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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newspapers Gathered from All Parts of the World.

PREPARED FOR THE BUSY READER

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

A lifeboat from a warship has drifted ashore near Victoria, B. C.

The I. W. W. will place 100 women orators in the field in Spokane.

Two persons were drowned and hundreds made homeless by Ohio floods.

A missionary, a miner and a negro laborer were frozen to death in Alaska.

Indianapolis mayor would appoint a number of women on the regular police force.

Chief Justice Wright holds that senate committees are as amenable to legal writs as any one.

Secretary Dickinson advises senate committee to prosecute Pacific Mail under anti-trust laws.

Judge Landis orders oleomargarine investigation that will probably drag in Representative Moxley.

Reduction of rates on Seattle interurban lines has been ordered by the Washington railroad commission.

German and English citizens in Texas have been called upon by their governments to appear for military duty.

President Taft tells publishers who call regarding immigration law, that Hebrew immigrant is imbued with patriotic spirit.

The snowslides at Mace and Burke, Idaho, are said to be piled 75 feet deep, and complete death lists will probably never be known.

Four boys, the oldest 19 and the youngest 10 years of age, confessed to having planned to wreck a New York fast passenger train and then rob the bodies of the dead.

Live hogs reached \$9.80 per hundred at Chicago.

Asquith is about to fall from power and his government faces ruin because of his blunders.

Pinchot charges that Ballinger willfully deceived President Taft with false statements.

A French cardinal was fined for urging the school authorities not to use the state text books.

Secretary Meyer has plan for 32,000-ton battleship, to cost \$18,000,000, and carry fourteen 14-inch rifles.

Nicaraguan rebels surprised the government forces, killed their general, and secured many prisoners and much booty.

Maurice F. Egan, minister to Denmark, declares he will believe Dr. Cook honest until he is proven otherwise.

If the government wins against the tobacco trust, it is planned to attack the United States Steel corporation next.

Roosevelt parted with his retinue of native servants and attendants at Conakoro, Sudan, and the hunting expedition is ended.

Unless the beef trust magnates who have been indicted in New Jersey surrender peacefully they will be extradited and the trust dissolved.

Great arrangements are being made for Roosevelt's reception in Rome. The pope will grant him an audience and the king will give a dinner in his honor.

A boyhood friend of Carnegie called on the steel king and had a long visit with him, but when he intimated that he was having a hard struggle to make a living he received only some good pamphlets on economy.

Charles E. Morgan, ex-governor of Cuba, says that if the Monroe doctrine means anything the United States must see that the smaller governments on the Western hemisphere are properly conducted.

A member of the I. W. W. arrested in the recent disturbances in Spokane, has been found guilty of conspiring.

With the strict injunction that he was not to be represented as favoring votes for women, President Taft accepted an invitation to address the opening session of the annual convention of the Woman Suffrage association, to be held in Washington, April 14.

A Canadian Pacific train was derailed on the brink of a 200-foot precipice, and only prevented from plunging over by a retaining wall.

"Little Billy" McClintock, 6 years old, of Chicago, and heir to \$6,000,000, will be asked to choose his own guardian.

The German government refuses moral or financial support to American exhibitors of machinery at the coming exhibition at Berlin next summer.

Great Britain will give refuge to the deposed Dalai Lama, of Tibet, at Calcutta, and has asked the Chinese government for full explanation of the affair.

Six persons were killed in a snowslide in the Bitter Root mountains in Montana.

PLANS FOR STRONGER NAVY.

Battleship to Cost \$18,000,000—Submarines for Pacific.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Secretary Meyer, of the navy department, is said to have told the house naval committee today of plans of building a world's record-breaking battleship of 32,000 tons displacement at a cost of \$18,000,000 and making the United States the leading naval power.

Members of the committee said that the secretary's radical plans were favorably received by the committee. The secretary did not refer to naval strength in numbers of ships or armament, but to various features of improvement of the efficiency of ships and guns.

The building of the proposed giant battleship is delayed until next year only because the naval experiments with 14-inch guns have not been completed, and the department desires to know the result of full experiments. Tentatively, it is planned to arm the great battleship with a battery of fourteen 14-inch guns of the latest type.

The secretary said that plans for enlargement of all the drydocks of the country, as outlined to the committee some weeks ago, were made in contemplation of the great enlargement of the battleships and he wanted the docks built to accommodate ships of great size.

It was tentatively agreed that the naval increase this year, based on the secretary's recommendations, shall be as follows: Two 27,000-ton battleships, equipped either with 12 or 14-inch guns; one regular ship, two colliers and five submarines.

The submarines are for the Pacific coast, and are the first of a fast fleet of these vessels which will be provided in the next few years. The plan to place ten additional submarines on the Pacific coast next was considered favorably.

These submarines will be one of the fastest yet launched, and will be capable of making a speed under water of 12 knots an hour.

A member of the committee said that the government had unofficial information to the effect that Japan is laying the keels of two great battleships approaching the 32,000 ton limit. He said the tonnage of the great battleship under consideration would depend to a great extent upon the weight of the batteries of the huge 14-inch guns, which would be placed on this ship.

AVALANCHE BURIES 75.

Town of Mace, Idaho, Said to Be Scene of Disaster.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 28.—With a roar that could be heard in Wallace, five miles distant, an avalanche overwhelmed the town of Mace, Idaho, last night, and 75 people are believed to be buried under tons of snow and debris. Telephone messages from Wallace say that the slide occurred at 11:30 o'clock. Rescue parties started at once from Wallace to the scene of the disaster. A special relief train was also started out from Spokane.

Because of the deep snow and blocked condition of the road from Wallace to Mace, no details of the catastrophe have yet been received.

Heavy snow has been falling in Northern Idaho during the past week, and with the thaw which began yesterday conditions were favorable for just such a disaster which has overwhelmed the little town.

Walla Walla, Wash., Feb. 28.—A special dispatch at 3 a. m. says that five hundred rescuers have taken out seven dead bodies while 25 men, women and children were taken from the slide alive, that occurred at Mace last night. It is known that 100 additional are dead.

The slide is half a mile long and 30 feet deep. The first train bearing the 25 injured left Mace for Wallace at 2:25 a. m. Additional rescuers are being sent to the scene on a train now being made up here.

"Corpse" Comes to Life.

Brookville, Ind., Feb. 28.—Popular misconception of the coroner's law nearly permitted the body of Miss Olive Sanders to be frozen in a snow-bank today. Miss Sanders' sister missed Olive from the house and found her, seemingly dead, lying in the snow in the barnyard. It took two hours to get the coroner, and the body lay where it was found. He "viewed" the body and it was carried into the house. The undertaker was called to prepare it for burial. At this stage Miss Sanders revived.

Blue Book Names Picked.

Chicago, Feb. 28.—A man who had prepared from Chicago's "bluebook" a long list of wealthy people from whom, the police assert, he intended to extort money, was arrested tonight after he had held up and robbed Dr. B. H. Chamberlain. Later the robber was identified as Edwin English. In his possession were found a burglar's kit and letters addressed to wealthy Chicagoans. One letter demanded \$3,700 from Dr. D. K. Pearson.

Butte Strike May Soon End.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 28.—A settlement of the strike of mine engineers is expected soon. Mat Commerford, president of the International Steam Engineers' union, tonight stated that he had submitted a proposition to end the trouble to the officials of the Butte Miners union, which proposition he expected they would accept.

HAPPENINGS FROM AROUND OREGON

SIX SPRAYINGS NEEDED.

Corvallis Man Gives Program for Up-to-Date Orchardists.

Portland—Professor John C. Bridwell, head of the department of entomology at the Oregon Agricultural college, speaking before the Apple Culture club on the subject of "The Insect Pests of Young Orchards," dwelt on the different pests which infect the orchards of the Willamette valley and outlined means for their extermination.

The peculiarities and habits of the following pests were described: San Jose scale, woolly aphid, apple and wheat aphid, brown apple aphid, apple-tree borers, grasshoppers and climbing cut worms. In telling of the proper sprays to be used in the battle against fruit tree pests, he said:

"The summer strength lime spray should be diluted 24 times and the winter strength 12 times. Lead arsenate should be used in the proportion of two pounds to every 50 gallons of material.

"A regular routine of six sprays is almost necessary to prevent the ravages of pests in the Willamette valley. The first spray for the scab should be applied when the petals begin to show color; the second spray for codlin moth and scab after the petals have fallen; the third spray of lime sulphur for scab alone two weeks after the second spray; the fourth spray of lead arsenate about July 1 for the codlin moth; the fifth spray should be used in winter strength, after the fruit is picked.

"The apple tree borers found in healthy trees are round-headed. Flat-headed borers are found only in unhealthy trees. The best way to prevent the work of the borer is to wrap newspapers around the trunks of the trees.

"In order to keep the San Jose scale from spreading, all young stock sold should bear a certificate of inspection, and all stock not inspected should be rejected and not planted."

U. of O. Has Orators.

University of Oregon, Eugene—Oratory is not dead, at least not at Oregon. So it was proclaimed by the presence of nine lusty orators at the preliminary tryout for choosing Oregon's interstate orator, held recently at Villard hall. The orations were all well written and delivered, and at the end of the contest there was much doubt in the minds of those who heard it as to who would be among the successful five. Those chosen were: H. J. Rounds, '10, "The Spirit of Patriotism"; B. H. Williams, '10, "The Quest of Life"; W. C. Nicholas, '10, "Landmarks of Liberty"; A. M. Geary, '10, "Commercialized Press and Public Opinion"; B. B. Ray, '12, "Private vs. Public Liberty."

Scholarship for M. S. Graduates.

University of Oregon, Eugene—The Oregon branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumni announce the continuation this year of their annual practice of giving a two-hundred-dollar scholarship at the University of Oregon. The scholarship is given to the young woman among the high school graduates of the state whom the committee deem most deserving and capable. No examination is held. They simply decide upon the evidence submitted, which one will be best fitted to do excellent work in her chosen course of study.

To Pipe Water in Farming Section.

Hood River—The Hood River Farmer's Irrigating company will hold a special election March 5 to consider the matter of piping their irrigating system through the farming section of the valley. The election has been called by 74 of the stockholders who signed a petition asking for the meeting. It is known that the majority of the present board of directors are not in favor of piping the system at this time on account of the expense.

Another Million Acres for Oregon.

Washington—Senator Bourne has introduced a bill to give Oregon another million acres of land to be disposed of under the Carey irrigation act. Idaho has got such a bill through. It is believed this bill will pass at this session. The passage of a bill for a government business commission to devise means of economy in expenditures is a victory for Bourne in the senate. It was his original project. He hopes to get it through the house.

Wallawa Ships 59 Cars of Hay.

Wallawa—January was a record breaker in hay shipments from Wallawa, there being no less than 59 carloads shipped out, aggregating more than 650 tons. Besides this one car of cattle and two of lumber were sent out, making a total of 612 cars of products shipped during the poorest month in the year. This makes a good increase over the corresponding month for last year.

223 Acres Bring \$31,500.

Hood River—E. Brong of Portland, has closed a deal through B. E. Duncan & Co., of Hood River for 223 acres of fine orchard land two miles east of Mosier. The price paid was \$31,500. One hundred acres are improved. The tract formerly belonged to George Selinger.

Mail Service on Oregon Electric.

Washington—The Postoffice department has authorized the establishment of mail service on the Oregon Electric between Tualatin and Wilsonville. An effort is being made to procure service between Portland and Salem twice daily.

SPEAK ON APPLE CULTURE.

Dr. S. A. Robinson, of Old Virginia, Praises Oregon Apples.

Portland—Members of the Portland Apple Growers club were afforded an opportunity to listen to two addresses at the regular meeting at the Y. M. C. A. recently. M. O. Lowndale, of Lafayette, owner of one of the largest apple orchards in the Willamette valley and having 30 years' experience in raising apples, was the first speaker. He was followed by an address by Dr. S. A. Robinson, vice-president of the State Horticultural society of Virginia, and a member of the Royal society of England.

Dr. Robinson telling why Oregon apples bring the highest prices in the markets of the world said in part: "You in Oregon are being taught to underestimate your competitors. There are a number of sections which you must take into account. Canada, along the St. Lawrence river and around the Great Lakes, Nova Scotia and a few other sections are as productive as the Pacific Northwest and while the apples of these sections do not compare with the first and second pack of Oregon they are a good commercial apple. But your apples are the best and it is because they are the best that they draw the great prices.

"The production of strictly fancy apples will never be overdone. They will always meet a demand commanding a high price, both because of the small area fitted for such apples and on account of the increasing population which is demanding the highest priced apples. In New York City a few years ago I saw apples piled on the docks, simply glutting the market and with a greater quantity sent in than ever before. They were being sold—good commercial apples—for 75 cents a barrel. Two trainloads of apples were left standing unopened. But with this glutted market Oregon apples were being held at \$3.50 to \$4.00 a bushel box and the dealers were glad to get them at that price. That shows the way Oregon apples are thought of in the East and what will be paid for the very best.

"Now, I am from Virginia, where we can grow a very high grade of apple. But there is no fear of Virginia being a competitor of yours for a generation at least. The reason I would give as hereditary inertia although there are some who may dub it 'hook worm.' At any rate, they will not develop their land and the proprietors of the soil, the sons and grandsons of slaveowners, have such a great amount of personal individuality that they cannot be made to co-operate, and co-operation such as you have at Hood River is an absolute essential to the success of the apple industry."

Lakeside Creamery Will Be Improved.

Marshfield—Green & Foster, of San Francisco, have purchased the Lakeside creamery. The firm owns about 25 similar plants along the coast. The new management has agreed to thoroughly equip the plant. They have plans laid to make it the finest creamery on the coast. The new machinery will cost about \$6,000. Besides this equipment the company has two milk boats, which have been put in first class condition for collecting the milk.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Track prices—Bluestem, \$1.12@1.14; club, \$1.04@1.06; red Russian, \$1.04; valley, \$1.50; 40-fold, \$1.10.

Barley—Feeding, brewing, \$28 ton. Corn—Whole, \$35; cracked, \$36 ton. Oats—No. 1 white, \$31@31.50 ton. Hay—Track prices—Timothy: Willamette valley, \$20@21 per ton; Eastern Oregon, \$22@23; alfalfa, \$17@18; California alfalfa, \$16@17; clover, \$15 @16; grain hay, \$17@18.

Fresh Fruits—Apples, \$1.25@1.30 box; pears, \$1.50@1.75 per box; cranberries, \$8@9 per barrel.

Potatoes—Carload buying prices: Oregon, 60@75c per hundred; sweet potatoes, 8c pound.

Onions—Oregon, \$1.50@1.75 per hundred.

Vegetables—Turnips, \$1.25 pr sack; rutabagas, \$1@1.25; carrots, \$1; beets, \$1.25; parsnips, \$1.

Butter—City creamery, extras, 27@29c per pound; fancy outside creamery, 35@39c; store, 20@23c. Butter fat prices average 1-1-2c per pound under regular butter prices.

Eggs—Fresh Oregon ranch, 25@26c. Cheese—Full cream, twins, 20c per pound; Young Americas, 21c.

Pork—Fancy, 12@13c per pound. Veal—Fancy, 12@12 1-2c per pound.

Poultry—Hens, 17@18c per pound; springs, 17@18c; ducks, 18c; geese, 14c; turkeys, live, 22@24c; dressed, 25@27c; squabs, \$3 per dozen.

Cattle—Best steers, \$5.50@5.75; fair to good, \$4.50@5; strictly good cows, \$4.50@4.75; fair to good; \$4@4.50; light calves, \$5.50@6; heavy calves, \$4@5; bulls, \$3.75@4.25; stags, \$3@4.50.

Hogs—Top, \$9.75@10.10; fair to good, \$9@9.50.

BEEF TRUST INDICTED.

New Jersey Grand Jury Calls Halt On Great Combine.

New York, Feb. 26.—The "beef trust" of the United States, embracing six great companies and 21 packers, several of them multimillionaires, was indicted by a grand jury in Hudson county, New Jersey, today, charged with conspiracy in limiting the supply of meat and poultry.

The indictments drawn under the law of New Jersey, which provides upon conviction, a maximum penalty of three years in the penitentiary, a \$1,000 fine or both. The offense is extraditable, which means practically that the meat barons must successfully resist extradition or come to Jersey City for trial.

Pierce Garvin, public prosecutor of Hudson county, said tonight that he would forthwith notify the defendants of their indictment and would be ready to enforce extradition in each case where the individual concerned is not willing to face trial. The defendants follow:

The National Packing company, Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Morris & Co., Hammond Packing company, G. H. Hammond & Co., J. Ogden Armour, A. Watson Armour, Louis F. Swift, Edward F. Swift, Charles H. Swift, Edward Morris, Ira N. Morris, Arthur Meeker, Edward Tilden, L. A. Carter, Thomas E. E. Wilson, Thomas J. Conners, F. A. Fowler, L. H. Heyman, James E. Bathgate, Jr., George J. Edwards, Frederick B. Cooper, D. E. Hartell, Henry B. Darlington, A. A. Fuller, L. C. Patterson.

Ira N. Morris sent a lawyer to Jersey City this week from Chicago to inform Prosecutor Garvin that he had retired from the directorate of Morris & Co., but nevertheless he was indicted.

Cooper is the New Jersey manager for Swift & Co.; Bathgate, Edwards, Hartwell, Darlington and Fuller are said to be officers and Eastern agents of the National Packing company, while other named are directors or officers or former directors or officers of the National Packing company. Capisses for the arrest of all the defendants will be issued immediately and the grand jury will resume its investigation next Wednesday.

ASBESTOS COMBINE ON.

New Trust Will Be Capitalized at \$5,000,000.

Denver, Feb. 26.—The Times today says: Deals are now being organized in Denver which will probably result in the formation of a trust that will control 90 per cent of the asbestos output of the world.

Officers and representatives of the International Asbestos company, the National Asbestos company, the Wyoming Consolidated Asbestos company and the United States Asbestos Mining & Fibering company are here to confer with the representatives of English and California capitalists regarding the sale of their properties to new interests.

Representatives of the Amalgamated Asbestos corporation, a Canadian company, recently launched, which has obtained control of about 90 per cent of the asbestos output of Canada, are now investigating the properties of the companies represented at the Denver conference and the consummation of the first deal will likely be followed by the absorption of these companies by the big Canadian corporation.

The new interests are said to have offered \$1,100,000 for the control of the Wyoming asbestos deposits.

Catch is 300,000 Pounds.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 26.—The halibut fishing steamer Kingfisher, belonging to the fleet of the New England Fish company, an American concern, is due to arrive here Friday with 300,000 pounds of fish, 200,000 of which are caught in two and a half days. Her whole time for the trip will be but nine and a half days. The Kingfisher's total cargo will be 400,000 pounds, which includes weight for ice and boxes in which some of the fish are packed.

Warning from Gompers.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, told Attorney General Wickham today that if the present American workers' movement, which he said is constructive and conservative in character, is outlawed and crushed out of existence by an unfavorable legislation and court decisions, it will be followed by another movement that will scarcely be constructive. For two hours Mr. Gompers and Mr. Wickham discussed legislation affecting labor.

Bethlehem Works Close.

Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 26.—The Bethlehem Steel company closed tonight and it is said will remain closed until the police are able to give protection to the men who remain loyal to the company. This step was taken because of serious rioting early this morning, when 500 foreigners attacked employees as they were going to work. The rioters made a second attack tonight when the men were leaving the plant. Nine thousand men are idle.

Declares for General Strike.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 26.—Following the publication of a statement alleged to have been made today by John J. Murphy, president of the Central Labor union, a warrant was issued for his arrest. It is said that Murphy declared "a general strike should be called immediately. I think it is inevitable. There are men in the Northeast who can shoot as straight as any trooper that ever drew a breath."

CHINESE ROUT LAMA

Grand Head of Tibetan Monks Flees to India.

SACRED CITY OF LHASA TAKEN

Trouble Has Long Been Expected—Chinese Government Determined to Disperse Monks.

Calcutta, British India, Feb. 24.—Chinese troops today entered Lhasa, the capital of Tibet, and the residence of the Dalai Lama, the supreme head of the Lamaist hierarchy, who, upon the approach of the soldiers, fled with several of his ministers into India.

Serious trouble has been expected, owing to the action of the small Chinese army, which, marching from Sze-Chuen, China, subdued Eastern Tibet, levying contributions on the Lama's home and showing no respect for the monasteries.

The Tibetans, resenting the desecration of their holy places, petitioned the Chinese foreign board, praying that the emperor of China interfere in the interest of the Buddhists. The petition was disregarded, the Chinese propose to make the administration of the country purely Chinese.

The Dalai Lama appealed to Lord Minto, the viceroy of India, but he refused to interfere.

London, Feb. 24.—The flight from Lhasa of the Dalai Lama will cause no surprise to close observers of the Chinese attitude toward the Tibetan people when he was in Pekin.

It became evident then that the Chinese government had no intention of permitting him to resume his sway at Lhasa, so far as civil power was concerned, and attempts were even made to bar his passage on his return home.

Following its policy of "China for the Chinese," the government determined to make more effective its control over the land of the Lamas. A campaign to this end has been pushed in the border provinces for the last two years, and now China has sent an army of 25,000 anti-Buddhist troops into the capital of Tibet.

This army, which was dispatched from Sze-Chuen, has been drilled by Japanese officers and is completely equipped with mountain and machine guns of German and Japanese patterns and with wireless apparatus.

STRIKE RIOTS CONTINUE.

Local Police Admit Defeat—State Police Called Out.

Philadelphia, Feb. 24.—Police officials of the city today virtually acknowledged their inability to cope with the strike situation when a request was made of John C. Grooms, superintendent of the state police, that the 200 members of his command be brought to this city for police duty.

This request was made, notwithstanding that serious rioting was less frequent today than on any other day since the strike of the streetcar men began last Saturday. The state police are expected to reach here tomorrow morning, and will doubtless be sent into the Kensington district, where the State Fencibles had such an unpleasant experience.

For the first time the Rapid Transit company succeeded in running its cars until 6 o'clock on the Frankford line. At that hour all cars were returned to the barns.

Four policemen guarded each car, and detectives patrolled the route all day in automobiles. Whenever a group of men for med detectives rushed them and even followed the ringleaders into houses until they had captured them. In spite of the vigilance of the police, many car windows were broken, and the company was finally obliged to use sheet iron windows in place of glass panes.

Railroads Make No Headway.

Baltimore, Feb. 24.—The two powerful railroad labor organizations, the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, which have undertaken to obtain a general increase of the wage scale for all employees in those branches of the service on the principal lines in the eastern part of the United States and in Canada, have suffered repulse at the inauguration of their campaign. Three weeks of negotiations ended today when the company declined to accede to the demands of the organization.

Meteor Hits Mountains.

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 24.—From Warner's Hot Springs, about 70 miles northeast of this city comes the report that a meteor of extraordinary size and brilliancy was seen there this afternoon. It was traveling from West to East. Passing the Springs, its course led into the mountains, where it exploded with a deafening report and sent up a great cloud of dust. The phenomena was witnessed by several guests at the hotel.

Girl Paralyzed—Long as Boy.

Moorhead, Ky., Feb. 24.—Miss Goldie Cantrell, 17 years old, today was sent home by the school trustees after she learned that she had been attending school as Sam Murray, dressed in boys' clothing. She stood second in her class. Several months ago she earned her living for several weeks as a "newsboy" on trains.

MOB DEFIES BAYONETS.

Disarms "Tin Soldiers"—General Strike May Be Called.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—According to a statement issued today by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company, the amount of damage done today and the number of assaults committed by mobs were greater than on any previous day of the strike.

Two hundred and ninety-five cars were wrecked, making 750 cars put out of service since the strike began.

Six hundred and sixty-three cars were run up to nightfall, when all cars were returned to the barns.

Philadelphia, Feb. 23.—Three boys were shot and probably fatally injured and several received less severe wounds today in riots that followed the attempted resumption of service by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company.

The shooting occurred in attacks on cars in the Northeastern section. Market street, the principal business thoroughfare, was the scene of the disturbances all day. Cars were stoned and two policemen were roughly handled by a mob of several thousand persons. A dozen arrests were made and the prisoners were placed in a trolley car. This was stormed by the mob and two prisoners escaped.

Preparations were made by authorities to call upon the entire force of the state militia if the police tomorrow were unable to cope with the situation. President Murphy, of the Central Labor union, still regards a general strike of all unions in the city as inevitable, although Organizer Pratt is said to oppose this move.

Members of the State Fencibles, an independent military organization, 200 strong, were placed on duty today, armed with loaded rifles. They were detailed in the Kensington mill district Northeast, a hotbed of sympathizers.

Fifteen policemen quartered in the barn of the company at Ridge avenue and York street narrowly escaped death tonight when the entire northeast corner of the building was blown away with dynamite. The explosion occurred just as C. O. Pratt was about to address a meeting of carmen at Ridge avenue and Dauphin street.

CENSUS OF OCCUPATIONS.

Questions Will Apply to Everybody in the United States.