

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, gone!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and always restores color to gray hair. A splendid dressing also. Sold for over sixty years.

"My hair came out so badly I nearly lost it all. I had heard so much about Ayer's Hair Vigor I thought I would give it a trial. I did so and it completely stopped the falling, and made my hair grow very rapidly."—MARY H. FIELD, Northfield, Mass.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sole manufacturers of
Ayer's
SARSAPARILLA,
PILLS,
CHERRY PECTORAL.

Intelligent Critic.
"Hal! That was a funny joke you wrote about the fellow who didn't know a 'banker' from a 'stymie,'" said the golfer.
"Made a hit with you golfers, eh?" replied the funny man.
"Yes, such ignorance is laughable."
"I suppose so. Say, what are 'bankers' and 'stymies,' anyway?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

He Was Looking Ahead.
In a cosy chair Mr. Trouble Hunter sat in front of a big warm stove, but looked sad as the smoke curled from his clear Havana cigar.
His lovely wife placed her arm on the top of the chair back and with the other hand stroked his troubled brow.
"Has something gone wrong in business, dear?" she asked.
He remained silent.
"You've been disappointed over something?"
He remained silent and on his face care brooded.
"What on earth is worrying you, dear?" she asked with tears in her voice.
"I was just thinking," he said sadly, "of the approach of spring, when I'll have to take the stovepipe down."—Indianapolis Star.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.
J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Planting Corn in Panama.
"Anyone who is willing to work can get rich in the Republic of Panama," said Dillwyn M. Hazlett to a Kansas City Journal writer. "It costs 10 cents a bunch to raise bananas and there is always a sale for them at 30 cents a bunch. Three crops of corn can be raised a year and no cultivation is required. A man walks along and drops the corn in the footprints he makes and a native follows and covers the corn with his big toe. That is all there is to do until it is time to gather it."

All Modern Conveniences.
The Hostess—I suppose your new apartment has all the very latest improvements?
The Visitor—Yes, indeed. Hot and cold steam heat, running washbasins and stationary elevator.—Brooklyn Life.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE TRIAL BOTTLE and treatise. Dr. H. H. Kline, 151 N. Arch St., Phila., Pa.

He Read the Signs.
One morning two young women entered the Saltville grocery, and after some discussion bought a pound of dates, two pounds of gingersnaps and two pounds of crackers.
"Stopping at Miss Gray's?" inquired the clerk, as he tied up the bundles.
"Yes," said one of the young women, with evident surprise.
"Come about yesterday forenoon?" said the clerk.
"How did you know?" asked the other young woman, curiously.
"Um, Well, I can most generally tell," said the clerk, without glancing at the objects of his mind-reading, as he twitched a knot in the string. "You see, it's pretty drizzly and muddy today, and I knew there wouldn't be anybody's boarders but Miss Gray's feel the need of coming out here such weather; and long as you didn't come till today, I knew for sure you couldn't have been here more'n a day. Three meals is about the average."

Indianapolis Transportation Facilities.
Indianapolis has 18 railroads, reaching all the important cities of the Central West, and 14 interurban electric lines and connections extending from 25 to 75 miles in every direction. These bring into Indianapolis an enormous trading population. From a radius of 50 miles more than 25,000 manufacturers and dealers come to Indianapolis for their supplies. Editors and publishers will visit Indianapolis in June, the occasion being the annual convention of the National Editorial association.

Palms About Jewelers.
Jewelers, when watches are with them for repairs, are frequently insulted with the remark:
"I trust there is no danger of crystals being substituted for the jewels in the works of my watch."
For a great many persons think there are dishonest jewelers who make a practice, with "full-jeweled" watches, of substituting crystals for the jewels at an enormous profit.

As a matter of fact, there is no truth in this suspicion. A jeweler, no matter how dishonest, could not steal the jewels in a watch, for they are valueless; they only cost 10 cents apiece.
In antique watches the jewels were often costly. In modern watches they are never worth more than \$15 a gross.

IN THE NATIONAL HALLS OF CONGRESS

Monday, June 11.
Washington, June 11.—The senate this evening passed the Mondell bill amending the national irrigation law so as to permit the secretary of the Interior to reduce the minimum area of farm units in government projects from 40 acres to 20 acres. The bill was amended in the senate by prescribing regulations for granting an extension of time to settlers under irrigation projects for completing entries when delay is caused by failure of the government to complete the project and furnish the water in time to complete entries in the time specified by the land laws.
It was amended also by the insertion of a provision authorizing the secretary of the Interior to appraise lots in Heyburn and Roper townships and sell them to occupants who have erected permanent buildings thereon not readily removable.

Washington, June 11.—After nearly four hours spent in the consideration of legislation affecting the interests of the District of Columbia, the house today resumed consideration of the sundry civil bill, and, after an hour and a half spent in its consideration, adjourned. An amendment was passed, permitting the appointment of retired officers of the United States corps of engineers, U. S. A., as members of the International Waterways commission, as provided for in the river and harbor bill creating this commission.

The house in committee of the whole refused to make an additional appropriation for marking the places where American soldiers fell and were temporarily interred in Cuba and China, on the ground that it was a bad precedent.

Saturday, June 9.
Washington, June 9.—The bill prohibiting corporations from making campaign contributions was passed by the senate without debate this afternoon. It makes it unlawful for any national bank or any corporation under a government charter to make a contribution in connection with any election and also unlawful for any corporation whatever to make a contribution to any presidential, senatorial or congressional election whatever.

A fine not exceeding \$5,000 is the penalty for offending corporations, and a fine not exceeding \$1,000 for every officer or director who shall consent to the granting of any contribution.

Washington, June 9.—The item in the sundry civil appropriation bill appropriating \$25,000 for the president went out in the house of representatives on a point made by Williams, of Mississippi. The decision, however, that the matter was new legislation came after a free discussion, Democrats and Republicans generally expressing themselves in sympathy with the idea of giving the president a fund for railroad expenses.

Beyond the debate on the president's traveling expenses, the house devoted the day to the sundry civil bill. Sulzer, of New York, talked on good roads and Sims, of Tennessee, discussed the rural free delivery box question, which, he said, will grow into a scandal should the government persist in compelling rural patrons to purchase certain styles of boxes.

Friday, June 8.
Washington, June 8.—The senate today listened to two set speeches, one by Morgan in support of his resolution providing for an investigation by a senate committee of the affairs of the Isle of Pines, and the other by Hopkins in opposition to the sea level canal bill. Neither measure was acted on. Some time was also spent in considering the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

Washington, June 8.—With the exception of an hour spent on pension legislation, in which time 327 bills for the relief of Civil and Spanish American war veterans were passed, the house labored today on the sundry civil bill, making much headway.

Under the lead of Kiefer, of Ohio, the house refused to transport silver coins and other money by registered mail, insisting that their transportation should be handled by the express companies. During the arguments it was contended that the West and South need silver dollars for circulation.

Thursday, June 7.
Washington, June 7.—The senate today called for all information.

Washington, June 11.—Representative Fulkerson, of Missouri, has introduced a resolution calling on the president and the secretary of agriculture to immediately make public any and all information that they may secure from "the great army of meat inspectors" or from any other source that will tend to credit or discredit the product of any plant where meat products are prepared. The resolution also calls upon the secretary to immediately give his opinion of conditions of the plants.

day sent the rate bill back to conference, after a debate on several topics, which ended in the rejection of the conference report.
Objection was made by Tillman to any effort to instruct the conferees, as proposed, by Hale, who then withdrew his motion that it was the sense of the senate that no railroad employee and their families should be exempt from the anti-pass amendment.
Daniel and Carter opposed stringent anti-pass legislation, the latter saying that the postmaster general should have authority to issue passes over every railroad in the United States to members of congress, to afford opportunity to obtain information of the railroads.

Washington, June 7.—Representative Prince in the house today during the discussion of the sundry civil bill spoke of the anti-pass amendment to the railroad bill and of the bill itself and insisted that the country would hold the house primarily responsible for depriving 1,298,121 railway employees, as well as members of their families, of free transportation; likewise persons actually and necessarily in charge of livestock, who are deprived of free transportation when going to point of shipment or returning from point of delivery.

Wednesday, June 6.
Washington, June 6.—When the conference report on the railroad rate bill was taken up by the senate today, the anti-pass conference amendment received the attention of Spooner. In the main he endorsed the prohibition of passes, but he contended that there should be exceptions, including railroad employees. Congress had no right, he said, to step between employer and employee.

Washington, June 6.—The consideration by the house of the sundry civil appropriation bill in committee of the whole today was made the occasion of some severe strictures by Democrats of the heads of departments for exceeding their legal powers, Sullivan, of Massachusetts, leading the attack.

Tawney, in explaining the provisions of the bill, which deals with all departments of the government and is next to the last money bill to be acted on by the house, stated that the total appropriation for the sundry civil expenses for the fiscal year 1907 carried by this bill is \$94,342,166. Of the total amount \$25,456,575 is for the Panama canal and is reimbursable from the proceeds of the sale of bonds. In addition to this sum, the amount carried for river and harbor acts, and especially by the act passed at the last session of congress, is in excess of the amount appropriated in the current law for that purpose by \$7,774,044.

Tuesday, June 5.
Washington, June 5.—Before the senate had begun business in earnest today Senator Hale took the floor to urge the importance of all possible promptness in the disposition of the appropriation bills.

"This," he said, "is absolutely necessary if we are going to adjourn before the end of this month, and do the very best we may it will be the very last days of the month before we can possibly get through."
He gave notice that he immediately after the close of the routine morning business today he would move to take up the naval appropriation bill, and he suggested that this bill should be followed by other appropriation bills, even to the exclusion of conference reports. He called attention to the fact that there are six of the big appropriation bills still unacted on by the senate.

Washington, June 5.—In many particulars today was a "red letter" day in the house, not only in the number of bills passed, but in the general character of the legislation enacted. What bids fair to cause endless trouble, the naturalization bill, was passed under suspension of the rules, the speaker and the gentleman in charge of the bill, Bonyon, of Colorado, doing team work of a superior kind.

The house refused to pass a bill leasing to a private firm or corporation the right to mine coal on the island of Bataan, in the Philippine group, although it was stated that such a lease would decrease the amount paid by the government for coal very considerably.

For two hours the house worked under suspension of the rules. The rest of the day was taken up with the passage of bills by unanimous consent.

Gatch Made Bank Examiner.
Washington, June 11.—On recommendation of Senator Fulton, Claude Gatch, of Salem, has been appointed national bank examiner to succeed A. J. Johnson, of Corvallis, who resigned upon being elected to the legislature. Mr. Gatch is assigned to duty in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana. Mr. Fulton first recommended Frank M. Redith, of Salem, but he had only limited experience in banking business and the department insisted upon having a man thoroughly familiar with banking.

Nebraska Balks at Drydock.
Seattle, June 5.—The battleship Nebraska, building at Moran Bros., tried twice this morning to get back to her dock and each time was swung away from the slip by a heavy wind and a strong ebb tide. Once she came near ramming the company's dry dock and the second time narrowly escaped crashing into the Pacific Coast company's coal bunkers. Then the attempt was given up and the boat taken out to a city buoy. The battleship was taken out Saturday for a preliminary trial spin.

No Mail for Seward Peninsula.
Seattle, June 5.—Because of the fact that the postal department made no arrangements for the forwarding of mails from Seattle to Nome this year, no mail will be forwarded to the Seward peninsula for some time. Last year the government paid 4 cents a pound on mail from Seattle to Nome and St. Michael. The steamship companies advanced the rate to 8 cents this year. The department has asked for bids for the contract, to be opened June 19.

CHAMBERLAIN WINS.

Rest of State Ticket Carried by the Republicans.
George E. Chamberlain, Democrat, carried the state for governor at Monday's election by a plurality of 2,300 to 2,500. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., Republican, has a plurality of about 2,500 over John M. Gearin, Democrat. Willis C. Hawley, Republican, for congress in the First district, has defeated Charles V. Galloway by about 3,500. W. R. Ellis, Republican, in the Second district, has a lead over James H. Graham, Democrat, that will approach 15,000.

Willis C. Dunaway, Republican, for state printer; Frank W. Benson, Republican, for secretary of state, and Robert Eakin, Republican, for supreme judge, have defeated their respective opponents by unprecedented pluralities.
Woman suffrage has been beaten by about 10,000 and the proposed local option amendment was lost by about the same vote. The legislature is overwhelmingly Republican.

Returns by Counties.
The following is the returns, which are practically complete in a majority of the counties, on the vote for United States senator and governor:
Baker—Bourne 1,329, Gearin 1,786; Chamberlain 2,063, Withycombe 1,424.
Benton—Bourne 932, Gearin 755; Chamberlain 817, Withycombe 1,116.
Clackamas—Bourne 1,976, Gearin 1,752; Chamberlain 2,223, Withycombe 1,811. Brownell, Republican, was defeated for state senator.

Clatsop—Bourne 1,258, Gearin 839; Chamberlain 1,299, Withycombe 1,049. With the exception of county judge and coroner the Republicans elected everything on the county ticket.

Columbia—Bourne 807, Gearin 516; Chamberlain 711, Withycombe 874.
Cooks—Bourne and Withycombe are estimated to have carried the county by 150.

Crook—Gearin leads by about 80 votes, while Chamberlain will carry the county by 160.
Curry—It is estimated that Bourne and Withycombe will carry the county by 50 votes.

Douglas—Bourne 1,582, Gearin 1,665; Chamberlain 1,792, Withycombe 1,801. Republicans elected the entire county ticket except clerk.

Gilliam—Bourne 487, Gearin 386; Chamberlain 508, Withycombe 411. The Republicans have elected the county treasurer, clerk, commissioner and representative. The Democrats have elected the judge, sheriff and surveyor.

Grant—Bourne 505, Gearin 628; Chamberlain 705, Withycombe 576.
Jackson—Bourne 1,373, Gearin 1,140; Chamberlain 1,324, Withycombe 1,502. The entire Republican county ticket is elected except senator which is in doubt.

Josephine—Bourne and Withycombe will carry the county by 125.
Klamath—Bourne 477, Gearin 491; Chamberlain 569, Withycombe 611.
Lake—Gearin will carry by 100 and Withycombe by about 50.

Lane—Bourne 2,943, Gearin 2,035; Chamberlain 2,241, Withycombe 1,983. All county offices will be filled by Republicans except that of sheriff.

Lincoln—Bourne and Withycombe will carry the county by 100.
Linn—Bourne 1,577, Gearin 2,248; Chamberlain 2,385, Withycombe 1,865.
Malheur—Bourne 403, Gearin 320; Chamberlain 459, Withycombe 453.

Marion—Bourne 1,947, Gearin 2,582; Chamberlain 2,732, Withycombe 2,629. Republicans have elected the entire county ticket.

Morrow—Bourne 599, Gearin 399; Chamberlain 532, Withycombe 529.
Multnomah—Bourne 9,347, Gearin 7,659; Chamberlain 8,904, Withycombe 6,315. Word, Democrat, may be elected sheriff. Incomplete returns give the Republican candidate a lead of 5.

Polk—Bourne 967, Gearin 1,093; Chamberlain 1,286, Withycombe 1,189.
Sherman—Gearin has a plurality of 60 and Withycombe about the same.
Tillamook—Bourne 330, Gearin 221; Chamberlain 363, Withycombe 366.

Umatilla—The county will be carried by Bourne and Withycombe by about 100.
Union—Bourne 1,237, Gearin 1,211; Chamberlain 1,490, Withycombe 1,268.
Wallowa—Bourne will carry by 100 and Withycombe by 50.

Wasco—Bourne and Withycombe carry the county by small pluralities, probably 50.
Washington—Bourne 1,512, Gearin 1,169; Chamberlain 1,444, Withycombe 1,475.
Wheeler—Bourne 352, Gearin 299; Chamberlain 360, Withycombe 326.
Yamhill—Gearin has a plurality of 104 and Chamberlain 121.

WOULD ROB INDIANS

Senate Passes Bill Allowing Big Graft on Colvilles.

Expired Contract Revived Which Will Allow Attorneys Fees of \$150,000 Without Earning It.

Washington, June 12.—The senate yesterday placed its seal of approval on the Colville graft, which was slipped into the Indian appropriation bill conference report, whereby these Indians will be robbed of 10 per cent of the \$1,500,000 appropriated for them for surrendering the north half of their reservation, the said 10 per cent to be distributed among 10 attorneys who claim to have procured this appropriation. For bold, unalloyed graft this legislation has no equal and what is equally surprising, it received the votes of both Washington senators.

This graft was so foul smelling that no attempt was made to pay part of the Indian money to these lawyers while the bill was being regularly considered by either the house or the senate, but the provision was slipped in by the conference committee contrary to the rules of parliamentary procedure. The offensive amendment does not directly authorize the payment of \$150,000 to these lawyers, but requires the court of claims to determine how much they are respectively entitled to, no one lawyer to receive more than \$15,000.

Vigorous attacks were made on this amendment on two grounds. First: The contract originally made with the Colvilles under which they secured an appropriation of \$1,500,000 expired in 1904, and nothing had been accomplished in the meantime. Today, when the appropriation is made, there is no contract in force, Secretary Hitchcock having refused to renew it because he believed the scheme a graft. Therefore it is contended that the lawyers had nothing on which to base a claim for pay.

But, what was more important, it was shown by Mr. Clay that these lawyers had in fact rendered the Colville Indians no service; had done nothing to earn the \$150,000, and were not entitled on any theory to one cent of the Colville money, but, as soon as congress authorized the payment of the Colville claim, the lawyers rushed in and attempted to collect a fee they had not earned.

So nauseous has become this evident graft that an attempt will be made to defeat this provision when the Indian bill comes up for final approval in the house, but if the house concurs it is not improbable that the president will veto the bill and send it back for reconstruction.

WHAT CLAIMANTS HAVE TO SAY
Money for Indians.

Spokane, June 12.—F. C. Robertson is best known for his defense of the Couer d'Alene dynamiters in 1899. G. J. Gordon is attorney for the Great Northern in Spokane and R. W. Nusum is a criminal attorney of considerable local reputation. Mr. Nusum said:

"The amendment that was passed, putting the claim up to the court of claims for settlement, was my own suggestion. It was such a large amount that we all concluded that we would rather take our chances with the court of claims than in congress with such fellows as Tillman against us, as we had reason to believe that he would be. The claim is a just one, has been before the authorities for 15 years and we have never received a dollar on it. We have spent more than \$8,000 in getting the matter before congress and this is as near as we have come to a settlement. The committee told us a year ago that on account of the large appropriations then they would like to have us wait a year. We have done so and now I believe the claim will finally be settled."

Reinke Given Five Years.
Milwaukee, Wis., June 12.—Arthur George Reinke, formerly receiving teller of the Marshall & Halsey bank, was sentenced to five years in the state reformatory at Green Bay on charges of embezzlement of \$14,000, by Judge Brazee this morning. He had entered a plea of guilty to the complaint, which charged him with having converted to his own use \$3,000 on May 22, 1905, and \$11,000 on November 22, 1905. The charge was brought under the law of 1903, relating to embezzlement by bank officers and employees.

Billings a City of Tents.
Butte, Mont., June 12.—A Miner special from Billings says: Registration for the opening of the Crow reservation begins here Thursday. Billings is becoming a tent city, and not since the pioneers crossed the plains have so many prairie schooners and tent wagons lined the streets. Housekeepers are arriving daily—on horseback, on trains, in wagons and on foot. Tents are being pitched on every available lot. Excursionist rates went into effect yesterday, and people are headed toward Billings.

New Yellow Jack Brought In.
Yellow Jack, June 12.—The fact that three cases of yellow fever have been under quarantine in the past ten days at Ship Island, a government quarantine station in the Gulf of Mexico along the Mississippi river and Mobile, Ala., was made public today by Dr. C. H. Irion, president of the Louisiana state board of health. The cases came from Colon and were taken off the steamer Whitehall.

Seattle Canal Bill Signed.
Washington, June 12.—The president today signed the bill authorizing James A. Moore, of Seattle, to build a ship canal connecting Lake Washington with Puget sound.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.

Grandfather's Cure for Constipation



Intestines with a costly waste of Digestive Juices, as Salts, Castor Oil, Calomel, Jalap, or Aperient Waters, always do.
No—Castorets strengthen and stimulate the Bowel Muscles instead.
These are the Muscles that like the Food passages and that tighten up when Food touches them, thus driving that Food on to its finish.
They are the Muscles that turn Food into Strength through Nutrition.

GREAT medicine—the Saw-buck.
Two hours a day sawing wood will keep anyone's Bowels regular.
No need of pills, Cathartics, Castor Oil nor "Physic," if you'll only work the Sawbuck regularly.
Exercise is Nature's Cure for Constipation and—Ten-Mile walk will do, if you haven't got a wood pile.

Well—a Castoret acts on your Bowel Muscles as if you had just sawed a cord of wood, or walked ten miles.
That's why Castorets are safe to take continuously in health, and out of health.
Because they move the Food Naturally, digesting it without waste of tomorrow's Gastric Juice.
They thus work all the Nutrition out of it before it decays.
The thin, flat, Ten Cent box is made to fit your Vest Pocket, or "My Lady's" Purse.
Carry it constantly with you and take a Castoret whenever you suspect you need one.
Thus you will ward off Appendicitis, Constipation, Indigestion, — and other things besides.
Druggists—10 Cents a Box.

But, if you will take your Exercise in an Easy Chair, there's only one way to do that, and make a Success of it.
Because—there's only one kind of Artificial Exercise for the Bowels and its name is "CASTORETS."
Castorets are the only means to exercise the Bowel Muscles, without work.
They don't Purge, Grip, nor "Upset your Stomach," because they don't act like Cathartics.
They don't flush out your Bowels and

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."
FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!
We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed, GOLD-PLATED BONUS BOX, containing 100 Castorets. It is a beauty for the bare of good faith and to cover cost of Castorets, with which this Bonus is loaded. 75¢ and 50¢ boxes, containing 50 and 25 Castorets. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

Way of the World.
Deacon Hardesty—I'm sorry to hear that you are dissatisfied with your preacher. He is a most excellent man.
Brother Medina (of another congregation)—Oh, yes, and a good preacher; but he doesn't draw well. We have a chance now to get a man who has just been tried for heresy.

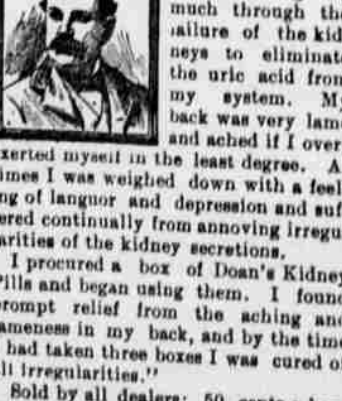
You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.
Write Allen S. Allen, 150 N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures itching, hot, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. All druggists sell it. Don't accept any substitutes.

A Cautious Financier.
"Do you favor government ownership of railways?"
"I don't know," answered Farmer Cornsack. "It 'ud be all right if we could allus be sure of sharin' profits, but I've got trouble enough with taxes without diggin' down to pay deficits."—Washington Star.

Mother's Will.
"Mother will find Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period."
The Wrong Track.
"But," argued the young man, "you know that two can live on what it costs to support one."
"That settles your case," growled her father. "Nobody fool enough to accept that statement could ever earn a living for one."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Hide and Preposals.
"Has Count Fuchal made a proposal for your daughter's hand?"
"Not exactly," answered Mr. Cumrox. "He is waiting for me to put in bids for a title."—Washington Star.

SEVEN YEARS AGO
A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine.
William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:
"Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I over-exerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions.
I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."
Sold by all dealers; 50 cents a box.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



Tangled in His Specifications.
"Tommy, you were not at school yesterday. Why was that?" asked the teacher.
"I was sick, ma'am," answered Tommy.
"I am sorry to hear it. What was the trouble?"
"I had an awful sore thumb."
"That is too bad. What caused it?"
"—I stepped on a rusty nail, ma'am."
Then the teacher knew that Tommy had played hooky and gone to the ball game.

HOWARD R. BURTON.—Analyst and Chemist, Louisville, Colorado. Specimens for gold, silver, lead, zinc, copper, iron, tin, etc., analyzed. Full price list sent on application. Analytical and Chemical Laboratory, 101 N. 1st St., Denver, Colorado.

THERE IS NO SLICKER LIKE TOWER'S FISH BRAND
Forty years ago and after many years of use on the eastern coast, Tower's Waterproof Oiled Coats were introduced in the West and were called Slickers by the pioneers and cowboys. This graphic name has come into such general use that it is frequently thought wrongly applied to many substitutes. You want the genuine. Look for the Sign of the Fish and the name Tower on the buttons.

MADE IN BLACK AND YELLOW AND GOLD BY REPUTABLE TRADE.
A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED TORONTO, CAN.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
Portland Trade Directory
Names and Addresses in Portland of Representative Business Firms.
MAGIC LANTERNS—Wester Co., Portland. Lowest prices on Lanterns and Slides.
BORNERS of all kinds for sale at very reasonable prices. Inquire 278 Front St.

CREAM REFRIGERATORS.—We guarantee the U.S. Refrigerator to be the best. Write for free catalog. Hazenwood Co., Fifth and Oak.
MEN'S CLOTHING.—Buffum & Pendleton, suit makers. 419 Broadway. Suits made to order. Clean and neat. 419 Broadway, Portland, Oregon.
FOULTY FOOD.—If you want your hen to lay more eggs write us for free particulars about FULFILLER'S FERTILIZER. Write for free particulars about FULFILLER'S FERTILIZER. Write for free particulars about FULFILLER'S FERTILIZER. Write for free particulars about FULFILLER'S FERTILIZER.

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