

# CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

## NO LIMIT TO ITS POWERS FOR EVIL

Contagious Blood Poison has brought more suffering, misery and humiliation to the world than all other diseases combined; there is hardly any limit to its powers for evil. It is the blackest and vilest of all disorders, wrecking the lives of those unfortunate enough to contract it and often being transmitted to innocent offspring, a blighting legacy of suffering and shame. So highly contagious is the trouble that innocent persons may contract it by using the same table ware, toilet articles or clothing of one in whose blood the treacherous virus has taken root. Not only is it a powerful poison but a very deceptive one. Only those who have learned by bitter experience know by the little sore or ulcer, which usually makes its appearance first, of the suffering which is to follow. It comes in the form of ulcerated mouth and throat, unsightly copper colored spots, swollen glands in the groin, falling hair, offensive sores and ulcers on the body, and in severe cases the finger nails drop off, the bones become diseased, the nervous system is shattered and the sufferer becomes an object of pity to his fellow man. Especially is the treacherous nature of Contagious Blood Poison, shown when the infected person endeavors to combat the poison with mercury and potash. These minerals will drive away all outward symptoms of the troubles for a while, and the victim is deceived into the belief that he is cured. When, however, the treatment is left off he finds that the poison has only been driven deeper into the blood and the disease reappears, and usually in worse form because these strong minerals have not only failed to remove the virus from the blood but have weakened the entire system because of their destructive action. S. S. S. is the only real and certain cure for Contagious Blood Poison. It is made of a combination of healing blood-purifying roots, herbs and barks, the best in Nature's great laboratory of forest and field. We offer a reward of \$1,000 for proof that any S. S. S. contains a particle of mineral in any form. S. S. S. goes down to the very bottom of the trouble and by cleansing the blood of every particle of virus and adding rich, healthful qualities to this vital fluid, forever cures this powerful disorder. So thoroughly does S. S. S. cleanse the circulation that no signs of the disease are ever seen again, and offspring is protected.

# S. S. S.

## PURELY VEGETABLE

Write for our special book on Contagious Blood Poison, which fully explains the different stages of the trouble, and outlines a complete home treatment for all sufferers of this trouble. No charge is made for this book, and if you wish special medical advice about case or any of its symptoms, our physicians will be glad to furnish that, too, without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The late Henry Harland is said to have received \$70,000 from one of his novels, but his manner of working killed him.

Nothing Funny About It. Mrs. Malaprop—Did you hear about that poor man's accident while shaving? It was an awful cat's throp.

The Irish linen industry is booming as it has not flourished in years, largely on the expanding exports to the United States.

The shark holds the record for long distance swimming. One of these creatures has been known to cover 300 miles in three days.

Coal Dust Problem. The most difficult part of the coal dust problem is to discover what elements must necessarily be present in a coal to make the dust dangerous. Some experiments have been carried on with this end in view, but the results obtained have not been particularly enlightening.

Wanted to Use the Tub. A young man whose home is in Windsor, Colo., went into the Shirley hotel the other day and registered. After being assigned a room he turned to the clerk and said:

"Say, I want to take a bath. Is the hotel's tub busy?"—Denver Post.

Always There. "Through, have you named the baby yet?"

"Yes, I've named her Nancy Jane, but her mother prefers Veronica Angelina, and that's probably what the poor little thing will be christened."

Hard Study. The father—Remember, my son, that now you are through college your hard study begins.

The Son—Yes, father; I suppose I'll have to begin studying the time tables now.—Yonkers Statesman.

Expert Demoralized. Penelope—Mr. Lightweight Smith is falling off in his golf.

Percy—Yes; when he is at home he has to play croquet with his aunt.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Powerful Inheritance. Many years ago there was considerable illness in Harrisburg, which was attributed to the waters of the Susquehanna river, then the source of the city supply. One of the members of the legislature for that year, upon his return to his constituents, was interviewed concerning the plague.

He soon settled the question. "Upon my soul, gentlemen," he declared, "the report of the foulness of the water was a slander on the city of Harrisburg. I absolutely know the water to be perfectly healthful, for during the session I drank the water on two different occasions, and I never experienced any ill effect whatever."—Pittsburg Press.

Perambulating barbers shaving customers in the street are no unusual sight in the side streets of Manila.

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE BERTHOFF COMPANY, 27 BROADWAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## FUTURE OF THE COUNTRY.

Dr. Angell of the University of Michigan is Full of Confidence.

"To the pessimists of the east who fear for the future of our country I say: 'Cross the Hudson River, come out to the middle west and we will convert you into optimists.'"

One of the grand old men of the nation extends this invitation through the World to the carping, the cynical and the doubtful of New York and New England—the molder of a hundred thousand students, James B. Angell, President of the University of Michigan, says the New York World. For thirty-six years he has been the active head of this institution, with more undergraduates than Yale, and of nearly every nationality. Now, at the age of 78, his mind, stored with the observations and experience of a long life, has acquired a clear perception of the future.

"I am an optimist," he continued to the World correspondent who had sought an expression of his views and found the venerable president plunged in work closing up the affairs of another successful university year. "As Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme Court recently said, I look forward with every hope and confidence to the continued greatness and improvement of this country."

"I know that among many persons in the east there is a spirit of pessimism, a brooding and gloominess over the outlook. Let all such come out here and we will cure them. We will show them a broadening spirit of responsibility, a higher plane of ideals and a serious endeavor to make things better."

"I know the temperament of New England. I was born in Rhode Island and educated there. I know the inclination of the men of Boston to look with misgivings on what is coming and to doubt our democracy, our financial virtue and our political morals."

"To a certain extent you cannot blame Boston. She has had more than her share of bad government. And you in New York have had some experience. Philadelphia, too, has been through hard trials of public corruption."

"But out here in the middle west, though we have our bad spots and occasional conditions not to be commended, there is a general pulling together toward higher and better things in public and private life. We have no fears, no gloom, no forebodings about the future. We look forward with confidence, for our young men are setting out inspired with loftier ideals and firmer principles than ever before."

"It is because I have known the young men of the past generation and because I know the young men of today in the west that I am an optimist. In our universities and schools there are many thousands of students, the leaders of tomorrow. Each one of them must view life from a loftier plane than that on which he stood in his earlier days. He cannot have communed with the great masters of literature or science or law for years under the leadership of enthusiastic teachers without having caught some sparks of inspiration, without being lifted to a point where broader horizons of life stretch away before him and a more stringent sense of duty is compelling his conscience and stirring his heart. Life no longer spreads out before him as a scene for idleness or trifling, but as the theater for strenuous activity and beneficent service to mankind."

## THE UPPER TEN.

Society's Delicate Discrimination in Appraising Wealthy Bounders. For the instruction of those wishing to assume the responsibilities of godparents to the "nouveau enrichis," London Truth kindly devotes a chapter of its complete catechism to the social sponsor's catechism:

Question—What is your name? Answer—Adela, Countess of Stonbrooke.

Q.—Who gave you this name? A.—My late husband, at the altar of St. George's, Hanover Square, together with his hand, his heart and his inextricable financial embarrassments.

Q.—What is your profession? A.—I am a social sponsor.

Q.—What is a social sponsor? A.—A smart woman with a handle to her name and a debit balance at her bankers, who undertakes to get wealthy bounders into society by standing godmother to them—on commission.

Q.—What duties are expected of you in your capacity of godmother to such persons? A.—To give extravagant entertainments at their houses to all my own friends; to make up select little dinner parties for their benefit at the Bitz or the Carlton; each of my godchildren, and in shaping its behavior toward him, or her, accordingly.

Q.—Illustrate your answer by examples. A.—I will. If the godchild is a sponsoring is worth half a million, society nods to him; if he is worth a million, it shakes hands with him; but if he is worth two or more millions, it throws both its arms round his neck.

Q.—Does society concern itself at all with your godchildren's personality? A.—No. It confines its attention strictly to their wealth.

Q.—When your godchildren grew up to social independence, do you then leave them henceforward to make their own way alone? A.—I do not leave them. I never leave money spontaneously. It is invariably they who leave—or, in technical parlance, "drop"—me.

Q.—Do you regard this as a grievance? A.—No. I rather regard it as the inevitable outcome of their improved social education.

Q.—How so? A.—Because one of the first lessons you learn in society's educational curriculum is to drop those who can be of no further use to you.

Q.—What practical moral do you deduce from this circumstance? A.—The paramount duty of making as much money as I can out of my social godchildren while I still have the run of their check books.

Q.—Do you always discharge this paramount duty? A.—Always—most conscientiously.

You can easily tell which way the man is traveling who tries to get along without work.

## IRRIGATIONIST MEET

Fifteenth Annual Session Convenes in Sacramento.

## LARGE NUMBER OF DELEGATES

Indications Point to Much Good Being Accomplished at the Big California Gathering.

Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 3.—That the Fifteenth National Irrigation congress will be the most successful in the history of the great work that attracts the attention of the entire world was the unanimous verdict of thousands of delegates and visitors who gathered yesterday to attend the opening sessions.

The large number of delegates and the enthusiasm displayed indicate that much is to be accomplished during the congress. The gathering is not only national, but international in character, as there were seated on the platform of the gaily decorated convention hall representatives of foreign countries, including Germany, China and Mexico.

President Roosevelt had his personal representative, Gifford Pinchot, chief government forester; Vice President Fairbanks was a guest of honor; there were four governors of states, senators, congressmen and other distinguished visitors. From the time Executive Officer Beard called the great gathering to order and introduced Governor Chamberlain, of Oregon, president of the National Irrigation congress, words of welcome and praise for the great work of saving the forests, storing the floods, reclaiming the deserts and making homes on the land, marked the proceedings. The addresses of the speakers were received with hearty approval.

Governor Gillette's address of welcome was a glowing tribute to the resources of California, and he turned over the entire state to the visitors.

Mr. Chamberlain, in commenting on the first session, remarked that the present congress shows more interest in the work in hand than any other congress he ever attended, and added that during the week questions of intense importance will be discussed.

The Irrigation Palace has a seating accommodations for about 3,500 people, and in addition to delegates a large number of spectators are provided for. The interior of the building presents a festive appearance with streamers of varied hues. Over the speakers' platform are the words: "Science bids the desert drink."

On the walls in a conspicuous manner the Washington delegation called attention to the desire of Walla Walla to have the next congress held there.

The congress opened with the "Irrigation Ode," which was rendered by the 200 members of the Ogden Tabernacle choir, an organization comprising 120 men and 80 women.

## NEXT DOSE IS FOR CHINT.

Japan Indignant at Hostile Actions of Flowery Empire.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—The unconciliatory attitude of the Chinese government toward Japan is gradually increasing, and it is now verging on the anti-Japanese. There is indignation here at the sudden change of front by China. The situation at Peking is attracting the attention of public thinkers. It is felt that for the sake of tranquility in the Far East the present conditions should not be maintained.

In some quarters it is thought that it is absolutely necessary to impress China with the unreasonableness of her present attitude, and send for that purpose a foremost statesman to represent Japan at Peking.

## Attempt to Wreck Bridge.

Darby, Penn., Sept. 3.—A bold attempt was made by some unknown person this morning to blow up with dynamite a bridge of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, crossing Quarry street above Darby. The terrific explosion was heard all over Darby, and the greatest excitement prevailed. The woodwork was blown in all directions and considerable damage was done. The authorities of the railroad are busily engaged running out several clues, which they hope will lead them to apprehend the dynamiters.

## Strikers Rule City.

Antwerp, Sept. 3.—Labor disturbances continued throughout last evening. The strikers lay in wait at the railroad station and made attempts to interfere with the English and German strikebreakers as they arrived. There were reports of several sharp tussles between strikebreakers and workmen who were returning to their lodging places under police escort. No one was hit. The strikers captured an omnibus used to convey strikebreakers to and from the wharves and threw it overboard from a dock.

## Riot in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 3.—Rioting and bloodshed made an unfortunate termination yesterday to one phase of the Labor day celebration in this city. One man is dead, another is seriously hurt and scores are suffering from minor injuries as a result of a spontaneous maddened outbreak by a mob of union labor adherents against a few men who were assisting in the operation of the streetcar service of the United Railroads.

## Revolution Near in Argentina.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 3.—News of serious unrest in the province of Corrientes has reached here. Armed bands have appeared on the frontier and revolution is said to be imminent.

## GLASS IS CONVICTED.

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Bribing San Francisco Supervisor.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—After deliberating about 15 minutes, the jury in the case of Louis Glass, vice president of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph company, last night returned a verdict finding him guilty of bribing supervisors. Only one formal ballot was taken, the jurors being unanimous on an informal ballot.

Assistant District Attorney Heney made the closing argument and spoke for an hour and a half, during which time he took occasion to severely condemn the modern methods of some corporations in doing business and charged that they were undermining the government. The session was held in one of the smaller halls and only a limited number of spectators could be accommodated. A thousand people waited outside the building and listened to the words of Mr. Heney, who could be heard through the open windows.

Judge Lawlor concluded his charge at 9:35 o'clock and the courtroom was then cleared. Ten minutes after the order was given the jury was deliberating and within 15 minutes Foreman Flood announced the verdict of guilty. Mr. Delmas was not present, but Mr. McPike, his associate, moved for a stay of judgment.

Next Wednesday morning was fixed as the time for passing sentence. Assistant District Attorney John O'Gara spoke for half an hour and concluded the opening argument for the people in the Glass bribery trial in the morning. He was followed by T. C. Coogan for the defense, who spoke for two hours.

The burden of Mr. Coogan's argument was, as in the former trial, the utter lack of direct evidence connecting Glass with the commission of the crime charged, namely, the bribing of Supervisor Lonergan.

## SMASHED IN RUINS.

Fifteen Passengers Killed in Trolley Car Wreck in Illinois.

Mattoon, Ill., Sept. 2.—Fifteen persons were killed and about 50 injured in a head-on collision between an interurban express train consisting of a motor car and a traction car on the Mattoon & Charleston electric line this morning. The crash occurred on a sharp curve one mile west of Charleston.

Confusion of orders received over the telephone is said to have been the cause of the accident. The cars approached each other at a high rate of speed and the impact was so terrific that the motor car was telescoped by the traction car. There was no warning and few passengers had time to escape by jumping.

The passengers, nearly all of whom were on the way to the fair at Charleston, were crushed or maimed where they sat in the cars. Some who escaped and who were able to speak say the scene at the wreck was gruesome. The dead and dying were jammed together in a mass, some shrieking with pain and children crying for their mothers, who were thought to be among the dead.

## FRENCH IN CORNER.

Moors Suddenly Surround Troops by Faint of Retreat.

Casa Blanca, Sept. 2.—During the fighting between the French forces and the Moors yesterday near the French camp, the Moors at first retreated and it was believed that the engagement was over, when suddenly the enemy reappeared in great force in two directions. The Spanish and irregular Algerian cavalry found themselves almost surrounded but formed a square and slowly fell back until reinforced. In the meantime the French ships shored shells among the hills, scattering the enemy. The engagement lasted three hours.

The line of battle extended over two miles, and it is estimated that about 12,000 Moors were engaged. The loss of the latter is not known, but it is believed to have been heavy, as the French officers counted the bodies of 20 Moors in one roadway. The French loss was 15 killed or wounded.

The cruisers Gloire and Guardon today bombarded the beach beyond Casa Blanca, where the force of Moorish cavalry gathered, but soon dispersed it.

## Governor Offered Bribe.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Indianapolis says: Winfield T. Durbin, governor of Indiana from 1901 to 1905, made the sensational statement last night that soon after his inauguration as governor attempts were made to bribe him to turn over William A. Taylor, Kentucky's refugee governor, to the authorities of the state for trial on the charge of conspiracy to assassinate Governor Goebel. The offer to ex-Governor Durbin, according to his own statement, was \$93,000 in cash.

## Blue Laws in Dawson.

Seattle, Sept. 2.—For the first time in history, the lid will go on at Dawson, Yukon territory, from today. The Yukon parliament has ordered it, and even the dancehalls will be closed. Gambling has existed by tolerance, but no one had the temerity to criticize the dancehalls and they have existed since the beginning of the frenzied Klondike camp. Even now that the camp has settled down into a staid gold mining community, with corporations in control of the big placer districts, the dancehalls have been maintained.

## Richard Mansfield Dead.

New London, Conn., Aug. 31.—Richard Mansfield, the actor, died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at his summer residence, Seven Oaks. He had been a nervous wreck since last winter, when he broke down while playing "Peer Gynt" at Scranton, Pa. He went to Europe shortly afterwards, but had not recovered when he returned a few months ago. He sought health at German baths, English watering places, Canadian and Adirondack resorts.

## Witness Fees Paid John D.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The witness fees and mileage claimed by John D. Rockefeller for his appearance before Judge Landis some weeks since, have been paid. A check for \$83 was mailed to his home in Cleveland.

identified. Senator Tillman tells a story on himself as to how he was identified by a post office money-order clerk when he first arrived at the Capital City.

After being in the city a few days he dropped in at the post office to cash a money-order.

"Do you know any one here who could identify you?" asked the clerk.

"Well, no," the senator answered. "Is that necessary? I am Ben Tillman, of South Carolina."

The clerk smiled, then asked the senator if he didn't have some letters or papers that would make him known to the post office authorities.

The senator had put on a new suit that morning, and had neglected to transfer his letters, but he had his pocket book with him. Digging down in his trousers pocket, he drew forth his wallet and proceeded to search for an article of identification, but could find nothing but a small photograph of himself.

"This will do, I suppose," he said, handing it to the money order clerk.

"Why, sure! That's you all right," remarked the man behind the counter, handing over the cash.—Lippincott's.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

## The Valger One.

Cornhill Magazine tells of an English woman of high station who was wedded to a friend the loss by death of a somewhat ill bred but extremely wealthy neighbor who had been very liberal in his help to her country charities. "Mr. X is dead," said she. "He was so good and kind and helpful to me in all sorts of ways. He was so vulgar, poor, dear fellow, we could not know him in London, but we shall meet in heaven."

## Maxims of a Grace Widow.

You don't know what love is until you've had a spat and kissed the tears away.

There's no success in the world like the success of the successful debaters.

Some girls know that few men are proof against the light that shines from well-kept teeth.

## Atmospheric Temperature.

The temperature of the atmosphere cools on an average about 1 degree for every 300 feet that we ascend or warm at the same rate as we descend. The mean temperature at the north pole is 0 and at the equator between 80 and 90 degrees. We can, therefore, get into a temperature 1 degree colder for every seventy or eighty miles that we travel north and in a temperature 1 degree warmer for every seventy or eighty miles that we travel south.

## Clever Scheme.

"My new play is sure to make a hit," said the popular actress. "It gives me an opportunity to display twenty new gowns."

"My!" exclaimed her friend. "How many acts?"

"Only four, but in one of them the scene is at the dressmaker's."—The Catholic Standard and Times.

## Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Paste. A powder. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, itching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Trial packages mailed FREE. Address Allen & Unwin, Ltd., London, N. Y.

## Naturally.

The youngest member of the family had taken enthusiastically to pyrography. She had just executed a design representing a little girl playing with the cat in front of an old-fashioned fireplace.

"It is well done, Bertha," said her mother, inspecting it; "but you have managed somehow to make the little girl look scared."

"That's all right, mamma," answered Bertha. "A burnt child dreads the fire."

## They Let It Go at That.

They were holding down the parlor sofa together.

"Women," he remarked to the dear girl by his side, "are not good listeners."

The dear girl said nothing.

And the dear girl's mother, who was doing an eavesdropping stunt at the keyhole, was not in a position to contradict him.

## Mica Axle Grease

Best lubricant for axles in the world—long wearing and very adhesive. Makes a heavy load draw like a light one. Saves half the wear on wagon and team, and increases the carrying capacity of your outfit.

Ask your dealer for Mica Axle Grease.

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# Ayer's

URGE FIGHT ON TUBERCULOSIS

New York Health Commissioner Says People Are to Blame for It. That the people of the United States are guilty of the death of 400 persons a day from tuberculosis was the declaration of Dr. Thomas Darrington, health commissioner of New York, in a recent speech before the Twentieth Century Club of Boston. He declared the disease was preventable and could be entirely eradicated. Dr. Darrington advocated in combating this disease:

"1. Education of the state and the education of the individual. The state must be appealed to on the ground of political economy. It has been estimated, he said, that in the United States the annual loss in money from deaths from tuberculosis is \$300,000,000.

"2. Instruction as to the true nature of the disease, its prevention and cure. Wide and general distribution of circulars, public lectures and personal instruction must be provided. The individual must be reached, and this is only under a system of compulsory notification.

"3. Co-operation of the department of education to distribute to each child in the public schools of the city a small simply worded card, giving easily comprehended rules for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis."

HOWARD E. BURTON—Manager of the Chicago Tribune, said in a speech before the Chicago Chamber of Commerce, Sept. 2, that the Chicago Tribune had received 100,000 copies of the Chicago Tribune's special issue on tuberculosis.

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