

OREGON MIST

ST. HELENS.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Newsy Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

Class Spreckles left an estate valued at about \$50,000,000.

The American battleship fleet has entered the Red sea.

Cosgrove has improved so much that he has seen several callers.

A movement has been started in Oklahoma to disfranchise negroes.

The county treasurer at Woonsocket, S. D., was robbed of \$3,000.

The Yaqui Indians and the Mexican government have arranged terms of peace.

An Austrian scientist believes the greater part of Sicily will sink beneath the sea.

A blizzard in England has tied up railroad traffic. Several persons have frozen to death.

A storm in the Rocky mountains along the line of the Canadian Pacific has tied up traffic.

There remains little doubt but that the American consul at Messina and his wife were killed.

California shippers may appeal to the government to aid them in fighting increases in freight rates.

Teddy Roosevelt, Jr., is not on good terms with his father because he has gone to work in a carpet weaving establishment.

The trial of the Pittsburg grafters is to be hastened.

Miss Ethel Roosevelt has made her debut in Washington society.

Germany will be the first to ask the benefit of a minimum tariff.

Robbers secured \$30,000 worth of jewelry and \$2,000 cash from a New York jewelry store.

Veterans of the civil war will become extinct in 1930, according to Past Commander G. F. Bassett.

The Indian congress has approved Lord Morley's reforms in government and condemns the present agitation.

Dr. Wiley, head of the pure food department, is said to have angered the president to such an extent that he will be removed.

St. Petersburg still continues to suffer from Asiatic cholera. New cases and deaths are reported daily, though not in large numbers.

Two men were seriously injured and the lives of a score of men, women and children endangered by a fire in a New York tenement.

The torpedo boat destroyer Fox is on the way to Mare Island navy yard to go out of commission. The crew will be transferred to the Rowan, another destroyer.

Many political exiles of Venezuela are returning to their homes.

Roosevelt says the only thing about his African trip he fears is the fever.

It is believed American Ambassador Giraon will resign his post at Rome.

Henry W. Poor, a leading Wall Street broker, has assigned. His liabilities will reach \$5,000,000.

Castro has witnessed what to him is a unique spectacle—a snowstorm and skating on natural ice.

Governor Hughes has appointed a commission to investigate the New York produce and cotton exchanges.

Chicago contractors who have been in the habit of giving presents to city officials at Christmas time this year had their gifts returned.

Gomez' power as ruler of Venezuela is finally established. Many suits have been commenced against Castro and he will lose \$2,000,000 by the turn of affairs.

Plans are all complete for the arrest of about 40 more Pittsburg grafters. The railroads are aiding the movement, as it is cheaper to own them than to pay their price.

The bank at Monrovia, Cal., has lost \$25,000, which mysteriously disappeared.

One man was killed and three persons injured in an automobile wreck in California.

Christmas was celebrated all over the United States by lavish gifts and feasts to poor.

The bribery of Pittsburg councilmen by bankers has been taken up by the government.

A crazy French Royalist tried to pull President Fallieres' beard, and was promptly arrested.

An appeal may be made to Taft to pardon Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison in case their appeal fails.

Claus Spreckles, the sugar king, is critically ill at his home in San Francisco, and it is feared he cannot survive.

The Chicago saloon question may be put to a referendum vote next April. The anti-saloon element is gaining in strength.

Oklahoma prisoners, who are confined in the Kansas penitentiary, complain of cruel treatment and an investigation is to be made.

A boy of 15 is under arrest at Mount Clemens, Mich., charged with stealing at least \$30,000 from postoffice boxes. He was caught while cashing a check.

Express companies were swamped with Christmas business.

Cosgrove has so far recovered that he is able to walk a little.

Count Boni de Castellane lost his suit for possession of his children.

Harriman has been reported ill, but his physician says it was only a slight bilious attack.

The monitor Wyoming, now at Mare Island navy yard, will be changed to the Cheyenne.

Fire in Brooklyn drove hundreds into the streets, destroying an entire block of property, valued at \$1,000,000.

NEW LIGHT ON HISTORY.

Stanford Professor Finds Key to Ancient Writing.

Stanford University, Cal., Dec. 28.—The key which bears the secrets so long hidden behind the Etruscan and old Italian inscriptions has at last been discovered by Professor George Hempl, the holder of the philological chair at Stanford university, and the manners, customs and history of a people today practically unknown may be read in the future as in a book.

Experienced in his investigations of old German inscriptions and rules, Professor Hempl was able to accomplish in a single night the feat undertaken by science ages ago and never before pushed to a successful conclusion. Members of the faculty who were present at the lecture of Dr. Hempl before the Stanford Philological association today declared that the discovery is a veritable triumph and will have far-reaching results. It will necessitate a re-stating of ancient Roman history and it will throw a flood of light on many disputed facts of Latin grammar and etymology.

It has been the generally accepted view among historians that the Etruscans were an element entirely foreign to their neighbors, the Romans. This theory is entirely and conclusively overturned by Professor Hempl, whose investigations prove a great similarity between the Roman and Etruscan languages and make possible only one conclusion, that the Etruscans and Romans sprang from one race, which, following the old legend, wandered to Italy from Troy after the fall of that great city. This Virgil's Eneid is substantiated by Hempl's scientific proof. Dr. Hempl's discovery is yet in its infancy. Out of 8,000 inscriptions he has read but 50, yet the little work he has done has been sufficient to convince him that the old idea of distinct races is entirely erroneous.

QUICKSAND IN FOUNDATION.

Unstable Soil Adds \$500,000 to Cost of Northwestern Depot.

Chicago, Dec. 28.—A stratum of treacherous quicksand underlying the site of the new \$20,000,000 station of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, now under construction, will add about \$500,000 to the cost of the structure, according to the increased difficulty of sinking the foundation pillars. This information has been given to the railroad company by the George A. Fuller company, which has in turn been told to go ahead with the construction of the building at any cost.

Interesting pneumatic processes are now being used to overcome the difficulties presented by the unstable soil. Engineers say that Chicago soil is saturated with quicksand in the territory about the river and lake. Two engineering experts who handled the situation in New York at the laying of two big river tunnels there furnished the gravest engineering problem of the kind in the history of America, were called by telegraph and are at work solving the problem presented.

Russia Approves Deal.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 28.—Foreign Minister Isvolsky met with a favorable reception in the duma today when he presented the annual statement of Russia's foreign policy. He referred with warm approval to the Japanese-American agreement, which he said guaranteed the open door in the Far East and the integrity of China, and to Russia before it was signed. The rest of M. Isvolsky's speech shed no light on mooted questions, nor gave any substance to the Russian proposals regarding the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina by Austria.

New Geyser May Result.

Virginia City, Mont., Dec. 28.—Thirty earthquakes have been felt in this section since last Sunday afternoon, the last tremor being recorded at 4:10 yesterday morning. The ground has trembled very perceptibly, with the earthquake apparently coming from the south, which has lent color to the belief that a big new geyser is about to burst forth in the Yellowstone park, which lies 15 miles southeast of Virginia City. No damage has resulted other than considerable plaster having been thrown down.

Congressman Daved Dead.

New Orleans, Dec. 28.—Representative Robert C. Davey, of the second congressional district of Louisiana, died Saturday of apoplexy. He had served continuously at Washington since the fifty-third congress, with the exception of one term, when he declined the nomination. Davey was born in New Orleans in 1853, served several years in the state senate of Louisiana, was elected a judge in 1880 and in 1888 was defeated for mayor of New Orleans. He was re-elected to the sixty-first congress.

Picked Guard for Regent.

Peking, Dec. 28.—An imperial edict issued today ordered Prince Tsai Tao and Yu Lang and Grand Councilor Tieh Liang to form an imperial guard of picked men from the Manchurian regiments for the use of Prince Chun, the Regent of China. Princes Tsai Tao and Yu Lang and Grand Councilor Tieh Liang were recently entrusted with the task of guarding the palace gates. A leading article published yesterday in the newspaper controlled by Yuan Shi Kai, the grand councillor, advises the regent to remain in the palace.

Claus Spreckles' Feat.

San Francisco, Dec. 28.—After an illness of less than a week's duration, Claus Spreckles, widely known as "Sugar King of the Pacific Coast," died at his home in this city Saturday. Mr. Spreckles was 80 years of age, and was taken ill with a severe cold early this week. This developed into pneumonia, and during the last two days the veteran sugar refiner sank rapidly, his death occurring at 4:30 o'clock Saturday morning.

Through From Chicago.

St. Paul, Dec. 29.—The Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads, through the Burlington, will establish through service from Chicago to Seattle, Tacoma and Portland before the opening of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition. This was made known at the offices of the two Western lines yesterday. The official announcement of the arrangements will be made in a few days.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

Salem, the Cherry City.

Revenue to Be Raised for 1909 Exceeds That of 1908.

Salem—One million six hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars is the total approximate amount of revenue to be raised for state purposes for 1909. Four hundred thousand dollars of the sum will be derived from indirect sources, leaving \$1,275,000 to be apportioned among the several counties.

This amount is \$125,000 greater than the levy last year and \$230,000 greater than the levy two years ago. The increase this year is due in part to the holding up of the University of Oregon appropriation bill last year, by reason of which the levy for 1908 was at the rate of \$47,500 per year, as provided by laws then in existence. Since the appropriation bill has gone into effect, carrying an appropriation dating back to January 1, 1907, it will be necessary, in making the 1909 levy to include a University of Oregon deficit of about \$150,000. The 1909 levy will include \$100,000 for the purchase of the Oregon City locks. Should the legislature repeal the locks appropriation bill, this \$100,000 will be in the treasury subject to appropriation for other purposes. One installment of \$100,000 has already been levied.

The levy will not be made until early in January, 1909, but the total amount here indicated, \$1,275,000, is close enough to the actual amount that will be levied so that county courts may act upon it in computing their share of state taxes. Already a number of counties have been anxiously inquiring what the state levy will be. Under existing laws, the apportionment among the counties will be made at a fixed ratio which has been in force a number of years.

In making the apportionment for 1909 the state board will be confronted with the problem of making an apportionment between Hood River and Wasco counties without any law prescribing how the apportionment shall be made. The act creating Hood River county contained no provision upon this subject. The state board passed the question up to the attorney general and the official has advised the board to divide the Wasco county ratio between Wasco and Hood River in proportion to assessed valuations.

The law prescribing the ratio of apportionment of state taxes requires that Wasco county pay .0234 of the whole amount. But since then Hood River county has been carved out of Wasco. The assessed valuation of Wasco county is now \$5,927,345 and that of Hood River \$2,810,280. Dividing the apportionment accordingly, Wasco's new ratio will be .0158 and that of Hood River .0076. Though there is no law expressly authorizing such an apportionment, the attorney general expresses the opinion that this is equitable and should be adopted. The board will follow his advice.

Each county can ascertain approximately the amount of its share of the state taxes for 1909 by multiplying \$1,275,000 by its ratio. The ratios of the several counties are as follows:

County	Pct.
Baker	.0234
Benton	.0202
Clackamas	.0235
Clatsop	.0212
Columbia	.0203
Cook	.0130
Crook	.0040
Curry	.0245
DeWitt	.0087
Gilliam	.0092
Grant	.0160
Hood River	.0076
Jackson	.0214
Josephine	.0090
Klamath	.0115
Lake	.0107
Lane	.0462
Lincoln	.0238
Linn	.0094
Malheur	.0613
Marion	.0095
Morrow	.0123
Multnomah	.0307
Polk	.0087
Sherman	.0087
Tillamook	.0087
Umatilla	.0490
Union	.0220
Wallowa	.0073
Wasco	.0158
Washington	.0301
Wheeler	.0087
Yamhill	.0291
Total	1.0000

Banks Give Out Figures.

Salem.—State Bank Examiner James Steel has completed a statement of the condition of the 132 state and private banks in Oregon at the date of the last call, November 27, 1908. The statement shows total resources, \$53,502,213.25, of which \$5,548,579.75 is cash on hand, and \$8,395,432.27 due from banks and bankers. The deposits subject to check amount to \$39,674,348.82; the loans and discounts aggregate \$25,983,245.46. The statistics do not admit of comparison with the last report, for some banks have been nationalized and new ones formed since the last report was made.

Filtering Plant is Enlarged.

Oregon City.—The filtration plant of Oregon City now has a capacity of 1,500,000 gallons per day. An addition to the plant has just been completed that increases the capacity one-third. The addition is 26x90 feet and contains two tanks of 40,000 gallons capacity. The pumping station will now be moved from the west side of Main street to a site adjoining the filtering plant, as this new site is city property, and the present location of the pumps will be utilized by the Hawley Pump & Paper company.

Umatilla Lobby Named.

Pendleton.—A legislative committee of 15 members from the county has been appointed by the Commercial association to work in harmony with the Umatilla county delegation in an effort to secure from the legislature measures which are particularly desired. Chief among these are the experiment farm for the Umatilla project, an increased appropriation for the Weston normal, a branch asylum and an amendment to the good roads law.

ASKS FOR FRIENDSHIP.

Eight Months' Rupture With Venezuela Draws to Close.

Washington, Dec. 25.—After eight months, the United States has resumed friendly relations with Venezuela, and William I. Buchanan has left on the cruiser North Carolina to visit that country, look into the situation and make a report to the state department. This will decide whether the United States will accord formal recognition to the government.

It has not yet been fully established that the Gomez government will retain its power without trouble, as there are many adherents of President Castro in the country. Indeed, the possibility that disorder may arise is indicated in a request for an American ship at La Guayra, which this government has promptly responded.

The general opinion is that the new order of things will open the way for the pacific settlement of Venezuela's disagreement with this country. Holland and France.

The refusal in March last of the Castro administration to consider separately the issues with the United States made it plain that diplomacy could accomplish nothing further toward their settlement.

In 1902 the Venezuelan government, having failed to satisfy claims against it by various powers, Great Britain, Germany and Italy, blockaded the ports of that country with the view to the forcible collection of the debts.

Venezuela appointed Herbert W. Bowen, then American minister to Venezuela, as a commissioner to take up the question with the various governments, and he signed protocols with them which reserved a certain percentage of the customs receipts, to be set aside to satisfy the claims. The blockading powers were made prefects of the territory.

LABOR LEADERS SENTENCED.

Prison for Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison, Who Appeal.

Washington, Dec. 25.—Twelve months in jail for Samuel Gompers, president; nine months for John Mitchell, one of the vice-presidents, and six months for Frank Morrison, secretary, all of the American Federation of Labor, was the sentence imposed by Judge Wright, of the supreme court of the District of Columbia yesterday for contempt of court in violating an order enjoining them from placing on the unfair or unjust picketing list the Buck Shoe & Rubber company, of St. Louis. All of the defendants were in court when sentence was pronounced and notice of an appeal to the District of Columbia appellate court was filed. Gompers being released on \$5,000 bond, Mitchell on \$4,000 and Morrison on \$3,000.

Judge Wright's decision, which consumed two hours and twenty minutes in reading, was a scathing arraignment. "Everywhere," the court said, "all over, within the court and out, rampant, insolent defiance is being shown against the law. It is a disgraceful, affront, vulgar indignity, measure of the litigants' conception of the tribunal's duty wherein his cause still persists."

OUSTS OIL TRUST.

Missouri Supreme Court Lands Blow to Rockefeller.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 25.—The state supreme court yesterday handed down a decision which ousts the Standard Oil company of Indiana, and the Republic Oil company, perpetually from the state.

The decision also dissolves the Waters-Pierce Oil company, of St. Louis. In addition to the other features of the decision, each company is fined \$50,000.

The fight on the Standard in this state has been waged for a number of years. Attorney General Hadley, the governor-elect, was the prime mover in the fight on the Rockefeller interests. He caused a big sentence several years ago by going to New York to take testimony and putting the high financiers of the Standard through one of the most trying examinations they ever withstood.

The Waters-Pierce Oil company for many years was the representative of the Standard in Missouri. Its connection with the Standard was denied steadfastly for years, but proof that it is a subsidiary has been developed in both the state case and the federal suits. The Republic Oil company is a similar concern.

The order to dissolve the water company is effective January 15. Today's decision was the result of a suit started in 1902. Seven judges concurred. Judge Lamm in his individual decision declares the trust ought to be fined \$1,000,000. Judge Graves in his opinion says the evidence shows that the water company was taken over by the trust over the protest of the minority stockholders.

Mail Pouch is Stolen.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 24.—A mail pouch containing 60 pounds of registered Christmas packages was stolen from the baggage room of the Twenty-third street and Grand avenue depot of the Bent Line railroad today. Although the postoffice authorities refuse to make any statement it is believed to have contained much valuable merchandise. The pouch was made up in the Kansas City postoffice late to catch the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe train at the Union depot, and it was therefore dispatched to the Grand avenue station.

New Chief for Bay City.

San Francisco, Dec. 25.—Sergeant Jesse B. Cook, who for more than a year has been property clerk in the police department, with the brevet rank of captain, was last night appointed chief of police by the board of police commissioners, to succeed the late Chief W. J. Bigby, who was drowned on the night of November 30, while crossing the bay in the police launch patrol. Cook has been on the police force of this city since February 18, 1889.

Bank Clerk Gets Five Years.

Pittsburg, Dec. 25.—Herbert W. Tiers, formerly a discount clerk in the First National bank, was sentenced to serve five years in the penitentiary yesterday. Early in 1906 Tiers embezzled \$51,000.

DEATH LIST GROWS

Victims of Earthquake Estimated at One Hundred Thousand.

WHOLE PROVINCES LAID WASTE

Almost Entire Population of Reggio Exterminated—Sicilian Hotels Filled With Tourists.

Rome, Dec. 30.—One hundred thousand dead, Messina, on the island of Sicily, and Reggio and a score of other towns in southern Italy, overwhelmed, the entire Calabria region laid waste—that is the earthquake a record so far as present known disasters, are coming slowly into Rome on account of the most complete extermination of life of communication to the stricken places.

The death total in Calabria, since 12,000 to 30,000, that of Reggio, which, with its adjacent province, numbered 45,000 people, includes almost the entire population, at Falli, 10,000 reported dead, at Cassano, 10,000; at Caserta, 300, and half the population of Bagnara, about 4000. The Monteleone region has been devastated and Bagnara, Seminara, San Giovanni, Scilla, Taurianova and Cannicelli and all other communities and villages on the coast are in ruins.

The king and queen of Italy are now on their way to Messina, having sailed from Naples about the 1st inst. The king and queen are expected to have shown the greatest distress at the calamity and he himself was the first to point out the relief of the afflicted Calabria, French and Russian warships are steaming toward the south, and already several of the ships of Great Britain and Russia have performed heroic service in the work of rescue.

It is stated that many foreign correspondents have been in Calabria and Sicily, and that the press is crowded with news. Little is known of the fate of the diplomatic representatives of the powers stationed at these posts, although it is believed that they are using every effort to relieve the anxiety felt on this account.

There is the gravest danger that pestilence will follow the destruction of the towns. On Sicily, the disease has already wrought, and will be unnumbered thousands of deaths. Those who escaped death, many of whom are badly injured, are making their way by the thousands to the nearest place of refuge. Their sufferings even now must be intense, as they are without food or clothing.

Stunned at the magnitude of the calamity which has overtaken fellow countrymen, all Italy mourns tonight for the stricken province of Calabria and the island of Sicily. Accusations for centuries to earthquake victims, Italy stands ever in dread, but none was prepared for the disaster which in the twinkling of a minute yesterday devastated cities and towns and caused the death of thousands.

San Francisco Remembers 1906. San Francisco, Dec. 30.—Mayor Taylor issued a proclamation yesterday afternoon stating that his response for aid for the suffering people of Italy will doubtless be quick and generous in this city, and requesting that all contributions be sent to Allen Knight, treasurer of the California branch of the American National Red Cross, California street, San Francisco. Contributions will also be received by Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the California branch of the Red Cross, at Berkeley.

Tidal Wave Destructive.

Rome, Dec. 30.—Many hundreds of living persons are still beneath the ruins in Calabria towns, but it is quite impossible to relieve them. At Riposto the tidal wave was terrific. At first the sea receded for a great distance from the shore and then it swept forward with tremendous violence. The water, advancing in a huge wave, swept before it every house, building for a thousand feet from the shore line. The waters rushed through the streets of Riposto to a depth of from 10 to 20 feet.

Red Cross Will Issue Call.

Berkeley, Cal., Dec. 30.—President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of the university of California, who is president of the California branch of the Red Cross society, has issued a call for a meeting of the society. "The society will make arrangements for an immediate organized appeal for funds for the Italian earthquake sufferers," he said. "Committees will be appointed to undertake the work in a systematic fashion, and the funds will be forwarded to the National Red Cross society at Washington, to be sent to Italy."

Opera Company to Give Benefit.

Los Angeles, Dec. 30.—Arrangements are being made by the management of the Lombardi grand opera company, which is filling an engagement here, to give a series of performances for the benefit of the Italian earthquake sufferers. Several members of the Lombardi company formerly lived in the devastated districts. Local Italians have already started a relief fund for the aid of their suffering countrymen.

Roosevelt Sends Message.

Washington, Dec. 30.—President Roosevelt sent a cable message yesterday expressing the sympathy of the American people in the misfortune that has befallen Italy. The president said the American National Red Cross society would issue an appeal for contributions, and would communicate with the Italian Red Cross.

New York Plans Aid.

New York, Dec. 30.—Benefit performances for the earthquake victims and survivors were planned today for early date by the Metropolitan opera company, many of whose members are from the devastated regions. Signor Caruso reiterated his intention of donating his week's salary of \$2500 to the fund. Other opera stars subscribed generously.

France Goes to Rescue.

Paris, Dec. 30.—France yesterday ordered the battleships Justice and Verite, together with three destroyers, to proceed to Messina under forced draught to aid in the work of rescue.

ORCHID INSURED FOR \$50,000.

What it Means to Have a Likening for the Most Costly Flower.

Not long ago it was related in the newspapers that in a flower show in London a single orchid was sold for \$50,000. To most people it seems not only improbable but utterly impossible that one little plant should be worth a small fortune, yet it is still a more astonishing fact that the same firm of florists which sold the orchid had in the show another plant on which they carried \$50,000 insurance.

What makes orchids so frightfully expensive is the enormous outlay that is necessary to find the rare species, the exquisite delicacy of the care that has to be taken of them and the difficulties attending their propagation. Many lives are lost in the collection of orchids. Swampy jungles and reptile-infested forests are the homes of the most beautiful of these strange blossoms, and that means, of course, that danger lies on every side of the collector. Weeks are spent in floating down South American rivers on rafts and keeping the eyes open for rare specimens which hang from trees sprawling over the water. Often it is necessary to cut the tree down and let it blow down to get rid of the insects, many of them very dangerous, that infest the orchids and the trees. Hundreds of natives lured by collectors as guides and porters, have perished as a result of this mania for queer orchids which seems to possess the flowering rich. Only a few years ago a London firm sent out a collector to South America. He contemplated being away two years, and the firm gave him \$200,000 for his expenses. He was never heard from again, probably having been murdered by the natives.

Probably the highest priced specimen of orchid ever sold was that of Sir Trevor Lawrence, president of the Royal Horticultural Society of England. He does not, however, market his plants, as he has too much love for them. Baron Schroeder has a wonderful collection valued at \$750,000, and he is so particular about the growing of his orchids that he has had to have his late majesty, Queen Victoria, a \$100,000 orchid valued at \$4,000. This enthusiast has more than 30 greenhouses devoted to orchids, some of which are in London and some in a well-known firm of orchid dealers whose place is near London had a very strange experience some time ago.

When a wealthy merchant for \$375, and it turned out to be such a splendid specimen that it was actually divided into ten parts by its owner, eight of which realized altogether \$10,000. On hearing of this the firm which sold the orchid in the first place desired to buy back a portion of the plant, but had to pay \$5,000 for one small plant.

ONE OF SHERMAN'S SPEECHES

Remarkable Simplicity Shown by Analysis of Statesman's Utterances.

In a study of the late John Sherman, contributed to the Ohio State Archaeological and Historical Society publications, George U. Harn has taken the trouble to dissect a speech delivered by Mr. Sherman at Zanesville in May, 1860, to show the simplicity of construction used by this statesman in his public utterances, even when he was discussing the most weighty and intricate subjects, says the New York Sun. The address was short, consisting of about 1,600 words, eliminating proper nouns and figures. It included a retrospect of the history of the Republican party and definitions of its attitude on the tariff and money issues.

Mr. Sherman used all 522 different words. More than a thousand of the 1,600 words spoken by him were monosyllables and over 350 were disyllables. The article "the" was used 145 times, the preposition "of" 108 times, the conjunction "and" fifty-nine times. Seventy-two words beginning with the letter "r" were used 130 times. The proper nouns employed were:

"Atlantic, American (twice), Australia, Democrat, Europe, Grant (twice), north, Ohio (six times), Populists, Republican (seventeen times), Sherman (twice), Sheridan, South, Union, United States, Wilderness."

The figures used were 1855, 1873, 1892 and \$50,000,000, which Mr. Harn calls six words. Ten times Mr. Sherman used the first person singular pronoun, "but not once egotistically," says this student of his words. Mr. Harn says in his text that not one word beginning with "r"