

ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.
A Case of
STOMACH CATARRH.



Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery I say, All hail to Peruna."

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes:

"I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago. There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat. So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good. Thank you for your kindness. Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrh.

A Great Tonic. Mr. Austin M. Small, Astoria, Ore., writes: "During the hot weather of the past summer I lost my appetite. I tried Peruna, and found it pleasant to take, a splendid appetizer and a great tonic."

A Unique City. In one respect, Quito, the capital of Ecuador, is the most unique city in the world. It is situated in both the northern and southern hemispheres—if we accept the equator as the real dividing line—a distinction claimed by no other place of importance on the globe.

At Quito the sun rises and sets at 6 o'clock the year round. You may forget to wind your watch while you are visiting the Ecuadorian capital, but you need not hunt up a regulator; set it when the sun rises or sets, and you will be sure to be right. Old Sol makes no mistakes.

The seasons, as far as names are concerned, change almost instantly; but, as the temperature is remarkably even, these curious points are seldom thought of by the people who make Quito their home.

Our Locked Up Forces. It is the locked up forces within that lie deep in our natures, not those that are on the surface, that test our mettle. It is within everybody's power to call out these hidden forces, to be somebody and to do something worth while in the world, and the man who does not do it is violating his sacred birthright—Success Magazine.

An Owl. "She thought he was very prominent before their marriage." "Yes, she saw his picture in a newspaper labeled 'A Young Man of the Day.'" "And now that they are married?" "She has found out that he is a young man of the night."

Rubbing It In. The Bride—Oh, George, mother has been c-cruel to me! I made some biscuits for you and she said I'd better try them on the dog first! The Groom—Very nasty of her. And I thought she was so fond of dogs, too.—Cleveland Leader.

Peter Fry's Philosophy. Half truths are worse than whole lies. Some women make "flirting" cover a multitude of sins. Marriage is a partnership in which woman is never the "silent partner."

Buy your wife a good diamond ring for economy's sake. She'll never wear out many pairs of gloves after that.—Pittsburg Gazette.

IN THE NATIONAL HALLS OF CONGRESS

Monday, June 25. Washington, June 25.—The senate today passed Senator La Follette's joint resolution extending the scope of the inquiry now being conducted by the Interstate Commerce commission under the Tillman-Gillipie resolution, so as to have it include the transportation and storage of grains.

In support of his contentions, Senator La Follette said that testimony taken by the commission indicates a joint ownership between the railroads and the elevator companies to the detriment of the farmers, who are entitled to a free and open market.

About 500 private pension bills were passed. The senate held a night session and at 9:45 p. m. adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow.

Washington, June 25.—Under a rule limiting debate on all but two sections, the so-called immigration bill was discussed for three hours today in the house and passed, without an aye and no vote being permitted on any of the paragraphs. This bill attracted much attention, the representatives having large foreign colonies in their districts lining up generally against the head tax of \$5, which was defeated, and against the educational test.

After a very interesting contest a substitute for the educational test, providing that the whole matter be submitted to a commission, was adopted by a close vote. The most important feature of the bill was thus eliminated and the bill was passed without division.

At 5:35 p. m. the house took a recess until 8 o'clock this evening to devote three hours to oratory.

Saturday, June 23. Washington, June 23.—Shortly after noon today Senator Cullom signed the conference report on the railroad rate bill, adding his name to that of Senators Ekinis and Representatives Hepburn, Sherman and Richardson. Senator Tillman did not sign the report, and it was turned over to Representative Hepburn to present to the house.

It is expected the refusal of Senator Tillman to subscribe to the agreement in regard to the Mc-Laun commodity amendment, which would permit pipeline to carry commodities they produce, will result in debate in the senate when the report is presented there for adoption.

Senator Tillman, in refusing to sign the conference report, says he will give his reasons in the senate and will ask the senate to vote whether or not it will yield to the house conferees.

Washington, June 23.—The pure food bill was passed today by the house and the conference report on the railroad rate bill adopted.

Nearly the entire day was taken up with the consideration of the pure food bill under five minute rule, and, while many amendments were offered, most of them were voted down. Those that were adopted were corrections and changes in verbiage. The pure food bill was passed by a vote of 242 to 17.

The conference report on the railroad rate bill was taken up, and while there was discussion of the anti-pass agreement, the previous resolution was adopted by a vote of 121 to 97, the conference report being agreed to, 216 to 4.

Friday, June 22. Washington, June 22.—The opposition in the senate to the committee amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating \$25,000 annually for the payment of the traveling expenses of the president, which was begun by McLaurin, resulted today in the withdrawal of the amendment by Hale, in charge of the bill, and the subsequent passage of the independent bill providing practically for the same appropriation, which was recently passed by the house of representatives.

Washington, June 22.—Pure food held the attention of the house throughout today. The constitutional features of the pure food bill were debated by the leading lawyers of the house, the Democrats splitting wide on the question whether the bill took away from the states their police powers. Various features applicable to localities and interests were discussed earnestly, but it was early apparent that the bill will be adopted practically in the form in which it came from the interstate and foreign commerce committee.

General debate was closed at 3:30, when the bill was read and amendments offered.

Bids for New Warships. Washington, June 25.—William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building company, of Philadelphia, was the lowest bidder today for ships of the Michigan and South Carolina type, with the machinery as prescribed by the Navy department. The department plans for machinery will probably be accepted by the Navy department in preference to plans of bidders. The bids for the pregrated machinery were known as Class 1 bids, and Cramp's bid was \$3,540,000, the New York Shipbuilding company, \$3,585,000.

Loss Unused Rights. Washington, June 19.—The senate today passed the house bill providing that every right of way grant to any railroad under the act of March 3, 1875, where such railroad has not been constructed and shall not hereafter be constructed within five years after definite location, shall be forfeited to the United States, all land along the unconstructed parts of the road to revert to the government. Roads now building to Portland and elsewhere in the Northwest are excepted, as are all that are being built in good faith.

Status of Appropriations. Washington, June 19.—Of the 14 appropriation bills which are required to run the government but four have become laws. These are the urgent deficiency, the pension, the diplomatic and consular and the army bill. The Indian appropriation bill has been completed so far as congress is concerned, and only awaits the approval of the president. Six others have been passed by both houses and are now in conference.

Schools in Canal Zone. Washington, June 25.—Twenty-three public schools, with an attendance of 1,128 pupils and with 26 teachers, have been established on the canal zone by the various municipalities under the direct-own of the canal zone government. Five of the six municipalities have adopted compulsory education laws and well attended schools are developing rapidly in a country that knew nothing of free schools before the establishment of the canal zone government.

The so-called "package" section was passed over, it being evident that this amendment will create much discussion. The bill was laid aside until tomorrow.

Thursday, June 21. Washington, June 21.—The senate today took a position in accord with the president and the house of representatives by declaring for a lock canal across the isthmus of Panama. The result was reached after a day's discussion that was almost devoid of interesting incident. There was only one cord vote, and that was negative character, coming on a motion to report on the table the lock type substitute for the sea level bill. This motion was made by Kittredge, and was voted down, 31 to 36.

Washington, June 21.—The space in front of the speaker's desk of the house today resembled a small section of a delicatessen store and a corner grocery, with cereals, jams, jellies, tins of peas, tomatoes, corn, bottles of whiskey and wine, imported sausages, branched cherries and other edibles and drinkables scattered over the tables. To complete the picture, there were a standard scales with weights, a graduate and a funnel. These were used to demonstrate the contention of the majority of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce that a pure food bill is necessary for the protection of the people.

The house spent the entire day in consideration of the bill and had not completed it at adjournment. It will be taken up again tomorrow.

Wednesday, June 20. Washington, June 20.—The meat inspection provision of the agricultural appropriation bill was today made the subject of discussion in the senate. The question came up on motion by Proctor to grant the conference requested by the house. The bill went over without action.

There were two speeches on the Panama canal, one by Morgan in support of the sea level plan and the other by Perkins in opposition.

The senate held its first night session, which was devoted to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Washington, June 20.—Twenty bills of more or less general interest were passed today by the house under suspension of the rules. Among them were measures appropriating \$25,000 for the traveling expenses of the president, which excited considerable debate; providing for the subdivision of land entered under the reclamation act; increasing the efficiency of the bureau of insular affairs by conferring the rank and pay of a brigadier general upon the chief; and regulating the checking of baggage by common carriers.

The joint resolution increasing the terms of representatives to four years failed to receive the necessary two-thirds vote.

Tuesday, June 19. Washington, June 19.—Knox addressed the senate at length today in support of the lock type for the Panama canal, contending that in point of feasibility and economy it is far superior to the sea level plan. He took direct issue with Kittredge as to the safety of the Gatun dam.

The agricultural appropriation bill, containing the meat inspection provision, was received from the house and the house substitute ordered printed.

The senate ordered another conference on the naval appropriation bill.

Washington, June 19.—With practical unanimity the house today adopted the substitute for the Beveridge amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill relating to meat inspection, the objectionable features of the former amendments being eliminated and the amendment perfected to meet the wishes of the president. An effort was made to extend the time of debate, but Wadsworth, chairman of the committee on agriculture, desiring to get the bill into conference as soon as possible, objected. After the adoption of the amendment the bill was sent to conference, the conferees being Wadsworth, Scott (Kan.) and Lamb (Va.).

A large number of bills were passed under suspension of rules. Through the efforts of Champ Clark, of Missouri, and William A. Clegg, of Mississippi, the subsidiary silver coinage bill failed to secure enough votes to pass it under the rule.

Two Contests Decided. Washington, June 25.—The house today adopted unanimously the report of the committee on elections No. 2, that Ernest E. Wood was not elected to membership in the house of representatives in the Fifty-ninth congress from the Twelfth congressional district of Missouri, and that Harry M. Coudrey was elected. Coudrey presented himself to take the oath. The house adopted a resolution that A. J. Houston was not elected from the Second district of Texas. The sitting member, M. L. Brooks, therefore retains his seat.

President and Committee Agree. Washington, June 19.—The basis of a complete agreement on the meat inspection bill between President Roosevelt and the house committee on agriculture was arrived at today at the White House. Speaker Cannon represented the committee in this instance and subsequently spent some time explaining the situation to the committee in its room at the capitol. It will authorize an annual appropriation of \$3,000,000 to pay the cost of inspection but contains no provision for court review at the suggestion of the president.

WHIPPED INTO LINE.

Few Insurance Companies Have Failed to Comply With Law.

San Francisco, June 25.—That the insurance companies fear the weight of official displeasure is shown by the fact that there are now but five or six companies which have neither furnished their lists of policy holders nor extended time for proof of loss. Assistant Attorney General George Sturtevant said today that his office is now ready to commence action against the companies which have not been dealing fairly. He added:

"We have found a way to reach both the six-bit concerns and the outlaw companies, as we term those who have neither filed lists of policy holders nor granted extension of time for filing proof of loss. Wherever it is found necessary, both penalties under the statutes will be enforced— forfeiture of bond and ejectment from the state."

The financial condition of practically all of the companies involved here will, it is stated, be disclosed on July 1, when the companies will be compelled to file in the state of Georgia semi-annual statements of their condition. Georgia is said to be the only state in the Union requiring semi-annual statements.

Chairman Spencer, of the "dollar for dollar" committee of the board of underwriters, said today that the outlook is dubious.

"There are undoubtedly a large number of companies which must go to the wall soon," he said. "I do not want to specify, nor would I say that all the honest and solvent companies are in the 'dollar for dollar' class. I do not want to impugn the motives of any of the companies that propose a compromise. Some of them undoubtedly cannot pay and are offering the best they can."

"Some of the companies are now making a delay to learn the extent of their liabilities and will then pay what they owe. Others are delaying in bad faith. These will have to wait and get out of business, unless they can make good soon."

GUERRILLA WARFARE IN RUSSIA. Peasants Murder Two Rural Police for Killing a Cow.

St. Petersburg, June 25.—The peasants of the village of Krutyagorsk, enraged at the killing of a cow by two members of the rural police, called a commune meeting, formally condemned the two men to death and executed the sentence.

At Kiev messengers on the South western railroad, who were carrying \$125,000, were attacked yesterday by four robbers who killed one messenger, wounded a second, seized the money and drove away in a gallop in a cab. Two of the messengers pursued the robbers and wounded the robber who was carrying the money, with the result that he fell from the cab and the money was recovered.

At Ufa, Prince Manveloff, an extensive landed proprietor and a former officer of the guards, was killed on the streets yesterday. The crime, it is supposed, was committed for political reasons.

Dispatches from Bialystok report that the citizens there are panic stricken owing to unconfirmed rumors that the excesses would be revived today. Patrols are to be seen everywhere, and strict martial law is enforced. Three men, two of whom were Christians, were recently shot for failing to obey orders to halt.

NO PRISON FOR JOHN D. Government Not Likely to Indict Big Oil Trust Men.

Washington, June 25.—Although the department of justice has announced that it proposes to begin criminal proceedings against the officials of the Standard Oil company, the intimation is given out that it is doubtful if indictments may be found against such men in the Standard Oil company as John D. Rockefeller, H. H. Rogers and John D. Archbold. An official in the department of justice indicated today that while the government would press the prosecutions vigorously, he did not have an idea that the officials of the Standard Oil company would be reached in the criminal proceedings any more than the presidents of railroads, personally, are reached through similar proceedings.

Rush for Saloon Licenses. San Francisco, June 25.—The license bureau of the police department was besieged today by applicants for the renewal of saloon licenses, and that the higher license had little deterrent effect is shown by the fact that by noon over 400 applications had been filed. Indications are that the police commissioners will have their hands full if any attempt is to be made to limit the saloons to one to a block. Now that the time for opening saloons has been announced—July 5—there is great activity in putting up temporary quarters.

Recognize Only the Douma. Moscow, June 25.—It is reported that troops in the local garrison have notified their officers that they will remain loyal to the crown as long as the czar and the government respect the rights and privileges of the douma. It is asserted, but not yet confirmed, that the soldiers have notified the officers that they will decline to obey any orders from them should the douma be dissolved, but will hold themselves under the orders of the president of that body, declining the recognizes the president of the present government.

House Built With Cactus. Pasadena, Cal., June 25.—Luther Burbank, the California wizard, is building himself a \$5,000 residence at Santa Rosa. Two cactus leaves which he raised on his own land will pay for it. This is the interesting statement made by Burbank to D. W. Coolidge, secretary of the Pasadena board of trade, who has just returned from a visit to the Burbank home. It means that \$5,000 was the reward for producing his new spineless cactus.

Roosevelt Signs Traveling Bill. Washington, June 25.—Late this afternoon President Roosevelt signed the bill making an appropriation of \$25,000 a year for the traveling expenses of the president.

Man May Save the Earth.

Dr. Saleeby furnishes in Harper's an interesting contribution to the discussion of the length of mankind's life on the earth. If the sun is growing cold, and the earth must eventually freeze, the death of the races seems inevitable. But Dr. Saleeby contends that the philosophers of the theory of evolution do not sufficiently consider the mind of man. He conceives it possible that when man's mind has mastered the laws of gravity, human intelligence may develop plans altogether different from the apparent course of the earth's destiny. His conjectures are most interesting, based, as they are, upon a thorough study of accepted science.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constituting the hearing mechanism by an improved condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; which is nothing but an incurable condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, Etc. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Few Thoughts. Fred (after six months' absence)—Are you married yet, old man? Joe—Not me. Fred—But I thought you were going to marry that wealthy young widow? Joe—I thought so, too, but I discovered that she was also a thinker.

The Mole Has Eyes. The majority of people believe that the mole is even "blinder" than the proverbial bat, but the naturalists know that such is not the case. Sir John Lubbock and Carl Hess, the latter a noted German naturalist, by careful investigation proved that the mole has eyes which are as perfect as those of a horse or an elephant. They are very small optics, to be sure (only one millimeter in diameter), but in the matter of reflection and refraction do not differ from the normal eyes in larger animals.

Satisfied Them All.

Aunt Panthea Brooks lived in a little New Hampshire village very many years without quarreling with any one, and was so thoroughly liked by every one for miles round that her popularity excited the interest of a summer visitor. "Aunt Panthea," he asked, "how is it that you keep on such good terms with every one, while they are all quarreling among themselves?" "Well," said Aunt Panthea, "being as you aren't to stay here long I'll tell you. When I go down the street I meet Jason Purdy, and he says, 'Why, Panthea, how well you look.'" "I'm glad you think so, Jason," I say, smiling at him. "Next minute up comes Eazy Drauc. 'Well now, Panthea,' he says, 'how poorly you are looking this year.'" "My land, Eazy, I say, 'how quick you are to notice those things.'" "So it is with everything. Those who like to think one way, I let 'em think it, and those who like to think the other, I let 'em think it."

Who can deny that Aunt Panthea had discovered a comfortable philosophy of life?

To Break in New Shoes. Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures hot, sweating, itching, swollen feet. Cures corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address: Allen & Unwin, Ltd., London, W. C.

Unappreciated Ambition. "My hair," remarked the middle-aged man, sadly, "is the most ambitious thing about me, it seems."

"What's the answer?" queried his friend. "It is always coming out on top," explained the party of the first part.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

His Bitterness. Maxim Gorky sneered, all the more bitterly because there were few to observe it. "Here you Americans," he said, "found me a bigamist in an hour and it has taken you three years to find that you can't find whether one of your Senators is a bigamist or not."

Then he absorbed such solace as there was in a gallon of tea.—Philadelphia Ledger.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial— "Sold for over thirty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of KANSASAPILLA, PILLS, and CHERRY PECTORAL.

Special Terms! "And have you any special terms for summer girls when they come in a party?" asked the pretty brunette in the mountain hotel. "Yes, indeed," responded the clerk, suavely. "And what are they?" "Peaches and 'dears!"

FITS—No. 5, 100¢. (Beware of all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE 25 cent booklet and treatise. Dr. R. H. King, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 140