## REGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

OLDS WHEAT RECORD.

is Largest Primary Distributing Point in Country.

don-The latest estimate of the at of grain already shipped and emaining to be shipped from Con-1,300,000 bushels. According showing, Condon is the largest ry grain shipping point in the d States and, as far as can be d, in the entire world. The which has heretofore claimed the of being the largest primary ile, Wash., its supremacy being ion the basis of shipping 1,250,-

m figures obtained from the best rities on the subject 1,100,000 is of wheat and barley have albeen received by the warehouses all here. And to this must be the large amount that is yet sontover the country waiting to be it town before spring. It is a say that there remains in Conterritory 200,000 bushels yet to bught is, making a grand total of 000 bushels to be shipped from

es remarkable is the estimated less remarkable is t of grain in every section of Gil-sounty, the total of the settimates county, the total of the settimates different stations exceeding the t to be shipped from Condon. It also be taken into consideration many thousands of bushels of grain sted along the borders of the counshipped from nearby railroad in the adjoining counties. The of the number of bushels shipped these points added to the amounts ed from different stations in Gilecunty places the enormous out-

May Trade Territory

bany-The residents of northern on county are agitating for a re in the boundaries of Linn and It is proposed to make an trade and allow Linn to annex one ship or more in Benton, immedi-across the river from this city, to exchange therefor a township scross the Willamette from Cor-. It is thought this plan will with the approval of the residents esections concerned and make it this for them to have better roads receive more benefits from the e paid for the care of roads and ges. At present the roads across river in Benton county are badly ected as likewise are the roads ing into Corvallis on the south side inn. The residents of these sec-e are said to be generally favorable his change.

Initiative Petition Filed.

siem.—The petition for the initia-of the question of the division of see county and the creation of Hood er county has been filed with the stary of state by W. B. Andrus, of Hood River Commercial club. The ition is said to contain 10,357 sigseparate pamphlets, each of which provided with an artistic cover de-

es of the weather fields and pastures raish excellent grazing and unless valley should experience extreme anges within the next few weeks thought all danger of a hard winter have passed and the farmers not obliged to draw on their stored sup-

Platting New Townsite.

Oregon City-The Oregon Iron & sel company has a force of surveyors work platting its property beyond e Tualatin river, near Willamette. be company has about 3,000 acres it is believed that the conruction of a railroad connecting the rritory with Portland is a surety in to tracts of two and one-half, five and

Fruit Inspector Resigns.

Freewater—County Fruit Inspector loward Evans has resigned, the death I his father, James Evans, having in-reased the demands on his time to uch an extent that he found himself nable to attend to both private and ablic business. The new horticultural ociety signed a petition asking that T. Ragadale be appointed in his place.

Eigin—During the past week a great
Eigin—During the past week a great
many hog shipments have been made
from the Wallowa and Eigin country.
Several carloads have gone to Walla
Walla and about 10 loads went to
Walla and about 10 loads went to
Troutdale, while several carloads of catfroutdale, while several carloads of catla have gone to Portland in the past
la have gone to Portland in the past
la have gone to Portland in the past

CLEAN UP ORCHARDS.

Springbrook Fruitgrowers to Fight Tree Disease.

Springbrook - The fruitgrowers Springbrook, Yambill county, met last week for an open discussion of their local interests. C. E. Hoskins spoke at some length on the necessity of a more systematic and vigorous effort to clean up orchards, and also introduced the question of setting in touch with the Willamette Valley Development league. Others present spoke of the various phases of orchard work. Resolutions were adopted declaring

for a vigorous campaign against the San Jose scale and indorsing the siste inspection laws and upholding the county inspectors and courts in enforc-ing the laws where this is found neces-

Cannery for Dallas.

Dallas-The matter of cetablishing a cannery in Dallas to be conducted by home stockholders, is now well under way, over two-thirds of the necessary capital being already subscribed. The capital stock has been divided into 100 shares of the par value of \$25 each, not more than two shares being sold to any one person or firm. A site for the cannery has already been donated in the north part of the city, and the building will be started early in the spring. There is enough fruit in and spring. There is enough fruit in and around Dallas and vicinity to make the proposition a paying one, and the work will be gradually enlarged to keep pace with the number of new trees being set

Last of Machinery Enroute. North Powder—The last wagonload of the four carloads of mining machinery delivered here last week for the In-diaona, or Muir, group of mines, 22 miles from North Powder, at the head of Grand Ronde river, has started on the new road. The Indiana Mining company, which owns and spares no expense in the development of the Muir mines, has 40 men at work installing a new concentrator, the capa-city of which is 100 tons per day. There is also an electric hoist under construction for the purpose of sinking a shaft 1,000 feet below the present

Eight Miles of Shade Trees.

Eugene-An order has been placed with an Oregon nursery by the citizens of Fairmount for 1,000 trees to be planted along the streets of this suburb of Engene. The trees are to be planted about 50 feet apart on both sides of the street, and will stretch over a distance of eight miles.

Poultry Show at The Dalles.

The Dalles—As the result of a meet-ing of local poultry lanciers a poultry show will be held here some time during February. Committees on arrange-ments are at work and the show will be open to any and all poultry enthusiasts.

## PORTLAND MARKETS.

Butter-Fancy creamery, 30@35c per

Poultry—Average old hens, 12@12%c per pound; mixed chickens, 11%@12c; Line Stock Doing Well.

Albany—Reports from all parts of a county are that cattle and sheep are any years. On account of the mildes of the weather fields and pastners that are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields are the fields are the fields and pastners that excellent the fields are the fields

Pork-Block 75 to 150 pounds, 6@

Pork—Block 75 to 150 pounds, 645
7c; packers, 566c.
Fruits—Apples, \$1.2562 per box;
pears, \$1.2561.75 per box; cranberries, \$8611 per barrel.
Vegetables—Turnips, 75c per sack;
carrots, 65c per sack; beets, \$1 per
sack; beans, 20c per pound; cabbage, 1
(@15c per pound; cauliflower, \$1.756)
2 per decan; calery \$3603.50 per crate; 2 per dosen; celery, \$3@3.50 per crats; onlons, 15@20c per dozen; parsley, 20c per dozen; peas, 10c per pound; pep-pers, 8@17c per pound; pumkpins, 100 1 %c per pound; radiahes, 20c per doren; spinach, 6c per pound; sprouts, 8c per pound; squash. 1@1½c per pound. Onions—\$2.50 per hundred. Potatoes. 40@75c per hundred, de-livered Portland; sweet potatoes, \$3.25

@3 50 per hundred.

Wheat—Club, 84c; bluestem, 86c; valley, 84c; red, 82c. Oats—No. 1 white, \$28; gray, \$28

Barley—Feed, \$27 per ton; brewing, \$32; rolled, \$29@30. Corn — Whole, \$32.50; cracked,

Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, \$18 per ton: Eastern Oregon timothy, \$20 (@21; clover, \$14@15; cheat, \$15; grain hay, \$14@15; alfalfa, \$13.50; yetch, \$14.

SCENES IN EUROPE.

President of Washington State School Talls His Experiences.

Following is the address delivered by President E. A. Bryan, of the state college, to the wheatgrowers of Washington at their recent meeting in Pullman, in which he recited various observacompleted trip abroad:

The one thing that impressed me while in Europe was the fact that we Americans do not fully realize the greatness of our own land, and its op portunities, and the greatness and op portunities of our own people as com-pared with our brethen in Europe. The opportunity for the average man is so much greater that we can hardly con-ceive the difference. In Europe a man is torn in a class from where he cannot escape, and he accordingly fits himself for that classe. There is stratification after stratification, and it is practically impossible for an individual to pass from class to class; and think that the freedom of the American people is one of the greatest things which we have

"in Italy the poverty and distress were very interesting, although it ex-cited the greatest pity. It seemed as if there were no end of beggars. They if there were no end of beggars. They begged in almost every way imaginable. Whole families could be seen begging together by means of musical instruments. In one case I noticed a woman holding an umbrella upside down to catch the coppers, while the father played the guitar, and the children each played some sort of musical instrument, and all were begging. Several husky looking fellows dived into the sea to get coppers worth about a the sea to get coppers worth about a half cent, and begged the people to throw the coppers in. It seemed as if one-half of the population lived off the

other half.
"I was very much interested in the horses. The average horse in Paris for the heavy draft work is a very good animal indeed. There were great num-bers of magnificent stallions that would have sold in this market for from two thousand to three thousand dollars, and they were all of a very high type. One thing that impressed me both in London and Paris was that the average coach horse was a much larger fellow than we have been accustomed to see for that work. I think that we people here in America should look toward breeding a larger animal that we have in the past, and unless we watch our-selves, we will be inclined to breed down. In Naples there were many cab horses, and about ninety per cent of the cab horses driven were stallions. One thing that was very interesting to me was that they do not use the bit. They use an instrument that fits over the nose, and above the nostril is apiece which extends out about three inches, and when pulling a horse to stop, they

pull on the nose. "In going up the Tiber river north of Rome, almost every wagon that I met was being drawn by oxen, either by tandem, or with a yoke. The oxen were all very strong fellows, quite large, well built, and had huge horne rising above their heads. There did not seem to be the beef type of cattle, not was there any milk type. I suppose their cows, were, of course, used for milking purposes, but they were not apparently bred to either type, but

rather to the ox type.

"The poorer class of Italians do not know what it is to have meat in any know what it is to have meat in any quantity. The average man is too poor to be able to buy beef, as they would have to pay not less than twenty-two cents a pound for it. Kids are used for flesh there a great deal. The swine there were very large, and rather more that the transfills become how than like of the type of the bacon hog than like our Berkshires or Poland Chinas. They use goats' milk a great deal, and especially in Naples. In the morning you would see women and men driving goats around from place to place, as the customer has the privilege of having the operation of milking performed in his presence. The goat selected is milked, and in many cases you will see a goat being taken up in an elevator, or up a stairway, wherever the customer may be, and then milked in his pres-

ence.
"In Italy the tillage is of a very intensified kind. There, many of the Italians have their own vegetable garden, and raise their own vegetables Here we pay twelve or fifteen cents a head for cauliflower, and in Italy you can buy a dozen heads of cauliflower for six cents, and that will make it clear why the Italian is able to live on a vegetable diet so well. The people train their vineyards upon trees, and in many cases there is hardly any top to the trees, as they had been cut down to stumps for the vines to climb on. did not get a decent apple to eat until I was on board the ship, and had some Oregon apples served to me."

Eggs Baked in Tomatoes Select round, smooth tomatoes of uniform size. Out a thin siles from the top of each and with a teaspoon scoop out enough of the pulp to admit an egg. Season the cavities with sait and pepper and a tiny pinch of onion or parsley. Drop an egg into cach. Set the tomatoes into a well-buttered pan, to which a very little water has been added and bake about fifteen minutes Season with butter and serve each tomate on a slice of delicately brown

## DOINGS OF THE SIXTIETH CONGRESS

Monday, February 3.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Senator Piles, of Washington, made a decided hit in the senate today with his speech in support of his bill appropriating \$700,000 for government exhibits and buildings at the Seattle averaging.

ings at the Seattle exposition.

Senator Fulton secured the passage of his bill sending to the United State Circuit court for the Ninth circuit all claims of American scalers whose vessels were seized by government ves-

sels while in the open seas.

Senator Fulton introduced a resolution directing the secretary of war to survey the locks at Oregon City with a view to purchasing them in conjunction

with Oregon.

Tillman's resolution asking the pres ident to inform the senate what action had been taken in regard to violation of land grant laws in Oregon and Wash-ington by the Southern Pacific was

Washington, Feb. 3.-Three of the giants of the house of representatives had their innings today. Technically, the Indian appropriation bill was un-der discussion, but legislation was relegated to the background while nationa

gated to the background while national politics occupied the stage.

Before the political question cropped out the house, with next to the largest attendance of the seasion and with but one dissenting voice, passed a general widow' pension bill granting a flat pension of \$12 a month to the widows of all honorably discharged soldiers of the United States who have not heretofore. all honorably discharged soldiers of the United States who have not heretofore received the benefits of the pension law and an incresse of \$4 a month for those who have benefited under the act of June 27, 1890. The law expressly waives the limitation of property holdings. The bill involves the expenditure of more than \$12,000,000.

Friday, January 31.

Washington, Jan. 31.—After the reading of the president's message, the senate devoted today to further consideration of the bill revising the criminal laws of the United States. The first reading was concluded, including all paragraphs to which no objection has paragraphs to which no objection has developed. When the measure is next taken up, sections involving amend-ments to the law and others to which objections have been made will be con-

Senator Nelson introduced a local op-tion bill today applicable to Alaska.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The house today passed 288 pension bills and then took up the Indian appropriation bill.

Representative French today introduced a bill proposing to amend the constitution by granting the right of

franchise to women. The house is awaiting with interest a speech from Cushman, of Washington, who now wears the title of "Humorist of the House." His colleagues look to him for at least one "funny" speech each session.

A favorable report on the Townsend arbitration bill by the committee. The bill provides for the appointment by the president of a commission to investigate each dispute between capital or labor of such magnitude as to inter-fere with interstate traffic.

Thursday, January 30.

Washington, Jan. 30 .- The senate today held a short session during which Senator Aldrich reported his banking bill from the committee on finance, which he announced he would call up for consideration on Monday, February

Mr. Aldrich said that the committee had under const ments to the bill relating to railroad bonds, and probably would suggest them at a later day. He explained that the bill was the bill of the majority of the committee and that members of the minority might have a substitute to offer later. Senator Bourne introduced a bill pro-

viding for the sale at public auction or scaled bids of reserved land in the Siletz Indian reservation and appropriat-

ing \$300,000 for purchase.
Senator Gore introduced a bill pro hibiting the granting of restraining orders by Federal courts in cases between employer and employe unless it is ne cessary to prevent injury to the prop-erty of the applicant.

Washington, Jan. 30. - The ap proaching trial in this city of Hyde, government out of public lands in Pacific coast territory, provoked considerable discussion in the house today in the course of the consideration of the today took up with the house members of the Oregon delegation his bill appropriating \$250,000 for a revenue cutter for Oregon coast service, which the course of the consideration of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. It is to be made to pass the bill in the bill carries a provision requiring that the expenses of the trial shall be borne entirely by the United States, but it was stricken out on a point of order by Mann, of Illinois.

The senate last evening. Earnest effort is to be made to pass the bill in the house, and the delegation believes this will be accomplished.

Debt increases in January.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The monthly

Wednesday, January 29

notification relative to the operations of the Treasury department in connection with the financial disturbance. The with the financial disturbance. The secretary had had the introductory part of his reply printed, and copies of the pamphlet were on the desks of all sen-ators, which was declared by Demo-cratic senators to be without precedent. The Seattle exposition bill was given

a black eye when it was passed over under rule nine. This means that hereafter the bill can be considered only when a majority of the senate

The senate passed a bill to reorgan-ize the corps of dental surgeons attach-

ed to the army.
Senator Hopkins introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution prohibiting polygamy in the United States.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The need of an American merchant marine as an auxiliary to the navy formed the principal topic of discussion in the house today during the consideration of the today during the consideration of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. The debate was precipitated by Littlefield, of Maine, who questioned the legality of the provision appropriating \$1,000,000 to supply a deficiency of coal for the navy caused by transfer of the battleship fleet from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He criticised congress for its failure to make appropriations for a merchant marine. merchant marine.
The bill was still under consideration

when the house adjourned.

Tuesday, January 28. Washington, Jan. 28.—The senate today ordered that the privileges of the floor be extended to Benito Legarda, and Pablo Ocambo, resident commissioners appointed by the Philippine as-

Senator Heyburn's bill, granting leave of absence to settlers on govern-ment irrigation projects who have been

able to get water, was passed.

The bill appropriating \$25,000 to resurvey the Washington-Idaho line was

Washington, Jan. 28. — Representa-tive McGavin, of Illinois, in the house today attacked the custom of American girls marrying titled foreigners. He said he had no particular person in view, but went on to say that "women are sacrificing their souls and their honor on the sitar of snobbery and vice." He maintained that every day is a bargain day in New York, "where you can buy anything from a yard of ribbon to a pound of flesh."

Mr. McGarvin was speaking on the bill to tax dowries and titled husbands. His remarks were made under the license of general debate and at times they provoked laughter and applause. The urgent deficiency bill was the principal topic of debate today, although no great progress was made. This was

REPORT TO BE FAVORABLE

Fulton's Bill Regulating Railroads Receives Support.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Northwestern senators who united in supporting Senator Fulton's amendment to the interstate commerce act, prohibiting railroads from enforcing any increased in-terstate rate prior to the determination of its reasonableness by the Interstate Commerce commission, have been very busy during the past week, so much so that the Interstate Commerce commission has agreed to report favorably the

When Senator Fulton appeared before the committee he was told that the railroads were demanding a hearing and that the com-mittee would not act on the bill until a full hearing could be granted. This meant that the bill would be pushed aside and go unacted upon, at least this session. The Northwest men were de-termind to get action that they finally induced the committee to waive hear ings on condition that the bill be amended giving the Interstate Commerce commission the right to determine what increased rates should become operative without action on their part and what should be investigted before becoming effective. The compromise bill was framed by a subcommittee Saturday afternoon.

Rushes Revenue Cutter Bill.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows at the close of business January 31, 1908, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$392,638,637, which is an increase for the mouth of \$8,607,806. Washington, Jan. 29.—The senate was entertained today by a series of animated comments on the method adopted by Secretary of the Treasury Cortelyou in placing before the senate his reply to the resolution calling for

acine Coast Borax Co., Oakland, Cal.