

Facts For Sick Women

First—the medicine that holds the record for the largest number of absolute cures of female ills is **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**.

Second—Mrs. Pinkham can show by her letter files in Lynn that a million women have been restored to health by her medicine and advice.

Third—All letters to Mrs. Pinkham are received, opened, read and answered by women only. This fact is certified to by the mayor and postmaster of Lynn and others of Mrs. Pinkham's own city. Write for free book containing these certificates.

Every ailing woman is invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham and get her advice free of charge.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Queer Hitching Posts.
Icelanders have a peculiar plan to prevent their horses from straying. Supposing two people were riding together, and wished to stop somewhere to make a call. On dismounting, they would tie each horse's head to the other's tail. In this state the horses could neither move backward nor forward; at the most, they could go round in a circle.—N. Y. Sun.

Improved Train Equipment.
The O. R. & N. and Oregon Short Line have added a buffet, smoking and library car to their Portland-Chicago through train, and a dining car service has been inaugurated. The train is equipped with the latest chair cars, day coaches and luxurious first-class and ordinary sleepers. Direct connection made at Granger with Union Pacific, and at Ogden with Rio Grande line, from all points in Oregon, Washington and Idaho to all Eastern cities. For information, rates, etc., call on O. R. & N. agent, or address W. H. Hurlburt, General Passenger Agent, Portland.

Anti-Climax.
"My proudest boast," declared the lecturer, who expected his statement to be greeted with cheers, "is that I was one of the men behind the gun!" "How many miles behind?" piped a voice from the gallery.—Philadelphia Press.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A cut of 2 1/2 per cent in the price of window glass has been ordered by the trust. It comes close upon the former cut of 3 1/2 per cent.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

The Joint Scale Committee of the coal operators and miners made another unsuccessful effort in Indianapolis to reach an agreement.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me large doctor bills.—C. L. Baker, 4228 Regent St., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 8, '98.

The fruit grower who expects to have fair crops of fruit must begin with the use of insecticides early. He must not delay too late into the spring, as the first spraying is sometimes the most important of all. Paris green will not destroy the enemies that live on sap nor will kerosene injure those that feed upon the leaves. In using remedies, therefore, it must be done with an object in view and with a knowledge of the habits of the parasite or insect to be destroyed.



An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinal laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

PISSO'S CURE FOR
PAINS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS!
But Cough Syrup, Throat Good, Use in time, leads to drooping.

WASHINGTON



FIRST IN AMERICAN HEARTS.

It is impossible at this day to add anything of a new character to the account of men and events of a hundred years and more ago, for the field of history, in so far as it relates to the American revolution and the men who were the chief actors in it, has been so well explored and voluminously expounded by hundreds of men equal to the task. Nor is there a school child of 10 years in all this country, who has not written his essay on these same men and events, so that their history is in-burned in the minds of all Americans. Yet the men of the last century, and the disposition of a great people towards those who called it their nation into existence, and of the leader of all those courageous men, the one who before all others carried to an astonishing and successful achievement the herculean labor of bringing victorious a nation of ragged and untrained soldiers through the darkness of a struggle with one of the most powerful countries on earth, certainly nothing new can be said.

As a young man, Washington was probably no less flippant and worldly than hundreds of others in the colonies. His manners, which have been thought extraordinary in their courtesies, were probably not the slightest bit more so than those of the majority of his acquaintances. He was not free from the faults of men of his time. He was accustomed to methodical exactness from his experience on his mother's plantation and to her by no means over-strict discipline, which afterwards stood him in such good stead. From his school teachers, William Hobby, who was also the church sexton, and Thomas Williams, he learned to read and to write as well as to understand the art of computation. The latter of the two also gave him the rudiments of surveying which served as a much to the general of the American forces. For it was on account of his knowledge of this science that he spent three of his years of early manhood in the wilds of the forests, running lines, determining levels, fixing boundaries. His wages at this time were sufficient to enable him to purchase large pieces of that trackless wilderness bordering on streams, which were afterwards of great value, thus developing his insight and shrewdness as a business man. But the lesson that he learned from that rugged nature in the solitary hours, were precious, and the contention that was hardened by his life in the woods enabled him in after years to endure untold strains of exposure and suffering, to rescue Braddock after that general's defeat by the French, to conceive the crossing of the Delaware on that bleak and cheerless December night, to undergo Valley Forge and to emerge from them all, the modest, self-contained, reserved gentleman. It was because of his knowledge of the ways of the forest that he was sent on that seemingly needless errand to warn the French of English territory in the winter of 1753-54, on which he acquitted himself well and learned his first lessons in the art of war. The next year he was chosen to go with Braddock on his ill-fated expedition against the French. Here it was that Washington learned for the first time, that Americans were of just as good stuff as Englishmen, that they could fight just as bravely as the seasoned veterans of the mother country. For it was through the efforts of this "bush-whacker" Virginian that Braddock's force escaped entire destruction. The colonists knew better than did Braddock that the evolutions of the parade ground were of no avail in the sort of warfare in which they were at that time engaged. The physical strain undergone by Washington at this time was extraordinary. From the ninth to the sixteenth of that July, he had little sleep, walking and riding, sometimes all night long through the forest, and succeeding in bringing up some support for Braddock's retreating army. His own then 25 year old, in the course of the one expedition he had seen enough to give him an unconquerable faith in the valor and abilities of his fellow colonists. This faith, it may have been, that so upheld him through the dark hours of defeat and intrigue, when his army well nigh perished for lack of food and clothing.

Washington had no idea, even when the colonies were being greatly roused over the injustice of their treatment by England, that the end would be war. He did not desire war. And it was only when there was no other way to decide the pending question of independence that he set his hat on hostilities. The courage of the man in accepting the position of commander-in-chief which was offered to him by the assembly was sublime. The mother country could send hundreds of thousands of trained soldiers against the colonists; her ships ruled the seas. On the other hand, the colonists were a few thousands, undisciplined in any way except that against the Indians; their resources were comparatively insignificant. It seems as if there could have been but one outcome. But Washington modestly undertook the task, refusing first any remuneration for the services he might render. And then as a commander began to display himself. Quietly did he collect stores and ammunition and prepare for the struggle. The retreats which he managed in the following years were almost as inspiring as the victories he attained. His strategy was a waiting game to a great extent, and how well he played it history tells. He compelled England to recognize the trouble as more than a mere insurrection and secured thus the rights of civilized warfare.

How great the odds were against Gen. Washington can never be rightly estimated. Time and again was his army on the point of dissolving away. There were many true hearts in the Congress; but there were many, also, who still leaned a little towards England, fearing that the new order of things would never be successful. There was only one half-heart-

ed support for the commander-in-chief. Jealousy inspired officers to scheme against him. Money was often scarce and sometimes not to be had. His men were sometimes without food, barefooted, and half clothed. Through all these trying years Gen. Washington had to rely mainly on himself. His volume of correspondence was enormous. Thousands of letters did he write, urging Congress, the governors, the influential men of the colonies to take this or that step, to raise men or money, to help on the work. He was the revolution. Almost always he had perfect control of his temper, which was by no means mild, and over his passions and his positive, aggressive spirit. But sometimes the overwhelming injustice of his treatment by Congress must have been a sore temptation to Hamilton dash on to victory in the re-doubts at Yorktown he must have felt the weight of the heavy burden he was bearing rise from his great heart so that it beat the faster, for he knew that should Cornwallis surrender the war would probably result victoriously for the American army.

The same quiet, firm, far-seeing character led him through the years of his life after he had laid down his sword. When he stepped out of the position of commander-in-chief of the victorious army, asking no reward, and quietly returned to the privacy of his own home, he shadowed the character of the nation he had so largely helped to make. It should be a nation of itself, not dependent on England or any other country under the globe for its customs or its policy. It was to embody principles hitherto unheard of in the annals of history. It was even in the distant future to take upon itself the yoke of a burdened and op-

WASHINGTON'S LAST YEARS.

Idyllically Happy Were the Great Statesman and His Wife.

At the time of his retirement to Mount Vernon, after the expiration of his term as President, "the tall figure of Washington was only slightly bent, and he was still supposed to weigh upward of two hundred pounds," writes William Porcutine of "The Last Years of Washington's Life," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Excepting his gray hair and his false teeth, and some trouble in hearing, there was little of the usual appearance of age in his muscular person, his gait and his strong, peck-marked face. He was affable and merry with his best friends, but while he had the true hospitality of Southern gentlemen in inviting every visitor from a distance to his table or to a bed over night, his politeness was generally formal. Yet if he particularly enjoyed the conversation of a guest he would pay him the compliment of listening to him until after 3 o'clock, or even of lighting him with the candle to a bedroom for the night. Mrs. Washington at this time was a healthy, pleasant and unostentatious little woman, still showing traces of good looks and with seldom any other thought than of playing respectably her role of mistress of the house of a country gentleman, of caring for the negroes, or of amusing herself with her knitting. She had great pride in her receipt for making 'cherry bounce,' and on

pressed people, to free them from their oppression and to give them back their country with no thought of price or advantage. And yet this was a man.

NEWS TRAVELED SLOWLY.

Washington Was in the Tomb Two Days Before New York Knew It.
Had George Washington lived and died at the close of the eighteenth century instead of the last his death would have been known at all four corners of the globe inside two or three hours, whereas it was not known that he had passed away for several days afterward. Even in Philadelphia, the old capital of the United States, where the Sixth Congress had just assembled, it was not known that Washington was dead until Dec. 16—two days afterward.

News traveled slowly in those days; cable, telegraph, telephone and postal facilities were an unknown quantity, and it took days and weeks to transmit information then, where seconds and minutes figure now in this rapid age of invention and improvement.

The Alexandria Times was the first newspaper to announce Washington's death, printing on Monday, Dec. 16, a single paragraph obituary, thus: "It is our painful duty first to announce to our country and to the world the death of Gen. George Washington. This mournful event occurred last Saturday evening about 11 o'clock. On the previous night he was attacked with a violent inflammatory affection in his throat, which in less than twenty-four hours put a period to his life."

The New York papers did not get the news of Washington's death until Dec. 19, and it was four days later when the Boston papers published their first information. President Adams issued a proclamation advising all citizens to wear crepe on the left arm for thirty days and setting apart Feb. 22, Washington's birthday, as a day when special services in honor of Washington should be held. New York paid its tribute to the departed President on Dec. 31. No carts, carriages or horseback riders were allowed in the streets through which the funeral procession passed on the way to St. Paul's Church, where Gov. Morris delivered the funeral oration and Bishop Samuel Provoost conducted the religious services.

Washington's Last Words.
Although some statements have been made by early biographers of Washington to the effect that he was blind to death by his attending physician, Dr. Craik, there was never any foundation for the accusations.

Washington was only ill two days, having exposed himself to the inclemency of the weather on Thursday, Dec. 12. He became violently ill on the following day and expired between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night, his death being directly due to a cold in his throat and lungs. The room in which Washington died in his Mount Vernon home is one



GEORGE WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS.

New Jersey House Made Famous by the Father of His Country.
Four miles from Princeton, N. J., stands one of the historic houses of the country. It is the Berrian farm house, made famous by the fact that it was occupied by Washington as his headquarters during a part of the revolution. He lived there during the time that Congress held its sessions at Princeton and here Mrs. Washington entertained the notables of the land. The house has recently been overhauled by patriotic women. It contains many mementos of the patriot and is visited annually by hundreds of persons.



WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS, ROCKY HILL, N. J.

Washington in French Eyes.
Eugene Robert, in the Revue Chretienne, the leading French religious monthly, has an excellent article on the life and character of the great American who is not nearly as well known in France as in Franklin, but whose life contains many lessons for the French. The tales he tells of Washington during the war and of the simple nature that refused a higher office than that of the President must seem astounding to his readers. M. Robert says that two grand sentiments were the soul of Washington's life, an ardent love for the fatherland, to which he sacrificed all, and his invariable fidelity to duty, in which he was influenced by considerations of friendship or by the fear of enemies. The secret of his character is found in faith, for he had faith in his cause, his people, their future, and in God. That gave him a confidence that brought him victory in peace as well as in war.

Queer Medical Test of Death.

A recent report of experiment at the Academy of Medicine in Paris gives astonishing testimony of the virtue of rhythmical twitching of the tongue as a means of restoring life in cases of drowning or asphyxiation. Within the past few months there have been at this hospital 40 such cases of resuscitation by this one means. Some of the statements made by M. Laborde, of the Academy of Medicine, in connection with this report are of exceptional interest. In one case a drowned man was resuscitated only after three hours spent in unintermittent twitching of his tongue. Which is certainly a reminder to physicians that this remedy is one that requires patience.—N. Y. Journal.

Barnacles on Ocean Cables.

The recent investigations for cable laying in the Pacific Ocean have revealed the fact, that if not upon rock bottom, they become encrusted with seaweeds, heavy enough to break them. This is like dyspepsia, which grows until it breaks down the health. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure it, as well as indigestion, liver and kidney troubles.

It is just as necessary for a farmer to "get a reputation" as for a merchant to get to the top with a certain line of goods. When the farmer makes a specialty of butter, eggs or any other article, he should seek to introduce the goods himself. It may not be encouraging at first, but his products will in time become known.

About 125 boiler makers, employed in four of the largest boiler making and repairing shops in Buffalo, New York, struck for a uniform scale of wages—28 cents an hour and nine hours a day.

SALT LAKE CITY.

An Important Factor in Transcontinental Travel.

No one crossing the continent can afford to cut Salt Lake City from his route. The attractions of the place, including the Mormon Temple, Tabernacle and Church institutions, the Great Salt Lake—deader and denser than the Dead Sea in the Holy Land—the picturesque environment and the warm sulphur and hot springs, are greater to the square yard than any locality on the American continent.

The Rio Grande Western Railway, connecting on the East with the Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado Midland Railways and on the West with the Southern Pacific (Central Route) and Oregon Short Line, is the only transcontinental line passing directly through Salt Lake City. The route through Salt Lake City via the Rio Grande Western Railway is famous all the year round. On account of the equable climate of Utah and Colorado it is just as popular in winter as in summer. Send 2c to J. D. Mansfield, 253 Washington St., Portland, or Geo. W. Heintz, Acting General Passenger Agent, Salt Lake City, for a copy of "Salt Lake City—the City of the Saints."

The Reynolds Manufacturing Company, of Davisville and North Kingsford, Rhode Island, will increase the pay of their weavers and spinners about 1 per cent.

Broadening Humanity.

At the present time we find the highly-educated man linking his knowledge to the ignorance of the world, and by so doing broadening humanity. It is this man who realizes his powers and duty when brought into touch with the social responsibilities. Without this social service culture, world vanity, knowledge gradually die away and the whole life shrink and be shut in.—Rev. J. S. Penman.

Losses in Battle.

The First Maine heavy artillery lost 75 per cent of its men in seven minutes in its assault on Petersburg. At Antietam the First Texas lost 82 per cent during the day's fighting. On July 2, 1863, the First Minnesota volunteers charged at Gettysburg. The regiment was already reduced to 262 officers and men. Of these, in that charge 75 were killed and 140 were wounded. There were many instances of the destruction of almost entire regiments in battle during the civil war.—Chicago Chronicle.

When domestic animals have the opportunity to make a change of food they do so. This may be noticed when they are on the pasture, some being content with certain grasses, while others seek some other kind. They also prefer a change at times in the winter, especially when they receive no food of a substantial character. Provide ensilage, turnips, carrots or any kind of food other than dry grain and hay.

New Map of the United States.

The Rock Island railroad is distributing among its patrons and friends, a new map of the United States. These maps are of recent revision, and are in every way up to date. They are three and one-half feet by four and one-half feet, printed on extra heavy paper and bound suitably to hang on the wall. A great many of these maps have been sent to hotels and public places, and many requests from school houses have been received and complied with.

His Slaughter of the Enemy.
An old soldier was boasting of his experience during the civil war, when he was asked:
"How many rebels did you kill during the war?"
"How many did I kill? How many did I kill?" repeated the old veteran. "Well, I don't know exactly how many, but I killed as many of them as they did of me."—Ohio State Journal.

PIMPLES

"My wife had pimples on her face, but she has been taking CASCARETS and they have all disappeared. I had been troubled with constipation for some time, but after taking the first CASCARETS I have had no trouble with this ailment. We cannot speak too highly of Cascarets." FRED WATMAN, 520 Grandview Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Comparison.

In the village of Sand, Surrey, is a sick benefit society, which is divided into two sections, one for teetotalers and the other for moderate drinkers, the last balance-sheet was a typical one. It showed that the teetotalers had received no sick pay during the preceding 12 months, and that the subscriptions of each were returned to the extent of £1 4s. 9d., whilst only 18s. was available for each of the moderate drinkers, whose section has received £1 1s. 8d., in sick pay.

Try Before You Buy!
Ten cents buys a box of Cascarets, but if you want a free sample and booklet, address: The Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, today.

It takes time for manure to show full effect in the soil, and but little benefit may be noticed the first year, but gradually the materials will decompose and return to the soil the original elements derived therefrom. Some farmers are occasionally disappointed with the use of manure, but the benefits from manure the first year depend largely upon its condition when applied to the soil.

VITALITY low, debilitated or exhausted cured by Dr. Kline's Investigating Tonic. PRICE 50c. Per Bottle containing 2 Weeks' Treatment. In Kidney, 50c. Arch St., Philadelphia. Founded 1872.

The striking blacksmiths at the Brooks Locomotive Works at Dunkirk, New York, returned to work, having been granted an increase of 10 cents per day.

Petrified.
New Arizona comes to the front with the discovery of a jug filled with petrified whiskey. In after years they will probably discover a petrified liar in that vicinity.—Chicago Daily News.

The Pleasantest, Most Powerful and Effective Revolving Remedy for RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Rheumatism that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARTIC CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1898.
A. W. GILKISON, Notary Public.
Hall's Cathartic Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Watermelon makes a lovely complexion wash, and lemon juice is also good.

...LIVE AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE FOR...

Rambler SHELBY IDEAL and CLIPPER BICYCLES

RAMBLERS and IDEALS \$40, \$30, \$25, \$20

SEND FOR CATALOGUES, BICYCLES AND SUNDRIES

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IRONFOUNDERS, MACHINISTS, BOILERMAKERS and STEAMBOAT BUILDERS

Designers and Builders of Marine Engines, Mining and Dredging Machinery and General Mill and Iron Work, Fire Hydrants, Pumps, Shafting, etc. Correspondence Solicited.

Consumption? TRY VIN MARIAN

(MARIAN WINE) The Ideal French Tonic FOR BODY AND BRAIN

Since 1863, Endorsed by Medical Faculty

Immediate lasting efficacious agreeable

PORTLAND DIRECTORY.

Wires and Wire Works.
PORTLAND WIRE & IRON WORKS: WIRE and iron fencing; office railing, etc. 234 Alder.

Machinery and Supplies.
CRAWFORD & CO., ENGINEERS, BOILERS, MACHINERY, SUPPLIES. 65-67 First St., Portland, Or.

JOHN POOLE, PORTLAND, OREGON, can give you the best bargains in general machinery, engines, boilers, tanks, pumps, plows, belts and windmills. The new steel I. X. L. windmill, sold by him, is unequalled.

There's MONEY in it!

No business pays as well on amount invested as DRILLING WELLS with our modern machinery.—ST. STEPHEN'S WELLS, THE HEADQUARTERS OF LOOMIS & HYMAN, 117 TOTTENHAM, OHIO

KLONDIKE BOOT AND SHOE BLACKING

A wonderful discovery. Will render the thickest and most porous leather waterproof and elastic to its durability. Send us 25c silver and receive by return mail, post paid, enough to last you two years. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thompson & Craig, 417 1/2 St., San Francisco, Cal.

CARTER'S INK

Buy it of your storekeeper.

THE CHILDREN NEED

Something to put their blood in proper condition for spring's changeable weather.

Moore's Revealed Remedy

Will do it effectively. No alcohol or poisonous drugs—purely vegetable. \$1.00 per bottle at the drug stores.

CURE YOURSELF!

The Big Cure for all urinary discharges, inflammation, irritation, or obstruction of the urinary organs. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, 50c. Circular sent on request.

N. P. N. U. No. 8-1900.

When writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

"He Liveth Long That Liveth Well."

He that maintains "the perfect circulation of pure blood in a sound organism," or in other words, good health, may live both long and well."

A great multitude of people gladly testify that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured their diseases, given them good health, and lengthened their lives.

Scrofulous Humor—"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. C. Little, Fulton, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the most trifling and cure 7c. Catarrh take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Civil War Battle.

One Confederate regiment at Gettysburg lost 720 killed and wounded out of 800 men. There has been some sharp fighting in South Africa, but nothing to recall the battles of the American civil war.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Cuba's Population.

The new census gives Cuba's population as 1,573,840, which is 50,000 less than in 1897. Puerto Rico has 957,679, a gain of 150,000 since 1897.

THE PLEASANTEST, MOST POWERFUL and EFFECTIVE REVOLVING REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Rheumatism that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARTIC CURE.

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