We Hear of More Cures

Of troubles originating in impure blood, scrofula, loss of appetite, catarrh, rheumatism, by Hood's Sarsaparilla than by all other so-called remedies combined. Somehow those cured by Hood's seem to stay cured, and they gladly tell the good news to others.

Scrofula Sore—"My wife had a scrofulous sore on her leg for years. Many different medicines gave but little benefit. She turned to Hood's Sarsaparilla and the sore quickly healed. It is a good blood medicine." J. N. Daff, Crosby, Texas.

Afflicted 16 Years—"Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me of scrofula, with which I have been troubled 16 years, and caused by vaccination. My little daughter had a scrofula swelling on her neck and Hood's Sarsaparilla also cured her." Mrs. Nona Hughey, Hughey, Tennessee.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere in the usual liquid, or in tablet form called **Sarsatabs.** 100 Doses One Dollar. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

The great Lick telescope will pick out a star so small that it would require 30,000 of them put together to be visible to the naked eye.

Failed to Relieve.

On the mighty deep.

The great ocean liner rolled and pitched.

"Henry," faltered the young bride, "do you still love me?"

"More than ever, darling!" was Henry's fervent answer.

Then there was an eloquent silence.

"Henry," she gasped, turning her pale, ghastly face away, "I thought that would make me feel better, but it doesn't!"

Bear Nature's Disinfectant, Cleanser and Purifier

Everyone realizes the necessity of some method of purification of sinks, drains and utensils in which may lurk the germ of dreaded disease.

Health is a question of cleanliness and prevention.

Most people are familiar with the use of disinfectants in their ordinary sense—all of which are either unpleasantly associated with disagreeable odors on which are depended to kill the germ of contagion (which disinfectants must of necessity be of a more or less dangerous character), and must be used for this purpose and no other, and in consequence must be kept from children and careless handling.

There is, however, within the reach of all of our readers a simple, safe and economical article that will not only answer for every disinfecting purpose—but can also be used for a multitude of domestic cleansing and purifying purposes—Borax.

Borax is a pure, white harmless powder coming direct from Nature's laboratory; in fact Borax has often been called "Nature's Cleanser and Disinfectant."

Two tablespoonfuls of Borax in a pailful of hot water poured down the greased-choked pipes of a sink or flushed through a diseased-laden drain, cleanses and purifies it, leaving it clean and sweet.

Bed clothing and clothes used in a sick room can be made hygienically clean and snowy-white, if washed in a hot solution of Borax water.

Kitchen and eating utensils used during illness will be kept from all possibility of contagion if Borax is used when washing them. Pure as snow and harmless as salt, and because it can be used for almost every domestic and medical purpose, Borax must be considered the one great household necessity.

Regarding Jack.

"Jack always ends his letters to me by saying, 'I remain, yours forever,'" said the girl who had more money than beauty.

"Yes," rejoined her girl friend, who had more beauty than money, "and if you were poor he would probably remain a bachelor."

HOWARD E. BURTON—Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1; Gold, Silver, Zinc, Gold, $2; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. References: Carbonate National Bank.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

GRAIN CROPS SHORT, BUT WORTH FAR MORE

Government Final Estimate Shows Great Decline in Cereal Production.

PRICES MAKE FARMERS HAPPY.

They Will Get Half a Billion of Dollars More This Year than Last.

The government report shows a shortage of 785,987,000 bushels in total crops as compared with the crops of 1906, which were the largest ever raised in this country, and a shortage of 377,287,000 bushels as compared with the yields of 1905, which were also very large.

The chief shortage is in the corn crop, with 335,000,000 bushels, oats with 211,000,000 bushels and wheat with 101,000,000 bushels.

There is something of an offset to the big losses in the feeding grains in the increase of 6,431,000 tons of hay as compared to that of 1906, and of 3,045,388 tons as compared to the crop of 1905.

Prominent features of the final revision of its crop estimates for the year by the Department of Agriculture were the increases made in the reports of area seeded to spring wheat, corn and oats. In each of these particulars as well as in the estimated weight of spring wheat and oats the official reports ran more or less counter to the general impressions of speculators. In a few instances, such as the weight of oats, the figures given were at variance with all the experiences of the trade for the year to date.

Figures of the Report.

The report gave final estimates of acreage, production and value of farm crops, showing winter wheat acreage to be 28,132,000, production 400,442,000 bushels and value per bushel 88.2 cents.

Spring wheat acreage was 17,079,000, production 224,645,000 bushels and value 86 cents.

Corn acreage was 90,931,000, production 2,592,320,000 bushels and value 51.7 cents.

Oats acreage was 31,837,000, production 754,443,000 bushels and value 44.3 cents.

It was announced that the total value of the farm crops for 1907 was $3,404,000,000, an increase of $428,000,000 for 1906.

The farm value on Dec. 1 of the four crops already mentioned follows: Corn, $1,340,446,000; winter wheat, $361,217,000; spring wheat, $193,220,000; oats, $334,568,000.

The comparative prices for the grain crops for the past three years follow:

	1907.	1906.	1905.	1904.
Wheat	81.7	66.7	74.8	92.4
Corn	51.7	39.9	41.2	44.1
Oats	44.3	31.7	29.1	31.3
Rye	73.1	58.9	60.7	68.8
Barley	44.3	41.5	40.8	42.0
Buckwheat	62.8	59.0	58.7	62.2
Flax	95.6	101.8	95.0	99.3
Potatoes	61.7	51.1	61.7	45.3
Hay	$11.68	$10.37	$8.52	$8.72

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

A monument to Bunsen is to be erected at Heidelberg.

French mints coined $804,000 of Swiss coins during 1906.

The Persians have a different name for every day in the month.

It will require $31,641,323 to run the public schools of New York City for the year just beginning.

A blight of the tea plants caused by the bite of mosquitoes is causing much alarm among the planters in India.

President B. F. Winchell of the Rock Island at Guthrie, Okla., said his road would accept the 2-cent fare provision of the Oklahoma constitution.

Gov. Vardaman of Mississippi was prevailed upon to take a ride in Baldwin's airship at Jackson, Miss. Ten feet above the ground was the limit and the trip was very short.

William E. Shiebler, the telegraph operator who received the first message over the Atlantic cable sent to President Buchanan by Queen Victoria died in Brooklyn, N. Y. He also received the message from the front announcing the fall of Richmond at the close of the Civil War.

CROPS OF UNITED STATES FOR THREE YEARS.

	1907, bu.	1906, bu.	1905, bu.
Winter wheat	400,442,000	492,888,004	428,462,854
Spring wheat	224,645,000	242,372,996	204,516,655
Total wheat	634,087,000	735,260,970	692,979,489
Corn	2,592,320,000	2,927,416,091	2,707,993,540
Oats	754,443,000	964,904,522	953,216,177
Rye	31,566,000	33,374,833	27,616,945
Barley	153,317,000	178,916,484	136,651,926
Buckwheat	14,200,000	14,641,937	14,535,082
Flaxseed	25,851,000	25,576,146	28,477,753
Potatoes	297,942,000	308,038,382	260,741,284
Total	5,137,903,000	5,923,890,235	5,515,189,889
Hay, tons	63,577,000	57,145,939	60,531,612

UNCLE SAM A CAPITALIST.

As a Shipbuilder Outranks All Others in the United States.

The United States government maintains nine navy yards, representing a capitalization of more than $60,000,000 and employing nearly 15,000 men, including officers. The total wages paid in the navy yards of the government is approximately $10,000,000 annually, the cost of materials used being about $7,000,000 annually and the value of the products, depending upon the number of vessels built, runs well up into the millions every year. In 1905 the output of the government yards was over $17,000,000.

As a shipbuilder the government outranks all other ship owners in the United States. In 1904 the government launched 170,000 tons of battle ships of more than 1,000 tons burden each. While only 3.7 per cent of all vessels launched that year were the property of the nation, these vessels constituted 27.7 per cent of the total tonnage launched that year. These same vessels represented also more than half the value of all vessels over five tons launched, the contract value of the government ships being $39,513,000. Despite its own facilities for building and repairing warships, only one government yard has been used in recent years for turning out a modern up-to-date battle ship.

All told, the government owns fifteen dry docks where vessels of the navy undergo most of their repairs. All but two of these are located on the Atlantic coast. Another dock is being completed on Puget sound, giving three on the Pacific coast. In addition to the naval dry docks there are thirty-eight in the United States owned by private corporations or individuals. In time of war the navy should find no trouble in taking care of its smaller vessels, but the big battle ships would have long distances to travel on either coast, in event of injury, before finding adequate docking facilities.

The Universalist general convention at Philadelphia listened with approval to the plea for closer fellowship between their denomination and the Unitarian, made by Rev. Lewis G. Wilson, secretary of the American Unitarian Association.

Rev. H. Allen Tupper of the Fifteenth Street Baptist church in Brooklyn announced to his congregation last Sunday that henceforth, with the help of God, he would never preach the gospel for compensation in money. The church has prospered under his charge and he has a comfortable private income. His salary will be added to the new church fund.

Bishop William Paret of the diocese of Maryland has announced that a Protestant Episcopal cathedral is to be erected at Baltimore. He says that while there is still uncertainty as to the details, the cathedral itself is a certainty. He thinks it will take from 100 to 200 years to build, so that those who start the movement need not expect to see its consummation.

Under the direction of Rev. Hugh Birkhead and his associates of St. George's Episcopal church, New York, a club has been started on lines similar to that maintained by Emmanuel church, Boston, and Christ Presbyterian church of New York, namely, its membership made up entirely of persons having incipient tuberculosis. Each member promises to care for his health, to give up all work, stop worrying, live an outdoor life and obey all the rules of the club. All are supplied with a tent attachment to be fastened to the window sills so that they may sleep with their heads in the open air. Weekly meetings are held, when all tell of their progress.

The text of the recent syllabus promulgated recently by Pope Pius, which has now reached America and been published in the Catholic papers, defines as heresies sixty-five doctrines, mainly those held by liberal men within the church in Europe. The Literary Digest says that among the American Catholic journals acquiescence is general. Its reception in France and Germany is far less cordial, though there is no open revolt among the clergy. One important French weekly, the Lyons Demain, has suspended rather than take the responsibility of attacking the decree. Its editors say that the task of reconciling religion and science within the church has been made impossible by these prohibitions against all the rationalistic methods of the higher criticism.

ST. JACOBS OIL CONQUERS PAIN

FOR STIFFNESS, SORENESS, SPRAIN OR BRUISE, NOTHING IS BETTER THAT YOU CAN USE; LUMBAGO'S PAIN, RHEUMATIC TWINGE, YOUR BACK FEELS LIKE A RUSTY HINGE; SCIATIC ACHES ALL PLEASURES SPOIL, FOR HAPPINESS USE ST. JACOBS OIL.

25c.—ALL DRUGGISTS—50c.

The Scholar.

Dr. Evans, a witty member of the Parliament at Melbourne, was an old man, and the other members jokingly spoke of him as belonging to the era of Queen Anne.

Once, while making a speech, he referred to Queen Anne and was greeted with cries of "Did you know her?" "What was she like?"

"Yes, sir," replied the doctor, "I did know her. The scholar is contemporary with all time."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The lead in very cheap pencils is sometimes only coke.

The Pe-ru-na Almanac in 8,000,000 Homes.

The Peruna Lucky Day Almanac has become a fixture in over eight million homes. It can be obtained from all druggists free. Be sure to inquire early. The 1908 Almanac is already published, and the supply will soon be exhausted. Do not put it off. Speak for one today.

One of the Tests.

"So your daughter made a brilliant marriage?"

"Not very," answered Mr. Cumrox.

"Your son-in-law is of noble origin?"

"Yes. But I couldn't pronounce his name properly the first time I tried."—Washington Star.

A Wonderful Record.

Many so-called "specifics" and "cures" for rheumatism have already been brought before the public; but when rheumatism, neuralgia and kindred diseases have become chronic and threaten serious results, you may rest assured that they will help but very little, if any. Although not recommended as "infallible," the peculiar qualities of St. Jacobs Oil especially adapt it to those cases which may be termed "chronic," and which have previously withstood all known "specifics," as well as the prescriptions of the best physicians.

The population of Oklahoma is about 1,500,000, and the increase in Oklahoma City, the metropolis, which now has 32,472, has been 232.3 per cent in seven years.

Only by Sight.

Soulful Miss—You are familiar, I presume, with the Portuguese Hymn?

Col. Lumpkin (just returned from a trip abroad)—Er—no; I saw him, of course, when I was in Europe, but I never met 'im. You mean King Carlos, don't you?

Only One "BROMO QUININE."

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

In Rome, in the golden age, a laborer only cost $100, and sometimes, after a great victory and an influx of captives into the capital, it was possible to buy strong, capable slaves for $5 apiece. Skilled slaves, men with trades, brought higher prices. Cicero paid $1,000 for a scribe. Catiline had a cook that cost him $2,500. A gardener was worth $300, a blacksmith $750, an actor $5,000, a physician $10,000.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

New York City possesses a very small proportion of restaurants between the many first class ones that have no superiors in the world and the more numerous extremely poor ones that are hardly paralleled in the Great cities.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, Price, 75c, per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Just a Family Jar.

He (angrily)—So there was a man after you when you married me, was there?

She—Yes; there was.

"Poor fool! I wish to heavens you had married him."

"I did."—Boston Transcript.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Letting the Cat Out.

Amelia—Herbert, dear, your office is on Orange street, isn't it?

Herbert—Yes; why?

Amelia—That's what I told papa. He made such a funny mistake about you the other day. He said he'd been looking you up in Brad street.

BAD BLOOD

THE SOURCE OF ALL DISEASE

Every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength. When this life stream is flowing through the system in a state of purity and richness we are assured of perfect and uninterrupted health; because pure blood is nature's safe-guard against disease. When, however, the body is fed on weak, impure or polluted blood, the system is deprived of its strength, disease germs collect, and the trouble is manifested in various ways. Pustular eruptions, pimples, rashes and the different skin affections show that the blood is in a feverish and diseased condition as a result of too much acid or the presence of some irritating humor. Sores and Ulcers are the result of morbid, unhealthy matter in the blood, and Rheumatism. Catarrh, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., are all deep-seated blood disorders that will continue to grow worse as long as the poison remains. These impurities and poisons find their way into the blood in various ways. Often a sluggish, inactive condition of the system, and torpid state of the avenues of bodily waste, leaves the refuse and waste matters to sour and form uric and other acids, which are taken up by the blood and distributed throughout the circulation. Coming in contact with contagious diseases is another cause for the poisoning of the blood; we also breathe the germs and microbes of Malaria into our lungs, and when these get into the blood in sufficient quantity it becomes a carrier of disease instead of health. Some are so unfortunate as to inherit bad blood, perhaps the dregs of some old constitutional disease of ancestors is handed down to them and they are constantly annoyed and troubled with it. Bad blood is the source of all disease, and until this vital fluid is cleansed and purified the body is sure to suffer in some way. For blood troubles of any character S. S. S. is the best remedy ever discovered. It goes down into the circulation and removes any and all poisons, supplies the healthful properties it needs, and completely and permanently cures blood diseases of every kind. The action of S. S. S. is so thorough that hereditary taints are removed and weak, diseased blood made strong and healthy so that disease cannot remain. It cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison, etc., and does not leave the slightest trace of the trouble for future outbreaks. The whole volume of blood is renewed and cleansed after a course of S. S. S. It is also nature's greatest tonic, made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, and is absolutely harmless to any part of the system. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores. Book on the blood and any medical advice free to all who write,

S.S.S.

PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Coast Borax Co., Oakland, Cal.