From Crowded Train—Fifty Deaths.

Naples, Italy.—The epidemic of cholera here has attained most alarming proportions, and energetic measures are to be taken by government health officials to combat the disease. More than 100 new cases were reported to the authorities Sunday. Fifty deaths occurred within 24 hours.

The government, which up to the present has persistently declined to recognize the existence of the cholera, has now admitted that the disease which has caused such havoc within the last two weeks is cholera of the violent Asiatic type. An official telegram was sent to Rome stating that a shoemaker named Ernesto Vigilante was suffering from that disease.

Many other cases are described by the health officials as gastro-enteritis, but this diagnosis is not generally accepted. Two persons, a stonemason and a sailor, were taken from the train on its way from Naples to Caserta and Nettuno. They are believed to be suffering from cholera and were sent to a lazaretto.

### CHINESE IN EVENING DRESS

Pekin Banquet to Secretary of War is Notable.

Pekin.—The visit of Jacob M. Dickinson, the American secretary of war; Brigadier General Clarence H. Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, and party to Peking will end Tuesday. It has been marked by a round of entertainments and a display of Western innovations never before known in China.

The prince regent, on learning that neither Secretary Dickinson nor General Edwards was able to accept decorations, sent to Mrs. Dickinson a pair of cloisonne vases of the Chien Tung period. The regent also sent a pair of red lacquer boxes, of similar antiquity, to Mrs. Dickinson and Mrs. Edwards.

A banquet was given in honor of the secretary and the other visitors by Chinese students who have returned from America.

Many ladies were present and a considerable number of Chinese appeared without queues and in evening clothes, to which they had apparently been accustomed while residing in the United States.

### MINE CAVES UNDER CITY.

Lead, S. D., Boarding House Hangs Over Edge of Abyss.

Deadwood, S. D.—The firing of a blast at the 300-foot level of the Homestake mine at Lead, S. D., started a cave-in which continued to the surface, making a hole in the heart of the city 15 feet wide and 40 feet long. When the dust had cleared away the Bertolero boarding house was seen hanging over the edge of the crevasse, and the Campbell hotel's back steps lead into it.

Fright among the residents of Lead, most of whom live above similar caverns, was allayed somewhat by assurance that a dozen of the largest farmers are banding together and sending away for fall seed wheat with which to make a test of the coming season. They intend to sow several acres of fall wheat and give it a thorough test.

That the farmers cannot successfully grow spring sown grain in the Upper Klamath country one year after another has been demonstrated. With an unusually wet season spring grain will make good yields, but with a dry season it is invariably short and the yield is hardly worth harvesting.

To Protect Forests.

Salem.—The Baker Forest Protective association, with a capital stock of \$6,000, has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state at Salem. The purpose of the corporation is set forth to be co-operation with the state and Federal governments against the destruction of forests by fire. The incorporators are Grant Giddis, J. Stoddard and W. C. Calder, of Baker City, and H. B. Bunsheim, of Spokane.

\$40,000 Building at Medford

Medford.—Work has been begun on the two-story \$40,000 concrete and brick block at Main and Riverside avenue by contractor R. J. Stewart, and is to be completed by the middle of January. This building will be 75x100 feet in dimensions. The lower floor will be used as a store room and the upper floor will contain a number of office rooms. J. M. Root and San Francisco associates are financing the structure.

Gaynor Loses Fine Barn.

St. James, L. I.—Mayor Gaynor stood by Sunday and watched his handsome and practically new main barn with its crops go up in smoke. The fire loss is estimated at \$10,000. The fire loss is believed to have started through spontaneous combustion.

## INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS OF OUR HOME STATE

### CRANBERRY YIELD BIG.

Profit of \$2 a Bushel Shown After Picking and Packing.

Marshfield.—The harvest of the cranberry crop in Coos county is nearly over and the yield this year is big. One small patch yielded cranberries at the rate of almost \$5,000 an acre. This was on the McFarland place. It was 6 feet long and 10 feet wide and from it were taken six bushels of cranberries. If an entire acre was covered with vines yielding at the same rate the acre would produce 1,633 bushels. The berries sell for \$3 a bushel this year and this would be a yield of \$4,899. It costs for harvesting and for boxes a little less than \$1 a bushel.

The average of all of the cranberry marshes in this locality this year will be about 400 bushels an acre. Allowing \$1 a bushel for picking and packing, this gives the grower a profit of \$800 an acre.

Nearly all of the cranberry marshes are along North slough, tributary to the bay, and there are hundreds of acres available which have not been set out. The land must be of a peat formation. The heavy bottom lands will not do. Land which is made of decomposed vegetable matter, such as is found in the old beds of lakes, is the only kind adaptable in this part of the state. It must be of such a nature that the water will drain through.

In addition to the necessity of having a certain kind of soil there must be available a quantity of fresh water so situated that it can be controlled and the marsh flooded when desired. The ground must be especially prepared and made level and sanded. The expense is not so much in securing the plants and setting them out as it is in the preparation of the soil. The marshes can be started at a cost of about \$150 an acre if the grower understands his business. Then it is four years before a good crop is secured. The plants live for years if tended.

### WHEAT FREE FROM SMUT.

Most Successful Harvest in Years Is Now Drawing to Close.

Pendleton.—Probably the most successful harvest season Umattilla county has ever had is being brought to a close. In those parts of the wheat belt where harvesting is done by means of the combine, harvest was over some time ago. The season was ever experienced in this part of the state. This was probably due principally to the fact that there were from 30 to 40 new combine harvesters and several new headers to assist in caring for the crop. One Pendleton dealer alone sold 29 combines. A second cause for a short harvest was the ideal weather. There was but one shower during the entire season.

A third cause was the substituting in not a few instances of the steam and gasoline engines for the 20 to 30-horse teams on the combines.

There has not been a season in recent years when the growers had to contend with so little smut. The quality of the grain has been of the best and some phenomenal yields have been reported.

Early season estimates of 5,000,000 bushels for the county have been exceeded. Other authorities say the country's crop fell short of the 5,000,000 mark.

### FALL WHEAT TO BE TRIED.

Upper Klamath Farmers Dissatisfied With Spring-Sown Wheat.

Klamath Falls.—That the farmers of the Upper Klamath country have come to the conclusion that they must resort to some other method to make a success of wheat raising, other than sowing in the spring, is shown by the fact that a dozen of the largest farmers are banding together and sending away for fall seed wheat with which to make a test of the coming season. They intend to sow several acres of fall wheat and give it a thorough test.

That the farmers cannot successfully grow spring sown grain in the Upper Klamath country one year after another has been demonstrated. With an unusually wet season spring grain will make good yields, but with a dry season it is invariably short and the yield is hardly worth harvesting.

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### MEDFORD PEARS COSTLY.

Eastern Shippers Bring Good Prices for Carloads.

Medford.—One hundred and forty-one cars of Bartlett and other early pears have been shipped from Medford to date. The average price received has ranged from \$2.40 a box to \$3.60, which is the price that John G. Gore received for a car load of Bartlett's in Chicago.

This price beat by 27 cents the returns that the Burrell orchard received at New York earlier in the season for a car, which for a time held the blue ribbon as to banner price of the year.

Of the cars that were shipped from Medford the Rogue River Fruit & Produce association shipped 73, the Burrell orchard 47, John G. Gore 11, Hill Crest 18, Bear Creek 7, Hall 2 and Alden 2.

John G. Gore's prices averaged \$2.70 a box; those of the Burrell orchard \$2.55 each, those shipped by the Rogue River Fruit & Produce association \$2.50 each, and the Bear Creek orchard \$2.68 per box.

It cost growers from 70 cents to \$1 to ship and market and about 50 cents to produce a box of pears.

The prices this year were lower than last year because the crop was two weeks earlier in ripening and thus was thrown into the market before the California season was over. Comice, Howells and d'Anjou pears are now being shipped. The Bosc and Winter Nellis are yet to be picked.

### University Opens.

University of Oregon, Eugene.—The State University opened its doors to incoming students Sept. 20, and from all indications it is entering upon the most prosperous year within its history. The first of the registration days was set aside for the first-year students and a total of 287 filed their registration certificates. Practically all of these are freshmen and an unusually large proportion of them are from Portland and Multnomah county.

Students will continue to register throughout the week, as many are late returning.

A. R. Tiffany, registrar, predicts that the registration this year will reach 800, which will eclipse all previous records.

Several additions have been made to the university faculty. Professor Arthur Collier, of Harvard, who has been connected for many years with the United States geological survey, has been chosen to fill the chair of geology, which has been vacant since the death of Dr. Thomas Condon.

### Large Amount Received.

Salem.—According to figures just given out, receipts during the five days of the State fair last week were \$27,500. This includes paid admissions, money for concessions and incidentals. This figure does not furnish an adequate idea of the total amount of money received, however, as there were large sums taken in from various sources prior to the opening of the fair. It is estimated that the total attendance for the week was 42,500.

### PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices: Bluestem, 90 @91½c; club, 83@84c; red Russian, 81c; valley, 88c; 40-fold, 85@86c; Turkey red, 82@83c.

Barley—Feed, \$22 per ton; brewing, \$28.

Hay—Track prices: Timothy, Willamette valley, \$19@20 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$21@22; alfalfa, new, \$15 @16; grain hay, \$14.

Corn—Whole, \$32; cracked, \$33 ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$23@24 per ton; middlings, \$31; shorts, \$25@26; rolled barley, \$24.50@25.50.

Oats—White, \$27@27.50 per ton. Green Fruits—Apples, new, 50¢@60¢; plums, 40¢@75¢; pears, 75¢@1.25; peaches, boxes, 50¢@75¢; grapes, 50¢@1.25 per box; lugs, \$1.35 @1.40; 20¢ per basket; cranberries, \$8.50 per barrel; watermelons, \$1 per hundred; cantaloupes, \$1@2 per crate; casabas, \$3.50 per dozen.

Vegetables—Beans, 30¢@50¢ per pound; cabbage, 2¢; cauliflower, \$1.50 per dozen; celery, 90¢; corn, 12¢@15¢; cucumbers, 25¢@40¢ per box; eggplant, 6¢ per pound; garlic, 8¢@10¢; green onions, 15¢ per dozen; peppers, 6¢ per pound; radishes, 15¢@20¢ per dozen; squash, 40¢ per crate; tomatoes, 25¢@50¢ per box; carrots, \$1@1.25 per sack; beets, \$1.50; parsnips, \$1@1.25; turnips, \$1.

Potatoes—Oregon, \$1.25 hundred. Onions—New, \$1.50 per sack. Poultry—Hens, 17¢@17½¢; springs, 17¢@17½¢; ducks, white, 17¢@17½¢; geese, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, live, 20¢; dressed, 22¢@25¢; squabs, \$2 per dozen.

Butter—City creamery, solid pack, 36¢ per pound; prints, 37¢@37½¢; outside creamery, 35¢@36¢; butter fat, 36¢; country store butter, 24¢@25¢. Eggs—Oregon, candled, \$3@35¢. Pork—Gray, 13¢ per pound. Veal—Good, average, 11¢@12¢ per pound.

Cattle—Beef steers, good to choice, \$4.25@5.75; fair to medium, \$4.25@4.75; choice spayed heifers, \$4.50@4.75; good to choice beef cows, \$4.25 @4.75; medium to good beef cows, \$3.75@4.25; common beef cows, \$2@3.75; bulls, \$3.75@4; steers, good to choice, \$4@4.25; calves, light, \$6.75@7; heavy, \$3.75@5.25.

Hogs—Top, \$10.50@10.75; fair to medium, \$10@10.25.

Sheep—Best Mt. Adams wethers, \$4@4.25; best valley wethers, \$3.25@3.50; fair to good wethers, \$3@3.25; best valley ewes, \$3@3.50; choice Mt. Adams lambs, \$5.25@5.50; choice valley lambs, \$5@5.25.

Johnstown, Pa., is 55,482. Washington — The population of Johnstown, Pa., is 55,482, an increase of 19,456, or 54.4 per cent as compared with 35,936 in 1900.

### NOTICE OF SALE OF TIDE LANDS.

Notice is hereby given that the State Land Board of the State of Oregon will sell to the highest bidder at its office, in the Capitol building at Salem, Oregon, on October 11, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, all the state's interest in the tide and overflow lands hereinafter described, giving, however, to the owner or owners 250 feet along high tide line, or fronting on such tide and overflow lands the preference right to purchase said tide and overflow lands at the highest price offered, provided such offer is made in good faith, and also providing that the land will not be sold nor any offer therefor accepted for less than \$7.50 per acre, the board reserving the right to reject any and all bids. Said lands are situated in Columbia County, Oregon, and described as follows:

Tide lands fronting and abutting Lot 5, Sect. 3, and Lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and a portion of Lot 3, Sec. 10, T. 4 N. R. 1 W.

Beginning at a point east 926.1 feet and south 3476.8 feet from the corner common to Sections 3, 4, 9 and 10, T. 4 N., R. 1 W., thence south 0 deg. 48 min. east 432 feet along low tide line; thence south 20 deg. 10 min. west 405 feet along low tide line; thence south 22 deg. 20 min. west 500 feet along low tide line; thence south 30 deg. 40 min. west 133 feet along low tide line; thence north 22 deg. 15 min. west 269 feet along low tide line; thence south 23 deg. west 270 feet along low tide line; thence south 19 deg. 27 min. west 673 feet along low tide line to point of tide land; thence north 49 deg. 15 min. east 62 feet along high tide line; thence north 19 deg. 15 min. east 250 feet along high tide line; thence north 23 deg. 45 min. east 155 feet along high tide line; thence north 22 deg. 45 min. east 200 feet along high tide line; thence north 24 deg. 00 min. east 300 feet along high tide line; thence north 29 deg. 15 min. east 225 feet along high tide line; thence north 24 deg. 0 min. east 195 feet along high tide line; thence north 22 deg. 10 min. east 465 feet along high tide line; thence north 18 deg. 45 min. east 170 feet along high tide line; thence north 19 deg. 15 min. east 321 feet along high tide line; thence north 7 deg. 00 min. west 450 feet to point of beginning, containing 2.92 acres.

Beginning at a point which bears north 187 1/2 feet and east 2445 feet from the corner common to Sections 3, 4, 9 and 10, T. 4 N., R. 1 W., running Var. 21 deg. 30 min. east across tide lands to point of tide lands of low tide at junction of Willamette and Columbia Rivers; thence north 8 deg. 20 min. west 311 feet; thence south 20 deg. 15 min. west 280 feet along low tide line; thence south 8 deg. 40 min. west 552 feet along low tide line; thence south 21 deg. 13 min. west 417 feet along low tide line; thence south 20 deg. 00 min. west 395 feet along low tide line; thence south 16 deg. 20 min. west 476 feet along low tide line; thence south 22 deg. 08 min. west 355 feet along low tide line to point of tide land; thence south 58 deg. 00 min. east 70 feet along high tide line; thence north 12 deg. 10 min. east 150 feet along high tide line; thence north 32 deg. 15 min. east 247 feet along high tide line; thence north 15 deg. 30 min. east 322 feet along high tide line; thence north 16 deg. 30 min. east 210 feet along high tide line; thence north 29 deg. 15 min. east 455 feet along high tide line; thence north 18 deg. 45 min. east 360 feet along high tide line; thence north 17 deg. 15 min. east 600 feet to point of beginning, containing 2.89 acres.

Beginning at a point which bears south 505 feet and east 523 feet from the corner common to Sections 3, 4, 9 and 10, running Var. 21 deg. 30 min. east; thence north 38 deg. 52 min. east 200 feet along low tide line; thence north 11 deg. 10 min. west 388 feet along low tide line; thence north 14 deg. 12 min. west 720 feet along low tide line; thence north 16 deg. 35 min. west 427 feet along low tide line; thence north 21 deg. 40 min. west 630 feet along high tide line; thence north 45 deg. 31 min. west 445 feet along low tide line; thence south 8 deg. 20 min. east 311 feet across tide lands to high tide line; thence south 46 deg. 30 min. east 175 feet along high tide line; thence south 26 deg. 00 min. east 488 feet along high tide line; thence south 20 deg. 40 min. east 408 feet along high tide line; thence south 21 deg. 00 min. east 412 feet along high tide line; thence south 18 deg. 15 min. east 630 feet along high tide line; thence south 12 deg. 20 min. east 370 feet along high tide line; thence south 34 deg. 45 min. west 170 feet to point of beginning, containing 5.91 acres.

Beginning at a point which bears south 5016 feet and east 1909 feet from the corner common to Sections 3, 4, 9 and 10, T. 4 N., R. 1 W.; thence east 60 feet across low tide lands; thence north 19 deg. 00 min. east 662 feet along low tide line; thence north 15 deg. 35 min. east 285 feet along low tide line; thence north 13 deg. 45 min. east 1390 feet along low tide line; thence north 14 deg. 37 min. east 427 feet along low tide line; thence north 21 deg. 30 min. east 620 feet along low tide line; thence north 32 deg. 20 min. east 400 feet along low tide line; thence south 21 deg. 08 min. west 448 feet along high tide line; thence south 12 deg. 30 min. west 178 feet along high tide line; thence south 14 deg. 22 min. west 427 feet along high tide line; thence south 18 deg. 15 min. west 471 feet along high tide line; thence south 6 deg. 30 min. west 185 feet along high tide line; thence south 13 deg. 42 min. west 766 feet to point of beginning, containing 5.18 acres.

Applications and bids should be addressed to G. G. Brown, Clerk State Land Board, Salem, Oregon, and marked "Application and bid to purchase tide lands."

G. G. BROWN, Clerk State Land Board. Dated this July 29, 1910.

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General Contractors  
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Bridges, Sidewalks, Septic Tanks, Etc.  
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The regular retail price of these tires is \$5.50 per pair, but to introduce we will give you a sample pair for \$4.80 (with order \$5.50). NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES. NAILS, Trucks or glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use. DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very