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THE IDEAL LAXATIVE MADE FROM CORRECTIVES AND ADJUVANTS

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MAN-A-LIN Is An Excellent Remedy for Constipation

There are many ailments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimply skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache.

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

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THE MAN-A-LIN CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO, U. S. A.

NORTHWEST HONORED.

Professor Elliott, of W. S. C., contributes to Cyclopaedia.

It is well known that Prof. L. H. Bailey, of Cornell university, has been working for three years past on an extensive publication to be known as the American Cyclopaedia of Agriculture. This is to be published in several volumes and it is expected that it will be accepted by the reading public as the standard reference work on rural affairs. It has been many years since such a work has been attempted and nothing of such an extensive nature has ever been undertaken before in America. Professor Bailey has called to his aid the best known writers on agriculture throughout the entire country, who have written up the various subjects on which they were recognized as authorities. The entire work may be referred to as the combined efforts of the agricultural specialists of America and when published will no doubt find a place in the library of most progressive farmers.

It is significant that when it came to the very important subject of wheat that Professor Bailey recognized the great Northwest and its place as one of the leading wheat producing regions by calling on Professor E. E. Elliott, head of the Agricultural department at the State college of Washington, to prepare this most important article. This has been done by Prof. Elliott and the matter is now in the hands of the publishers. The article in question consists of

DID NOT DO BRIBERY

Heard It First From Grand Jury, Says President Scott.

NO AUTHORITY GIVEN TO GLASS

Honey Purposes Purpose to Fasten Responsibility for Buying San Francisco Supervisors.

San Francisco, Aug. 27.—President Henry T. Scott, of the Pacific Telephone & Telegraph company, was recalled to the stand when the Glass bribery case was resumed yesterday. Under questioning by Assistant District Attorney Honey, Mr. Scott testified that prior to the earthquake and fire of 1906 F. A. Pickernell, assistant to the president of the American Bell Telephone company, took no active hand in the conduct of the Pacific States corporation, but immediately thereafter he set about the formation of plans for rebuilding the wrecked plant. The purpose of this testimony was, on the part of the prosecution, to ambush any prospective defense to rebut the bribery blame onto the shoulders of Mr. Pickernell.

Mr. Scott, answering a series of questions designed to clinch in the jury's mind the asserted fact that General manager Glass was in complete control of the company during the alleged bribery period, said that he (Scott) between the date of his election to the presidency and his return from the east, in the latter half of March, 1906, gave no company checks, authorized one, gave no authority to Glass or anyone else to expend any money, and gave no company instructions to any one. Mr. Scott said T. V. Halsey had no authority to expend any money, but that he is drawing a salary of \$175 per month.

Mr. Scott declared that he gained on the grand jury the first knowledge of the issuance of \$50,000 worth of checks.

CHANGE LOOKED FOR.

Telegraph Operators Expect Peace Overtures Soon.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—A crisis will be reached in the telegraphers' strike within the next few days, according to the expectations of Chicago operators. Announcement to this effect was made today by Frank Likes, chairman of the local strike committee, at a meeting. Mr. Likes declined to disclose fully his reasons for making this statement, but from other sources it was learned that the operators are expecting that some sort of an offer will be received from the companies within a short time.

In view of the determined stand taken by both corporations against dealing with the strikers collectively, this report was viewed with skepticism in many quarters.

It is said that many of the strikers would be willing to return to work upon the promise that they be given free use of typewriters and a moderate wage increase. Recognition of the union, it is declared, would not be insisted upon.

The statement of Mr. Likes concerning a possible crisis was made during a dispute concerning the advisability of holding a strikers' meeting tomorrow.

LIKE THE OLIVE TASTE.

Habit of Smoking Mexican Cigars Grows on the Smoker.

"It has always been a matter of surprise to me," said a traveler quoted in the Washington Star, "that Mexican cigars and tobacco have not attracted the American taste, inasmuch as we are a nation of smokers."

"I make periodical trips to our sister republic, and although you might think it was the back-eyed senoritas which first attracted me in the land of perpetual sunshine, it wasn't; it was the big black cigars that can be bought so cheaply, from the American point of view. There are but few places in this country in the cities where you can get a real Mexican cigar, though if you ask for such some men will hand out the Porto Rico article of rolled tobacco leaf without cracking a smile."

"Mexican tobacco has a flavor peculiar to itself and unlike that of the real Havana; it is more bitter, and perhaps some men would call it rank compared with the Cuban product. I have always likened the taste for the Mexican cigar unto that for the olive—it is acquired, and once acquired it seems to stick. The best Mexican cigars come from the province of Vera Cruz, just as the best flavored Cuban tobacco comes from a comparatively circumscribed area near the city of Havana in Cuba. The higher grade Vera Cruz cigars, to my mind, have a very fine flavor, and they are comparatively cheap, a good smoke selling for 5 cents each, while the price of cigars in Mexico ranges from 2 cents upward."

"Although Mexican tobacco is very dark, I have not found it as strong or as hard upon the nerves as the dark mature cigars of Cuban make; it seems to be drier, and, although black, is not so strong. This is perhaps due to soil influences. It was thought when Porto Rico was made an American possession that the tobacco and cigars from that island would make heavy inroads upon the domestic and Cuban products. Although the Porto Rico product is now well sold throughout this country, it has its own particular clientele among smokers, for that tobacco, like the Mexican, is very dark and of a flavor peculiar to itself. It is much more bitter than the Cuban leaf, which, like its color, is no doubt also due to the soil in which it is grown, and it does not have that peculiar sulfuric aroma which accompanies the Cuban article."

"A very fine combination and very hard to obtain may be made of Mexican filler with a Havana wrapper. This combination gives an individual flavor, which, when once enjoyed and striking the fancy of the confirmed smoker, has first call over all other tobacco combinations. It may be that the experiments with Cuban tobacco seed in some of the Southern States in soil which the agricultural department has declared bears an affinity to the original Cuban soil will produce in a generation or so tobacco as well flavored as the real Cuban product, but I think the question of the original soil and climatic influences cannot be so easily solved. In the meantime we will smoke and wait."

SKIN DISEASES

HUMORS IN THE BLOOD

When the blood is pure, fresh and healthy, the skin will be soft, smooth and free from blemishes, but when some acid humor takes root in the circulation its presence is manifested by a skin eruption or disease. These humors get into the blood, generally because of an inactive or sluggish condition of the members of the body whose duty it is to collect and carry off the waste and refuse matter of the system. This unhealthy matter is left to sour and ferment and soon the circulation becomes charged with the acid poison. The blood begins to throw off the humors and acids through the pores and glands of the skin, producing Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and skin eruptions of various kinds. Eczema appears, usually with a slight redness of the skin followed by pustules from which there flows a sticky fluid that dries and forms a crust, and the itching is intense. It is generally on the back, breast, face, arms and legs, though other parts of the body may be affected. In Tetter the skin dries, cracks and bleeds; the acid in the blood dries up the natural oils of the skin, which are intended to keep it soft and pliant, causing a dry, feverish condition and giving it a hard, leathery appearance. Acne makes its appearance on the face in the form of pimples and black heads, while Psoriasis comes in scaly patches on different parts of the body. One of the worst forms of skin trouble is Salt Rheum; its favorite point of attack is the scalp, sometimes causing baldness. Poison Oak and Ivy are also disagreeable types of skin disease. The humor producing the trouble lies dormant in the blood through the winter to break out and torment the sufferer with the return of Spring. The best treatment for all skin diseases is S. S. S. It neutralizes the acids and removes the humors so that the skin instead of being irritated and diseased, is nourished by a supply of fresh, healthy blood. External applications of salves, washes, lotions, etc., while they soothe the itching caused by skin affections, can never cure the trouble because they do not reach the blood. S. S. S. goes down into the circulation and forces out every particle of foreign matter and restores the blood to its normal, pure condition, thereby permanently curing every form of skin affection. Book on Skin Diseases and all medical advice desired sent free to all who write. S. S. S. is for sale at any first class drug store.

S. S. S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Odd Coincidence.

Not many years since a pastor in New York State read in his pulpit this portion of a hymn:

Well, the delightful day will come
When my dear Lord shall take me home,
And I shall see his face—

Just then he was stricken with paralysis and died in a few moments. Thirty-three years before in the same pulpit another pastor was reading the very same stanza when he, too, was stricken and died.—*Scripps Book.*

Parlor Magic.

Mr. Kyboosh, who was in search of a late copy of a monthly magazine, absent-mindedly stepped into the parlor.

He was just in time to see the young man hastily remove his arm from the back of the chair in which Miss Kitty was sitting.

"Pleased! O! Change!" he muttered, instantly stepping back into the sitting room.

For Mr. Kyboosh remembered that he was a young man himself many years ago.

Wisdom and Valor.

"It takes a wise man to know when to change his mind," said one statesman.

"Yes," answered the other, "and a brave one to own up to it when it is accomplished."—*Washington Star.*

The Hits and the Misses.

"What are the requisites of a successful musical comedy?"

"Oh, about a dozen song hits."

"Yes?"

"And twice that many attractive misses."—*Washington Herald.*

The Premature Press.

First Reporter—I see by the last edition that our old schoolmate, Jones, has committed suicide.

Second Reporter—Hurry down and you may be in time to prevent his doing it.—*Smart set.*

Don't Grow Stale!

Many a man bewails his lack of success in life after he has permitted himself to get into a rut. While dreaming of success he has been as blind as a bat and slower than two snails. He blocked his own way.—*Manchester Union.*

Respects Work.

"I am afraid you don't like work."

"Yes I do," answered Flooding Pete.

"I have so much respect for work that when I see a piece of it to be 'tended to I allow feel like turnin' it over to somebody else that wouldn't be as likely to spoil it as I would."—*Washington Star.*

An Expert Opinion.

"What we want to do," said the moralist, "is to strive for the uplifting of our fellowman."

"That is easy," said the flying machine inventor. "The difficulty is to keep him from dropping back to earth with a rude jar."—*Washington Star.*

NO HOPE FOR CANTEEN

General Grant Says Congress Sees Mistake, But Fears Cranks.

Philadelphia, Aug. 27.—"The anti-temple law ought to be repealed, but ere is little prospect that congress will do anything with it for a good while," said General Frederick D. Grant, in an interview at Willow Grove park.

"Politicians do not care to antagonize an extreme Prohibition element. Congress sees, I think, that it has made a mistake, but it is a hard thing to go back now."

The general made this statement in answer to an inquiry as to what he thought would be the outcome of the agitation for the repeal of the law abolishing the canteen in the army.

NO ARBITRATION, THEY SAY.

Small and the Telegraph Companies Agree on One Point.

New York, Aug. 27.—President Small declared today that arbitration of the telegraphers' strike was at present out of the question, and added that the strikers were prepared to remain out two months. He said the executive board of the American Federation of Labor would "shoutly" consider the Federation's relation to the strike. Small asserted that the companies' conditions were worse than when the strike began, and that half of the Western Union force here failed to report for work after Friday, when double pay was abolished. Superintendent Brooks, of the Western Union, said:

"Our company will have nothing to do with Small or his union. While we are willing to consider individual cases of the men who struck under pressure, the agitators who engineered this situation will not be re-employed under any circumstances."

JUDGE SEARS DEAD.

Member of State Circuit Court for Multnomah County.

Portland, Aug. 26.—Judge Alfred F. Sears, Jr., of the State Circuit court, one of the foremost jurists of Oregon, died of apoplexy at his residence, 590 East Madison street, shortly before 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Death was altogether unexpected, for not the slightest warning to members of the family foretold the end. The funeral will be held Tuesday.

Judge Sears was in his usual health Saturday. He was about the city, and to many of his friends and associates seemed in the best of spirits. He retired about 10 o'clock Saturday night, rather earlier than usual, and it was not until Mrs. Sears stepped into his room at 4 o'clock to see if he was sleeping well, that it was known he had passed away.

Dr. A. J. Giesy was immediately called, but the judge was past all medical aid. He had ceased breathing when found by Mrs. Sears, and the opinion of the physician is that he had died but a short time before. No sound was heard from his room, and this leads to the belief that the end was peaceful and painless.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

The word Etiquette.

The very high sounding word etiquette had a very humble origin, for etiquette meant simply a label. It received its present significance from the fact that a Scotch gardener who laid out the grounds at Versailles for Louis XIV. was much annoyed by the courtiers walking over his newly made paths, and at length had labels placed to indicate where they might pass. At first these labels were not attended to, but a hint from high quarters that in future the walks of the courtiers must be within the "etiquettes" or labels was promptly attended to. To keep within the etiquettes became the correct thing. The meaning of the phrase was afterward widened.

Meaning of "Caliber."

All who have to do with firearms know that the word "caliber" refers to the diameter of the bore of a shooting piece. Thus a pistol of 22-caliber means one in which the bullet is of twenty-two one hundredths of an inch in diameter, while 45-caliber means one with a diameter of forty-five one hundredths. There is, however, a more extended use of the word, which is understood by comparatively few people outside of army and navy circles and gunnakers. "A 50-caliber gun," says a naval man, "means one that is fifty times six inches, or twenty-five feet long, the length of the bore. In the same way a 10.45 pistol means one the barrel of which is ten times the diameter, or four and a half inches long. This nomenclature is found convenient because the shooting qualities of a piece depend in some measure on the ratio of its length to its diameter."—*Philadelphia Record.*

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Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and always restores color to gray hair. A splendid dressing also. Sold for over sixty years.

"My hair came out so badly I nearly lost it all. I had heard so much about Ayer's Hair Vigor I thought I would give it a trial. I did so and it completely stopped the falling, and made my hair grow very rapidly."—MRS. H. FIELD, Northfield, Mass.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufactured by SERRAPARELLA, PHILADELPHIA, GIBBY PHARMACEUTICAL.

Never Heard of Him.

Sunday School Teacher—Gerald, you know one of Bunyan's characters is "Heart's Ease," don't you?

Little Boy—No, ma'am, but if he had hunsions he couldn't have had such heart's ease.

Finances.

The agreeable visitor, says Judge, smiled upon the son of the house and said:

"Willie, if you recite that poem your mother taught you, I'll give you a penny."

"Not likely! I can get a nickel anywhere for not reciting it," Willie replied.

The Real Wearer.

"If these trousers don't fit," said Mr. Meekins, "my wife will send me back with them."

"Why, I supposed they were for you," said the tailor, wrapping them up.

Conspicuous Advantage.

"Johnny," said his grandfather, "you linger too long at the table. I don't hurry with my meals, and yet I finish my dinner before you are half through with yours."

"Huh!" exclaimed Johnny, with his mouth full. "You've had sixty years more practice in eatin' than I have."

Develop Mexican Oil Land.

New York, Aug. 27.—Arrangements have been completed for the organization of a \$50,000,000 American syndicate, according to an announcement published today, which plans to develop several million acres of oil lands in Mexico. It is the purpose to ship the product to Central and South America, also to Europe and Africa, in competition with the Standard Oil company. The syndicate will take over the Mexican Petroleum company, which owns approximately 1,000,000 acres of land.

Develop San Juan Harbor.

San Juan, P. R., Aug. 26.—The boards of trade, chambers of commerce, business representatives and army and navy officers attended the conference called by Governor Poet to discuss the plans for the dredging of the harbor here. A committee was appointed, consisting mainly of representatives of transportation companies, to report on the matter, and their findings will be sent to the War department. An army engineer will confer with committee.

Canada Would Check Brown Flood

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 27.—The Dominion government is negotiating with Japan to restrict the number of Japanese immigrants coming into Canada. The existing arrangement provides for the yearly admission of 500 from Japan, but this number is multiplied many times by arrivals from Honolulu. It is proposed to limit the number to 500 from any port.

Was It Plot of Socialists?

St. Petersburg, Aug. 26.—At today's session of the court martial trying persons charged with complicity in the plot against the czar discovered in May, Lieutenant Colonel Spiridovich, chief of the Tsarok-Belo gendarmes, raised the question whether the Social Revolutionary party was responsible for the plot or it was the work of irresponsible individuals. He said that after the dissolution of the duma the Social revolutionists met in Finland and denuded party delegates who declared the party had no connection with it.

Bank Notes From the Sea.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—A package of bank notes of the National Provincial bank of England recently was washed up on the beach of the Island of Foehr, off the Schleswig-Holstein coast, and found by a workman on his way to his factory. It is supposed, as no owner has appeared to claim them, that they belonged to a passenger on the ill-fated Berlin, which went down off the Hook of Holland. The notes have been deposited in the safe keeping of the police. If unclaimed in nine months they will be handed over to the finder.

Four Shot in Holdup.

Billings, Mont., Aug. 26.—Four men were shot, one fatally and one maimed for life, in an attempted holdup this morning at Huntley, one of the government townships on the recently opened Huntley irrigation project. Six Finns and one American were sleeping in a box car when they were awakened by an order to hold up their hands. The Finns refused and the robbers opened fire. Three Finns and one robber were wounded.

Sultan's Brother on Throne.

Tangier, Aug. 26.—A courier from Morocco City confirms the reports that the sultan's brother was proclaimed sultan August 16, and assumed the throne. The new sultan declares his intention of appointing another brother, Khalif of Fes, and then proceed to take command of the Moorish forces belonging to Casablanca.

Baby's Share of Blame.

She had been fitted for two gowns, the total cost of which was nearly \$300.

"Now," she said to the saleswoman, "I want you to do me a favor."

"Certainly," was the prompt response.

The customer colored deeply. "I want you to make out the bill partly for gowns for me and partly for baby dresses and a baby's cloak."

The saleswoman was used to the whims of fashionable women, but this was something she was a little slow in comprehending. The customer explained.

"You see," she said, "my husband is very fond of our baby, and if he sees that the bill is partly for dresses for her—well, he won't mind so much."—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

An Answered Prayer.

"I sent my little girl," writes a correspondent, "to the butcher's with 20 cents to buy some steak. She came home 10 cents short in change and was sent back for the missing coin. Presently the butcher's boy called with the dime and explained that his employer had found out his mistake, although they had seen nothing of my little daughter. The time went on, and I felt anxious until I heard her singing merrily in the garden. 'Did you go back to the butcher's?' I asked. 'No, mother, it is such a long way, so I asked God to send for the dime. Has it not come yet?'"

Contagious.

An Irish lad on the east side was obliged recently to seek treatment at a dispensary. On his return home from the first treatment he was met by this inquiry from his mother:

"An' what did the doctor man say was the matter wid your eye?"

"He said there was some furrin substance in it."

"Shure!" exclaimed the old woman, with an I-told-you-so air, "now, maybe, ye'll kepe away from thim Eytalian boys!"—*Success Magazine.*

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My \$3.00 Edge and \$3.50 Bond shoes cannot be equalled at any price. They are made in the best factory in the world to protect you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Full Order System used throughout. Catalogue mailed free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.